AUTONOMOUS
CURRICULUM & SYLLABUS
I-VIII
SEMESTERS

PRATHYUSHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

An Autonomous Institution
NAAC "A" Grade | NBA accredited
Poonamallee-Tiruvallur Road, Tiruvallur - 602 025.
www.prathyusha.edu.in

REGULATIONS
2021

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Academic Batch 2021-2025

PEC IQAC

PRATHYUSHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

VISION

To emerge as a premier technical and Engineering institution in the country by imparting quality education and thus facilitate our students to blossom into dynamic professionals, so that they play a vital role for the progress of the nation and for a peaceful co-existence of our fellow human beings.

MISSION

Prathyusha Engineering College will strive to emerge as a premier Institution in the country by

- To provide state-of-the-art infrastructure facilities
- Imparting quality education and training through qualified, experienced and committed members of the faculty
- Empowering the youth by providing Professional Leadership
- Developing Centres of Excellence in frontier areas of Engineering, Technology and Management
- Networking with Industry, Corporate and Research Organizations

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

VISION:

To promote and sustain the department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering as a leading beacon in the areas of engineering education, scientific research and development and to cater the requirements of modern global engineering industries.

MISSION:

- To impart in depth knowledge in the various areas of Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
- To develop practical skills & hands on experience in the field of Electrical and Electronics Engineering.
- To make competent engineers suitable for modern global engineering industries.
- To interact with various industries by signing MOU and thus create a centre of excellence

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

PEO1 To Enable the Graduates to excel in engineering positions in any organization that emphasize on design, development and implementation of complex electrical systems

PEO2 To inculcate professional and multidisciplinary approach, entrepreneurial thinking and obtain skills necessary for interacting effectively with society

PEO3 To exhibit commitment to their profession by following the ethical and creative practices to serve the nation

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

- An ability to apply knowledge of computing, mathematics, science
- and engineering fundamentals appropriate to the disciplin
- eAn ability to analyze a problem, and identify and formulate the computing requirements appropriate to its solution.
- An ability to design, implement, and evaluate a computer-based system, process, component, or program to meet desired needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal and environmental considerations.
- An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.
- An ability to use current techniques, skills, and modern tools necessary for computing practice.
- An ability to analyze the local and global impact of computing on individuals, organizations, and society.
- Knowledge of contemporary issues.
- An understanding of professional, ethical, legal, security and social issues and responsibilities.
- An ability to function effectively individually and on teams, including diverse and multidisciplinary, to accomplish a common goal.
- An ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences.
- Recognition of the need for and an ability to engage in continuing professional development.
- An understanding of engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES (PSOs)

PSO1 Exploit consistent theoretical and practical methodologies to design and implementation in electrical system.

PSO2 Gain knowledge of basic Electrical and Electronics to Power Systems and Power Electronics for governing the system.

PSO3 Educate the computing platform and learn software for power systems and hybrid renewable energy system to meet out the demands.

PRATHYUSHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE
AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION
B.E. Electrical & Electronics Engineering
Regulations 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

SEMESTER – I

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	IP3151	Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY								
2.	HS3151	Professional English - I	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	MA3151	Matrices and Calculus	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	PH3151	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3151	Problem Solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE3171	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	BS3171	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	15	2	8	25	21

SEMESTER – II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
THEORY								
1.	HS3251	Professional English - II	HSMC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	MA3251	Statistics and Numerical Methods	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
3.	PH3202	Physics for Electrical Engineering	BSC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	BE3255	Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering	ESC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3251	Engineering Graphics	ESC	2	0	4	6	4
6.	EE3251	Electric Circuit Analysis	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
7.		NCC Credit Course Level1*	-	2	0	0	2	2
PRACTICALS								
8.	GE3271	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	EE3271	Electric Circuits Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
			TOTAL	17	3	12	32	26

*NCC Credit Course level 1 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

SEMESTER III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1	MA3303	Probability and ComplexFunctions	BSC	3	1	0	4	4
2	EE3301	Electromagnetic Fields	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
3	EE3302	Digital Logic Circuits	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4	EC3301	Electron Devices and Circuits	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5	EE3303	Electrical Machines – I	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6	CS3353	C Programming and DataStructures	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7	EC3311	Electronic Devices andCircuits Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
8	EE3311	Electrical Machines Laboratory – I	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
9	CS3362	C Programming and DataStructures Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
10	GE3361	Professional Development$	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
		TOTAL		18	2	11	31	25.5

$ Skill Based Course

SEMESTER IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1	GE3451	Environmental Sciences and Sustainability	BSC	2	0	0	2	2
2	EE3401	Transmission and Distribution	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3	EE3402	Linear Integrated Circuits	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4	EE3403	Measurements andInstrumentation	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5	EE3404	Microprocessor andMicrocontroller	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6	EE3405	Electrical Machines – II	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7		Naan Mudhalvan Course	EEC	1	0	2	3	2
8		NCC Credit Course Level 2#		3	0	0	3	3#
PRACTICALS								
9	EE3411	Electrical MachinesLaboratory – II	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
10	EE3412	Linear and Digital Circuits Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
11	EE3413	Microprocessor and Microcontroller laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
		TOTAL		18	0	11	29	23.5

NCC Credit Course level 2 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA.

SEMESTER V

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1	EE3501	Power System Analysis	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2	EE3591	Power Electronics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3	EE3503	Control Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4		Professional Elective I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5		Professional Elective II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6		Professional Elective III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7		Mandatory Course-I$	MC	3	0	0	3	0
8		Naan Mudhalvan Course	EEC	1	0	2	3	2
PRACTICALS								
8	EE3511	Power Electronics Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
9	EE3512	Control and InstrumentationLaboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
		TOTAL		22	0	9	31	23.5

$Mandatory Course-I is a Non-credit course (student shall select one course from the list given under MC I)

SEMESTER VI

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1	EE3601	Protection and Switchgear	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2	EE3602	Power System Operation and Control	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3		Open Elective – I*/Professional Elective VI	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4		Professional Elective IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5		Professional Elective V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6		Naan Mudhalvan Course	EEC	1	0	2	3	2
7		Mandatory Course-II$	MC	3	0	0	3	0
8		NCC Credit Course Level 3#		3	0	0	3	3#
PRACTICALS								
9	EE3611	Power System Laboratory	PCC	0	0	3	3	1.5
		TOTAL		19	0	5	24	18.5

* Open Elective – I shall be chosen from the emerging technologies.

$ Mandatory Course-II is a Non-credit Course (Student Shall select one course from the list given under MC-II)

NCC Credit Course level 3 is offered for NCC students only. The grades earned by the students will be recorded in the Mark Sheet, however the same shall not be considered for the computation of CGPA

SEMESTER VII/VIII *

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	EE3701	High Voltage Engineering	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	GE3751	Human Values and Ethics	HSMC	2	0	0	2	2
3.		Elective – Management#	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Open Elective – II**	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Open Elective – III ***	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Open Elective – IV ***/ Professional Elective VII	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Naan Mudhalvan Course	EEC	1	0	2	3	2
TOTAL				18	0	2	20	19

*If students undergo internship in Semester VII, then the courses offered during semester VII will be offeredduring semester VIII.

Elective - Management shall be chosen from the Elective Management Courses

**Open Elective – II shall be chosen from the emerging technologies

***Open Elective III and IV (shall be chosen from the list of open electives offered by other Programmes)

SEMESTER VIII/VII*

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICALS								
1.	EE3811	Project Work / Internship	EEC	0	0	20	20	10
TOTAL				0	0	20	20	10

*If students undergo internship in Semester VII, then the courses offered during semester VII will be offeredduring semester VIII.

TOTAL CREDITS: 169

MANDATORY COURSES I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	MX3081	Introduction to Women and Gender Studies	MC	3	0	0	3	0
2.	MX3082	Elements of Literature	MC	3	0	0	3	0
3.	MX3083	Film Appreciation	MC	3	0	0	3	0
4.	MX3084	Disaster Risk Reduction and Management	MC	3	0	0	3	0

MANDATORY COURSES II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	MX3085	Well Being with Traditional Practices - Yoga, Ayurveda and Siddha	MC	3	0	0	3	0
2.	MX3086	History of Science and Technology in India	MC	3	0	0	3	0
3.	MX3087	Political and Economic Thought for a Humane Society	MC	3	0	0	3	0
4.	MX3088	State, Nation Building and Politics in India	MC	3	0	0	3	0
5.	MX3089	Industrial Safety	MC	3	0	0	3	0

ELECTIVE - MANAGEMENT COURSES

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	GE3751	Principles of Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	GE3752	Total Quality Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	GE3753	Engineering Economics and Financial Accounting	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	GE3754	Human Resource Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	GE3755	Knowledge Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	GE3792	Industrial Management	HSMC	3	0	0	3	3

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES / VERTICALS

Professional Elective	Vertical I Power Engineering	Vertical II Converters and Drives	Vertical III Embedded Systems	Vertical IV Electric Vehicle Technology	Vertical V Advanced Control	Vertical VI Diversified Courses
1.	Utilization and Conservation of Electrical Energy	Special Electrical Machines	Embedded System Design	Electric Vehicle Architecture	Process Modelling and Simulation	Energy Storage Systems
2.	Under Ground Cable Engineering	Analysis of Electrical Machines	Embedded C-Programming	Design of Motor and Power Converters for Electric Vehicles	Computer Control of Processes	Hybrid Energy Technology
3.	Substation Engineering and Automation	Multilevel Power Converters	Embedded Processors	Electric Vehicle Design, Mechanics and Control	System Identification	Design and Modelling of Renewable Energy Systems
4.	HVDC and FACTS	Electrical Drives	Embedded Control for Electric Drives	Design of Electric Vehicle Charging System	Model Based Control	Grid Integrating Techniques and Challenges
5.	Energy Management and Auditing	SMPS and UPS	Smart System Automation	Testing of Electric Vehicles	Non Linear Control	Sustainable and Environmental Friendly HV Insulation System
6.	Power Quality	Power Electronics for Renewable Energy Systems	Embedded System for Automotive Applications	Grid Integration of Electric Vehicles	Optimal Control	Power System Transients
7.	Smart Grids	Control of Power Electronics Circuits	VLSI Design	Intelligent control of Electric Vehicles	Adaptive Control	PLC Programming
8.	Restructured Power Market	-	MEMS and NEMS	-	Machine Monitoring System	Big Data Analytics
9.	-	-	Digital Signal Processing System Design	-	-	-

Registration of Professional Elective Courses from Verticals:

Professional Elective Courses will be registered in Semesters V and VI. These courses are listed in groups called verticals that represent a particular area of specialisation / diversified group. Students are permitted to choose all the Professional Electives from a particular vertical or from different verticals. Further, only one Professional Elective course shall be chosen in a semester horizontally (row-wise). However, two courses are permitted from the same row, provided one course is enrolled in Semester V and another in semester VI.

The registration of courses for B.E./B.Tech (Honours) or Minor degree shall be done from Semester V to VIII. The procedure for registration of courses explained above shall be followed for the courses of B.E/B.Tech (Honours) or Minor degree also. For more details on B.E./B.Tech (Honours) or Minor degree refer to the Regulations 2021 Clause 4.10. (Amendments)

Total number of courses per vertical may change in the each programme of study as 6 or 7 or 8. If there is shortage of courses in a vertical the same may be chosen from another vertical of the same programme.

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES : VERTICALS

VERTICAL I : POWER ENGINEERING

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EE3001	Utilization and Conservation of Electrical Energy	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	EE3002	Under Ground Cable Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	EE3003	Substation Engineering and Automation	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	EE3004	HVDC and FACTS	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	EE3005	Energy Management and Auditing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	EE3006	Power Quality	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	EE3007	Smart Grid	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	EE3008	Restructured Power Market	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

VERTICAL II : CONVERTERS AND DRIVES

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EE3009	Special Electrical Machines	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	EE3010	Analysis of Electrical Machines	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	EE3011	Multilevel Power Converters	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	EE3012	Electrical Drives	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	EE3013	SMPS and UPS	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	EE3014	Power Electronics for Renewable Energy Systems	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	EE3015	Control of Power Electronics Circuits	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL III : EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EE3016	Embedded System Design	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	EE3017	Embedded C-programming	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	EE3018	Embedded Processors	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	EE3019	Embedded Control for Electric Drives	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	EE3020	Smart System Automation	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	EE3021	Embedded System for Automotive Applications	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
7.	EE3022	VLSI Design	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	EE3023	MEMS and NEMS	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
9.	EE3024	Digital Signal Processing System Design	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL IV : ELECTRIC VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EE3025	Electric Vehicle Architecture	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	EE3026	Design of Motor and Power Converters for Electric Vehicles	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	EE3027	Electric Vehicle Design, Mechanics and Control	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	EE3028	Design of Electric Vehicle Charging System	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	EE3029	Testing of Electric Vehicles	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
6.	EE3030	Grid Integration of Electric Vehicles	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	EE3031	Intelligent Control of Electric Vehicles	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

VERTICAL V : ADVANCED CONTROL

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	CIC331	Process Modeling and Simulation	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CIC332	Computer Control of Processes	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CIC333	System Identification	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CIC336	Model Based Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CIC334	Non Linear Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CIC337	Optimal Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	CIC335	Adaptive Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	CIC338	Machine Monitoring System	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

VERTICAL VI - DIVERSIFIED COURSES

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EE3032	Energy Storage Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	EE3033	Hybrid Energy Technology	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	EE3034	Design and Modeling of Renewable Energy Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	EE3035	Grid integrating Techniques and Challenges	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
5.	EE3036	Sustainable and Environmental Friendly HV Insulation System	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	EE3037	Power System Transients	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	CEI331	PLC Programming	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	CCS334	Big Data Analytics	PEC	2	0	2	4	3

OPEN ELECTIVES

(Students shall choose the open elective courses, such that the course contents are not similar to any other course contents/title under other course categories).

OPEN ELECTIVE I AND II

(EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES)

To be offered other than Faculty of Information and Communication Engineering

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	OCS351	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Fundamentals	OEC	2	0	2	4	3
2.	OCS352	IoT Concepts and Applications	OEC	2	0	2	4	3
3.	OCS353	Data Science Fundamentals	OEC	2	0	2	4	3
4.	CCS333	Augmented Reality /Virtual Reality	OEC	2	0	2	4	3

OPEN ELECTIVES – III

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	OHS351	English for Competitive Examinations	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OMG352	NGOs and Sustainable Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OMG353	Democracy and Good Governance	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CME365	Renewable Energy Technologies	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OME354	Applied Design Thinking	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	MF3003	Reverse Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	OPR351	Sustainable Manufacturing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	AU3791	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	OAS352	Space Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	OIM351	Industrial Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
11.	OIE354	Quality Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
12.	OSF351	Fire Safety Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
13.	OML351	Introduction to Non-Destructive Testing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
14.	OMR351	Mechatronics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
15.	ORA351	Foundation of Robotics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
16.	OAE352	Fundamentals of Aeronautical Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
17.	OGI351	Remote Sensing Concepts	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
18.	OAI351	Urban Agriculture	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
19.	OEN351	Drinking Water Supply and Treatment	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

20	OCE353	Lean Concepts: Tools And Practices	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
21	OEI353	Introduction to PLC Programming	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
22	OCH351	Nano Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
23	OCH352	Functional Materials	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
24	OFD352	Traditional Indian Foods	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
25	OFD353	Introduction to food processing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
26	OPY352	IPR for Pharma Industry	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
27	OTT351	Basics of Textile Finishing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
28	OTT352	Industrial Engineering for Garment Industry	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
29	OTT353	Basics of Textile Manufacture	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
30	OPE351	Introduction to Petroleum Refining and Petrochemicals	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
31	CPE334	Energy Conservation and Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
32	OPT351	Basics of Plastics Processing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
33	OEC351	Signals and Systems	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
34	OEC352	Fundamentals of Electronic Devices and Circuits	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
35	CBM348	Foundation Skills in Integrated Product Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
36	CBM333	Assistive Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
37	OMA352	Operations Research	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
38	OMA353	Algebra and Number Theory	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
39	OMA354	Linear Algebra	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
40	OBT352	Basics of Microbial Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
41	OBT353	Basics of Biomolecules	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
42	OBT354	Fundamentals of Cell and Molecular Biology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

OPEN ELECTIVES – IV

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	OHS352	Project Report Writing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OMA355	Advanced Numerical Methods	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OMA356	Random Processes	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	OMA357	Queuing and Reliability Modelling	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OMG354	Production and Operations Management for Entrepreneurs	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

6.	OMG355	Multivariate Data Analysis	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	OME352	Additive Manufacturing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	OME343	New Product Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	OME355	Industrial Design & Rapid Prototyping Techniques	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	MF3010	Micro and Precision Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
11	OMF354	Cost Management of Engineering Projects	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
12	AU3002	Batteries and Management System	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
13	AU3008	Sensors and Actuators	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
14	OAS353	Space Vehicles	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
15	OIM352	Management Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
16	OIM353	Production Planning and Control	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
17	OIE353	Operations Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
18	OSF352	Industrial Hygiene	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
19	OSF350	Chemical Process Safety	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
20	OML352	Electrical, Electronic and Magnetic Materials	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
21	OML353	Nanomaterials and Applications	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
22	OMR352	Hydraulics and Pneumatics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
23	OMR353	Sensors	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
24	ORA352	Concepts in Mobile Robots	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
25	MV3501	Marine Propulsion	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
26	OMV351	Marine Merchant Vessels	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
27	OMV352	Elements of Marine Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
28	CRA332	Drone Technologies	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
29	OGI352	Geographical Information System	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
30	OAI352	Agriculture Entrepreneurship Development	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
31	OEN352	Biodiversity Conservation	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
32	OCE354	Basics of Integrated Water Resources Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
33	OEI354	Introduction to Industrial Automation Systems	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
34	OCH353	Energy Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
35	OCH354	Surface Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
36	OFD354	Fundamentals of Food Engineering	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
37	OFD355	Food Safety and Quality Regulations	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
38	OPY353	Nutraceuticals	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

39	OTT354	Basics of Dyeing and Printing	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
40	FT3201	Fibre Science	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
41	OTT355	Garment Manufacturing Technology	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
42	OPE353	Industrial Safety	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
43	OPE354	Unit Operations in Petro Chemical Industries	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
44	OPT352	Plastic Materials for Engineers	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
45	OPT353	Properties and Testing of Plastics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
46	OEC353	VLSI Design	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
47	CBM370	Wearable Devices	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
48	CBM356	Medical Informatics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
49	OBT355	Biotechnology for Waste Management	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
50	OBT356	Lifestyle Diseases	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
51	OBT357	Biotechnology in Health Care	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

NAAN MUDHALVAN COURSES

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	GE3361	Professional Development	**EEC**	**3**	**0**	**0**	**2**	**1**
2.	SB8024	Block Chain Development	EEC	3	1	0	2	2
3.	SB8025	Digital Marketing	EEC	3	1	0	2	2
4.	SB8026	Robotic Process Automation Development	EEC	3	1	0	2	2

SUMMARY

SL. NO.	SUBJECT AREA	CREDITS PER SEMESTER								CREDITS TOTAL
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII/VIII	VIII/VII	
1.	HSMC	4	3	-	-	-	-	5	-	12
2.	BSC	12	7	4	2	-	-	-	-	25
3.	ESC	5	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
4.	PCC	-	6	20.5	19.5	12.5	7.5	3	-	69
5.	PEC	-	-	-	-	9	6	3	-	18
6.	OEC	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	-	9
7.	EEC	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	10	22
	Total	22	27	25.5	23.5	23.5	18.5	19	10	169
9.	Mandatory Course (Non credit)									

Enrollment for B.E. / B. Tech. (Honours) / Minor degree (Optional)

A student can also optionally register for additional courses (18 credits) and become eligible for the award of B.E./B.Tech. (Honours) Minor degree.

For B.E. / B. Tech. (Honours), a student shall register for the additional courses (18 credits) from semester V onwards. These courses shall be from the same vertical or a combination of different verticals of the same programme of study only.

For minor degree, a student shall register for the additional courses (18 credits) from semester V onwards. All these courses have to be in a particular vertical from any one of the other programmes. Moreover, for minor degree the student can register for courses from any one of the following verticals also.

Complete details are available in clause 4.10 (Amendments) of Regulations 2021

IP3151 INDUCTION PROGRAMME

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

"Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed."

"One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. "

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it everyday for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and
also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and dont's, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.

Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty.

mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering/Technology/Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References:
Guide to Induction program from AICTE

HS3151 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES :

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION **1**

What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
What are the seven C's of effective communication?/
What are key language skills?
What is effective listening? What does it involve?
What is effective speaking?
What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
What is effective writing?
How does one develop language and communication skills?
What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION **11**

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form
Speaking - Self introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form.
Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails.
Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself
Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags
Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION **12**

Listening - Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities.
Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarising of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews.
Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.
Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.)
Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions
Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 12

Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture and advertisements about a products.
Speaking – Picture description; Giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarising a lecture.
Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals.
Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.
Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses.
Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers(connectives & sequence words).

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION ND RECOMMENDATIONS 12

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos.
Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations.
Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,.)
Writing – Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested); Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode)
Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns.
Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 12

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions.
Speaking –group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Roleplay.
Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs;
Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative).
Grammar – Future Tenses; Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences.
Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Function words.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen and comprehend complex academic texts
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

TEXT BOOKS :

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joavani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices, Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.

2. A Course Book On Technical English By Lakshminarayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, RS Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi 2003.

MA3151	MATRICES AND CALCULUS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES :

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT I MATRICES **9 + 3**
Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications : Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**
Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **9 + 3**
Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS **9 + 3**
Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration : Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications : Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS **9 + 3**

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications : Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.
3. James Stewart, " Calculus : Early Transcendentals ", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units I & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8.]

REFERENCES :

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016.
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain . R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., " Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., " Calculus " Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana, B.V., " Higher Engineering Mathematics ", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd,New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia, S.C, " Engineering Mathematics " Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas, G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, " Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

PH3151 ENGINEERING PHYSICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to be successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multiparticle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference – Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
After completion of this course, the students should be able to
- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.

CY3151	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9
Water: Sources and impurities, **Water quality parameters:** Definition and significance of-colour, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, flouride and arsenic. **Municipal water treatment:** primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). **Desalination of brackish water**: Reverse Osmosis. **Boiler troubles:** Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic

embrittlement, Priming &foaming. **Treatment of boiler feed water**: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; **Size-dependent properties** (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); **Types of nanomaterials**: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. **Preparation of nanomaterials:** sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. **Applications** of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: **Introduction**: Definition & Need for composites; **Constitution**: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). **Properties and applications of**: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. **Hybrid composites** - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; **Coal and coke**: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). **Petroleum and Diesel**: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; **Power alcohol and biodiesel.**

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; **Ignition temperature**: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; **Flue gas analysis** - ORSAT Method. **CO_2 emission and carbon foot print.**

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. **Solar energy conversion:** Principle, working and applications of solar cells; **Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy;Batteries:** Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; **Electric vehicles-working principles; Fuel cells:** H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; **Supercapacitors:** Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", 17th Edition, DhanpatRai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
3. S.S. Dara, "A text book of Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, "Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology", Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, "Engineering Chemistry" McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, "Engineering Chemistry", Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, "Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications", Cambridge University Press, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

GE3151 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and looping for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

GE3171 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems

CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.

CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems .

CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.

CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.

CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press , 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

BS3171 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

PHYSICS LABORATORY : (Any Seven Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids

10. Post office box - Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles.

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample.
   - Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles.
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

HS3251	PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II	L T P C
		3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES :

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their LSRW skills
- To enhance learners' awareness of general rules of writing for specific audiences
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 12

Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)
Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.
Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;
Writing - Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases
Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12

Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listening technical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects - Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based on news reports.
Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint.
Writing - Writing responses to complaints.
Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – Word Formation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 12

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problem and suggesting solutions.
Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), - techniques and Strategies.
Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,
Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay
Grammar — Errorcorrection; If conditional sentences
Vocabulary - Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 12

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precise writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report. Mini presentations on select topics; Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 12

Listening - Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interview performance).
Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Making presentations with visual aids;
Reading - Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – idioms.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas intechnical texts.
- To identify cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyse problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them orally and in the written format.
- To report events and the processes of technical and industrial nature.
- To present their opinions in a planned and logical manner, and draft effective resumes in context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.
   Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman, Meenakshi, Sharma, Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, NewDelhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.

MA3251 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS

	L	T	P	C
	3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9 + 3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9 + 3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9 + 3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9 +3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numerical single and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 +3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.

- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 10^{th} Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8^{th} Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9^{th} Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore, J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8^{th} Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald, C.F. and Wheatley, P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 7^{th} Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., " Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12^{th} Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel, M.R., Schiller, J. and Srinivasan, R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4^{th} Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. and Ye, K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9^{th} Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

PH3202	PHYSICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES :

- To make the students to understand the basics of dielectric materials and insulation.
- To understand the electrical properties of materials including free electron theory, applications of quantum mechanics and magnetic materials.
- To instil knowledge on physics of semiconductors, determination of charge carriers and device applications.
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications.
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement and ensuing nano device applications.

UNIT I DIELECTRIC MATERIALS AND INSULATION 9

Matter polarization and relative permittivity: definition – dipole moment and polarization vector P-polarization mechanisms: electronic, ionic, orientational, interfacial and total polarization – frequency dependence – local field and Causius-Mossetti equation – dielectric constant and dielectric loss – Gauss's law and boundary conditions – dielectric strength, introduction to insulation breakdown in gases, liquids and solids – capacitor materials – typical capacitor constructions – piezoelectricity, ferroelectricity and pyroelectricity – quartz oscillators and filters – piezo and pyroelectric crystals.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Quantum free electron theory :Tunneling – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole. Magnetic materials: Dia, para and ferromagnetic effects – paramagnetism in the conduction electrons in metals – exchange interaction and ferromagnetism – quantum interference devices – GMR devices.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts – Schottky diode.

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – Optical processes in semiconductors: optical absorption and emission, charge injection and recombination, optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum wells – Optoelectronic devices: light detectors and solar cells – light emitting diode – laser diode - optical processes in organic semiconductor devices –excitonic state – Electro-optics and nonlinear optics: Modulators and switching devices – plasmonics.

UNIT V NANO DEVICES 9

Density of states for solids - Significance between Fermi energy and volume of the material – Quantum confinement – Quantum structures – Density of states for quantum wells, wires and dots – Band gap of nanomaterials –Tunneling – Single electron phenomena – Single electron Transistor. Conductivity of metallic nanowires – Ballistic transport – Quantum resistance and conductance –

Carbon nanotubes: Properties and applications - Spintronic devices and applications – Optics in quantum structures – quantum well laser.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- know basics of dielectric materials and insulation.
- gain knowledge on the electrical and magnetic properties of materials and their applications
- understand clearly of semiconductor physics and functioning of semiconductor devices
- understand the optical properties of materials and working principles of various optical devices
- appreciate the importance of nanotechnology and nanodevices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.O. Kasap. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, McGraw Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.
2. R.F.Pierret. Semiconductor Device Fundamentals. Pearson (Indian Edition), 2006.
3. G.W.Hanson. Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Laszlo Solymar, Walsh, Donald, Syms and Richard R.A., Electrical Properties of Materials, Oxford Univ. Press (Indian Edition) 2015.
2. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2019.
3. Charles Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley India Edition, 2019.
4. Mark Fox, Optical Properties of Solids, Oxford Univ.Press, 2001.
5. Parag K. Lala, Quantum Computing: A Beginner's Introduction. McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.

BE3255	BASIC CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the students an illustration of the significance of the Civil and Mechanical Engineering Profession in satisfying the societal needs.
- To help students acquire knowledge in the basics of surveying and the materials used for construction.
- To provide an insight to the essentials of components of a building and the infrastructure facilities.
- To explain the component of power plant units and detailed explanation to IC engines their working principles.
- To explain the Refrigeration & Air-conditioning system.

UNIT I PART A: OVERVIEW OF CIVIL ENGINEERING 5

Civil Engineering contributions to the welfare of Society - Specialized sub disciplines in Civil Engineering – Structural, Construction, Geotechnical, Environmental, Transportation and Water

Resources Engineering – National building code – terminologists: Plinth area, Carpet area, Floor area, Buildup area, Floor space index - Types of buildings: Residential buildings, Industrial buildings.

UNIT I PART B: OVERVIEW OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 4

Overview of Mechanical Engineering - Mechanical Engineering Contributions to the welfare of Society –Specialized sub disciplines in Mechanical Engineering – Manufacturing, Automation, Automobile and Energy Engineering - Interdisciplinary concepts in Mechanical Engineering.

UNIT II SURVEYING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING MATERIALS 9

Surveying: Objects – Classification – Principles – Measurements of Distances and angles – Leveling – Determination of areas– Contours.

Civil Engineering Materials: Bricks – Stones – Sand – Cement – Concrete – Steel - Timber - Modern Materials, Thermal and Acoustic Insulating Materials, Decorative Panels, Water Proofing Materials. Modern uses of Gypsum, Pre-fabricated Building component (brief discussion only)

UNIT III BUILDING COMPONENTS AND INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Building plans – Setting out of a Building - Foundations: Types of foundations - Bearing capacity and settlement – Brick masonry – Stone Masonry – Beams – Columns – Lintels – Roofing – Flooring – Plastering.

Types of Bridges and Dams – Water Supply Network - Rain Water Harvesting – Solid Waste Management - Introduction to Highways and Railways - Introduction to Green Buildings.

UNIT IV INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND POWER PLANTS 9

Classification of Power Plants- Working principle of steam, Gas, Diesel, Hydro -electric and Nuclear Power plants- Internal combustion engines as automobile power plant – Working principle of Petrol and Diesel Engines – Four stroke and two stroke cycles – Comparison of four stroke and two stroke engines. Working principle of Boilers-Turbines, Reciprocating Pumps (single acting and double acting) and Centrifugal Pumps, Concept of hybrid engines. Industrial safety practices and protective devices.

UNIT V REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM 9

Terminology of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning. Principle of vapour compression and absorption system–Layout of typical domestic refrigerator–Window and Split type room Air conditioner. Properties of air - water mixture, concepts of psychometric and its process.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understanding profession of Civil and Mechanical engineering.
CO2: Summarise the planning of building, infrastructure and working of Machineries.
CO3: Apply the knowledge gained in respective discipline
CO4: Illustrate the ideas of Civil and Mechanical Engineering applications.
CO5: Appraise the material, Structures, machines and energy.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G Shanmugam, M S Palanichamy, Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering, McGraw Hill Education; First edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Palanikumar, K. Basic Mechanical Engineering, ARS Publications, 2018.
2. Ramamrutham S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co.(P) Ltd, 2013.
3. Seetharaman S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Anuradha Agencies, 2005.
4. Shantha Kumar SRJ., "Basic Mechanical Engineering", Hi-tech Publications, Mayiladuthurai, 2000.

GE3251	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS	L T P C
		2 0 4 4

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Drawing engineering curves.
2. Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
3. Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
4. Drawing development of solids
5. Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications — Use of drafting instruments — BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 6+12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6+12

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 6+12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software(Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 6+12

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software(Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+12

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale —Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software(Not for examination)

TOTAL: (L=30+P=60) 90 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 27th Edition,2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

EE3251	ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- To provide key concepts to analyze and understand electrical circuits
- To impart knowledge on solving circuit equations using network theorems
- To educate on obtaining the transient response of circuits.
- To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- To introduce Phasor diagrams and analysis of single &three phase circuits

UNIT I BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS 9+3

Fundamentals concepts of R, L and C elements-Energy Sources- Ohm's Law -Kirchhoff 's Laws – DC Circuits – Resistors in series and parallel circuits - A.C Circuits – Average and RMS Value – Complex Impedance – Phasor diagram - Real and Reactive Power, Power Factor, Energy -Mesh current and node voltage methods of analysis D.C and A.C Circuits.

UNIT II NETWORK REDUCTION AND THEOREMS FOR DC AND AC CIRCUITS 9+3

Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation – star delta conversion. Theorems – Superposition, Thevenin's and Norton's Theorem – Maximum power transfer theorem – Reciprocity Theorem – Millman's theorem- Tellegen's Theorem-Statement, application to DC and AC Circuits.

UNIT III TRANSIENT RESPONSE ANALYSIS 9+3

Introduction – Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms- standard test signals -Transient response of RL, RC and RLC circuits using Laplace transform for Source free, Step input and Sinusoidal input.

UNIT IV RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS 9+3

Series and parallel resonance –frequency response – Quality factor and Bandwidth – Self and mutual inductance – Coefficient of coupling – Dot rule-Analysis of coupled circuits– Single Tuned circuits.

UNIT V THREE PHASE CIRCUITS 9+3

Analysis of three phase 3-wire and 4-wire circuits with star and delta connected loads, balanced and unbalanced – phasor diagram of voltages and currents – power measurement in three phase circuits- Power Factor Calculations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Explain circuit's behavior using circuit laws.
CO2: Apply mesh analysis/ nodal analysis / network theorems to determine behavior of the given DC and AC circuit
CO3: Compute the transient response of first order and second order systems to step and sinusoidal input
CO4: Compute power, line/ phase voltage and currents of the given three phase circuit
CO5: Explain the frequency response of series and parallel RLC circuits
CO6: Explain the behavior of magnetically coupled circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William H. Hayt Jr, Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuits Analysis", McGraw Hill publishers, 9th edition, New Delhi, 2020.
2. Charles K. Alexander, Mathew N.O. Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 2019.
3. Allan H. Robbins, Wilhelm C. Miller, "Circuit Analysis Theory and Practice", Cengage Learning India, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Chakrabarti A, "Circuits Theory (Analysis and synthesis), Dhanpat Rai& Sons, New Delhi, 2020.
2. Joseph A. Edminister, Mahmood Nahvi, "Electric circuits", Schaum's series, McGraw-Hill, First Edition, 2019.
4. M E Van Valkenburg, "Network Analysis",Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
5. Richard C. Dorf and James A. Svoboda, "Introduction to Electric Circuits", 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2018.
6. Sudhakar A and Shyam Mohan SP, "Circuits and Networks Analysis and Synthesis", McGraw Hill, 2015.

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

NX3251	(ARMY WING) NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

NX3252	(NAVAL WING) NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

NCC Credit Course Level 1*

NX3253	(AIR FORCE WING) NCC Credit Course Level - I	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

NCC GENERAL		**6**
NCC 1	Aims, Objectives & Organization of NCC	1
NCC 2	Incentives	2
NCC 3	Duties of NCC Cadet	1
NCC 4	NCC Camps: Types & Conduct	2
NATIONAL INTEGRATION AND AWARENESS		**4**
NI 1	National Integration: Importance & Necessity	1
NI 2	Factors Affecting National Integration	1
NI 3	Unity in Diversity & Role of NCC in Nation Building	1
NI 4	Threats to National Security	1
PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT		**7**
PD 1	Self-Awareness, Empathy, Critical & Creative Thinking, Decision Making and Problem Solving	2
PD 2	Communication Skills	3
PD 3	Group Discussion: Stress & Emotions	2
LEADERSHIP		**5**
L 1	Leadership Capsule: Traits, Indicators, Motivation, Moral Values, Honour Code	3
L 2	Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhasi Ki Rani	2
SOCIAL SERVICE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		**8**
SS 1	Basics, Rural Development Programmes, NGOs, Contribution of Youth	3
SS 4	Protection of Children and Women Safety	1
SS 5	Road / Rail Travel Safety	1
SS 6	New Initiatives	2
SS 7	Cyber and Mobile Security Awareness	1

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

GE3271 ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used in household appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone.
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

EE3271 ELECTRIC CIRCUITS LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

- To simulate various electric circuits using Pspice/ Matlab/e-Sim / Scilab
- To gain practical experience on electric circuits and verification of theorems

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Familiarization of various electrical components, sources and measuring instruments

1. Simulation and experimental verification of series and parallel electrical circuit using fundamental laws.
2. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Thevenin's theorem.
3. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Norton's theorem.
4. Simulation and experimental verification of electrical circuit problems using Superposition theorem.
5. Simulation and experimental verification of Maximum Power transfer theorem.
6. Simulation and Experimental validation of R-C,R-L and RLC electric circuit transients
7. Simulation and Experimental validation of frequency response of RLC electric circuit.
8. Design and implementation of series and parallel resonance circuit.
9. Simulation and experimental verification of three phase balanced and unbalanced star, delta networks circuit (Power and Power factor calculations)

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Use simulation and experimental methods to verify the fundamental electrical laws for the given DC/AC circuit (Ex 1)
- Use simulation and experimental methods to verify the various electrical theorems (Superposition, Thevenin , Norton and maximum power transfer) for the given DC/AC circuit (Ex 2-5)
- Analyze transient behavior of the given RL/RC/RLC circuit using simulation and experimental methods (Ex 6)
- Analyze frequency response of the given series and parallel RLC circuit using simulation and experimentation methods (Ex 7-8)
- Analyze the performance of the given three-phase circuit using simulation and experimental methods (Ex 9)

MA3303 PROBABILITY AND COMPLEX FUNCTIONS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the required skill to apply the statistical tools in engineering problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of probability and random variables.
- To introduce the basic concepts of two dimensional random variables.
- To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory in particular analytic function and its mapping property.

- To familiarize the students with complex integration techniques and contour integration techniques which can be used in real integrals.
- To acquaint the students with Differential Equations which are significantly used in engineering problems.

UNIT I PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES 9 + 3

Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem - Discrete and continuous random variables – Moments – Moment generating functions – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential and Normal distributions – Functions of a random variable.

UNIT II TWO-DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 9 + 3

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Covariance – Correlation and linear regression – Transformation of random variables – Central limit theorem (for independent and identically distributed random variables).

UNIT III ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS 9 + 3

Analytic functions – Necessary and sufficient conditions for analyticity in Cartesian and polar coordinates - Properties – Harmonic conjugates – Construction of analytic function - Conformal mapping - Mapping by functions $w = z + c, cz, \frac{1}{z}, z^2$ - Bilinear transformation.

UNIT IV COMPLEX INTEGRATION 9 + 3

Line integral - Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's series – Singularities – Residues – Residue theorem – Application of residue theorem for evaluation of real integrals – Applications of circular contour and semicircular contour (with poles NOT on real axis).

UNIT V ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9 + 3

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients - Method of variation of parameters – Homogenous equation of Euler's and Legendre's type – System of simultaneous linear first order differential equations with constant coefficients - Method of undetermined coefficients.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamental knowledge of the concepts of probability and have knowledge of standard distributions which can describe real life phenomenon.

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of one and two dimensional random variables and apply in engineering applications.

CO3: To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory in particular analytic function and its mapping property.

CO4: To familiarize the students with complex integration techniques and contour integration techniques which can be used in real integrals.

CO5: To acquaint the students with Differential Equations which are significantly used in engineering problems.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund, J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 9th Edition, 2016.
2. Milton, J. S. and Arnold, J.C., "Introduction to Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2007.
3. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES
1. Devore, J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
2. Papoulis, A. and Unnikrishnapillai, S., "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes", McGraw Hill Education India, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2010.
3. Ross, S.M., "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 5th Edition, Elsevier, 2014.
4. Spiegel, M.R., Schiller, J. and Srinivasan, R.A., "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
5. Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. and Ye, K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education, Asia, 9th Edition, 2010.
6. Kreyszig E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
3	3	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg.	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-

EE3301 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
- To introduce the basic mathematical concepts related to electromagnetic vector fields
- To impart knowledge on the concepts of
  - ✓ Electrostatic fields, electric potential, energy density and their applications.
  - ✓ Magneto static fields, magnetic flux density, vector potential and its applications.
  - ✓ Different methods of emf generation and Maxwell's equations
  - ✓ Electromagnetic waves and characterizing parameters

UNIT I ELECTROSTATICS – I 12

Sources and effects of electromagnetic fields – Coordinate Systems – Vector fields –Gradient, Divergence, Curl – theorems and applications - Coulomb's Law – Electric field intensity – Field due to discrete and continuous charges – Gauss's law and applications.

UNIT II ELECTROSTATICS – II 12

Electric potential – Electric field and equipotential plots, Uniform and Non-Uniform field, Utilization factor – Electric field in free space, conductors, dielectrics - Dielectric polarization - Dielectric strength - Electric field in multiple dielectrics – Boundary conditions, Poisson's and Laplace's equations, Capacitance, Energy density, Applications.

UNIT III MAGNETOSTATICS 12

Lorentz force, magnetic field intensity (H) – Biot–Savart's Law - Ampere's Circuit Law – H due to straight conductors, circular loop, infinite sheet of current, Magnetic flux density (B) – B in free space, conductor, magnetic materials – Magnetization, Magnetic field in multiple media –Boundary conditions, scalar and vector potential, Poisson's Equation, Magnetic force, Torque, Inductance, Energy density, Applications.

UNIT IV ELECTRODYNAMIC FIELDS 12

Magnetic Circuits - Faraday's law – Transformer and motional EMF – Displacement current -Maxwell's equations (differential and integral form) – Relation between field theory and circuit theory – Applications.

UNIT V ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 12

Electromagnetic wave generation and equations – Wave parameters; velocity, intrinsic impedance, propagation constant – Waves in free space, lossy and lossless dielectrics, conductors- skin depth - Poynting vector – Plane wave reflection and refraction.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Visualize and explain Gradient, Divergence, and Curl operations on electromagnetic vector fieldsand identify the electromagnetic sources and their effects.

CO2: Compute and analyse electrostatic fields, electric potential, energy density along with their applications.

CO3: Compute and analyse magneto static fields, magnetic flux density, vector potential along with their applications.

CO4: Explain different methods of emf generation and Maxwell's equations

CO5: Explain the concept of electromagnetic waves and characterizing parameters

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mathew N. O. Sadiku, S.V. Kulkarni 'Principles of Electromagnetics', 6th Edition, Oxford University Press Inc. Asian edition, 2015.
2. William H. Hayt and John A. Buck, 'Engineering Electromagnetics', McGraw Hill Special Indian edition, 2014.
3. Kraus and Fleish, 'Electromagnetics with Applications', McGraw Hill International Editions, Fifth Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES

1. V.V.Sarwate, Electromagnetic fields and waves , Second Edition, Newage Publishers, 2018.
2. J.P.Tewari, 'Engineering Electromagnetics - Theory, Problems and Applications',

Second Edition, Khanna Publishers 2013.
3. Joseph. A.Edminister, 'Schaum's Outline of Electromagnetics, Fifth Edition (Schaum's Outline Series), McGraw Hill, 2018.
4. S.P.Ghosh, Lipika Datta, 'Electromagnetic Field Theory', First Edition, McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2017.
5. K A Gangadhar, 'Electromagnetic Field Theory', Khanna Publishers; Sixteenth Edition Eighth Reprint :2015

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO5	3	2	1	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	1
Avg	3	2	1	2	-	-	1.4	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1

EE3302 DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the fundamentals of combinational and sequential digital circuits.
- To study various number systems and to simplify the mathematical expressions using Boolean functions word problems
- To study implementation of combinational circuits using Gates' and MSI Devices.
- To study the design of various synchronous and asynchronous circuits.
- To introduce digital simulation techniques for development of application oriented logic circuit

UNIT I NUMBER SYSTEMS AND DIGITAL LOGIC FAMILIES 9

Number system, error detection, corrections & codes conversions, Boolean algebra: De-Morgan's theorem, switching functions and minimization using K-maps & Quine McCluskey method - Digital Logic Families -comparison of RTL, DTL, TTL, ECL and MOS families - operation, characteristics of digital logic family.

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS 9

Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps - simplification and implementation of combinational logic – multiplexers and de multiplexers - code converters, adders, subtractors, Encoders and Decoders.

UNIT III SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS 9

Sequential logic- SR, JK, D and T flip flops - level triggering and edge triggering - counters - asynchronous and synchronous type - Modulo counters - Shift registers - design of synchronous sequential circuits – Moore and Mealy models- Counters, state diagram; state reduction; state assignment.

UNIT IV ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS AND PROGRAMMABILITY LOGIC DEVICES 9

Asynchronous sequential logic Circuits-Transition stability, flow stability-race conditions, hazards &errors in digital circuits; analysis of asynchronous sequential logic circuits-introduction to Programmability Logic Devices: PROM – PLA –PAL, CPLD-FPGA.

UNIT V VHDL 9

RTL Design – combinational logic – Sequential circuit – Operators – Introduction to Packages – Subprograms – Test bench. (Simulation /Tutorial Examples: adders, counters, flip flops, Multiplexers & De multiplexers).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Explain various number systems and characteristics of digital logic families

CO2: Apply K-maps and Quine McCluskey methods to simplify the given Boolean expressions

CO3: Explain the implementation of combinitional circuit such as multiplexers and de multiplexers - code converters, adders, subtractors, Encoders and Decoders

CO4: Design various synchronous and asynchronous circuits using Flip Flops

CO5: Explain asynchronous sequential circuits and programmable logic devices

CO6: Use VHDL for simulating and testing RTL, combinatorial and sequential circuits

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Morris Mano,M. 'Digital Logic and Computer Design', Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2005.
2. Donald D.Givone, 'Digital Principles and Design', Tata McGraw Hill,1st Edition, 2003
3. Thomas L Floyd, 'Digital fundamentals', Pearson Education Limited, 11th Edition, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Tocci R.J., Neal S. Widmer, 'Digital Systems: Principles and Applications', Pearson Education Asia, 12th Edition, 2017.
2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, Goutam Sha, 'Digital Principles and Applications', Tata McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2010.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
Avg	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1

EC3301 ELECTRON DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the structure of basic electronic devices.
- To be exposed to active and passive circuit elements.
- To familiarize the operation and applications of transistor like BJT and FET.
- To explore the characteristics of amplifier gain and frequency response.
- To learn the required functionality of positive and negative feedback systems.

UNIT I PN JUNCTION DEVICES 9

PN junction diode –structure, operation and V-I characteristics, diffusion and transition capacitance – Clipping & Clamping circuits - Rectifiers – Half Wave and Full Wave Rectifier– Display devices- LED, Laser diodes, Zener diode characteristics- Zener diode Reverse characteristics – Zener diode as regulator.

UNIT II TRANSISTORS AND THYRISTORS 9

BJT, JFET, MOSFET- structure, operation, characteristics and Biasing UJT, Thyristors and IGBT - Structure and characteristics.

UNIT III AMPLIFIERS 9

BJT small signal model - Analysis of CE, CB, CC amplifiers- Gain and frequency response –MOSFET small signal model– Analysis of CS and Source follower – Gain and frequency response- High frequency analysis.

UNIT IV MULTISTAGE AMPLIFIERS AND DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER 9

BIMOS cascade amplifier, Differential amplifier – Common mode and Difference mode analysis – FET input stages – Single tuned amplifiers – Gain and frequency response – Neutralization methods, power amplifiers –Types (Qualitative analysis).

UNIT V FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS 9

Advantages of negative feedback – voltage / current, series, Shunt feedback –positive feedback – Condition for oscillations, phase shift – Wien bridge, Hartley, Colpitts and Crystal oscillators.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1 Explain the structure and operation of PN junction devices (diode, Zener diode, LED and Laser diode)

CO2 Design clipper, clamper, half wave and full wave rectifier, regulator circuits using PN junction diodes

CO3 Analyze the structure and characteristics BJT, FET, MOSFET, UJT, Thyristor and IGBT

CO4 Analyze the performance of various configurations of BJT and MOSFET based amplifier

CO5 Explain the characteristics of MOS based cascade and differential amplifier

CO6 Explain the operation of various feedback amplifiers and oscillators

TEXT BOOKS:

1. David A. Bell , "Electronic devices and circuits", Oxford University higher education, 5th edition 2008
2. Sedra and smith, "Microelectronic circuits",7th Edition , Oxford University Press, 2017

REFERENCES:

1. Balbir Kumar, Shail.B.Jain, "Electronic devices and circuits" PHI learning private limited, 2nd edition 2014.
2. Thomas L.Floyd, "Electronic devices" Conventional current version, Pearson prentice hall, 10th Edition, 2017.
3. Donald A Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design" Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2003.
4. Robert L.Boylestad, "Electronic devices and circuit theory", 11th edition, Pearson prentice Hall 2013.
5. Robert B. Northrop, "Analysis and Application of Analog Electronic Circuits to Biomedical Instrumentation", CRC Press, Second edition, 2012.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO2	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO4	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
CO5	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1
Avg.	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	1

EE3303	ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of electromechanical energy conversion system.
- To identify the appropriate machine for a given application based on its characteristics.
- To identify the appropriate test to determine the performance parameters of a given machine.
- To familiarize with the procedure for parallel operation of generators and transformers.
- To deliberate the working of auto transformer and three phase transformers.

UNIT I ELECTROMECHANICAL ENERGY CONVERSION 9

Fundamentals of Magnetic circuits- Statically and dynamically induced EMF - Principle of electromechanical energy conversion forces and torque in magnetic field systems- energy balance in magnetic circuits- magnetic force- co-energy in singly excited and multi excited magnetic field system mmf of distributed windings – Winding Inductances-, magnetic fields in rotating machines- magnetic saturation and leakage fluxes. Introduction to Indian Standard Specifications (ISS) - Role and significance in testing.

UNIT II DC GENERATORS 9

Principle of operation, constructional details, armature windings and its types, EMF equation, wave shape of induced emf, armature reaction, demagnetizing and cross magnetizing Ampere turns, compensating winding, commutation, methods of improving commutation, interpoles, OCC and load characteristics of different types of DC Generators. Parallel operation of DC Generators, equalizing connections- applications of DC Generators.

UNIT III DC MOTORS 9

Principle of operation, significance of back emf, torque equations and power developed by armature, speed control of DC motors, starting methods of DC motors, load characteristics of DC motors, losses and efficiency in DC machine, condition for maximum efficiency. Testing of DC Machines: Brake test, Swinburne's test, Hopkinson's test, Field test, Retardation test, Separation of core losses-applications of DC motors.

UNIT IV SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER 9

Construction and principle of operation, equivalent circuit, phasor diagrams, testing - polarity test, open circuit and short circuit tests, voltage regulation, losses and efficiency, all day efficiency, back-to-back test, separation of core losses, parallel operation of single-phase transformers, applications of single-phase transformer.

UNIT V AUTOTRANSFORMER AND THREE PHASE TRANSFORMER 9

Construction and working of auto transformer, comparison with two winding transformers, applications of autotransformer. Three Phase Transformer- Construction, types of connections and their comparative features, Scott connection, applications of Scott connection.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 5th Edition, 2017.
2. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electric Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2021.

REFERENCES

1. A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 6th Edition 2017.
2. A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2018.
3. M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, First Edition 2004.
4. Sahdev S. K. "Electrical Machines", Cambridge University Press, 2018.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to:

CO1 Apply the laws governing the electromechanical energy conversion for singly and multiple excited systems.

CO2 Explain the construction and working principle of DC machines.

CO3 Interpret various characteristics of DC machines.

CO4 Compute various performance parameters of the machine, by conducting suitable tests.

CO5 Draw the equivalent circuit of transformer and predetermine the efficiency and regulation.

CO6 Describe the working principle of auto transformer, three phase transformer with different types of connections.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	1
CO3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	1	1
CO4	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	2
CO6	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	3	2
Avg	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	3

CS3353	C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of C programming language.
- To learn the concepts of advanced features of C.
- To understand the concepts of ADTs and linear data structures.
- To know the concepts of non-linear data structure and hashing.
- To familiarize the concepts of sorting and searching techniques.

UNIT I C PROGRAMMING FUNDAMENTALS (8+1 SKILL) **9**

Data Types – Variables – Operations – Expressions and Statements – Conditional Statements – Functions – Recursive Functions – Arrays – Single and Multi-Dimensional Arrays.

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING - ADVANCED FEATURES (8+1 SKILL) **9**

Structures – Union – Enumerated Data Types – Pointers: Pointers to Variables, Arrays and Functions – File Handling – Preprocessor Directives.

UNIT III LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES (8+1 SKILL) **9**

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – List ADT – Array-Based Implementation – Linked List – Doubly- Linked Lists – Circular Linked List – Stack ADT – Implementation of Stack – Applications – Queue ADT – Priority Queues – Queue Implementation – Applications.

UNIT IV NON-LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES (8+1 SKILL) **9**

Trees – Binary Trees – Tree Traversals – Expression Trees – Binary Search Tree – Hashing - Hash Functions – Separate Chaining – Open Addressing – Linear Probing– Quadratic Probing – Double Hashing – Rehashing.

UNIT V SORTING AND SEARCHING TECHNIQUES (8+1 SKILL) **9**

Insertion Sort – Quick Sort – Heap Sort – Merge Sort –Linear Search – Binary Search.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) **5**

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Develop C programs for any real world/technical application.
CO2 Apply advanced features of C in solving problems.
CO3 Write functions to implement linear and non–linear data structure operations.
CO4 Suggest and use appropriate linear/non–linear data structure operations for solving a given problem.
CO5 Appropriately use sort and search algorithms for a given application.
CO6 Apply appropriate hash functions that result in a collision free scenario for data storage and retrieval.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1997.
2. ReemaThareja, "Programming in C", Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Brian W. Kernighan, Rob Pike, "The Practice of Programming", Pearson Education, 1999.
2. Paul J. Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "C How to Program", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
3. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, 1983.
4. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia, 2008.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

https://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112107243

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105598

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	-	1	2	1	3	2	1	3
2	1	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	2
4	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	2	3	1
5	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	-	1	2	1	3	2	2	3
Avg.	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2

EC3311 ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to understand the behavior of semiconductor device based on experimentation.
- Be exposed to active and passive circuit elements.
- Familiarize the operation and characteristics of transistor like BJT and FET.
- Explore the characteristics of amplifier gain and frequency response.
- Learn the required functionality of positive and negative feedback systems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Characteristics of Semiconductor diode, Zener diode , photo diode , and photo transistor,
2. Characteristics of NPN Transistor under common emitter , common collector and common base configurations
3. Characteristics of JFET and draw the equivalent circuit
4. Characteristics of UJT and generation of saw tooth waveforms
5. Design and frequency response characteristics of a Common Emitter amplifier
6. Characteristics of light activated relay circuit

7. Design and testing of RC phase shift and LC oscillators
8. Characteristics of Single Phase half-wave and full wave rectifiers with inductive and capacitive filters
9. Design of Differential amplifiers using FET
10. Measurement of frequency and phase angle using CRO
11. Realization of passive filters

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the characteristics of PN, Zener diode and BJT in CE,CC,CB configurations experimentally
CO2: Analyze the characteristics of JFET and UJT experimentally
CO3: Analyze frequency response characteristics of a Common Emitter amplifier experimentally
CO4: Analyze the characteristics of RC phase shift and LC oscillators experimentally
CO5: Analyze the characteristics of half-wave and full-wave rectifier with and without filters experimentally
CO6: Analyze the characteristics of FET based differential amplifier experimentally
CO7: Calculate the frequency and phase angle using CRO experimentally
CO8: Analyze the frequency response characteristics of passive filters experimentally

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3
CO2	-	-	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3
CO3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3
CO4	-	3	3	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3
CO5	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO6	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO7	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3
CO8	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3
Avg	-	3	2.7	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	-	-	3	3

EE3311 **ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY - I** **L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To expose the students to determine the characteristics of DC machines and transformers by performing experiments on these machines.
- To provide hands on experience to evaluate the performance parameters of DC machines and transformer by conducting suitable tests.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Open circuit and load characteristics of DC shunt generator- calculation of critical resistance and critical speed.
2. Load characteristics of DC compound generator with differential and cumulative connections.
3. Load test on DC shunt motor.
4. Load test on DC compound motor.
5. Load test on DC series motor.
6. Swinburne's test and speed control of DC shunt motor.
7. Hopkinson's test on DC motor – generator set.
8. Load test on single-phase transformer and three phase transformers.
9. Open circuit and short circuit tests on single phase transformer.
10. Sumpner's test on single phase transformers.
11. Separation of no-load losses in single phase transformer.
12. Study of starters and 3-phase transformers connections.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to:

CO1: Construct the circuit with appropriate connections for the given DC machine/transformer.

CO2: Experimentally determine the characteristics of different types of DC machines.

CO3: Demonstrate the speed control techniques for a DC motor for industrial applications.

CO4: Identify suitable methods for testing of transformer and DC machines.

CO5: Predetermine the performance parameters of transformers and DC motor.

CO6: Understand DC motor starters and 3-phase transformer connections.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	1	1
CO2	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO6	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	1
Avg.	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2.5	2.0	1.8

CS3362 C PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop applications in C
- To implement linear and non-linear data structures
- To understand the different operations of search trees
- To get familiarized to sorting and searching algorithms

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Practice of C programming using statements, expressions, decision making and iterative statements
2. Practice of C programming using Functions and Arrays
3. Implement C programs using Pointers and Structures
4. Implement C programs using Files
5. Development of real time C applications
6. Array implementation of List ADT
7. Array implementation of Stack and Queue ADTs
8. Linked list implementation of List, Stack and Queue ADTs
9. Applications of List, Stack and Queue ADTs
10. Implementation of Binary Trees and operations of Binary Trees
11. Implementation of Binary Search Trees
12. Implementation of searching techniques
13. Implementation of Sorting algorithms : Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort
14. Implementation of Hashing – any two collision techniques

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Use different constructs of C and develop applications

CO2: Write functions to implement linear and non-linear data structure operations

CO3: Suggest and use the appropriate linear / non-linear data structure operations for a given problem

CO4: Apply appropriate hash functions that result in a collision free scenario for data storage and Retrieval

CO5: Implement Sorting and searching algorithms for a given application

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2	3	1	2	2	1	1	-	1	2	1	3	2	1	3
2	1	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
3	2	3	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	2
4	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	2	2	1
5	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	-	1	2	1	3	2	2	3
Avg	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2

GE3361 PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To be proficient in important Microsoft Office tools: MS WORD, EXCEL, POWERPOINT.
- To be proficient in using MS WORD to create quality technical documents, by using standard templates, widely acceptable styles and formats, variety of features to enhance the presentability and overall utility value of content.
- To be proficient in using MS EXCEL for all data manipulation tasks including the common statistical, logical, mathematical etc., operations, conversion, analytics, search and explore, visualize, interlink, and utilizing many more critical features offered.
- To be able to create and share quality presentations by using the features of MS PowerPoint, including: organization of content, presentability, aesthetics, using media elements and enhance the overall quality of presentations.

MS WORD: **10 Hours**

Create and format a document
Working with tables
Working with Bullets and Lists
Working with styles, shapes, smart art, charts
Inserting objects, charts and importing objects from other office tools
Creating and Using document templates
Inserting equations, symbols and special characters
Working with Table of contents and References, citations
Insert and review comments
Create bookmarks, hyperlinks, endnotes footnote
Viewing document in different modes
Working with document protection and security
Inspect document for accessibility

MS EXCEL: **10 Hours**

Create worksheets, insert and format data
Work with different types of data: text, currency, date, numeric etc.
Split, validate, consolidate, Convert data
Sort and filter data
Perform calculations and use functions: (Statistical, Logical, Mathematical, date, Time etc.,)
Work with Lookup and reference formulae
Create and Work with different types of charts
Use pivot tables to summarize and analyse data
Perform data analysis using own formulae and functions
Combine data from multiple worksheets using own formulae and built-in functions to generate results
Export data and sheets to other file formats
Working with macros
Protecting data and Securing the workbook

MS POWERPOINT: **10 Hours**

Select slide templates, layout and themes
Formatting slide content and using bullets and numbering
Insert and format images, smart art, tables, charts
Using Slide master, notes and handout master
Working with animation and transitions
Organize and Group slides
Import or create and use media objects: audio, video, animation
Perform slideshow recording and Record narration and create presentable videos

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to

- Use MS Word to create quality documents, by structuring and organizing content for their day to day technical and academic requirements
- Use MS EXCEL to perform data operations and analytics, record, retrieve data as per requirements and visualize data for ease of understanding
- Use MS PowerPoint to create high quality academic presentations by including common tables, charts, graphs, interlinking other elements, and using media objects.

GE3451 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and emphasize on the biodiversity of India and its conservation.
- To impart knowledge on the causes, effects and control or prevention measures of environmental pollution and natural disasters.
- To facilitate the understanding of global and Indian scenario of renewable and nonrenewable resources, causes of their degradation and measures to preserve them.
- To familiarize the concept of sustainable development goals and appreciate the interdependence of economic and social aspects of sustainability, recognize and analyze climate changes, concept of carbon credit and the challenges of environmental management.
- To inculcate and embrace sustainability practices and develop a broader understanding on green materials, energy cycles and analyze the role of sustainable urbanization.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY **6**

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness. Eco-system and Energy flow– ecological succession. Types of biodiversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity– values of biodiversity, India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION **6**

Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water, Soil, Air and Noise Pollutions.

Solid, Hazardous and E-Waste management, Case studies on Occupational Health and Safety Management system (OHASMS). Environmental protection, Environmental protection acts .

UNIT III RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY **6**

Energy management and conservation, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of- Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion. Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT **6**

Development, GDP, Sustainability- concept, needs and challenges-economic, social and aspects of sustainability-from unsustainability to sustainability-millennium development goals, and protocols - Sustainable Development Goals-targets, indicators and intervention areas Climate change- Global, Regional and local environmental issues and possible solutions-case studies. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in industry-A case study.

UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES **6**

Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14000 Series, Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports. Sustainable energy: Non-conventional Sources, Energy Cycles-carbon cycle, emission and sequestration, Green Engineering: Sustainable urbanization- Socio-economical and technological change.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To recognize and understand the functions of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and their conservation.
- To identify the causes, effects of environmental pollution and natural disasters and contribute to the preventive measures in the society.
- To identify and apply the understanding of renewable and non-renewable resources and contribute to the sustainable measures to preserve them for future generations.
- To recognize the different goals of sustainable development and apply them for suitable technological advancement and societal development.
- To demonstrate the knowledge of sustainability practices and identify green materials, energy cycles and the role of sustainable urbanization.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anubha Kaushik and C. P. Kaushik's "Perspectives in Environmental Studies", 6th Edition, New Age International Publishers ,2018.
2. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2016.
3. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
4. Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall.
5. Bradley, A.S; Adebayo, A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning.
6. Environment Impact Assessment Guidelines, Notification of Government of India, 2006.
7. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998.

REFERENCES

1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media. 38.
2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.
3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT. LTD, New Delhi, 2007.
4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.
5. Erach Bharucha "Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses" Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd. 2013.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
2	3	2	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
3	3	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
4	2	2	1	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
5	3	2	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Avg.	2.8	1.8	1	1	-	2.2	2.4	-	-	-	-	1.8	-	-	-

EE3401 TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge about the configuration of the electrical power systems.
- To study the line parameters and interference with neighboring circuits.
- To understand the mechanical design and performance analysis of transmission lines.
- To learn about different insulators and underground cables.
- To understand and analyze the distribution system.

UNIT I TRANSMISSION LINE PARAMETERS 9

Structure of electric power system - Parameters of single and three phase transmission lines with single and double circuits -Resistance, inductance, and capacitance of solid, stranded, and bundled conductors - Typical configuration, conductor types - Symmetrical and unsymmetrical spacing and transposition - application of self and mutual GMD; skin and proximity effects - Effects of earth on the capacitance of the transmission line - interference with neighboring communication circuits.

UNIT II MODELLING AND PERFORMANCE OF TRANSMISSION LINES 9

Performance of Transmission lines – short line, medium line and long line – equivalent circuits, phasor diagram, attenuation constant, phase constant, surge impedance – transmission efficiency and voltage regulation, real and reactive power flow in lines – Power Circle diagrams – Ferranti effect – Formation of Corona – Critical Voltages – Effect on line Performance.

UNIT III SAG CALCULATION AND LINE SUPPORTS 9

Mechanical design of overhead lines – Line Supports -Types of towers – Tension and Sag Calculation for different weather conditions – Methods of grounding - Insulators: Types, voltage distribution in insulator string, improvement of string efficiency, testing of insulators.

UNIT IV NDERGROUND CABLES 9

Underground cables – Types of cables – Construction of single-core and 3-core belted cables – Insulation Resistance – Potential Gradient – Capacitance of single-core and 3-core belted cables – Grading of cables – Power factor and heating of cables– DC cables.

UNIT V DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS 9

Distribution Systems – General Aspects – Kelvin's Law – AC and DC distributions –Concentrated and Distributed loading- Techniques of Voltage Control and Power factor improvement – Distribution Loss – Types of Substations – Trends in Transmission and Distribution: EHVAC, HVDC and FACTS (Qualitative treatment only).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.P.Kothari, I.J. Nagarath, 'Power System Engineering', Mc Graw-Hill Publishing Company limited, New Delhi, Third Edition, 2019.
2. C.L.Wadhwa, 'Electrical Power Systems', New Age International Ltd, seventh edition 2022.
3. S.N. Singh, 'Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution', Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B.R.Gupta, 'Power System Analysis and Design' S. Chand, New Delhi, Sixth Edition, 2011.
2. Lucas M.Faulkenberry, Walter Coffer, 'Electrical Power Distribution and Transmission', Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Arun Ingole, "Power transmission and distribution" Pearson Education, first edition, 2018
4. J.Brian Hardy and Colin R.Bayliss 'Transmission and Distribution in Electrical Engineering', Newnes; Fourth Edition, 2011.
5. G.Ramamurthy, "Handbook of Electrical power Distribution," Universities Press, 2013.
6. V.K.Mehta, Rohit Mehta, 'Principles of power system', S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2013
7. Hadi Saadat, 'Power System Analysis', McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 23rd reprint, 2015.
8. R.K.Rajput, 'A Text Book of Power System Engineering' 2nd edition, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1 : Understand the structure of power system, computation of transmission line parameters for different configurations.

CO2 : Model the transmission lines to determine the line performance and to understand the impact of Ferranti effect and corona on line performance.

CO3 : Do Mechanical design of transmission lines, grounding and to understand about the insulators in transmission system.

CO4 : Design the underground cables and understand the performance analysis of underground cable.

CO5 : Understand the modelling, performance analysis and modern trends in distribution system.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	1
CO4	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	1
CO5	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	1
Avg	2.8	1.8	1	1		1	-	1.8					3	2.4	1

EE3402	LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on the following topics

- Signal analysis using Op-amp based circuits.
- Applications of Op-amp.
- Functional blocks and the applications of special ICs like Timers, PLL circuits, regulator Circuits.
- IC fabrication procedure.

UNIT I IC FABRICATION 9

IC classification, fundamental of monolithic IC technology, epitaxial growth, masking and etching, diffusion of impurities. Realisation of monolithic ICs and packaging. Fabrication of diodes, capacitance, resistance, FETs and PV Cell.

UNIT II CHARACTERISTICS OF OPAMP 9

Ideal OP-AMP characteristics, DC characteristics, AC characteristics, differential amplifier; frequency response of OP-AMP; Voltage-shunt feedback and inverting amplifier - Voltage series feedback: and Non-Inverting Amplifier - Basic applications of op-amp –, summer, differentiator and Integrator-V/I & I/V converters.

UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF OPAMP 9

Instrumentation amplifier and its applications for transducer Bridge, Log and Antilog Amplifiers- Analog multiplier & Divider, first and second order active filters, comparators, multi vibrators, waveform generators, clippers, clampers, peak detector, S/H circuit,-D/A converter (R- 2R ladder and weighted resistor types), A/D converters using OP-AMPs.

UNIT IV SPECIAL ICs 9

Functional block, characteristics of 555 Timer and its PWM application - IC-566 voltage controlled oscillator IC; 565-phase locked loop IC, AD633 Analog multiplier ICs.

UNIT V APPLICATION ICs 9

AD623 Instrumentation Amplifier and its application as load cell weight measurement - IC voltage regulators –LM78XX, LM79XX; Fixed voltage regulators its application as Linear power supply - LM317, 723 Variability voltage regulators, switching regulator- SMPS - ICL 8038 function generator IC.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1 Explain monolithic IC fabrication process

CO2 Explain the fabrication of diodes, capacitance, resistance, FETs and PV Cell.

CO3 Analyze the characteristics and basic applications (inverting/non-inverting amplifier, summer, differentiator, integrator, V/I and I/V converter) of Op-Amp

CO4 Explain circuit and applications of op-amp based instrumentation amplifier, log/antilog amplifier, analog multiplier /divider, active filters, comparators, waveform generators, A/D and D/A converters

CO5 Explain Functional blocks, characteristics and applications of Timer, PLL, analog multiplier ICs.

CO6 Explain the applications of ICs in Instrumentation amplifier, fixed and variable voltage regulator, SMPS and function generator

TEXT BOOKS:

1. David A. Bell, 'Op-amp & Linear ICs', Oxford, Third Edition, 2011
2. D. Roy Choudhary, Sheil B. Jani, 'Linear Integrated Circuits', , New Age, Fourth Edition, 2018.
3. Ramakant A.Gayakward, 'Op-amps and Linear Integrated Circuits', IV edition, Pearson Education, PHI 2021.

REFERENCES

1. Fiore,"Opamps& Linear Integrated Circuits Concepts & applications", Cengage, 2010.
2. Floyd ,Buchla,"Fundamentals of Analog Circuits, Pearson, 2013.
3. Jacob Millman, Christos C.Halkias, 'Integrated Electronics - Analog and Digital circuits system', McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2017.
4. Robert F.Coughlin, Fredrick F. Driscoll, 'Op-amp and Linear ICs', Pearson, 6th edition,2012.
5. Sergio Franco, 'Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated Circuits', McGraw Hill, 2016 – Fourth Edition.
6. Muhammad H. Rashid,' Microelectronic Circuits Analysis and Design' Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition, 2012.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
CO5	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1
Avg	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	2	1

EE3403 MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To educate the fundamental concepts and characteristics of measurement and errors
- To impart the knowledge on the functional aspects of measuring instruments
- To infer the importance of various bridge circuits used with measuring instruments.
- To educate the fundamental working of sensors and transducers and their applications
- To summarize the overall measurement and instrumentation with the knowledge on digital instrumentation principles.

UNIT I CONCEPTS OF MEASUREMENTS 9
Instruments: classification, applications – Elements of a generalized measurement system - Static and dynamic characteristics - Errors in measurement -Statistical evaluation of measurement data.

UNIT II MEASUREMENT OF PARAMETERS IN ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS 9
Classification of instruments – moving coil and moving iron meters – Induction type, dynamometer type watt meters – Energy meter – Megger – Instrument transformers (CT & PT).

UNIT III AC/DC BRIDGES AND INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIERS 9
Wheatstone bridge, Kelvin double bridge - Maxwell, Hay, Wien and Schering bridges – Errors and compensation in A.C. bridges - Instrumentation Amplifiers.

UNIT IV TRANSDUCERS FOR MEASUREMENT OF NON- ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS 9
Classification of transducers – Measurement of pressure, temperature, displacement, flow, angular velocity – Digital transducers – Smart Sensors.

UNIT V DIGITAL INSTRUMENTATION 9
A/D converters: types and characteristics – Sampling, Errors- Measurement of voltage, Current, frequency and phase - D/A converters: types and characteristics- DSO- Data Loggers – Basics of PLC programming and Introduction to Virtual Instrumentation - Instrument standards.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students should have the:
CO1: Ability to understand the fundamental art of measurement in engineering.
CO2: Ability to understand the structural elements of various instruments.
CO3: Ability to understand the importance of bridge circuits.
CO4: Ability to understand about various transducers and their characteristics by experiments.
CO5: Ability to understand the concept of digital instrumentation and virtual instrumentation by experiments.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, New Delhi, Edition 2011.
2. H.S. Kalsi, 'Electronic Instrumentation', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. M.M.S. Anand, 'Electronics Instruments and Instrumentation Technology', Prentice Hall India, New Delhi, 2009
2. J.J. Carr, 'Elements of Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement', Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2011

3. W.Bolton, Programmable Logic Controllers, 6th Edition, Elsevier, 2015.
4. R.B. Northrop, "Introduction to Instrumentation and Measurements", Taylor & Francis, New Delhi, 3rd Edition 2014.
5. E. O. Doebelin and D. N. Manik, "Measurement Systems – Application and Design", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 6th Edition 2017.
6. R. K. Rajput, "Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation", Chand Pub, 2016.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3	-	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	2	-	-	-		-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	-	3	2	-		-	-	-	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	2	3	-	-		-	3	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	2	3	2	3	2	-	2	-	3	-	3	3	3	3

EE3404 MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
- To study the addressing modes & instruction set of 8085 &8051
- To develop skills in simple program writing in assembly languages
- To introduce commonly used peripheral/interfacing ICs.
- To study and understand typical applications of micro-processors.
- To study and understand the typical applications of micro-controllers.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO 8085 ARCHITECTURE 9
Functional block diagram – Memory interfacing–I/O ports and data transfer concepts – Timing Diagram — Interrupt structure.

UNIT II 8085 INSTRUCTION SET AND PROGRAMMING 9
Instruction format and addressing modes — Assembly language format — Data transfer, data manipulation & control instructions – Programming: Loop structure with counting & Indexing - Look up table - Subroutine instructions, stack.

UNIT III INTERFACING BASICS AND ICS 9
Study of Architecture and programming of ICs: 8255 PPI, 8259PIC, 8251USART, 8279 Keyboard display controller and 8254 Timer/Counter – Interfacing with 8085 -A/D and D/A converter interfacing.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO 8051 MICROCONTROLLER 9
Functional block diagram - Instruction format and addressing modes – Interrupt structure – Timer – I/O ports – Serial communication, Simple programming –keyboard and display interface – Temperature control system –stepper motor control - Usage of IDE for assembly language programming.

UNIT V INTRODUCTION TO RISC BASED ARCHITECTURE 9

PIC16 /18 architecture, Memory organization – Addressing modes – Instruction set – Programming techniques – Timers – I/O ports – Interrupt programming.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students should have the:

CO1: Ability to write assembly language program for microprocessor and microcontroller

CO2: Ability to design and implement interfacing of peripheral with microprocessor and microcontroller

CO3: Ability to analyze, comprehend, design and simulate microprocessor based systems used for control and monitoring.

CO4: Ability to analyze, comprehend, design and simulate microcontroller based systems used for control and monitoring.

CO5: Ability to understand and appreciate advanced architecture evolving microprocessor field

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Ramesh S. Gaonkar, 'Microprocessor Architecture Programming and Application', Pen ram International (P)ltd., Mumbai, 6th Education, 2013.
2. Muhammad Ali Mazidi & Janice Gilli Mazidi, 'The 8051 Micro Controller and Embedded Systems', Pearson Education, Second Edition 2011.
3. Muhammad Ali Mazidi & Janice Gilli Mazidi, 'The PIC Micro Controller and Embedded Systems', 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Douglas V. Hall, "Micro-processors & Interfacing", Tata McGraw Hill 3rd Edition, 2017.
2. Krishna Kant, "Micro-processors & Micro-controllers", Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
3. Mike Predko, "8051 Micro-controllers", McGraw Hill, 2009.
4. Kenneth Ayala, 'The 8051 Microcontroller', Thomson, 3rd Edition 2004.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	2
CO2	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	2
CO3	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
CO4	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
CO5	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
Avg	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	1	3

EE3405 **ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II** **LT P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on the following Topics

- Construction and performance of salient and non – salient type synchronous generators.
- Principle of operation and performance of synchronous motor.
- Construction, principle of operation and performance of induction machines.
- Starting and speed control of three-phase induction motors.
- Construction, principle of operation and performance of single phase induction motors and special machines.

UNIT I SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR 9

Constructional details – Types of rotors –winding factors- EMF equation – Synchronous reactance – Armature reaction – Phasor diagrams of non-salient pole synchronous generator connected to infinite bus–Synchronizing and parallel operation – Synchronizing torque -Change of excitation and mechanical input- Voltage regulation – EMF, MMF, ZPF and A.S.A method – steady state power-angle characteristics– Two reaction theory –slip test -short circuit transients - Capability Curves.

UNIT II SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR 9

Principle of operation – Torque equation – Operation on infinite bus bars - V and Inverted V curves – Power input and power developed equations – Starting methods – Current loci for constant power input, constant excitation and constant power Developed-Hunting – natural frequency of oscillations – damper windings- synchronous condenser.

UNIT III THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR 9

Constructional details – Types of rotors –– Principle of operation – Slip –cogging and crawling- Equivalent circuit – Torque-Slip characteristics - Condition for maximum torque – Losses and efficiency – Load test - No load and blocked rotor tests - Circle diagram – Separation of losses – Double cage induction motors –Induction generators – Synchronous induction motor.

UNIT IV STARTING AND SPEED CONTROL OF THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR 9

Need for starting – Types of starters – DOL, Rotor resistance, Autotransformer and Star delta starters – Speed control – Voltage control, Frequency control and pole changing – Cascaded Connection-V/f control – Slip power recovery Scheme-Braking of three phase induction motor: Plugging, dynamic braking and regenerative braking.

UNIT V SINGLE PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS AND SPECIAL MACHINES 9

Constructional details of single phase induction motor – Double field revolving theory and operation – Equivalent circuit – No load and blocked rotor test – Performance analysis – Starting methods of single-phase induction motors – Capacitor-start capacitor run Induction motor- Shaded pole induction motor - Linear induction motor – Repulsion motor - Hysteresis motor - AC series motor- Servo motors- Stepper motors - introduction to magnetic levitation systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will have the:

CO1: Ability to understand the construction and working principle of Synchronous generator

CO2: Ability to understand the construction and working principle of Synchronous Motor

CO3: Ability to understand the construction and working principle of Three Phase Induction Motor

CO4: Acquire knowledge about the starting and speed control of induction motors.

CO5: To gain knowledge about the basic principles and working of Single phase induction motors and Special Electrical Machines.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A.E. Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley, Stephen. D. Umans, 'Electric Machinery', Mc Graw Hill publishing Company Ltd, 6th Education 2017.
2. Stephen J. Chapman, 'Electric Machinery Fundamentals' 4th edition, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, 4th Edition 2017.
3. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 'Electric Machines', McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 5th Edition 2017.
4. P.S. Bhimbhra, 'Electrical Machinery', Khanna Publishers, edition 2, 2021.

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1. Vincent Del Toro, 'Basic Electric Machines' Pearson India Education, 2016.
2. M.N. Bandyo padhyay, Electrical Machines Theory and Practice, PHI Learning PVT LTD., New Delhi, 2011.
3. B.R.Gupta, 'Fundamental of Electric Machines' New age International Publishers 3rd Edition, Reprint 2015.
4. Murugesh Kumar, 'Electric Machines', Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, First edition 2010.
5. Alexander S. Langsdorf, 'Theory of Alternating-Current Machinery', McGraw Hill Publications, 2001.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO6	3	3	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
Avg	3	3	1.6	2.3	2.8	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	2

EE3411 ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY - II

L T P C
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To expose the students to the operation of synchronous machines and induction motors and give them experimental skill.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Regulation of three phase alternator by EMF and MMF methods.
2. Regulation of three phase alternator by ZPF and ASA methods.
3. Regulation of three phase salient pole alternator by slip test.
4. Measurements of negative sequence and zero sequence impedance of alternators.
5. V and Inverted V curves of Three Phase Synchronous Motor.
6. Load test on three-phase induction motor.
7. No load and blocked rotor tests on three-phase induction motor (Determination of equivalent circuit parameters).
8. Separation of No-load losses of three-phase induction motor.
9. Load test on single-phase induction motor.
10. No load and blocked rotor test on single-phase induction motor.
11. Study of Induction Motor Starters

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should have the:

CO1: Ability to understand and analyze EMF and MMF methods

CO2: Ability to analyze the characteristics of V and Inverted V curves

CO3: Acquire hands on experience of conducting various tests on alternators and obtaining their performance indices using standard analytical as well as graphical methods. to understand the importance of Synchronous machines

CO4: Acquire hands on experience of conducting various tests on induction motors and obtaining their performance indices using standard analytical as well as graphical methods. to understand the importance of single and three phase Induction motors

CO5: Ability to acquire knowledge on separation of losses

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	3	3	3	1
CO4	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	3	3	3	1
CO5	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	2	3	3	2
Avg	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	2.8	3	3	1.6

EE3412 LINEAR AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn design, testing and characterizing of circuit behavior with combinational logic gate ICs.
- To learn design, testing and characterizing of circuit behavior with register/ counter and sequential logic ICs.
- To learn design, testing and characterizing of circuit behavior with OPAMP ICs.
- To learn design, testing and characterizing of circuit behavior with analog Ics like 555 timer VCO and regulators.
- To learn design, testing and characterizing of circuit behavior with digital Ics like decoders, multiplexers.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Implementation of Boolean Functions, Adder and Subtractor circuits.
2. Code converters: Excess-3 to BCD and Binary to Gray code converter and vice-versa.
3. Parity generator and parity checking.
4. Encoders and Decoders.
5. Counters: Design and implementation of 3-bit modulo counters as synchronous and Asynchronous types using FF IC's and specific counter IC.
6. Shift Registers: Design and implementation of 4-bit shift registers in SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO modes using suitability IC's.
7. Study of multiplexer and de multiplexer
8. Timer IC application: Study of NE/SE 555 timer in Astability, Monostability operation.
9. Application of Op-Amp: inverting and non-inverting amplifier, Adder, comparator, Integrator and Differentiator.
10. Voltage to frequency characteristics of NE/ SE 566 IC.
11. Variability Voltage Regulator using IC LM317.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should have the:

CO1: Ability to understand and implement Boolean Functions.
CO2: Ability to understand the importance of code conversion
CO3: Ability to Design and implement circuits with digital ICs like decoders, multiplexers, register.
CO4: Ability to acquire knowledge on Application of Op-Amp
CO5: Ability to Design and implement counters using analog ICs like timers, VCOs and digital ICs like Flip-flops and counters.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	3	2	1	2
CO2	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	3	2	1	2
CO3	-	3	2	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	3	2	1	2
CO4	-	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	3	2	1	2
CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Avg	-	3	1.8	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	3	3	2	1	2

EE3413 MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To perform simple arithmetic operations using assembly language program and study the addressing modes & instruction set of 8085 & 8051
- To develop skills in simple program writing in assembly languages
- To write an assembly language program to convert Analog input to Digital output and Digital input to Analog output
- To perform interfacing experiments with µP8085
- To perform interfacing experiments with µC8051

PROGRAMMING EXERCISES / EXPERIMENTS WITH µP8085:

1. Simple arithmetic operations: Multi precision addition / subtraction /multiplication / division.
2. Programming with control instructions: Increment / Decrement, Ascending / Descending order, Maximum / Minimum of numbers, Rotate instructions, Hex / ASCII / BCD code conversions.
3. Interface Experiments: A/D Interfacing. D/A Interfacing. Traffic light controller
4. Stepper motor controller interface.
5. Displaying a moving/ rolling message in the student trainer kit's output device.

PROGRAMMING EXERCISES / EXPERIMENTS WITH µC8051:

6. Simple arithmetic operations with 8051: Multi precision addition / subtraction / multiplication/ division.
7. Programming with control instructions: Increment / Decrement, Ascending / Descending order, Maximum / Minimum of numbers, Rotate instructions, Hex / ASCII / BCD code conversions.
8. Interface Experiments: A/D Interfacing. D/A Interfacing. Traffic light controller
9. Stepper motor controller interface.
10. Displaying a moving/ rolling message in the student trainer kit's output device.
11. Programming PIC architecture with software tools.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After studying the above subject, students should have the:

CO1: Ability to write assembly language program for microprocessor.
CO2: Ability to write assembly language program for microcontroller
CO3: Ability to design and implement interfacing of peripheral with microprocessor and microcontroller
CO4: Ability to analyze, comprehend, design and simulate microprocessor based systems used for control and monitoring.
CO5: Ability to analyze, comprehend, design and simulate microcontroller based systems used for control and monitoring.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
CO2	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
CO3	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
CO4	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
CO5	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	1	3
Avg	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	1	3

EE3501 POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Impact knowledge on need for operational studies, andTo model the power system under steady state operating condition.
- To understand and apply iterative techniques for power flow analysis.
- To model of carry out short circuit studies for power system during symmetrical fault.
- To model of carry out short circuit – studies during
- To study about the various methods for analyzing power system stability

UNIT I POWER SYSTEM 9

Need for system planning and operational studies - Power scenario in India - Power system components, Representation - Single line diagram - per unit quantities - p.u. impedance diagram - p.u. reactance diagram, Network graph Thaery - Bus incidence matrices, Primitive parameters, Formation of bus admittance matrix – Direct inspection method – Singular Transformation method.

UNIT II POWER FLOW ANALYSIS 9

Bus classification - Formulation of Power Flow problem in polar coordinates - Power flow solution using Gauss Seidel method - Handling of Voltage controlled buses - Power Flow Solution by Newton Raphson method – Flow charts – Comparison of methods.

UNIT III SYMMETRICAL FAULT ANALYSIS 9

Assumptions in short circuit analysis - Symmetrical short circuit analysis using Thevenin's theorem - Bus Impedance matrix building algorithm (without mutual coupling) - Symmetrical fault analysis through bus impedance matrix - Post fault bus voltages - Fault level - Current limiting reactors.

UNIT IV UNSYMMETRICAL FAULT ANALYSIS 9

Symmetrical components - Sequence impedances - Sequence networks - Analysis of unsymmetrical faults at generator terminals: LG, LL and LLG - unsymmetrical fault occurring at any point in a power system.

UNIT V STABILITY ANALYSIS **9**

Classification of power system stability – Rotor angle stability - Power-Angle equation – Steady state stability - Swing equation – Solution of swing equation by step by step method - Swing curve, Equal area criterion - Critical clearing angle and time. Multi-machine stability analysis – modified Euler method.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students should have the:

CO1: Ability to model the power system under steady state operating condition.

CO2: Ability to carry out power flow analysis using

CO3: Ability to infer the significance of short circuit studies in designing circuit breakers.

CO4: Ability to analyze the state of the power system for various unsymmetrical faults.

CO5: Ability to analyze the stability of power system using different methods.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John J. Grainger, William D. Stevenson, Jr., 'Power System Analysis', Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New Delhi, 2017.
2. Kothari D.P. and Nagrath I.J., 'Power System Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 3rd edition 2019.
3. Hadi Saadat, 'Power System Analysis', Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 21st reprint, 2010.

REFERENCES

1. Pai M A, 'Computer Techniques in Power System Analysis', Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, Second Edition, 2007.
2. J. Duncan Glover, Mulukutla S.Sarma, Thomas J. Overbye, 'Power System Analysis & Design', Cengage Learning, Fifth Edition, 2012.
3. P. Venkatesh, B. V. Manikandan, A. Srinivasan, S. Charles Raja, 'Electrical Power Systems: Analysis, Security and Deregulation' Prentice Hall India (PHI), second edition - 2017.
4. Gupta B.R., 'Power System - Analysis and Design', S. Chand Publishing, Reissue edition 2005.
5. Kundur P., 'Power System Stability and Control', Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	1
Avg	3	2.6	2.4	1.8	1.4	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	1.4

EE3591 POWER ELECTRONICS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the various applications of power electronic devices for conversion, control and conditioning of the electrical power and to get an overview of different types of power semiconductor devices and their dynamic characteristics.
- To understand the operation, characteristics and performance parameters of controlled rectifiers
- To study the operation, switching techniques and basic topologies of DC-DC switching regulators.
- To learn the different modulation techniques of pulse width modulated inverters and to understand harmonic reduction methods.
- To study the operation of AC voltage controller and various configurations of AC voltage controller.

UNIT I SWITCHING POWER SUPPLIES 9

MOSFET dynamic behavior - driver and snubber circuits - low power high switching frequency switching Power supplies, buck, boost, buck-boost converters – Isolated topologies – resonant converters - switching loss calculations and thermal design.

UNIT II INVERTERS 9

IGBT: Static and dynamic behavior - single phase half bridge and full bridge inverters - VSI :(1phase and three phase inverters square wave operation) - Voltage control of inverters single, multi pulse, sinusoidal, space vector modulation techniques- various harmonic elimination techniques-CSI

UNIT III UNCONTROLLED RECTIFIERS 9

Power Diode – half wave rectifier – mid-point secondary transformer based full wave rectifier – bridge rectifier - voltage doubler circuit – distortion factor – capacitor filter for low power rectifiers – LC filters – Concern for power quality – three phase diode bridge

UNIT IV CONTROLLED RECTIFIERS 9

SCR-Two transistor analogy based turn- ON – turn ON losses – thermal protection – controlled converters (1 pulse, 2 pulse, 3 pulse, 6 pulse) – displacement factor – ripple and harmonic factor - power factor mitigation, performance parameters – effect of source inductance - inverter angle limit.

UNIT V AC PHASE CONTROLLERS 9

TRIAC triggering concept with positive and negative gate pulse triggering, TRIAC based phase controllers - various configurations for SCR based single and three-phase controllers

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the operation of semiconductor devices and dynamic characteristics and to design &analyze the low power SMPS

CO2: Analyze the various uncontrolled rectifiers and design suitable filter circuits

CO3: Analyze the operation of the n-pulse converters and evaluate the performance parameters

CO4: Understand various PWM techniques and apply voltage control and harmonic elimination methods to inverter circuits.

CO5: Understand the operation of AC voltage controllers and its applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ned Mohan, T.M.Undeland, W.P.Robbins, "Power Electronics: Converters, applications and design", John Wiley and Sons, 3rd Edition (reprint), 2009
2. Rashid M.H., Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications, Prentice Hall India, 3rd Edition, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Cyril. W.Lander, Power Electronics, McGraw Hill International, Third Edition, 1993.
2. P.S.Bimbhra, Power Electronics, Khanna Publishers, Third Edition 2003
3. Philip T.Krein, Elements of Power Electronics, Oxford University Press, 2013.
4. P.C.Sen, Power Electronics, Tata McGraw-Hill, 30th reprint, 2008.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	-		1	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	1	-	-	2.25	3	3	3	3

EE3503 CONTROL SYSTEMS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to familiarize with various representations of systems.
- To make the students to analyze the stability of linear systems in the time domain and frequency domain.
- To make the students to analyze the stability of linear systems in the frequency domain.
- To make the students to design compensator based on the time and frequency domain specifications.
- To develop linear models, mainly state variable model and Transfer function model

UNIT I MODELING OF LINEAR TIME INVARIANT SYSTEM (LTIV) 9

Control system: Open loop and Closed loop – Feedback control system characteristics – First principle modeling: Mechanical, Electrical and Electromechanical systems – Transfer function representations: Block diagram and Signal flow graph.

UNIT II TIME DOMAIN ANALYSIS 9

Standard test inputs – Time response – Time domain specifications – Stability analysis: Concept of stability – Routh Hurwitz stability criterion – Root locus: Construction and Interpretation. Effect of adding poles and zeros

UNIT III FREQUENCY DOMAIN ANALYSIS **9**

Bode plot, Polar plot and Nyquist plot: – Frequency domain specifications Introduction to closed loop Frequency Response. Effect of adding lag and lead compensators

UNIT IV STATE VARIABLE ANALYSIS **9**

State variable formulation – Non uniqueness of state space model – State transition matrix –Eigen values – Eigen vectors - Free and forced responses for Time Invariant and Time Varying Systems – Controllability – Observability

UNIT V DESIGN OF FEED BACK CONTROL SYSTEM **9**

Design specifications – Lead, Lag and Lag-lead compensators using Root locus and Bode plot techniques –PID controller - Design using reaction curve and Ziegler-Nichols technique- PID control in State Feedback form.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Represent simple systems in transfer function and state variable forms.
CO2: Analyze simple systems in time domain.
CO3: Analyze simple systems in frequency domain.
CO4: Infer the stability of systems in time and frequency domain.
CO5: Interpret characteristics of the system and find out solution for simple control problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Benjamin C. Kuo, "Automatic Control Systems", 7th edition PHI Learning Private Ltd, 2010.
2. Nagarath, I.J. and Gopal, M., "Control Systems Engineering", New Age International Publishers 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Richard C.Dorf and Bishop, R.H., "Modern Control Systems", Education Pearson, 3 Impression 2009.
2. John J.D., Azzo Constantine, H. and Houpis Stuart, N Sheldon, "Linear Control System Analysis and Design with MATLAB", CRC Taylor& Francis Reprint 2009.
3. Katsuhiko Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", PHI Learning Private Ltd, 5thEdition, 2010.
4. NPTEL Video Lecture Notes on "Control Engineering" by Prof.S.D.Agashe, IIT Bombay.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3

EE3511 **POWER ELECTRONICS LABORATORY** **L T P C**
0 0 3 1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study the VI characteristics of SCR, TRIAC, MOSFET and IGBT.
- To analyze the performance of semi converter, full converter, step up, step down choppers by simulation and experimentation.
- To study the behavior of voltage waveforms of PWM inverter applying various modulation techniques.
- To design and analyze the performance of SMPS.
- To study the performance of AC voltage controller by simulation and Experimentation.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Characteristics of SCR and TRIAC.
2. Characteristics of MOSFET and IGBT.
3. AC to DC half controlled converter.
4. AC to DC fully controlled converter.
5. Step down and step up MOSFET based choppers.
6. IGBT based single phase PWM inverter.
7. IGBT based three phase PWM inverter.
8. AC Voltage controller.
9. Switched mode power converter.
10. Simulation of PE circuits (1Φ & 3Φ semi converter, 1Φ & 3Φ full converter, dc-dc converters, ac voltage controllers).

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Determine the characteristics of SCR, IGBT, TRIAC, MOSFET and IGBT

CO2: Find the transfer characteristics of full converter, semi converter, step up and step down choppers by simulation experimentation.

CO3: Analyze the voltage waveforms for PWM inverter using various modulation techniques.

CO4: Design and experimentally verify the performance of basic DC/DC converter topologies used for SMPS.

CO5: Understand the performance of AC voltage controllers by simulation and experimentation

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	3	3	3	3

EE3512 CONTROL AND INSTRUMENTATION LABORATORY **L T P C**
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students familiarize with various representations of systems.
- To make the students analyze the stability of linear systems in the time domain and frequency domain.
- To make the students design compensator based on the time and frequency domain Specifications.
- To develop linear models mainly state variable model and transfer function model
- To make the students to design a complete closed loop control system for the physical systems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Analog (op amp based) simulation of linear differential equations.
2. Numerical Simulation of given nonlinear differential equations.
3. Real time simulation of differential equations.
4. Mathematical modeling and simulation of physical systems in at least two fields.
   - Mechanical
   - Electrical
   - Chemical process
5. System Identification through process reaction curve.
6. Stability analysis using Pole zero maps and Routh Hurwitz Criterion in simulation platform.
7. Root Locus based analysis in simulation platform.
8. Determination of transfer function of a physical system using frequency response and Bode's asymptotes.
9. Design of Lag, lead compensators and evaluation of closed loop performance.
10. Design of PID controllers and evaluation of closed loop performance.
11. Discretization of continuous system and effect of sampling.
12. Test of controllability and observability in continuous and discrete domain in simulation platform.
13. State feedback and state observer design and evaluation of closed loop performance.
14. Mini Project 1: Simulation of complete closed loop control systems including sensor and actuator dynamics.
15. Mini Project 2: Demonstration of a closed loop system in hardware.

TOTAL :60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will demonstrate the ability

CO1: To model and analyze simple physical systems and simulate the performance in analog and digital platform.

CO2: To design and implement simple controllers in standard forms.

CO3: To design compensators based on time and frequency domain specifications.

CO4: To design a complete closed control loop and evaluate its performance for simple physical systems.

CO5: To analyze the stability of a physical system in both continuus and discrete domains.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	2	3	3	3

EE3601 **PROTECTION AND SWITCHGEAR**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the significance of protection, protection schemes and role of earthing.
- To study the characteristics, functions and application areas of various relays.
- To acquire practical knowledge about common faults in power system apparatus and applying suitable protective schemes.
- To understand the functioning of static relays and Numerical protection concepts.
- To understand the problems associated with circuit breaking and to discuss about various circuit breakers.

UNIT I PROTECTION SCHEMES **9**

Significance and need for protective schemes – nature and causes of faults – types of faults Effects of faults - Zones of protection and essential qualities of protection – Types of Protection schemes - Power system Grounding and Methods of Grounding.

UNIT II BASICS OF RELAYS **9**

Operating principles of relays –Universal torque equation - R-X diagram –Electromagnetic Relays – Over current, Directional and non-directional, Distance, Differential, Negative sequence and Under frequency relays.

UNIT III OVERVIEW OF EQUIPMENT PROTECTION **9**

Current transformers and Potential transformers and their applications in protection schemes - Protection of transformer, generator, motor, bus bars and transmission line.

UNIT IV STATIC RELAYS AND NUMERICAL PROTECTION **9**

Static relays – Phase, Amplitude Comparators – Synthesis of various relays using Static comparators – Block diagram of Numerical relays – Over current protection, transformer differential protection, and distantce protection of transmission lines.

UNIT V CIRCUIT BREAKERS **9**

Physics of arcing phenomenon and arc interruption – DC and AC circuit breaking – re-striking voltage and recovery voltage - rate of rise of recovery voltage - current chopping - interruption of capacitive current - resistance switching - Types of circuit breakers – air blast, oil, SF6 and vacuum circuit breakers – comparison of different circuit breakers – HVDC Breaker.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will have theability to:

CO1: Understand and select proper protective scheme and type of earthing.

CO2: Explain the operating principles of various relays.

CO3: Suggest suitable protective scheme for the protection of various power system apparatus.

CO4: Analyze the importance of static relays and numerical relays in power system protection.

CO5: Summarize the merits and demerits and application areas of various circuit breakers.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sunil S.Rao, 'Switchgear and Protection', Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, Four Edition 2010.
2. Badri Ram, B.H. Vishwakarma, 'Power System Protection and Switchgear', New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers, Second Edition 2011.
3. B.Rabindranath and N.Chander, 'Power System Protection and Switchgear', New Age International (P) Ltd., Second Edition, 2018.
4. Arun Ingole, 'Switch Gear and Protection' Pearson Education, 2018.

REFERENCES

1. Y.G.Paithankar and S.R.Bhide, 'Fundamentals of power system protection', Second Edition,Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
2. C.L.Wadhwa, 'Electrical Power Systems', 6th Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd., 2016
3. VK Metha," Principles of Power Systems", S. Chand, Reprint, 2013
4. Bhavesh Bhalja, R.P. Maheshwari, Nilesh G. Chotani,'Protection and Switchgear' Oxford University Press, 2[nd] Edition 2018.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	–	3	1	–
CO2	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	–	3	1	–
CO3	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	–	3	2	-
CO4	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	–	3	2	1
CO5	3	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	–	3	1	1
Avg.	3	1	1	2	1.2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	3	1.4	1

EE3602 POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on,

- The significance of power system operation and control.
- Real power– frequency interaction and design of power– frequency controller.
- Reactive power– voltage interaction and the compensators for maintaining the voltage profile.
- The generation scheduling and economic operation of power system.
- SCADA and its application for real time operation and control of power systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Power scenario in Indian grid – National and Regional load dispatching centres – Requirements of good power system – Necessity of voltage and frequency regulation – real power vs frequency and reactive power vs voltage control loops - System load variation, load curves – Load forecasting – Computational methods in load forecasting – Load shedding and islanding – deregulation - Basics of electrical energy tariff.

UNIT II REAL POWER FREQUENCY CONTROL 9

Basics of speed governing mechanisms and modelling – Speed regulation of two generators in parallel Load Frequency Control (LFC) of single area system – Static and dynamic analysis – LFC of two area system –Tie line modelling – Block diagram representation of two area system – Static and dynamic analysis – Tie line with frequency bias control – State variable model – integration of economic dispatch control with LFC.

UNIT III REACTIVE POWER – VOLTAGE CONTROL 9

Generation and absorption of reactive power – Basics of reactive power control – Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR) – Brushless AC excitation system – Block diagram representation of AVR loop static and dynamic analysis – Stability compensation – Voltage drop in transmission line – Methods of reactive power injection – Tap changing transformer, SVC and STATCOM for voltage control.

UNIT IV ECONOMIC OPERATION OF POWER SYSTEM 9

Statement of economic dispatch problem – input and output characteristics of thermal plant incremental cost curve – Optimal operation of thermal units without and with transmission losses (no derivation of transmission loss coefficients) – Lambda-iteration method – Base point and participation factors method. Statement of Unit Commitment (UC) problem – Constraints on UC problem – Solution of UC problem using priority list – Special aspects of short term and long-term hydrothermal scheduling problems.

UNIT V COMPUTER AIDED CONTROL OF POWER SYSTEM 9

Need of computer control of power system – Concept of energy control centers and functions – PMU system monitoring, Data acquisition and controls – System hardware configurations – SCADA and EMS functions – State estimation – Measurements and errors – Weighted least square estimation – Various operating states – State transition diagram.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the day – to – day operation of power system.

CO2: Model and analyse the control actions that are implemented to meet the minute-to-minute variation of system real power demand.

CO3: Model and analyze the compensators for reactive power control and various devices used for voltage control.

CO4: Prepare day ahead and real time economic generation scheduling.

CO5: Understand the necessity of computer control of power systems.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Olle. I. Elgerd, 'Electric Energy Systems theory – An introduction', McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2nd edition, 2017.
2. Allen. J. Wood and Bruce F. Wollen berg, 'Power Generation, Operation and Control', John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 3rd edition, 2013.
3. Abhijit Chakrabarti and Sunita Halder, 'Power System Analysis Operation and Control', PHI learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, Fourth Edition, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Kothari D.P. and Nagrath I.J., 'Power System Engineering', Tata McGraw– Hill Education, Second Edition, Reprint 2016.
2. Hadi Saadat, 'Power System Analysis', McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 23rd reprint, 2015.
3. Kundur P., 'Power System Stability and Control, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 12th reprint, 2015.
4. B.M. Weedy, B.J. Cory et al. 'Electric Power systems', Wiley, Fifth Edition, 2012.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	3	3	1	[illegible]
CO5	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	1.6	1	1	-	1	-	1.6	-	2	-	3	3	2.2	2.86

EE3611 POWER SYSTEM LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To provide a better understanding of modeling of transmission lines in impedance and admittance forms.
2. To apply iterative techniques for power flow analysis and to carry out short circuit and stability studies on power system.
3. To analyze the load – frequency and voltage controls.
4. To analyze optimal dispatch of generators and perform state estimation.
5. To understand the operation of relays, characteristics, and applications.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Computation and modelling of transmission Lines.
2. Formation of Bus Admittance and Impedance Matrices.
3. Power Flow Analysis Using Gauss-Seidel Method.
4. Power Flow Analysis Using Newton Raphson Method.
5. Symmetric and Unsymmetrical Fault Analysis.
6. Transient Stability Analysis of SMIB System.
7. Load – Frequency Dynamics of Single- Area and Two-Area Power Systems.
8. Economic Dispatch in Power Systems.
9. State estimation: Weighted least square estimation.
10. Performance analysis of over current relay.
11. Performance analysis of impedance relay.
12. Testing of CT, PT, and Insulator string.
13. Relay Coordination in Radial Feeder Protection Scheme.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On the successful completion of the laboratory, students will be able to:
CO1: Model and analyze the performance of the transmission lines.
CO2: Perform power flow, short circuit, and stability analysis for any power system network.
CO3: Understand, design, and analyze the load frequency control mechanism.
CO4: Perform optimal scheduling of generators and compute the state of the power system.
CO5: Understand, analyze, and apply the relays for power system protection.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	1	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	2	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	2	-	3	3	3	3

EE3701 **HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Various types of over voltages in power system and protection methods.
- Generation of over voltages in laboratories.
- Measurement of over voltages.
- Nature of Breakdown mechanism in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics.
- Testing of power apparatus and insulation coordination.

UNIT I OVER VOLTAGES IN ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS 9

Causes of over voltages and its effects on power system – Lightning, switching surges and temporary over voltages – Reflection and Refraction of Travelling waves- protection against over voltages_ Insulation Coordination.

UNIT II DIELECTRIC BREAKDOWN 9

Properties of Dielectric materials - Gaseous breakdown in uniform and non-uniform fields –Corona discharges – Vacuum breakdown – Conduction and breakdown in pure and commercial liquids, Maintenance of oil Quality – Breakdown mechanisms in solid and composite dielectrics- Applications of insulating materials in electrical equipment.

UNIT III GENERATION AND MEASUREMENTS OF HIGH VOLTAGES AND HIGH CURRENTS 9

Generation of High DC, AC, impulse voltages and currents - Analysis of DC/AC and Impulse generator circuits - Tripping and control of impulse generators, Measurement of High voltages and High currents – High Resistance with series ammeter – Dividers - Resistance, Capacitance and Mixed dividers - Peak Voltmeter, Generating Voltmeters, Electrostatic Voltmeters – Sphere Gaps, High current shunts- Digital techniques in high voltage measurement.

UNIT IV HIGH VOLTAGE TESTING & INSULATION COORDINATION 9

High voltage testing of electrical power apparatus- International and Indian standards – Power frequency, impulse voltage and DC testing of Insulators, circuit breakers, bushing, isolators and transformers - Insulation Coordination.

UNIT V APPLICATION IN INDUSTRY 9

Introduction – electrostatic applications- electrostatic precipitation, separation, painting / coating, spraying, imaging, printing, Transport of materials – manufacturing of sand paper – Smoke particle detector – Electrostatic spinning, pumping, propulsion – Ozone generation – Biomedical applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Explain various overvoltage's and its effects on power systems.

CO2: Understand the breakdown phenomena in different medium under uniform and non-uniform fields.
CO3: Explain the methodsof generating and measuring High DC, AC, Impulse voltage and currents.
CO4: Suggest and Conduct suitable HV testing of Electrical power apparatus as per Standards.
CO5: Explain the Industrial Applications of Electrostatic Fields.

TEXT BOOKS

1. M.S.Naidu and V. Kamaraju, 'High Voltage Engineering', Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2013.
2. E. Kuffel and W.S. Zaengl, J.Kuffel, 'High voltage Engineering fundamentals', Newnes Second Edition, Elsevier, New Delhi, 2005.
3. C.L. Wadhwa, 'High voltage Engineering', New Age International Publishers, Fourth Edition, 2020.

REFERENCES

1. L.L.Alston, High Voltage Technology, Oxford University Press, First Indian Edition 2006.
2. C.L.Wadhwa, High voltage Engineering, New Age International Publishers, Fourth Edition, 2020
3. Mazen Abdel – Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdab A-Morshedy, RoshdayRadwan, High Voltage Engineering – Theory &Practice,Second Edition, Taylor & Francis Gourp, 2019
4. Subir Ray," An Introduction to High Voltage Engineering "PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, Second Edition-2011

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-
CO2	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3		-
CO3	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2	-
CO4	1	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	1	-		3	3	2	-
CO5	2	2	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3		2
Avg.	2	2	2.30	1	-	2	-	1	1	-	2	3	3	2	2

EE3811 **PROJECT WORK / INTERNSHIP**

L	T	P	C
0	0	20	10

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to learn methodology to select a good project and able to work in a team leading to development of hardware/software product.prepare a good technical report. Gain Motivation to present the ideas behind the project with clarity.

A Project topic must be selected either from research literature or the students themselves may propose suitable topics in consultation with their guides. The aim of the project work is to deepen Comprehension of principles by applying them to a new problem which may be the design fabrication of any power component / circuit / sensor / Activator / Controller, a research investigation, a computer or management project or a design problem. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of two reviews. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department based on oral presentation and the project report.

TOTAL : 300 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Ability to identify, formulate, design, interprete,analyze and provide solutions to complex engineering and societal issues by applying knowledge gained on basics of science and Enginnering.

CO2 Ability to choose, conduct and demonstrate a sound technical knowledge of their selected project topics in the field of power components, protection, highvoltage, electronics, process automation, power electronics and drives instrumentation and control by exploring suitable engineering and IT tools.

CO3 Ability to understand, formulate and propose new learning algorithms to solve engineering and societal problems of moderate complexity through multidisciplinary projectsunderstanding commitment towards sustainable development.

CO4 Ability to demonstrate, prepare reports, communicate and work in a team as a member/leader by adhering to ethical responsibilities.

CO5 Ability to acknowledge the value of continuing education for oneself and to stay up with technology advancements.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO2	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3
CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-'- no correlation

VERTICAL I : POWER ENGINEERING

EE3001 UTILIZATION AND CONSERVATION OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know various electric drives and traction motors with applications
- To introduce the energy saving concept by different ways of illumination.
- To understand the different methods of electric heating and electric welding.
- To know the conversion of solar and wind energies into electrical energy for different applications.
- To study the domestic utilization of electrical energy.

UNIT I ELECTRIC DRIVES AND TRACTION (7+2 Skill) 9

Fundamentals of electric drive - choice of an electric motor - application of motors for particular services traction generator set, traction motors, power transformers - characteristic features of traction motor - systems of railway electrification - electric braking - train movement and energy consumption - traction motor control - track equipment and collection gear.

UNIT II ILLUMINATION (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction - definition and meaning of terms used in illumination engineering - classification of light sources - incandescent lamps, sodium vapour lamps, mercury vapour lamps, fluorescent lamps – design of illumination systems - indoor lighting schemes - factory lighting halls - outdoor lighting schemes - flood lighting - street lighting - energy saving lamps, LED.

UNIT III HEATING AND WELDING (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction - advantages of electric heating – modes of heat transfer - methods of electric heating - resistance heating - arc furnaces - induction heating - dielectric heating - electric welding – types - resistance welding - arc welding - power supply for arc welding - radiation welding.

Unit IV ENERGY CONSERVATION AND ITS IMPORTANCE (7+2 Skill) 9

Energy conservation act 2001 and its Features-Review of Industrial Energy Conservation-Energy conservation in electrical Industries-Simulation study of energy conservation using power factor controller. (Three phase circuit simulation with and without capacitor)

UNIT V DOMESTIC UTILIZATION OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY (7+2 Skill) 9

House wiring - working principle of air conditioning system, Induction based appliances, Online ar OFF line UPS; Batteries - Power quality aspects – nonlinear and domestic loads – Earthing syste for Domestic, Industrial and Substation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Conta Preparation/Quiz/Surprise Test/Solving Problems) 10

1. Choosing electrical motors for drives and traction applications.
2. A general design procedure for lighting schemes.
3. Design of heating element and study of welding methods.

4. Practical case studies of energy conservation.
5. Power requirement for different domestic appliances.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should have the:

CO1 Ability to choose suitable electric drives for different applications
CO2 Ability to design the illumination systems for energy saving
CO3 Ability to demonstrate the utilization of electrical energy for heating and welding purposes
CO4 Ability to know the effective usage of solar and wind energies for electrical applications
CO5 Ability to do electric connection for any domestic appliance like refrigerator, batte charging circuit for a specific household application.
CO6 To illustrate the need for energy conservation and to simulate three phase powi control

TEXT BOOKS:

1. N.V. Suryanarayana, "Utilisation of Electric Power", Wiley Eastern Limited, New Ag International Limited, 1994 & Second Edition 2017 Feb.
2. J.B.Gupta, "Utilisation Electric power and Electric Traction", S.K.Kataria and sons, 200 2012[th] Edition, 2013, January
3. G.D.Rai,"Non-Conventional Energy sources",Khanna publications Ltd.,New Delhi 1998.
4. D.P.Kothari, K.C.Singal, Rakesh Ranjan, "Renewable Energy Sources and Emergir Technologies", PHI Learing Private Limited, 3[rd] Edition 2022.
5. Industrial Energy Conservation, Volume I-II, S.C.Bhatia, Sarvesh Devraj, Energy conservation and Managment by Akshay A pujara1[st] edition, June 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. R.K.Rajput, Utilisation of Electric Power, Laxmi publications 2[nd] Edition 2016.
2. H.Partab, Art and Science of Utilisation of Electrical Energy", Edition, Dhanpat Rai and Cc New Delhi-2004.
3. C.L.Wadhwa, "Generation, Distribution and Utilisation of Electrical Energy", New Ag International Pvt.Ltd., 3[rd] Edition, 2015 January.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO4	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO5	1	1	3	-	-	1	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO6	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
Avg	2.3	2	2.6	1	-	1	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	3	3	2.5

EE3002	UNDERGROUND CABLE ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on the following topics

- Understanding Power Cable Characteristics and Applications.
- Cable Manufacturing.
- Installation of underground power cables
- Underground cable System Fault Locating.
- Testing and maintenance of Underground cable system.
- Cable Performance and Field Assessment of Power Cables

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL POWER CABLES (7+2 SKILL) 9

Development of Underground Cables - Electric Lighting- Distribution of Energy for Lighting- - Paper Insulated Cables - Underground Residential Distribution Systems- Underground Residential Distribution Systems- Medium Voltage Cable Development.

UNIT II CABLE ARCHITECHTURE, DIELECTRIC THEORY AND CABLE CHARACTERISTICS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Architecture of Underground Cabling System - Basic Dielectric Theory of Cable – Conductors -Armour and Protective Finishes - Cable Characteristics: Electrical- Fundamentals of Electrical Insulation Materials - Electrical Properties of Cable Insulating Materials - Cable Standards and Quality Assurance - Cable design parameters- Current Carrying Capacity - Short-circuit Ratings.

UNIT III SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS AND CABLES(7+2 SKILL) 9

Supply Distribution Systems - Distribution Cable Types, Design and Applications - Paper Insulated Distribution Cables - PVC Insulated Cables - Polymeric Insulated Distribution Cables for 6-30 kV - Manufacture of Distribution Cables - Joints and Terminations for Distribution Cables - Testing of Distribution Cables.

UNIT IV TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS AND CABLES(7+2 SKILL) 9

Basic Cable Types for A.C. Transmission - Self-contained Fluid-filled Cables - Gas Pressure Cables - High Pressure Fluid-filled Pipe Cables - Polymeric Insulated Cables for Transmission Voltages - Techniques for Increasing Current Carrying Capacity - Transmission Cable Accessories and Jointing for Pressure-assisted and Polymeric Cables.

UNIT V CABLE INSTALLATION, TESTING, MAINTENANCE(7+2 SKILL) 9

Installation of Transmission Cables -Splicing, Terminating, and Accessories - Sheath Bonding and Grounding-Testing of Transmission Cable Systems - Underground System Fault Locating - Field Assessment of Power Cable Systems- Condition monitoring tests – PD measurements.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (GROUP SEMINAR/ MINI PROJECT/ ASSIGNMENT/ CONTENT PREPARATION/ QUIZ/ SURPRISE TEST /SOLVING GATE QUESTIONS /ETC. 10

1. Demonstration of cable architecture with cable samples of all types.

2. Understanding the cable manufacturing process through factory visit.
3. Familiarization of the cable laying procedure through field visits.
4. Familiarization of cable jointing / end termination techniques.
5. Understanding and familiarization of cable fault locating techniques through field visit to local distribution company or inhouse laboratory.
6. Understanding testing procedures and condition monitoring tests.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Ability to understand the fundamental of underground cable system.

CO2 Ability to gain knowledge on the architecture of UG cable and physical and electrical characteristics of the UG cable.

CO3 Ability to understand different types of cable used in distribution system.

CO4 Ability to acquire knowledge on Underground cables used in transmission system

CO5 Ability to understand the cable installations procedures and practices.

CO6 Ability to understand the theory / methodology of cable fault detection and rectification, testing and maintenance

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William Thue, 'Electrical Power Cable Engineering', CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group., 6000 Broken Sound Parkway NW, Suite 300Boca Raton, FL 33487-2742, 3rd Edition 2017.
2. G. F. Moore, 'Electric Cables Handbook' -Third edition, Blackwell Science Ltd, 9600 Garsington Road, Oxford OX4 2DQ, UK., January 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Leonard L. Grigsby, 'Electrical Power Cable Engineering' - CRC Press, Marcel Dekker, 3rd Edition 2012.
2. Christian Flytkjaer Jensen, Online Location of Faults on AC Cables in Underground Transmission Systems (Springer Theses), 2014, March.
3. https://kafactor.com/content/technical-resources/kerite-underground-cable-engineering-handbook.pdf
4. Handbook on Cable Fault Localization (April 2020) https://rdso.indianrailways.gov.in/works/uploads/File/Handbook%20on%20Cable%20Fault%20Localization(2).pdf
5. K. H. Ali et al.: Industry Practice Guide for Underground Cable Fault-Finding in the LVDN. https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?arnumber=9807279, June 2022.
6. R. W. Dollinns, J. J. Schwarz, and H. J. Wagnon, "Underground cable fault location: A handbook to TD-153," BDM Corp., Albuquerque, NM, USA, Final Rep. EPRI EL-363, 1977. [Online]. Available: https://www.osti.gov/servlets/purl/7233049, doi: 10.2172/7233049, January 1997.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	-	3
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	-	3
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	-	3
CO4	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	-	3
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	-	2	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	3	3
Avg.	3	2.1	3	2	-	-	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	3	3

EE3003	SUBSTATION ENGINEERING AND AUTOMATION	L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To help engineering students to have a holistic understanding of the concepts behind substation engineering and design.
- The course aims to give an exposure to the students to the requirements of practical aspects including an overview of civil and mechanical aspects.
- Course aims to enhance the knowledge, and give the practical guidelines for site selection,construction, protection along with maintanance, safety in a substation.
- It also aims at providing knowledge about state-of-the-art technology in substation automation system

UNIT I SUBSTATION DESIGN DEVELOPMENT (7+2 SKILL) 9

Substation Introduction and Classifications, Different bus bar switching schemes for Substation, Standards and Practices, Factors Influencing Substation Design - Altitude, Ambient Temperature, Earthquake and seismic zones, pollution and corrosion etc., Testing of Electrical Equipment, Concept and development of Single Line Diagram, Requirement of substation calculation.

UNIT II SUBSTATION EQUIPMENT (7+2 SKILL) 9

Selection and sizing of main substation equipment: Transformer, Isolator, Circuit Breaker, surge arrestor, Instrument transformers, classification of equipment with a practical overview, and the performance parameters. Classifications of MV Switchgear and Key Design Parameters, MV/LV Switchgear construction and design of control scheme. Station Auxiliary equipment: Diesel Generator System, Basics of AC/DC Auxiliary Power System & Sizing of Aux. Transformer, DC System Components, Battery Sizing & charger Sizing, DG Set Classification, and sizing. Introduction to gas insulated substation: Operating principle of GIS, Advantage over AIS, construction of GIS.

UNIT III PROTECTION AND SUBSTATION AUTOMATION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Power System protection, Overcurrent and Earth Fault protection and coordination, Distribution Feeder Protection, Transformer – Unit/Main Protection, Familiarization of NUMERICAL Relays, distance/differential protection for transmission line. Substation Automation: Evolution of Substation Automation, Communication System Fundamentals-Protocol fundamental and choosing the right protocol. Substation Integration and automation functional architecture, Substation signal list - DI, DO, AI, AO– Bay Control Unit (BCU), Remote Terminal Unit RTU

UNIT IV SUBSTATION DESIGN & LAYOUT ENGINEERING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Layout aspects of Outdoor Air Insulated Substation and GIS: Statutory Clearances, Equipment Layout engineering aspects for Outdoor Substation/GIS and related calculations, and guide lines, Cable routing layout, Erection Key Diagram (EKD), switchyard earthing design as per IEEE80, Importance and Types of Earthing, Earthing Design, Types of Earthing Material, Direct stroke Lightning Protection for switchyard with IS/ IEC 62305, LV Cables – Power & Control, MV Cables, Methods for Cable Installation, Practical aspects of Cable Sizing, Cable accessories, Illumination System Design.

UNIT V INTERFACE ENGINEERING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Civil & Structural Engineering - Familiarization of site development plan, equipment supports structures: foundation for equipment, familiarization of control building and substation building, infrastructure development, Mechanical System- Fire Detection, Alarm System and Fire Suppression System for transformer, Heating, Ventilation and Air-conditioning (HVAC) for Substation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (GROUP SEMINAR/ MINI PROJECT/ ASSIGNMENT/ CONTENT PREPARATION/ QUIZ/ SURPRISE TEST /SOLVING GATE QUESTIONS /ETC. 10

1. Battery sizing for a substation with a load cycle based on IEEE 1115 Ni-cd - A case study
   OR
2. DG and auxiliary transformer sizing for a substation auxiliary power supply- A case study
3. Overcurrent Relay coordination in a substation- A case study
4. Earthmat sizing calculation for an outdoor substation based on IEEE80- A case study
   OR
5. Direct stroke lightning protection calculation for outdoor switchyard based on IEC 62305- A case study

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO 1: Understand the key deciding factors involved in substation design and operation

CO 2: Know about the sizing and selection of equipment which forms part of substation

CO 3: Know about composite layout design aspects of the substation with different services and the challenges including statutory clearances

CO 4: Understand about interdisciplinary aspects involved in substation design

CO 5: Understand different protection and control scheme involved in substation design

CO 6: Know about substation automation system and different communication protocol involved for efficient operation of a substation

REFERENCES:

1. McDonald John D, "Electric Power Substations Engineering", CRC Press, 3rd Edition, 2012
2. Partap Singh Satnam, P.V. Gupta, "Sub-station Design and Equipment", Dhanpat Rai Publications, 1st Edition, 2013
3. Sunil S. Rao, "Switchgear Protection and Power Systems (Theory, Practice & Solved Problems)", Khanna Publications, 14th Edition, 2019.
4. Electrical substation and engineering & practice by S Rao, 3rd Edition, Khanna Publishers 2015
6. Manual on Substation by Central Board of Irrigation and Power (CBIP) Publication No 342, 2006.
7. Substation automation system Design and Implementation by Evelio Padilla by Wiley Publications, 1st Edition, 2015 November.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	2	-	2	1	3	2	-	-	-	3	3	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	-	1	2	-	-	2	3	-	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	3	-	2	2	-	-	2	3	-	1
CO4	3	1	3	-	-	3	2	1	2	-	-	3	3	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	3	2	1	1	-	-	2	3	-	1
CO6	-	2	3	3	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	-	1
Avg	2.6	2.3	2.8	3	1.6	2.6	2.5	1.3	1.75	-	-	2.6	3	-	1

EE3004 **HVDC AND FACTS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
To understand:

- The problems in AC transmission systems and DC transmission systems
- The operation and control of SVC and TCSC
- The concepts of IGBT based FACTS controllers
- The basic operation Line Commutated Converter(LCC) based HVDC links
- The features of voltage source converter based HVDC link.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 Skill) 9
Reactive power control in electrical power transmission lines–load & system compensation, Uncompensated transmission line–shunt and series compensation. Need for HVDC Transmission, Comparison between AC & DC Transmission, , Types of HVDC transmission System.

UNIT II STATIC VAR COMPENSATOR (SVC) AND THYRISTOR CONTROLLED SERIES COMPENSATOR (TCSC) (7+2 Skill) 9
VI characteristics of FC+TSR, TSC+TSR. Voltage control by SVC–Advantages of slope in dynamic characteristics–Influence of SVC on system voltage–Design of SVC voltage regulator. Thyristor Controlled Series Compensator (TCSC), Concept of TCSC, Operation of the TCSC–Different modes of operation, Applications.

UNIT III VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTER BASED FACTS CONTROLLERS (7+2 Skill) 9
Static Synchronous Compensator (STATCOM)–Principle of operation–V-I Characteristics. Applications: Steady state power transfer-enhancement of transient stability-prevention of voltage instability. SSSC-operation of SSSC VI characteristics, Enhancement in Power transfer capability –, UPSC – Operation Principle Applications.

UNIT IV LINE COMMUTATED HVDC TRASMISSION (7+2 Skill) 9
Operation of Gratz bridge - Effect of delay in Firing Angle – Effect of commutation overlap - Equivalent circuit, Basic concept of HVDC transmission. Model of operations and control of power flow CC and CIA mode of operation.

UNIT V VSC BASED HVDC TRANSMISSION (7+2 Skill) 9
Basic 2 level IGBT inverter operation- 4 Quadrant operation- phase angle control- dq control- Control of power flow in VSC based HVDC Transmission, Topologies of MTDC system.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Simulation of FC+TSR connected to IEEE 5 bus system
2. Realization of reactive power, support by SVC in open loop and closed loop control in simulation
3. Regulation of line flows employing TCSC and TSSC in closed loop control in simulation
4. Simulation of two terminal HVDC Link, closed loop control in CC and CIA mode in simulation
5. Realization of four quadrant operation of VSC in open loop mode in simulation

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion the above subject, students will be able to understand

CO1: To identify and understand the problems in AC transmission systems and understand the need for Flexible AC transmission systems and HVDC Transmission

CO2: To understand the operation and control of SVC and TCSC and its applications to enhance the stability and damping

CO3: To Analyze basic operation and control of voltage source converter based FACTS controllers

CO4: To demonstrate basic operation and control of Line Commutated HVDC Transmission

CO5: To explain the d-q control based operation of VSC based HVDC Transmission

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.Mohan Mathur, Rajiv K.Varma ,"Thyristor–Based Facts Controllers for Electrical Transmission Systems", IEEE press andJohnWiley&Sons,Inc,2002.
2. Narain G.Hingorani, "Understanding FACTS-Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems", Standard Publishers Distributors,Delhi-110006,2011.

REFERENCES:

1. K.R.Padiyar,"FACTS Controllersin Power Transmission and Distribution", New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, New Delhi, 2008
2. A.T.John,"FlexibleA.C.TransmissionSystems",InstitutionofElectricalandElectronic Engineers(IEEE), 1999.
3. V.K.Sood, HVDC and FACTS controllers–Applications of Static Converters in Power System, APRIL2004,KluwerAcademic Publishers,2004.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	3
CO2	2	3	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	3
CO3	2	3	1	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	1	3	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	3
Avg.	2.6	3	1	2.6	1.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	3

EE3005 ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND AUDITING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study the concepts behind economic analysis and Load management.
- To understand the basics of materials and energy balance.
- To analyze the energy efficiency in thermal utilities.
- To know the concept of compressed air system.
- To illustrate the concept of lighting systems and cogeneration.

UNIT I GENERAL ASPECTS OF ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND ENERGY AUDIT (7+2 Skill) 9

Commercial and Non-commercial energy - final energy consumption - energy needs of growing economy - energy pricing - energy conservation and its importance - Re-structuring of the energy supply sector - Energy Conservation Act 2001, Energy Conservation (Amendment) Act, 2010, and its features - electricity tariff - Thermal Basics - need and types of energy audit - Energy management/audit approach- understanding energy costs - maximizing system efficiencies - optimizing the input energy requirements - energy audit instruments - Case study.

UNIT II MATERIAL AND ENERGY BALANCE (7+2 Skill) 9

Methods for preparing process flow - material and energy balance diagrams - Energy policy purpose - location of energy management - roles and responsibilities of energy manager – employees training and planning- Financial Management: financial analysis techniques, simple payback period, return on investment, net present value, internal rate of return – Case Study.

UNIT III ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN THERMAL UTILITIES (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction to fuels - properties of fuel oil, coal and gas - principles of combustion - combustion of oil, coal and gas - Boilers: Types, combustion in boilers, performances evaluation, analysis of losses - energy conservation opportunities - FBC boilers - Steam System: Properties of steam, assessment of steam distribution losses, steam leakages, steam trapping, condensate and flash steam recovery system, identifying opportunities for energy savings - Furnaces: Classification, general fuel economy measures in furnaces, excess air, heat distribution, temperature control, draft control, waste heat recovery — Refractory : types, selection and application of refractories, heat loss - Cogeneration: classification and saving potentials - Case Study.

UNIT IV ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM (7+2 Skill) 9

Compressed Air System: Types of air compressors - efficient compressor operation - Compressed air system components - leakage test - savings opportunities - Refrigeration System: Vapour compression refrigeration cycle – refrigerants - coefficient of performance - factors affecting Refrigeration and Air conditioning system - savings opportunities - Vapour absorption refrigeration system: working principle - types and comparison with vapour compression system - saving potential - Cooling Tower: Types and performance evaluation, efficient system operation - flow control strategies and energy saving - Diesel Generating system: Factors affecting selection - energy performance assessment of diesel conservation avenues - Case Study.

UNIT V ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN ELECTRICAL UTILITIES (7+2 Skill) 9

Electrical load management and maximum demand control - power factor improvement and its benefit - selection and location of capacitors - performance assessment of PF capacitors - automatic power factor controllers - transformer losses - Electric motors: Types - losses in induction motors - motor efficiency - factors affecting motor performance - rewinding and motor replacement issues - energy saving opportunities with energy efficient motors - soft starters with energy saver - variable speed drives – Fans and blowers: Types - efficient system operation - flow control strategies -Pumps and Pumping System: Types - system operation - flow control methods - Lighting System: Light source, choice of lighting, luminance requirements – ballast - occupancy sensors - energy efficient lighting controls - energy conservation avenues - Case Study.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Study of energy conservation and audit
2. Performance study of Electric Motors.
3. Analysis on fan characteristic curves at different operating points
4. Case study of illumination system
5. Performance analysis of Compressors

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1 Students able to acquire knowledge in the field of energy management and auditing process.

CO2 Learned the about basic concepts of economic analysis and load management.

CO3 Able to design the effective thermal utility system.

CO4 Able to improve the efficiency in compressed air system.

CO5 Acquired the design concepts in the field of lighting systems, light sources and various forms of cogeneration.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Mehmet Kanoglu, Yunus A Cengel, "Energy Efficiency and Management for Engineers", McGraw-Hill Education, First Edition, 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Moncef Krati, 'Energy Audit of Building Systems: An Engineering Approach', Third Edition, CRC Press, Dec 2020
2. Sonal Desai, 'Handbook of Energy Audit', McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2015.
3. Michael P.Deru, Jim Kelsey, 'Procedures for Commercial Building Energy Audits', American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air conditioning Engineers, 2011.
4. Thomas D.Eastop, 'Energy Efficiency: For Engineers and Technologists', Longman Scientific & Technical, 1990, 1st Edition.
5. 'Energy Managers and Energy Auditors Guide book', Bureau of Energy Efficiency, 2006.
6. Larry C. Witte, Philip S.Schmidt, David R.Brown, 'Industrial Energy Management and Utilization', Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 1988.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. http://lab.fs.uni-lj.si/kes/erasmus/Energy%20Management%20Handbook.pdf
2. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2212827114004491
3. https://mppolytechnic.ac.in/mp-staff/notes_upload_photo/CS595EnergyEfficiencyinElectricalUtilities-5391.pdf
4. http://knowledgeplatform.in/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/1.3-Energy-management-Audit.pdf

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-		2	3	2	3
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	-	1	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	-	1	2	3	-	-	1		-	-	2	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	1		-	2	2	3	2	3
Avg	3	2.5	1	2	3	-	2	1	3	-	1.5	2	3	2	3

EE3006 **POWER QUALITY** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic definitions in Power Quality.
- To study the power quality issues in Single Phase and Three Phase Systems.
- To understand the principles of Power System Harmonics.
- To know the way to use DSTATCOM for Harmonic Mitigation.
- To learn the concepts related with Series Compensation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction – Characterization of Electric Power Quality: Transients, short duration and long duration voltage variations, Voltage imbalance, waveform distortion, Voltage fluctuations, Power frequency variation, Power acceptability curves – power quality problems: poor load power factor, Non-linear and unbalanced loads, DC offset in loads, Notching in load voltage, Disturbance in supply voltage – Power quality standards.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF SINGLE PHASE AND THREE PHASE SYSTEM (7+2 Skill) 9

Single phase linear and non-linear loads – single phase sinusoidal, non-sinusoidal source – supplying linear and nonlinear loads – three phase balanced system – three phase unbalanced system – three phase unbalanced and distorted source supplying non-linear loads – concept of power factor – three phase- three wire – three phase - four wire system.

UNIT III MITIGATION OF POWER SYSTEM HARMONICS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction - Principle of Harmonic Filters – Series-Tuned Filters – Double Band-Pass Filters – damped Filters – Detuned Filters – Active Filters – Power Converters – Harmonic Filter Design – Tuned Filter – Second-Order Damped Filter – Impedance Plots for Filter Banks – Impedance Plots for a Three-Branch 33 kV Filter.

UNIT IV LOAD COMPENSATION USING DSTATCOM (7+2 Skill) 9

Compensating single – phase loads – Ideal three phase shunt compensator structure – generating reference currents using instantaneous PQ theory – Instantaneous symmetrical components theory – Generating reference currents when the source is unbalanced -Realization and control of DSTATCOM – DSTATCOM in Voltage control mode.

UNIT V SERIES COMPENSATION OF POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (7+2 Skill) 9

Rectifier supported DVR – DC Capacitor supported DVR – DVR Structure – Voltage Restoration – Series Active Filter – Unified Power Quality Conditioner.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Harmonic analysis of single phase power converters (Semi converters and Full Converters) with R and RL load via simulation
2. Harmonic analysis of three phase power converters (Semi converters and Full Converters) with R and RL load via simulation
3. Harmonic analysis of single phase inverters with R and RL load via simulation
4. Harmonic analysis of three phase inverters with R and RL load via simulation
5. Mitigation of Harmonics using Tuned Filter

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses.php
2. https://old.amu.ac.in/emp/studym/2442.pdf
3. https://electricalacademia.com/electric-power
4. https://www.intechopen.com/books/6214
5. https://www.cde.com/resources/technical-papers/Mitigation-of-Harmonics.pdf
6. https://www.academia.edu/43237017/Use_Series_Compensation_in_Distribution_Networks_33_KV

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1 Use various definitions of power quality for power quality issues

CO2 Describe the concepts related with single phase / three phase, linear / nonlinear loads and single phase / three phase sinusoidal, non-sinusoidal source

CO3 Solve problems related with mitigation of Power System Harmonics

CO4 Use DSTATCOM for load compensation

CO5 Demonstrate the role of DVR, SAFs UPQC in power distribution systems

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Arindam Ghosh and Gerad Ledwich "Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices", Kluwer Academic Publishers, First Edition,2002
2. G.T.Heydt, "Electric Power Quality", Stars in a Circle Publications, Second Edition, 2011.
3. George J. Wakileh, "Power System Harmonics – Fundamentals, Analysis and Filter Design", Springer – Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, New York, 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. R.C.Duggan "Electric Power Systems Quality", Tata MC Graw Hill Publishers, Third Edition, 2012.
2. Arrillga "Power System Harmonics", John Wiely and Sons, 2003 2nd Edition.
3. Derek A.Paice "Power Electronic Converter Harmonics" IEEE Press, 1995, Wiley – IEE Press 1999, 18th Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3

EE3007 **SMART GRID** L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the evolution of Smart and Interconnected energy systems.
- To understand the various challenges and benefits of smart grid and the national and international initiatives taken
- To understand the concepts related with transmission and distribution in smart grid technologies.
- To get an insight of the various smart measurement technologies.
- To understand the various computing technologies for Smart Operation of the Grid.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Evolution of Energy Systems, Concept, Definitions and Need, Difference between Conventional & Smart Grid, Drivers, structures, functions, opportunities, challenges and benefits of Smart Grid, Basics of Micro grid, National and International Initiatives in Smart Grid.

UNIT II SMART METERING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to Advanced Metering infrastructure (AMI) - drivers and benefits, AMI protocols, standards and initiatives, AMI needs in the smart grid, Real time management and control, Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU).

UNIT III SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES (Transmission) (7+2 SKILL) 9

Technology Drivers, Smart energy resources, Smart substations, Substation Automation, Feeder Automation, Transmission systems: EMS, Wide area Monitoring, Protection and control.

UNIT IV SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES (Distribution) (7+2 SKILL) 9

DMS, Volt/VAr control, Fault Detection, Isolation and service restoration, Outage management, High-Efficiency Distribution Transformers, Phase Shifting Transformers, Electric Vehicles.

UNIT V HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING FOR SMART GRID APPLICATIONS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Local Area Network (LAN), House Area Network (HAN), Wide Area Network (WAN), Broadband over Power line (BPL), IP based Protocols, Computing technologies for Smart Grid applications (Web Service to CLOUD Computing), Role of big data and IoT, Cyber Security for Smart Grid.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Assignment-Familiarization of National and International Initiatives in Smart Grid
2. Simulation of smart meter using (MATLAB/ ETAP/SCILAB/ LABVIEW/ Proteus/Equivalent open source software).
3. Visit to a substation for analysing the Automation Technologies like Monitoring, Protection and control.
4. Awareness about High- Efficiency Distribution Transformers, Phase Shifting Transformers in a substation.
5. Introduction to recent technologies in electric vehicles and understanding the operation of EV,HEV and PHEV.
6. Simulation of IoT based digital communication system for smart grid applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion the above subject, students will be able to understand

CO1: To be able to understand the importance and objectives of Power System Grid.

CO2: To be able to know and understand the concept of a smart grid;

CO3: To identify and discuss smart metering devices and associated technologies.

CO4: To be able to get an overview of Microgrid and Electric Vehicle Technology.

CO5: To be able to have an up to date knowledge on the various computing technologies; to understand the role of Big Data and IoT for effective and efficient operation of Smart Grid.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Smart Grids Advanced Technologies and Solutions, Second Edition, Edited by Stuart Borlase,CRC, 2018.
2. Janaka Ekanayake, Nick Jenkins, KithsiriLiyanage, Jianzhong Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, "Smart Grid Technology and Applications", John Wiley 2012.
3. James Momoh ,Smart Grid Fundamentals of Design and Analysis, IEEE press 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Ahmed F. Zobaa, Trevor J. Bihl, Big data analytics in future power systems, 1st Edition, CRC press 2018.
2. C. Gungor et al., "Smart Grid Technologies: Communication Technologies and Standards," in IEEE Transactions on Industrial Informatics, vol. 7, no. 4, pp. 529-539, Nov. 2011,doi: 10.1109/TII.2011.2166794.
3. X. Fang, S. Misra, G. Xue and D. Yang, "Smart Grid — The New and Improved Power Grid: A Survey," in IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials, vol. 14, no. 4, pp. 944-980, Fourth Quarter 2012, doi: 10.1109/SURV.2011.101911.00087.
4. Stuart Borlase "Smart Grid : Infrastructure, Technology and Solutions", CRC Press 2012.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-
Avg	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-

EE3008 RESTRUCTURED POWER MARKET

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Students will be able to:

- Describe various types of deregulated markets in power system.
- Describe the technical and non-technical issues in deregulated power industry.
- Classify different market mechanisms and summarize the role of various entities in the market.
- Analyze the energy and ancillary services management in deregulated power industry.
- Understand the restructuring framework US and Indian power sector

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Reasons for restructuring - Understanding the restructuring process - objectives of deregulation of various power systems across the world - Consumer behavior - Supplier behavior - Market equilibrium - Short-run and Long-run costs - Various costs of production. The Philosophy of Market Models: Market models based on contractual arrangements - Market architecture.

UNIT II TRANSMISSION CONGESTION MANAGEMENT (7+2 SKILL) 9

Importance of congestion management in deregulated environment - Classification of congestion management methods - Calculation of ATC - Non-market methods - Market based methods - Nodal pricing - Inter-zonal Intra-zonal congestion management - Price area congestion management - Capacity alleviation method.

UNIT III LOCATIONAL MARGINAL PRICES(LMP) AND FINANCIAL TRANSMISSION RIGHTS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Fundamentals of locational marginal pricing - Lossless DCOPF model for LMP calculation - Loss compensated DCOPF model for LMP calculation - ACOPF model for LMP calculation - Risk Hedging Functionality Of financial Transmission Rights - FTR issuance process - Treatment of revenue shortfall - Secondary trading of FTRs - Flow Gate rights - FTR and market power.

UNIT IV ANCILLARY SERVICE MANAGEMENT AND PRICING OF TRANSMISSION NETWORK (7+2 SKILL) 9

Types of ancillary services - Load-generation balancing related services - Voltage control and reactive power support services - Black start capability service - Mandatory provision of ancillary services - Markets for ancillary services - Co-optimization of energy and reserve services - International comparison. Pricing of transmission network: wheeling - principles of transmission pricing - transmission pricing methods - Marginal transmission pricing paradigm - Composite pricing paradigm - loss allocation methods.

UNIT V MARKET EVOLUTION (7+2 SKILL) 9

US markets: PJM market - The Nordic power market - Reforms in Indian power sector: Framework of Indian power sector - Reform initiatives - availability based tariff (ABT) - The Electricity Act 2012 - Open Access issues - Power exchange.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / etc) 10

1. Analysis of ATC calculations using any one of the relevant software tool.
2. DCOPF based LMP calculations using any one of the relevant software tool.
3. ACOPF based LMP calculations using any one of the relevant software tool.
4. Analysis of social welfare maximization with different objectives.
5. Analysis of ABT components.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to:

CO1: describe the requirement for deregulation of the electricity market and the philosophy of various market models

CO2: analyze the various methods of congestion management in deregulated power system

CO3: analyze the locational marginal pricing and financial transmission rights

CO4: analyze the ancillary service management

CO5: analyze transmission pricing paradigm

CO6: understand the evolution of deregulation in Indian power sector

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mohammad Shahidehpour, Muwaffaq Alomoush, "Restructured electrical power systems: operation, trading and volatility" Marcel Dekker Pub., 2001, 1st Edition.
2. Kankar Bhattacharya, MathH J Boolen, and Jaap E Daalder, "Operation of restructured power systems", Kluwer Academic Pub. 2001, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Sally Hunt, "Making competition work in electricity", JohnWilley and Sons Inc. 2002.
2. Steven Stoft, Power System Economics: Designing Markets for Electricity", Wiley-IEEE Press, 2002.
3. Allen J. Wood and Bruce F. Wollenberg, 'Power Generation, Operation and Control', John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2016, 3rd Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. S.A. Khaparde, A.R. Abhyankar, "Restructured Power Systems", NPTEL Course, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108101005/.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
CO2	3	2	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
CO3	3	2	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
CO4	3	2	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
CO5	3	2	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2
CO6	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	1	-	-	2	1	-	-	-
Avg	3	2	1	-	-	3	2	1	-	-	2	1	2	-	2

VERTICAL II: CONVERTERS AND DRIVES

EE3009	SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES	L T P C
		2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the working of special machines like stepper motor, switched reluctance motor, BLDC motor & PMSM
- To derive torque equation and study the characteristics of special machines
- To design the controller for special machines
- To study the working principle of synchronous reluctance motor
- To simulate closed loop operation of BLDC motor

UNIT I STEPPER MOTORS 6

Constructional features –Principle of operation –Types – Torque predictions – Linear and Non-linear analysis – Characteristics – Drive circuits – Closed loop control –Applications

UNIT II SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS 6

Constructional features –Principle of operation- Torque prediction–Characteristics-Power controllers – Control of SRM drive- Speed control-current control-design procedures- Sensor less operation of SRM – Current sensing-rotor position measurement and estimation methods- sensor less rotor position estimation-inductance based estimation –applications.

UNIT III PERMANENT MAGNET BRUSHLESS DC MOTORS 6

Fundamentals of Permanent Magnets- Types- Principle of operation- Magnetic circuit analysis EMF and Torque equations- Characteristics- Controller design-Transfer function –Machine, Load and Inverter-Current and Speed Controller.

UNIT IV PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHROUNOUS MOTORS 6

Permanent Magnet ac Machines, Machine Configurations, PMSM - Principle of operation – EMF and Torque equations - Phasor diagram - Torque speed characteristics –evaluation of control characteristics- design of current and speed controllers- Constructional features, operating principle and characteristics of synchronous reluctance motor.

UNIT V STUDY OF OTHER SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES 6

Principle of operation and characteristics of Hysteresis motor – AC series motors – Linear motor – Applications.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

Using electromagnetic software

1) Simulation of BLDC motor
2) Simulation of SRM motor
3) Simulation of stepper motor
4) Simulation of PMSM motor
5) Simulation of any other special machines

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

OURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Ability to model and analyze power electronic systems and equipment using computational software.

CO2 Ability to optimally design magnetics required in special machines based drive systems using FEM based software tools.
CO3 Ability to analyse the dynamic performance of special electrical machines
CO4 Ability to understand the operation and characteristics of other special electrical machines.
CO5 Ability to design and conduct experiments towards research.

REFERENCES:

1.Jacek F. Gieras, Dr. Rong-Jie Wang, Professor Maarten J. Kamper - Axial Flux Permanent Magnet Brushless Machines-Springer Netherlands 2008.
2.Bilgin, Berker Emadi, Ali Jiang, James Weisheng - Switched reluctance motor drives: fundamentals to applications-CRC 2019.
3.Ramu Krishnan - Permanent Magnet Synchronous and Brushless DC Motor Drives -CRC Press, Marcel Applications -CRC Press 2009
6.T.Kenjo, ' Stepping motors and their microprocessor controls', Oxford University press, New Delhi, 2000 Dekker 2009
4.T.J.E. Miller, 'Brushless magnet and Reluctance motor drives', Clarendon press, London, 1989
5.R. Krishnan - Switched Reluctance Motor Drives Modeling, Simulation, Analysis, Design, and Applications -CRC Press 2017.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	2.5	1	-	2.2	-	2.3	3	2.8	2.6

EE3010 **ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To model & simulate all types of DC machines
- To develop reference frame equations for various elements like R, L and C
- To model an induction (three phase and 'n' phase) and synchronous machine
- To drive reference frame equations for induction and synchronous machine
- To study the need and working of multiphase induction and synchronous machine

UNIT I MODELING OF BRUSHED-DC ELECTRIC MACHINERY 6

Fundamentals of Operation – Introduction – Governing equations and modeling of Brushed DC-Motor – Shunt, Series and Compound – State model derivation – Construction of Model of a DC Machine using state equations- Shunt, Series and Compound..

UNIT II REFERENCE FRAME THEORY 6

Historical background – phase transformation and commutator transformation – transformation of variables from stationary to arbitrary reference frame

UNIT III INDUCTION MACHINES 6

Three phase induction machine - equivalent circuit- free acceleration characteristics – voltage and torque equations in machine variables and arbitrary reference frame variables – Simulation under no-load and load conditions- Machine variable form, arbitrary reference variable form.

UNIT IV SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES 6

Three phase synchronous machine - voltage and torque equations in machine variables and rotor reference frame variables (Park's equations)

UNIT V MULTIPHASE (MORE THAN THREE-PHASE) MACHINES CONCEPTS 6

Preliminary Remarks - Necessity of Multiphase Machines - Evolution of Multiphase Machines- Advantages of Multiphase Machines - Working Principle - Multiphase Induction Machine, Multiphase Synchronous Machine -Modeling of 'n' phase machine, Applications of Multiphase Machines

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Modeling of DC machines.
2. Simulation under no-load and loaded conditions for a PMDC motor
3. Simulation of smooth starting for DC motor.
4. Simulation under no-load and load conditions of a three phase induction machine in machine variable form and arbitrary reference variable form.
5. Simulation under no-load and load conditions of a three phase synchronous machine in machine variable form and arbitrary reference variable form.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Find the modeling for a brushed DC-Motor (Shunt, Series, Compound and separately excited motor) and to simulate DC motors using state models

CO2: Apply reference frame theory for, resistive and reactive elements (three phase)

CO3: Compute the equivalent circuit and torque of three phase induction motor and synchronous motor in machine variable arbitrary reference frame variable

CO4: Find the need and advantages of multiphase machines

CO5: Demonstrate the working of multiphase induction and synchronous machine

CO6: Compute the model of three phase and multiphase induction and synchronous machine

REFERENCES:

1. Stephen D. Umans, "Fitzgerald & Kingsley's Electric Machinery", Tata McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2020.
2. Bogdan M. Wilamowski, J. David Irwin, The Industrial Electronics Handbook, Second Edition, Power Electronics and Motor Drives, CRC Press, 2011, 1st Edition.
3. Paul C. Krause, Oleg Wasynczuk, Scott D. Sudhoff, Steven D. Pekarek, "Analysis of Electric Machinery and Drive Systems", 3rd Edition, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2013.
4. R. Krishnan, Electric Motor & Drives: Modeling, Analysis and Control, Pearson Education, 1st Imprint, 2015, 1st Edition.
5. R.Ramanujam, Modeling and Analysis of Electrical Machines, I.k.International Publishing House Pvt.Ltd,2018.
6. Chee Mun Ong, Dynamic Simulation of Electric Machinery using MATLAB, Prentice Hall, 1997.

1[st] Edition
7. Atif Iqbal,Shaikh Moinoddin, Bhimireddy Prathap Reddy, Electrical Machine Fundamentals with Numerical Simulation using MATLAB/SIMULINK, Wiley 2021, 1[st] Edition

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	–	2	1	–	3	–	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	-	-	-	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	-	-	-	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	–	2	1	–	3	-	2	3	3	3

EE3011	**MULTILEVEL POWER CONVERTERS**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
		2	**0**	**2**	**3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn multilevel topology (Symmetry & Asymmetry) with common DC bus link.
- To study the working of cascaded H Bridge, Diode Clamped and Flying Capacitor MLI.
- To study the working of MLI with reduced switch count.
- To simulate three level diode clamped MLI and three level flying capacitor based MLI with resistive and reactive load
- To simulate the MLI with reduced switch count.

UNIT I MULTILEVEL TOPOLOGIES 6

Introduction – Generalized Topology with a Common DC bus – Converters derived from the generalized topology – symmetric topology without a common DC link – Asymmetric topology.

UNIT II CASCADED H-BRIDGE MULTILEVEL INVERTERS 6

Introduction -H-Bridge Inverter, Bipolar Pulse Width Modulation, Unipolar Pulse Width Modulation, Multilevel Inverter Topologies, CHB Inverter with Equal DC Voltage, H-Bridges with Unequal DC Voltages – PWM, Carrier-Based PWM Schemes, Phase-Shifted Multicarrier Modulation, Level-Shifted Multicarrier Modulation, Comparison Between Phase- and Level-Shifted PWM Schemes-Staircase Modulation

UNIT III DIODE CLAMPED MULTILEVEL CONVERTER 6

Introduction – Converter structure and Functional Description – Modulation of Multilevel converters – Voltage balance Control – Effectiveness Boundary of voltage balancing in DCMC converters – Performance results.

UNIT IV FLYING CAPACITOR MULTILEVEL CONVERTER 6

Introduction – Flying Capacitor topology – Modulation scheme for the FCMC – Dynamic voltage balance of FCMC

UNIT V MULTILEVEL CONVERTER WITH REDUCED SWITCH COUNT 6

Multilevel inverter with reduced switch count-structures, working principles and pulse generation methods.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simulation of Fixed PWM, Sinusoidal PWM for an inverter.
2. Simulation of H bridge inverter with R load.
3. Simulation of three level diode clamped MLI with R load.
4. Simulation of three level capacitor clamped MLI with R load.
5. Simulation of MLI with reduced switch configuration.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Examine the different topologies of multilevel inverters (MLIs) with and without DC link capacitor.

CO2: Examine the performance of MLIs with Bipolar Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) Unipolar PWM Carrier-Based PWM Schemes Phase Level Shifted Multicarrier Modulation

CO3: Demonstrate the working principles of Cascaded H-Bridge MLI, diode clamped MLI, flying capacitor MLI and MLI with reduced switch count.

CO4: Analyze the voltage balancing performance in Diode clamped MLI.

CO5: Simulate three level, capacitor clamed and diode clamped MLI with R and RL load.

CO6: Simulate MLI with reduced switch configuration using fundamental switching scheme

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rashid M.H."Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications", Prentice Hall India, Third Edition, New Delhi, 2014 Pearson 4th edition.
2. Sergio Alberto Gonzalez, Santiago Andres Verne, Maria Ines Valla,"Multilevel Converters for Industrial Applications", CRC Press, 22-Jul-2013, 20171st Edition.
3. BinWu, Mehdi Narimani,High Power Converters and AC drives by IEEE press 2017, 2nd Edition.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. Thomas A. Lipo, Pulse Width Modulation for Power Converters: Principles and Practice, D.Grahame Holmes, John Wiley & Sons, Oct-2003, 1st Edition.
2. Fang Lin Luo, Hong Ye,Advanced DC/AC Inverters: Applications in Renewable Energy, CRC Press, 22-Jan-2013, 2017, 1st Edition.
3. Hani Vahedi, Mohamed Trabelsi, Single-DC-Source Multilevel Inverters, Springer, 2019, 1st Edition.
4. Ersan Kabalci, Multilevel Inverters Introduction and Emergent Topologies, Academic Press Inc,2021, 1st Edition.
5. Iftekhar Maswood, Dehghani Tafti,Advanced Multilevel Converters and Applications in Grid Integration, Wiley, 2018, 1st Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	-	-	2	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	2.5	2.8	3	1	-	2	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3

EE3012 ELECTRICAL DRIVES

L T P C
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, students should have the:

- To understand steady state operation and transient dynamics of a motor load system.
- To study and analyze the operation of the converter / chopper fed dc drive, both qualitatively and quantitatively.
- To study and understand the operation and performance of AC Induction motor drives.
- To study and understand the operation and performance of AC Synchronous motor drives.
- To analyze and design the current and speed controllers for a closed loop solid state DC motor drives.

UNIT I DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS 6

Electric drive – Equations governing motor load dynamics – steady state stability – multi quadrant Dynamics: acceleration, deceleration, starting & stopping – typical load torque characteristics – Selection of motor.

UNIT II CONVERTER / CHOPPER FED DC MOTOR DRIVE 6

Steady state analysis of the single and three phase converter fed separately excited DC motor drive – continuous and discontinuous conduction – Time ratio and current limit control – 4 quadrant operation of converter / chopper fed drive.

UNIT III INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVES 6

Stator voltage control – energy efficient drive – v/f control – constant air gap flux – field weakening mode – voltage / current fed inverter – closed loop control.

UNIT IV SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES 6

V/f control and self-control of synchronous motor: Margin angle control and power factor control – permanent magnet synchronous motor.

UNIT V DESIGN OF CONTROLLERS FOR DRIVES 6

Transfer function for DC motor / load and converter – closed loop control with current and speed feedback – armature voltage control and field weakening mode – design of controllers; current controller and speed controller-converter selection and characteristics.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simulation of converter and chopper fed DC drive
2. Simulation of closed loop operation of stator voltage control of induction motor drive
3. Simulation of closed loop operation of v/f control of induction motor drive
4. Simulation of synchronous motor drive

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion the above subject, students will be able to
CO1: Understand the basic requirements of motor selection for different load profiles.
CO2: Analyse the steady state behavior and stability aspects of drive systems.
CO3: Analyse the dynamic performance of the DC drive using converter and chopper control.
CO4: Simulate the AC drive.
CO5: Design the controller for electrical drives.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Gopal K.Dubey, Fundamentals of Electrical Drives, Narosa Publishing House, 2nd Edition January 2010.
2. Bimal K.Bose, Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives, Pearson Education, 2002 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. S.K.Pillai, A First course on Electrical Drives, Wiley Eastern Limited, 3rd Edition 2012.
2. Murphy J.M.D and Turnbull, Thyristor Control of AC Motor, Pergamon Press, Oxford 1988, 1st Edition.
3. Gopal K.Dubey, Power semiconductor controlled Drives, Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey,1989, 1st Edition.
4. R.Krishnan, Electric Motor & Drives: Modeling, Analysis and Control, Prentice hall of India, 2001, 1st Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	3	3
CO6	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
Avg	3	2	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	2	2

EE3013	SMPS AND UPS	L T P C 2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the working of isolated & non-isolated DC-DC converters
- To design isolated & non-isolated DC-DC converters.
- To drive the equations related with converter dynamics.
- To design and simulate P, PI & PID controller for buck, boost and buck-boost converters.
- To identify and study different configurations of the UPS.

UNIT I ANALYSIS OF NON-ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTERS 6

Basic topologies: Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost - Principles of operation – Continuous conduction mode– Concepts of volt-sec balance and charge balance – Analysis and design based on steady-state relationships – Introduction to discontinuous conduction mode.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTERS 6

Introduction - classification- forward- flyback- pushpull – half bridge – full bridge topologies- C'uk converter as cascade combination of boost followed by buck – isolated version of C'uk converter - design of SMPS – Introduction to design of magnetic components for SMPS, using relevant software- Simulation of bidirectional DC DC converter (both non-isolated and isolated) considering EV as an example application.

UNIT III CONVERTER DYNAMICS 6

AC equivalent circuit analysis – State space averaging – Circuit averaging – Transfer function model for buck, boost and buck-boost converters – Simulation of basic topologies using state space model derived – Comparison with the circuit model based simulation already carried out.

UNIT IV CONTROLLER DESIGN 6

Review of P, PI, and PID control concepts – gain margin and phase margin – Bode plot based analysis – Design of controller for buck, boost and buck-boost converters.

UNIT V POWER CONDITIONERS AND UPS 6

Introduction – Power line disturbances – Power conditioners – UPS: Offline and On-line – Need for filters – Filter for PWM VSI – Front-end battery charger – boost charger.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simulation of Basic topologies.
2. Simulation of bidirectional DC DC converter (both non-isolated and isolated) considering
   EV as an example application.
3. Simulation of basic topologies using state space model derived – Comparison with the circuit model based simulation already carried out.
4. Simulation study of controller design for basic topologies.
5. Simulation of battery charger for EV applications.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should have the following capabilities:

CO1: Demonstrate the working of buck boost and buck- boost converters in continuous and discontinuous conduction mode.

CO2: Build buck/boost converters using suitable design method.

CO3: Analyze the behaviors of isolated DC-DC converters and to design SMPS for battery operated vehicle.

CO4: Compute state space averaged model and transfer function for buck, boost and buck-boost converters.

CO5: Demonstrate the P, PI and PID controler performance analytically and by simulation for buck boost and buck- boost converters.

CO6: Compare the different topologies of UPS and also simulate them.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Robert W. Erickson & Dragon Maksimovic, " Fundamentals of Power Electronics", Third Edition, 2020
2. Ned Mohan," Power Electronics: A First Course", Jonnwiley, 2013.
3. Marian K. Kazimierczuk and Agasthya Ayachit,"Laboratory Manual for Pulse-Width Modulated DC– DC Power Converters", Wiley 2016.
4. Power Electronics handbook, Industrial Electronics series, S.K.Varenina, CRC press, 2002.
5. Power Electronic Converters, Teuvo Suntio, Tuomas Messo, Joonas Puukko, First Edition 2017.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	2	-	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	2	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	2.5	-	3	3	3	3

EE3014 POWER ELECTRONICS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

L T P C
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the various types of renewable sources of energy.
- To understand the electrical machines to be used for wind energy conversion systems.
- To learn the principles of power converters used in solar PV system.
- To study the principle of power converters used in Wind system.
- To simulate the AC-DC, AC-AC Converters, Matrix Converters and PWM Inverters.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS 6

Classification of Energy Sources – Importance of Non-conventional energy sources – Advantages and disadvantages of conventional energy sources - Environmental aspects of energy - Impacts of renewable energy generation on the environment - Qualitative study of renewable energy resources: Ocean energy, Biomass energy, Hydrogen energy, - Solar Photovoltaic (PV), Fuel cells: Operating principles and characteristics. Wind Energy: Nature of wind, Types, control strategy, operating area.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES FOR WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS (WECS) 6

Construction, Principle of operation and analysis: Squirrel Cage Induction Generator (SCIG), Doubly Fed Induction Generator (DFIG) - Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generator (PMSG).

UNIT III POWER CONVERTERS AND ANALYSIS OF SOLAR PV SYSTEMS 6

Power Converters: Line commutated converters (inversion-mode) - Boost and buck-boost converters- selection of inverter, battery sizing, array sizing. Simulation of line commutated converters, buck/boost convertors. Analysis: Block diagram of the solar PV systems - Types of Solar PV systems: Stand-alone PV systems, Grid integrated solar PV Systems - Grid Connection Issues.

UNIT IV POWER CONVERTERS FOR WIND SYSTEMS 6

Power Converters: Three-phase AC voltage controllers- AC-DC-AC converters: uncontrolled rectifiers, PWM Inverters, Grid-interactive Inverters - Matrix converter.

UNIT V HYBRID RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS 9

Need for Hybrid Systems- Range and type of Hybrid systems- Case studies of Diesel-PV, Wind-PV, Micro hydel-PV, Biomass-Diesel systems - Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT).

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simulation on modelling of Solar PV System- V I Characteristics
2. Simulation on Modelling of fuel cell- V I Characteristics
3. Simulation of self- excited Induction Generator.
4. Simulation of DFIG/ PMSG based Wind turbine.
5. Simulation on Grid integration of RES.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Examine the available renewable energy sources.

CO2: Demonstrate the working principles of electrical machines and power convertors used for wind energy conversion system.

CO3: Demonstrate the principles of power converters used for solar PV systems.

CO4: Examine the available hybrid renewable energy systems.

CO5: Simulate AC-DC converters, buck/boost converters, AC-AC converters and PWM inverters.

REFERENCES:

1. S.N.Bhadra, D. Kastha, & S. Banerjee. "Wind Electrical Systems", Oxford University Press, 2009, 7th impression.
2. Rashid .M. H "Power electronics Hand book", Academic press,2nd Edition, 2006 4th Edition, 2017.
3. Rai. G.D, "Non-conventional energy sources", Khanna publishers, 6th Edition, 2017.

4) Rai. G.D," Solar energy utilization", Khanna publishers, 5th Edition, 2008.
5. Gray, L. Johnson, "Wind energy system", prantice hall of india, 2nd Edition, 2006.
6. H.Khan "Non-conventional Energy sources ",Tata McGraw-hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2017, 3rd Edition

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	2	2
CO4	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	2.25	3	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	3	3	3	2
Avg	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	2.2	3	3	2

EE3015 CONTROL OF POWER ELECTRONICS CIRCUITS

L	T	P	C
2	0	2	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basics of control system simulation.
- To do symbolic calculation.
- To study the principles of sliding mode control and the way of apply smc for buck converter.
- To learn the concept of power factor correction.
- To design simulate smc for buck converter and power factor correction circuit with controller.

UNIT I SIMULATION BASICS IN CONTROL SYSTEMS 6

Transfer Function-How to build transfer function, identify Poles, zeros, draw time response plots, bode plot (Bode Plots for Multiplication Factors, Constant, Single and Double Integration Functions, Single and Double Differentiation Functions, Single Pole and Single Zero Functions, RHP Pole and RHP Zero Functions), state space modelling-transfer function from state space Model.

UNIT II SYMBOLIC CALCULATIONS 6

Symbolic Variables - Symbolic Vector Variables, Commands for Handling Polynomial Expressions - Extracting Parts of a Polynomial -. Factorization and Roots of Polynomials. Symbolic Matrix Algebra - Operations with Symbolic Matrices - Other Symbolic Matrix Operations.

UNIT III SLIDING MODE CONTROL BASICS 6

Introduction- Introduction to Sliding-Mode Control- Basics of Sliding-Mode Theory- Application of Sliding-Mode Control to DC-DC Converters—Principle-Sliding mode control of buck converter.

UNIT IV POWER FACTOR CORRECTION CIRCUITS 6

Introduction, Operating Principle of Single-Phase PFCs, Control of boost converter based PFCs, Designing the Inner Average-Current-Control Loop, Designing the Outer Voltage-Control Loop, Example of Single-Phase PFC Systems.

UNIT V CONTROLLER DESIGN FOR PFC CIRCUITS 6

Power factor correction circuit using other SMPS topologies: C'uk and SEPIC converter - PFC circuits employing bridgeless topologies.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simulation exercises on zero, first and second order basic blocks.
2. Simulation exercises based on symbolic calculations.
3. Simulation of Sliding mode control based buck converter.
4. Simulation of Single-Phase PFC circuit employing boost converter.
5. Simulation of Single-Phase PFC circuit employing C'uk converters.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should have the:

CO1: To calculate transfer function for constant, differential, integral, First order and Second order factors.

CO2: To illustrate the effect of poles and zero's in the 's' plane.

CO3: To select Symbolic equations for solving problems related with Matrices, Polynomial and vectors.

CO4: To compute the control expression for DC – DC buck converter using sliding mode control theory.

CO5: To determine the controller expression for power factor correction circuits.

CO6: To simulate sliding mode control of buck converter and power factor correction circuit.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Feedback Control problems using MATLAB and the Control system tool box By Dean Frederick and Joe Chow, 2000, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning.
2. Ned Mohan,"Power Electronics: A First Course", Johnwiley, 2013, 1st Edition.
3. Marian K. Kazimierczuk and AgasthyaAyachit,"Laboratory Manual for Pulse-Width Modulated DC-DC Power Converters", Wiley 2016, 1st Edition.
4. Power Electronics handbook, Industrial Electronics series, S.K.Varenina, CRC press, 2002, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Sliding mode control for Switching Power Converters: Techniques and Implementation, Siew-Chong Tan, Yuk Ming Lai Chi-Kong Tse, 1st Edition, CRC Press.
2. Andre Kislovski, "Dynamic Analysis of Switching-Mode DC/DC Converters", Springer 1991.
3. MATLAB Symbolic Algebra and Calculus Tools, Lopez Cesar, Apress, 2014.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	3

ERTICAL III : EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

EE3016 EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the Building Blocks of an embedded System and Software Tools
- To emphasize the role of Input/output interfacing with Bus Communication protocol.
- To illustrate the ISR and scheduling for the multitasking process.
- To explain the basics of a Real-time operating system
- To analyze the applications based on embedded design approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS 6

Introduction to Embedded Systems –Structural units in Embedded processor, selection of processor & memory devices- DMA — Memory management methods- Timer and Counting devices, Real Time Clock, In-circuit emulator, Target Hardware Debugging.

UNIT II EMBEDDED NETWORKING 6

Embedded Networking: Introduction, I/O Device Ports & Buses– Serial Bus communication protocols RS232 standard – RS485 – CAN Bus- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) – Inter-Integrated Circuits (I^2C).

UNIT III INTERRUPTS THE SERVICE MECHANISM AND DEVICE DRIVER 6

Programmed-I/O busy-wait approach without interrupt service mechanism-ISR concept-interrupt sources – multiple interrupts – context and periods for context switching, interrupt latency and deadline – Introduction to Device Drivers.

UNIT IV RTOS-BASED EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN 6

Introduction to basic concepts of RTOS- Task, process & threads, interrupt routines in RTOS, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling, Task communication- shared memory, message passing- Interprocess Communication- Introduction to process synchronization using semaphores.

UNIT V EMBEDDED SYSTEM APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT 6

Embedded Product Development Life Cycle - Case Study: Precision Agriculture- Autonomous car

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Laboratory exercise: Use any Embedded processor/IDE/open source platform to give hands-on training on basic concepts of embedded system design.
   a) Introduction to IDE and Programming Environment.
   b) Configure timer block for signal generation (with given frequency)
   c) Interrupts programming example using GPIO
   d) I^2C communication with peripherals
   e) Master-slave communication between processors using SPI
   f) Networking of processor using Wi-Fi
   g) Basic RTOS concept and programming

2. Assignment: Introduction to VxWorks, µC/OS-II, RT Linux
3. Embedded systems-based Mini project

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the above subject, students will be able to understand

CO1: The hardware functionals and software strategies required to develop various Embedded systems

CO2: The basic differences between various Bus communication standards

CO3: The incorporation of the interface as Interrupt services

CO4: The various scheduling algorithms through a Real-time operating system

CO5: The various embedded concepts for developing automation applications.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Rajkamal, 'Embedded system-Architecture, Programming, Design, McGraw-Hill Edu, 3rd edition 2017
2. Peckol, "Embedded system Design", John Wiley & Sons 2010

REFERENCES:

1. Shibu, K.V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", TataMcgraw Hill, 2nd edition 2017.
2. Lyla B Das," Embedded Systems" ,Pearson Education, 1st edition 2012.
3. Parag H.Dave,Himanshu B.Dave," Embedded Systems-Concepts, Design and Programming, Pearson Education,2015, 1st edition.
4. Elicia White, "Making Embedded systems", O'Reilly Series ,SPD,2011, 1st edition.
5. Jonathan W. Valvano, 'Embedded Microcomputer Systems Real-time Interfacing', Cengage Learning , 3rd edition 2010.
6. Tammy Noergaard, "Embedded Systems Architecture", Newnes, 2nd edition, 2013.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning websites:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108102045
2. https://ece.uwaterloo.ca/~dwharder/icsrts/Lecture_materials/A_practical_introduction_to_real-time_systems_for_undergraduate_engineering.pdf
3. https://www.circuitbasics.com/basics-of-the-i2c-communication-protocol/
4. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/embedded_systems/es_interrupts.htm
5. https://www.theengineeringprojects.com/2016/11/examples-of-embedded-systems.html#:~:text=Embedded%20Product%3A%20Automatic%20Washing%20Machine,done%20by%20your%20machine%20itself

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	2
Avg	3	2.2	2	2.2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1.4	1.6

EE3017 **EMBEDDED C- PROGRAMMING** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To expose the students to the fundamentals of embedded Programming
- To Introduce the GNU C Programming Tool Chain.
- To study the basic concepts of embedded C.
- To teach the basics of 8051 Programming
- To involve Discussions/ Practice/Exercise in revising & familiarizing the concepts acquired over the 5 Units of the subject for improved employability skills.

UNIT I BASIC C PROGRAMMING 6

Typical C Program Development Environment - Introduction to C Programming - Structured Program Development in C - Data Types and Operators - C Program Control - C Functions - Introduction to Arrays.

UNIT II EMBEDDED C 6

Adding Structure to 'C' Code: Object-oriented programming with C, Header files for Project and Port, Examples. Meeting Real-time constraints: Creating hardware delays - Need for timeout mechanism - Creating loop timeouts - Creating hardware timeouts.

UNIT III 8051 Programming in C 6

Data types and time delay in 8051, I/O programming in 8051, Logic operations in 8051, Data conversion program in 8051, Accessing code ROM space in 8051, Data serialization using 8051

UNIT IV 8051 SERIAL PORT AND INTERRUPT PROGRAMMING IN C 6

Basics of serial communication, 8051 interface to RS232- serial port programming in 8051, 8051 interrupts and programming, Programming for timer configuration.

UNIT V 8051 INTERFACING 6

8051 ADC interfacing , DAC interfacing, Sensor interfacing, LCD interfacing, Stepper motor interfacing.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Laboratory exercise: Use 8051 microcontroller/Embedded processor/IDE/open source platform to give hands-on training on Embedded C- programming.
   a. Introduction to IDE (like code blocks, vscode ,etc)and Programming Environment (like Keil/u vision, Proteus)
   b. Configuring an I/O port using bitwise programming
   c. Configuring timer for generating hardware delay.
   d. Flashing an LED using an interrupt
   e. Serial communication using UART port of 8051
   f. Interfacing an ADC with 8051
   g. Interfacing an analog sensor with 8051
   h. Interfacing 16x2 LCD with 8051
   i. configuring timer for generating PWM signal
   j. Interfacing a stepper motor with 8051
2. Assignment: Introduction to Arduino IDE, Raspberry Pi

3. Embedded C-Programming -based Mini project

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to

CO1: Deliver insight into embedded C programming and its salient features for embedded systems.

CO2: Illustrate the software and hardware architecture for distributed computing in embedded systems.

CO3: Develop a solution for problems by using the conceptlearnednt in programming using the embedded controllers

CO4: Develop simple applications with 8051 by using its various features and interfacing with various external hardware.

CO5: Improved Employability and entrepreneurship capacity due to knowledge upgradation on recent trends in embedded programming skills.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "C How to Program", 9th Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2022, 1st edition.
2. Michael J Pont, "Embedded C", Addison-Wesley, An imprint of Pearson Education, 2002.
3. William von Hagen, "The Definitive Guide to GCC", 2nd Edition, Apress Inc., 2006.
4. Gowrishankar S and Veena A, "Introduction to Python Programming", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. Noel Kalicharan, "Learn to Program with C", Apress Inc., 2015, 1st edition.
2. Steve Oualline, "Practical C programming", O'Reilly Media, 1997, 3rd edition.
3. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice G. Mazidi and Rolin D. McKinlay, 'The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems' Prentice Hall, 2nd Edition 2007.
4. Myke Predko, "Programming and customizing the 8051 microcontrollers",McGraww Hill 2000, 1st edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning websites:

- https://www.hackerrank.com/
- https://www.cprogramming.com/
- https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/technical-articles/introduction-to-the-c-programming-language-for-embedded-applications/
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cs42/preview
- https://microcontrollerslab.com/8051-microcontroller-tutorials-c/
- https://www.circuitstoday.com/getting-started-with-keil-uvision

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	2
Avg	2	1.6	2.2	2.2	1.8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.4	2.4	2

EE3018 **EMBEDDED PROCESSORS** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the architecture of the ARM processor.
- To train students in ARM programming.
- To discuss memory management, append location development with an ARM processor.
- To involve Discussions/ Practice/Exercise in revising & familiarizing the concepts.
- To impart the knowledge on single board embedded processors.

UNIT I ARM ARCHITECTURE **6**
Architecture – Memory Organization – addressing modes -Registers – Pipeline - Interrupts – Coprocessors – Interrupt Structure.

UNIT II ARM MICROCONTROLLER PROGRAMMING **6**
ARM general Instruction set – Thumb instruction set –Introduction to DSP on ARM- basic programming.

UNIT III PERIPHERALS OF ARM **6**
ARM: I/O Memory – EEPROM – I/O Ports – SRAM –Timer –UART - Serial Communication with PC – ADC/DAC Interfacing-stepper motor interfacing.

UNIT IV ARM COMMUNICATION **6**
ARM With CAN, I²C, and SPI protocols.

UNIT V INTRODUCTION TO SINGLE BOARD EMBEDDED PROCESSOR **6**
Raspberry Pi Architecture - Booting Up RPI- Operating System and Linux Commands -Working with RPI using Python and Sensing Data using Python-programming - GPIO and interfacing peripherals With Raspberry Pi.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS: **30 PERIODS**

1. Laboratory exercise:
   a) Programming with IDE - ARM microcontroller
   b) Advanced Timer Features, PWM Generator.
   c) RTC interfacing with ARM using Serial communication programming. Stepper motor control.
   d) ARM-Based Wireless Environmental Parameter Monitoring System displayed through Mobile device.
2. Seminar:
   a) ARM and GSM/GPS interfacing
   b) Introduction to ARM Cortex Processor
3. Raspberry Pi based Mini project.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to
CO1: Interpret the basics and functionality of processor functional blocks.
CO2: Observe the specialty of RISC processor Architecture.
CO3: Incorporate the I/O hardware interface of processor with peripherals.
CO4: Emphasis the communication features of the processor.
CO5: Improved Employability and entrepreneurship capacity due to knowledge up gradation on recent trends in commercial embedded processors.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Steve Furber, 'ARM system on chip architecture',Addisonn Wesley,2nd Edition,2015.
2. Andrew N. Sloss, Dominic Symes, Chris Wright, John Rayfield's ARM System Developer's Guide Designing and Optimizing System Software', Elsevier 2004, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. William Hohl, ' ARMAssebly Language' Fundamentals and Techniques, CRC Press, 2nd Edition 2014.
2. Rajkamal," Microcontrollers Architecture, Programming, Interfacing, & System Design, Pearson 2012, 2nd Edition
3. ARM Architecture Reference Manual, LPC214x User Manual www.Nuvoton .com/websites on Advanced ARM Cortex Processors
4. ARM System Developer's Guide: Designing and Optimizing System Software 1st Edition (Designing and Optimizing System Software) Publisher: Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2011.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning websites:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117106111
2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs15/preview
3. https://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cyy/courses/assembly/12fall/lectures/handouts/lec08_ARMarch.pdf
4. https://maxembedded.com/2013/07/introduction-to-single-board-computing/
5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J4fhEkPo55E&list=PLGs0VKk2DiYypuwUUM2wxzol8BJHK4Bfh

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	2
Avg	2.2	1.8	2.2	2	1.8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.8	2.2	2.4

EE3010 **EMBEDDED CONTROL FOR ELECTRIC DRIVES** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the control concept for electrical drives
- To emphasize the need of embedded systems for controlling the electrical drives
- To provide knowledge about various embedded system-based control strategies for electrical drives
- To impart the knowledge of optimization and machine learning techniques used for electrical drives
- To familiarize the high-performance computing for electrical drives.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRIC DRIVES 6
Electric drives and its classification-Four-quadrant drive-Solid State Controlled Drives-Machine learning and optimization techniques for electrical drives.

UNIT II EMBEDDED SYSTEM FOR MOTOR CONTROL 6
Embedded Processors choice for motor control- Sensors and interface modules for Electric drives- IoT for Electrical drives applications.

UNIT III INDUCTION MOTOR CONTROL 6
Speed control methods-PWM techniques- VSI fed three-phase induction motor- Fuzzy logic Based speed control for three-phase induction motor- Embedded processor based three phase induction motor speed control.

UNIT IV BLDC MOTOR CONTROL 6
Overview of BLDC Motor -Speed control methods -PWM techniques- Embedded processor based BDLC motor speed control.

UNIT V SRM MOTOR CONTROL 6
Overview of SRM Motor -Speed control methods -PWM techniques- Embedded processor based SRM motor speed control.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS **30 PERIODS**

1. Laboratory exercise: Use any System level simulator/MATLAB/open source platform to give hands-on training on simulation study on Electric drives and control.
   a. Simulation of four quadrant operation and speed control of DC motor
   b. Simulation of 3-phase inverter
   c. Simulation of Speed control of Induction motor using any suitable software package.
   d. Simulation of Speed control of BLDC motor using any suitable software package.
   e. Simulation of Speed control of SRM using any suitable software package.
2. Seminar: IoT-based Control and Monitoring for DC Motor/ any Electric drives.
3. Mini project : Any Suitable Embedded processor-based speed control of Motors (DC/IM/BLDC/PMSM/SRM)

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to
CO1: Interpret the significance of embedded control of electrical drives
CO2: Deliver insight into various control strategies for electrical drives.
CO3: Developing knowledge of Machine learning and optimization techniques for motor control.
CO4: Develop embedded system solutions for real-time application such as Electric vehicles and UAVs.

CO5: Improved Employability and entrepreneurship capacity due to knowledge up gradation on recent trends in embedded system skills required for motor control strategy.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.Krishnan, "Electric Motor Drives – Modeling, Analysis and Control",Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2010, 1st Edition.
2. Steve Kilts, "Advanced FPGA Design: Architecture, Implementation, and Optimization" Willey, 2007, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. VedamSubramanyam, "Electric Drives – Concepts and Applications", Tata McGraw- Hill publishing company Ltd., New Delhi, 2002, 2nd Edition.
2. K. Venkataratnam ,Special Electrical Machines, Universities Press, 2014, 1st Edition.
3. Steve Furber, 'ARM system on chip architecture', Addision Wesley, 2nd Edition 2015.
4. Ron Sass and AnderewG Schmidt, " Embedded System design with platform FPGAs: Principles and Practices", Elsevier, 2010, 1st Edition.
5. Tim Wescott , Applied Control Theory for Embedded Systems., Elsevier, 2006, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1) https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104140/
2) https://www.embedded.com/mcus-or-dsps-which-is-in-motor-control/
3) https://www.e3s-conferences.org/articles/e3sconf/pdf/2019/13/e3sconf_SeFet2019_01004.pdf
4) https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/blog/pulse-width-modulation.html
5) http://kaliasgoldmedal.yolasite.com/resources/SEM/SRM.pdf

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
CO2	2	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	3
Avg	2.4	1.6	2.4	2.4	1.8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	2.6

EE3020 **SMART SYSTEM AUTOMATION** L T P C
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the smart system technologies and its role in real time applications
- To teach the architecture and requirements of Home Automation.
- To provide an insight into smart appliances and energy management concepts.
- To familiarize the design and needs of smart wearable devices
- To teach the basics of robotics and its role for automation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **6**

Overview of a smart system - Hardware and software selection - Smart sensors and Actuators - Communication protocols used for smart systems.

UNIT II HOME AUTOMATION **6**

Home Automation – System Architecture - Essential Components- Design Considerations: Control Unit, Sensing Requirements, Communication, Data Security.

UNIT III SMART APPLIANCES AND ENERGY MANAGEMENT **6**

Significance of smart appliances for energy management -Smart Meters: Significance, Architecture & Energy Measurement Technique – Security Considerations.

UNIT IV SMART WEARABLE DEVICES **6**

Body Area Networks - Sensors– communication protocol for Wearable devices- Application of Smart Wearable in Healthcare & Activity Monitoring.

UNIT V EMBEDDED SYSTEMS AND ROBOTICS **6**

Fundamental concepts in Robotics- Robots and Controllers components - Embedded processor based: pick and place robot- Mobile Robot Design- UAV

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS: **30 PERIODS**

1. Laboratory exercise: Use Arduino/ R pi/ any other Embedded processors to give hands on training to understand concepts related to smart automation.
   a) Hands on experiments based on Ubidots & Thing speak / Open-source Analytics Platform
   b) Design and implementation of a smart home system .
   c) Bluetooth Based Home Automation Project using Android Phone
   d) GSM Based Home Devices Control
   e) Pick and place robots using Arduino/ any suitable Embedded processor
2. Assignment: Revolution of Smart Automation system across the world and its current scope available in India
3. Mini project: Design of a Smart Automation system (for any application of students choice)

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to

CO1: Understand the concepts of smart system design and its present developments.
CO2: Illustrate different embedded open-source and cost-effective techniques for developing solution for real time applications.
CO3: Acquire knowledge on different platforms and Infrastructure for Smart system design.
CO4: Infer about smart appliances and energy management concepts.

CO5: Improve Employability and entrepreneurship capacity due to knowledge upgradation on embedded system technologies.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Grimm, Christoph, Neumann, Peter, Mahlknech and Stefan, Embedded Systems for Smart Appliances and Energy Management, Springer 2013, 1st Edition.
2. KazemSohraby, Daniel Minoli and TaiebZnati, Wireless Sensor Networks Technology, Protocols, and Applications, John Wiley & Sons, 2007, 1st Edition.
3. NilanjanDey, Amartya Mukherjee, Embedded Systems and Robotics with Open-Source Tools, CRC press, 2016, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Thomas Bräunl, Embedded Robotics, Springer, 2003.
2. Raj Kamal, Embedded Systems - Architecture, Programming and Design, McGraw- Hill, 2008
3. Karim Yaghmour, Embedded Android, O'Reilly, 2013.
4. Steven Goodwin, Smart Home Automation with Linux and Raspberry Pi, Apress , 2013
5. C.K. Toh, AdHoc mobile wireless networks, Prentice Hall, Inc, 2002.
6. Anna Ha'c, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2003.
7. J. J. Craig, "Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control", Pearson Education.
8. Y. Koren, "Robotics for Engineers", McGraw-Hill.
9. Robert Faludi, Wireless Sensor Networks, O'Reilly, 2011.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://microcontrollerslab.com/home-automation-projects-ideas/
2. https://www.learnrobotics.org/blog/simple-robot/
3. https://robolabor.ee/homelab/en/iot
4. https://electrovolt.ir/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/Exploring_Raspberry_Pi_Molloy_Derek_ElectroVolt.ir_.pdf
5. http://www.robot.bmstu.ru/files/books/(Ebook%20-%20English)%20Mcgraw-Hill,%20Pic%20Robotics%20--%20A%20Beginner'S%20Guide%20To%20Robotic.pdf

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO2	3	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	3
Avg	2.4	1.6	2.4	1.6	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.4	1.8	2.4

EE3021 EMBEDDED SYSTEM FOR AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To expose the students to the fundamentals and building of Electronic Engine Control systems.
- To teach on sensor functional components for vehicles.
- To discuss on programmable controllers for vehicles management systems.
- To teach logics of automation & communication techniques for vehicle communication.
- To introduce the infotainment system development

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO AUTOMOTIVE SYSTEMS 6

Overview of Automotive systems, fuel economy, air-fuel ratio, emission limits and vehicle performance; Electronic control Unit-- open-source ECU.

UNIT II SENSORS AND ACTUATORS FOR AUTOMOTIVES 6

Review of automotive sensors- sensors interface to the ECU, Smart sensor and actuators for automotive applications.

UNIT III VEHICLE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS 6

Energy Management system -Adaptive cruise control - anti-locking braking system - Safety and Collision Avoidance.

UNIT IV ONBOARD DIAGONSTICS AND COMMUNICATION 6

OBD , Vehicle communication protocols- Bluetooth, CAN, LIN, FLEXRAY and MOST.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS 6

Navigation- Autonomous car- Role of IoT in Automotive systems.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS: 30 PERIODS

1. Laboratory exercise: Use MATLAB SIMULINK /equivalent simulation /open source tools
   a) Simulation study of automotive sensors and actuators components
   b) Adaptive cruise control, Anti-Lock Braking System
   c) CAN Connectivity in an Automotive Application using vehicle network toolbox
   d) Interfacing a sensor used in car with microcontroller
   e) Establishing connection between Bluetooth module and microcontroller
2. Assignment: AUTOSAR
3. Mini project : Battery Management system for EV batteries

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will have the ability in

CO1: Insight into the significance of the role of embedded system for automotive applications.
CO2: Illustrate the need, selection of sensors and actuators and interfacing with ECU
CO3: Develop the Embedded concepts for vehicle management and control systems.
CO4: Demonstrate the need of Electrical vehicle and able to apply the embedded system technology for various aspects of EVs
CO5: Improved Employability and entrepreneurship capacity due to knowledge up gradation on recent trends in embedded systems design and its application in automotive systems.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. William B. Ribbens ,"Understanding Automotive Electronics", Elsevier,8th Edition, 2017.
2. Jurgen, R., Automotive Electronics Hand Book, McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 1999.
3. L.Vlacic,M.Parent,F.Harashima,"Intelligent Vehicle Technologies",SAE International, 2001, 1st Edition, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Ali Emadi, Mehrdedehsani, John M Miller , "Vehicular Electric power system- land, Sea, Air and Space Vehicles" Marcel Decker, 2004, 1st Edition.
2. Jack Erjavec,JeffArias,"Alternate Fuel Technology-Electric ,Hybrid& Fuel Cell Vehicles",Cengage ,2012, 2nd Edition.
3. Electronic Engine Control technology – Ronald K Jurgen Chilton's guide to Fuel Injection – Ford 2nd Edition, 2004.
4. Automotive Electricals / Electronics System and Components, Tom Denton, 5th Edition, 2017.
5. Uwe Kiencke, Lars Nielsen, "Automotive Control Systems: For Engine, Driveline, and Vehicle", Springer; 1st Edition, 2005.
6. Automotive Electricals Electronics System and Components, Robert Bosch Gmbh, 5th Edition, 2014.
7. Automotive Hand Book, Robert Bosch, Bently Publishers, 10th Edition, 2018.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1) https://www.autosar.org/fileadmin/ABOUT/AUTOSAR_EXP_Introduction.pdf
2) https://microcontrollerslab.com/can-communication-protocol/
3) https://ackodrive.com/car-guide/different-types-of-car-sensors/
4) https://www.tomtom.com/blog/automated-driving/what-is-adaptive-cruise-control/
5) https://prodigytechno.com/difference-between-lin-can-and-flexray-protocols/
6) https://www.synopsys.com/automotive/what-is-autonomous-car.html

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
CO5	3	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	3
Avg.	2.4	3	2.4	2.4	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.8	1.8	2.6

EE3022 **VLSI DESIGN** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To explain the basic concepts of CMOS and
- To introduce the IC fabrication methods
- To introduce the Reconfigurable Processor technologies
- To introduce the basics of analog VLSI design and its importance.
- To learn about the programming of Programmable device using Hardware description Language

UNIT I CMOS BASICS **6**
MOSFET Scaling - CMOS logic design- Dynamic CMOS -Transmission Gates- BiCMOS

UNIT II IC FABRICATION **6**
CMOS IC Fabrications: n well, p well, twin tub, SoI - Design Rules and Layout.

UNIT III PROGRAMABLE LOGIC DEVICES **6**
PAL, PLA, CPLD architecture and application.

UNIT IV RECONFIGURABLE PROCESSOR **6**
FPGA- Architecture, FPGA based application development- Introduction to FPAA.

UNIT V HDL PROGRAMMING **6**
Verilog HDL- Overview - structural and behavioural modeling concepts-Design examples- Carry Look ahead adders, ALU, Shift Registers.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS: **30 PERIODS**

1. Laboratory exercise : Use any FPGA Board /IDE/open source package/ platform to give hands on training on CMOS design/ reconfigurable processor based applications.

   a) CMOS logic circuit simulation using any open source software package
   b) Experiments : structural and behavioural modeling based Verilog HDL programs
   c) Experiment: Combinational and sequential Digital logic implementation with FPGA.
   d) Implementation of carry look ahead adder with FPGA
   e) Implementation of ALU with FPGA

2. Assignment : Low Power VLSI.
3. FPGA based Mini project .

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to
CO1: Develop CMOS design techniques
CO2: Learn and build IC fabrication
CO3: Explain the need of reconfigurable computing with PLDs.
CO4: Design and development of reprogrammable FPGA.
CO5: Illustrate and develop HDL computational processes with improved design strategies.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. M.J.S Smith, "Application Specific integrated circuits",Addition Wesley Longman Inc. 1st Edition 2010.
2. Kamran Eshraghian,Douglas A.pucknell and Sholeh Eshraghian,"Essentials of VLSI circuits and system", Prentice Hall India,2005, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Donald G. Givone, "Digital principles and Design", Tata McGraw Hill 2002, 1st Edition.
2. Charles H. Roth Jr., "Fundamentals of Logic design", Thomson Learning, 7th Edition 2013.
3. Nurmi, Jari (Ed.) "Processor Design System-On-Chip Computing for ASICs and FPGAs" Springer, 2007, 1st Edition.
4. Joao Cardoso, Michael Hübner, "Reconfigurable Computing: From FPGAs to Hardware/Software Codesign" Springer, 2011, 1st Edition.
5. Pierre-Emmanuel Gaillardon, Reconfigurable Logic: Architecture, Tools, and Applications, 1st Edition, CRC Press , 2018.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1) https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/107/108107129/
2) http://gn.dronacharya.info/ECEDept/Downloads/QuestionPapers/7th_Sem/VLSI-DESIGN/UNIT-1/Lecture-1.pdf
3) https://web.itu.edu.tr/~ateserd/vlsi2/2007/FPGAs&CPLD.pdf
4) https://kanchiuniv.ac.in/coursematerials/GSK_Notes_on_PLD_in_VLSI_design.pdf
5) https://www.xilinx.com/products/silicon-devices/resources/programming-an-fpga-an-introduction-to-how-it-works.html
6) https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/technical-articles/what-is-an-fpga-introduction-to-programmable-logic-fpga-vs-microcontroller/
7) https://www.tutorialspoint.com/vlsi_design/vlsi_design_vhdl_introduction.htm#:~:text=VHDL%20stands%20for%20very%20high,DoD)%20under%20the%20VHSIC%20program

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
CO2	3	1	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
CO3	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
CO4	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	3
Avg	3	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.8	1.8	3

EE3022	**MEMS AND NEMS**	**L T P C** **2 0 2 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the diverse technological and functional approaches of MEMS/NEMS and applications.
- To understand the microstructures and fabrication methods.
- To provide an insight of micro and nano sensors, actuators.
- To emphasis the need for NEMS technology.
- To update the ongoing trends and real time applications of MEMS and NEMS technology.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEMS and NEMS 6
Overview of Micro electro mechanical systems and Nano Electro mechanical systems, devices and technologies, Laws of scaling- Materials for MEMS and NEMS - Applications of MEMS and NEMS.

UNIT II MICRO-MACHINING AND MICROFABRICATION TECHNIQUES 6
Photolithography- Micro manufacturing, Bulk micro machining, surface micro machining, LIGA.

UNIT III MICRO SENSORS AND MICRO ACTUATORS 6
Micromachining : Capactive Sensors- Piezoresistive Sensors- Piezoelectric actuators.

UNIT IV NEMS TECHNOLOGY 6
Atomic scale precision engineering- Nano Fabrication techniques – NEMS for sensors and actuators.

UNIT V MEMS and NEMS APPLICATION 6
Bio MEMS- Optical NEMS- Micro motors- Smart Sensors - Recent trends in MEMS and NEMS.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS: 30 PERIODS

1. Laboratory experiment: Simulation of MEMS sensors and actuators using Multi physics tool
   a) Simulation of a typical piezo resistive sensor
   b) Simulation of a typical Piezoelectric actuator
   c) Simulation study of a bio sensor
   d) Simulation study of a micro motor
2. Assignment: Role of MEMS AND NEMS devices for Industry Standard 5.0.
3. Mini project : Design and analysis of any MEMS/NEMS device using multi physics tool.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to

CO1: Explain the material properties and the significance of MEMS and NEMS for industrial automation.
CO2: Demonstrate knowledge delivery on micromachining and micro fabrication.
CO3: Apply the fabrication mechanism for MEMS sensor and actuators.
CO4: Apply the concepts of MEMS and NEMS to models ,simulate and process the sensors and actuators.
CO5: Improved Employability and entrepreneurship capacity due to knowledge up gradation on MEMS and NEMS technology.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Chang Liu, "Foundations of MEMS", Pearson International Edition, 2011, 2nd Edition.
2. Tai- Ran Hsu, "MEMS and Microsystems: design , manufacture, and Nanoscale"- 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2008.
3. Lyshevski, S.E. " Nano- and Micro-Electromechanical Systems: Fundamentals of Nano-and Microengineering " (2nd ed.). CRC Press,2005.
4. Julian W.Gardner and Vijay K.Varadan, " Microsensors, MEMS and Smart Devices", John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2001, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Marc F madou" Fundamentals of micro fabrication" CRC Press 2002 2nd Edition Marc Madou.
2. M.H.Bao "Micromechanical transducers :Pressure sensors, accelerometers and gyroscopes",Elsevier, Newyork, 16 Oct 2000, 1st Edition.
3. Maluf, Nadim "An introduction to Micro Electro-mechanical Systems Engineering "AR Tech house, Boston, June 30 2004, 2nd Edition.
4. Mohamed Gad – el – Hak "MEMS Handbook" Edited CRC Press 2001, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://www.academia.edu/Lectures_on_MEMS_and_MICROSYSTEMS_DESIGN_AND_MANUFACTURE
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses
3. https://www.iitk.ac.in/me/mems-fabrication
4. http://mems.iisc.ac.in/
5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ee36/preview

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
CO2	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
CO3	2	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	2
Avg	2.4	1.8	2	1.8	2.4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.6	2	2.4

EE3024 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING SYSTEM DESIGN

L	T	P	C
2	0	2	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concept of analyzing discrete time signals & systems in the time and frequency domain through mathematical representation.
- To study the various time to frequency domain transformation techniques.
- To Understand the computation algorithmic steps for Fourier Transform.
- To study about filters and their design for digital implementation.
- To introduce the programmable digital signal processor & its application.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 6

Classification of systems: Continuous, discrete, linear, causal, stable, dynamic, recursive, time variance; classification of signals: continuous and discrete, energy and power; mathematical representation of signals; spectral density; sampling techniques, quantization, quantization error, Nyquist rate, aliasing effect. Digital signal representation.

UNIT II DISCRETE TIME SYSTEM ANALYSIS 6

Z-transform and its properties, inverse z-transforms; difference equation – Solution by z-transform, application to discrete systems - Stability analysis, frequency response – Convolution – Introduction to Fourier Transform– Discrete time Fourier transform.

UNIT III DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM & COMPUTATION 6

DFT properties, magnitude and phase representation - Computation of DFT using FFT algorithm – DIT & DIF - FFT using radix 2 – Butterfly structure.

UNIT IV DESIGN OF DIGITAL FILTERS 6

FIR & IIR filter realization – Parallel & cascade forms. FIR design: Windowing Techniques – Need and choice of windows – Linear phase characteristics. IIR design: Analog filter design - Butterworth and Chebyshev approximations, digital design using impulse invariant and bilinear transformation - Warping, prewarping -Frequency transformation.

UNIT V DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS 6

Introduction – Architecture of one DSP processor for motor control – Features – Addressing Formats– Functional modes - Introduction to Commercial Processors.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENTS: 30 PERIODS

1. Laboratory exercise : Use any DSP processor/MATLAB/open source platform to give hands on training on basic concepts of Digital Signal Processing
   a) To determine impulse and step response of two vectors.
   b) To perform convolution between two vectors.
   c) To compute DFT and IDFT of a given sequence.
   d) To perform linear convolution of two sequence using DFT
   e) Design and Implementation of FIR Filter
   f) Design and Implementation of IIR Filter
   g) To determine z-transform from the given transfer function and its ROC
2. Assignment : Implementation of FIR/IIR filter with FPGA.
3. DSP processors based Mini project.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to

CO1: Explain the concepts of digital signal processing

CO2: Illustrate the system representation using transforms

CO3: Learn the transformation techniques for time to frequency conversion

CO4: Design suitable digital FIR, IIR algorithm for the given specification

CO5: Use digital signal processor for application development

TEXTBOOKS:

1. J.G. Proakis and D.G. Manolakis, 'Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms and Applications', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 4th Edition 2007.
2. Robert J.Schilling & Sandra L.Harris ,' Introduction to Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB', Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Emmanuel C Ifeachor and Barrie W Jervis, "Digital Signal Processing – 'A Practical approach" Pearson Education, Second edition, 2002.
2. Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer and John R. Buck, 'Discrete – Time Signal Processing', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2nd Edition 2012.
3. SenM.kuo, Woonseng .. s.gan, 'Digital Signal Processors, Architecture, Implementations & Applications, Pearson, 1st Edition 2004.
4. S.K. Mitra, 'Digital Signal Processing – A Computer Based Approach', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 4th Edition 2013.
5. B. Venkataramani, M. Bhaskar, 'Digital Signal Processors, Architecture, Programming and Applications', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117102060
2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/digital_signal_processing/index.htm
3. https://www.elprocus.com/digital-signal-processor/
4. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/digital-signal-processing-algorithm#:~:text=Digital%20signal%20processing%20algorithms%20are,known%20as%20operations%20or%20ops.
5. https://www.electronicshub.org/introduction-to-fpga/

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	3
Avg	2.4	2	2.8	2.4	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.8	2.2	2

VERTICAL IV : ELECTRIC VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY

EE3025	**ELECTRIC VEHICLE ARCHITECTURE**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
		3	**0**	**0**	**3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the structure of Electric Vehicle, Hybrid Electric Vehicle
- To study about the EV conversion components
- To know about the details and specifications for Electric Vehicles
- To understand the concepts of Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle
- To model and simulate all types of DC motors

UNIT I VEHICLE ARCHITECTURE and SIZING (7+2 Skill) 9

Electric Vehicle History, and Evolution of Electric Vehicles. Series, Parallel and Series parallel Architecture, Micro and Mild architectures. Mountain Bike - Motorcycle- Electric Cars and Heavy Duty EVs. -Details and Specifications.

UNIT II VEHICLE MECHANICS (7+2 Skill) 9

Vehicle mechanics- Roadway fundamentals, Laws of motion, Vehicle Kinetics, Dynamics of vehicle motion, propulsion power, velocity and acceleration. Tire –Road mechanics, Propulsion System Design.

UNIT III POWER COMPONENTS AND BRAKES (7+2 Skill) 9

Power train Component sizing- Gears, Clutches, Differential, Transmission and Vehicle Brakes. EV power train sizing, HEV Powertrain sizing, Example.

UNIT IV HYBRID VEHICLE CONTROL STRATEGY (7+2 Skill) 9

Vehicle supervisory controll, Mode selection strategy, Modal Control strategies.

UNIT V PLUG-IN HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLE (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction-History-Comparison with electrical and hybrid electrical vehicle-Construction and working of PHEV-Block diagram and components-Charging mechanisms-Advantages of PHEVs.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / etc) Basics of MATLAB simulation 10

1. Variables and Expressions Formats, Vectors and Matrices.
2. Arrays, Vectors.
3. Matrices, Built-in functions. Trigonometric functions.
4. Data types and Plotting.
5. Simulation of drive cycles.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Summarize the History and Evolution of EVs, Hybrid and Plug-in Hybrid EVs

CO2: Describe the various EV components

CO3: Describe the concepts related in the Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles

CO4: Analyse the details and Specifications for the various EVs developed.

CO5: Describe the hybrid vehicle control strategy.

REFERENCES:

1. Mehrdad Ehsani, YiminGao, Sebastian E. Gay, Ali Emadi, 'Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design', CRC Press, 2004.
2. Build Your Own Electric Vehicle,Seth Leitman , Bob Brant, McGraw Hill, Third Edition 2013.
3. Advanced Electric Drive Vehicles, Ali Emadi, CRC Press, First edition 2017.
4. The Electric Vehicle Conversion Handbook: How to Convert Cars, Trucks, Motorcycles, and Bicycles – Includes EV Components, Kits, and Project Vehicles Mark Warner, HP Books, 2011.
5. Heavy-duty Electric Vehicles from Concept to Reality, Shashank Arora, Alireza Tashakori Abkenar, Shantha Gamini Jayasinghe, Kari Tammi, Elsevier Science, 2021
6. Electric Vehicles Modern Technologies and Trends, Nil Patel, Akash Kumar Bhoi, Sanjeevikumar Padmanaban, Jens Bo Holm-Nielsen Springer, 2020
7. Hybrid Electric Vehicles: A Review of Existing Configurations and Thermodynamic Cycles, Rogelio León , Christian Montaleza , José Luis Maldonado , Marcos Tostado-Véliz and Francisco Jurado, Thermo, **2021**, 1, 134–150. https://doi.org/10.3390/thermo1020010

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO4	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
CO5	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
Avg	3	-	2.2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	3

EE3026 DESIGN OF MOTOR AND POWER CONVERTERS FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES **L T P C 2 0 2 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To review the drive cycles and requirements of EVs
- To know the working of motors used in Electric Vehicle
- To analyze and model the buck/boost converter operation and to design the same
- To learn the simulation basics of control systems
- To derive transfer functions for DC-DC converters

UNIT I ELECTRIC VEHICLE DYNAMICS 6

Standard drive cycles-Dynamics of Electric Vehicles-Tractive force-Maximum speed, torque, power, energy requirements of EVs.

UNIT II MOTORS FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES 6

Introduction – Speed And Torque control of above and below rated speed-Speed control of EV in the constant power region of electric motors. DC Motors, Induction Motor, Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motors (PMSM), Brushless DC Motors, Switched Reluctance Motors (SRMs), Synchronous Reluctance Machines-Choice of electric machines for EVs.

UNIT III BASICS OF SIMULATION IN CONTROL SYSTEMS 6

Transfer Function-How to build transfer function, identify Poles, zeros, draw time response plots, bode plot (Bode Plots for Multiplication Factors, Constant, Single and Double Integration Functions, Single and Double Differentiation Functions, Single Pole and Single Zero Functions, RHP Pole and RHP Zero Functions), state space modeling-transfer function from state space Model.

UNIT IV MODELING OF DC-DC CONVERTERS 6

Overview of PWM Converter Modelling -Power Stage Modelling - PWM Block Modelling - Voltage Feedback Circuit and Small-Signal Model of PWM Converter - Averaging Power Stage Dynamics - Average Models for buck/boost Converter - Small-Signal Model of Converter Power Stage - Frequency Response of Converter

UNIT V POWER STAGE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS OF DC – DC CONVERTERS 6

Power Stage Transfer Functions of buck-boost Converter in CCM Operation, Input-to-Output Transfer Function, Duty Ratio-to-Output Transfer Function, Load Current-to-Output Transfer Function.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simple simulation exercises of basic control systems
2. Bode plots and calculation of Gain margin and Phase margin for power stage transfer function via simulation.
3. Design of buck converter
4. Design of boost converter
5. Simulation of buck, boost and buck boost converter-open loop (With power circuit and Transfer function).

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To use appropriate electric machine for electric vehicle application

CO2: To compute transfer function with factors such as constant, integral, differential, first order factor and second order factor (both numerators & denominators)

CO3: To compute transfer function from state models

CO4: To design buck, boost and buck-boost converter

CO5: To compute a power stage transfer functions for DC-DC converters

CO6: To simulate DC-DC converters and to obtain gain margin and phase margin

REFERENCES:

1. Power Electronic Converters, Teuvo Suntio, Tuomas Messo, Joonas Puukko, First Edition 2017.
2. Fundamentals of Power Electronics with MATLAB, Randall Shaffer, 2nd Edition, 2013, Lakshmi publications
3. Feedback Control problems using MATLAB and the Control system tool box, Dean Frederick and Joe Cho, 2000, 1st Edition, Cengage learning.
4. Handbook of Automotive Power Electronics and Motor Drives, Ali Emadi, Taylor & Francis, 2005,1st Edition.
5. Electrical Machine Fundamentals with Numerical Simulation using MATLAB/SIMULINK, Atif Iqbal, Shaikh Moinoddin, Bhimireddy Prathap Reddy, Wiley,2021, 1st Edition
6. Emerging Power Converters for Renewable Energy and Electric Vehicles Modeling, Design, and Control, Md. Rabiul Islam,Md. Rakibuzzaman Shah, Mohd. Hasan Ali, CRC Press,2021, 1st Edition
7. Iqbal Hussain, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, Second Edition" CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Third Edition 2021.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												COs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3		3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	–	3	3	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	–	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	–	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	–	-	1	–	3	–	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3	3	2.8

EE3027 ELECTRIC VEHICLE DESIGN, MECHANICS AND CONTROL

L	T	P	C
2	0	2	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basics of EV and vehicle mechanics
- To know the EV architecture
- To study the energy storage system concepts
- To derive model for batteries and to know the different types of batteries and its charging methods
- To learn the control preliminaries for DC-DC converters.

UNIT I INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES **6**

IC Engines, BMEP and BSFC, Vehicle Fuel Economy, Emission Control Systems, Treatment of Diesel Exhaust Emissions.

UNIT II ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND VEHICLE MECHANICS **6**

Electric Vehicles (EV), Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV), Engine ratings- Comparisons of EV with internal combustion Engine vehicles- Fundamentals of vehicle mechanics.

UNIT III BATTERY MODELING, TYPES AND CHARGING **6**

Batteries in Electric and Hybrid Vehicles - Battery Basics -Battery Parameters, Types- Lead Acid Battery - Nickel-Cadmium Battery - Nickel-Metal-Hydride (NiMH) Battery - Li-Ion Battery - Li-Polymer Battery, Zinc-Air Battery, Sodium-Sulphur Battery, Sodium-Metal-Chloride, Research and Development for Advanced Batteries. Battery Modelling, Electric Circuit Models. Battery Pack Management, Battery Charging.

UNIT IV CONTROL PRELIMINARIES **6**

Control Design Preliminaries - Introduction - Transfer Functions – Bode plot analysis for First order and second order systems - Stability - Transient Performance- Power transfer function for boost converter - Gain margin and Phase margin study-open loop mode.

UNIT V CONTROL OF AC MACHINES **6**

Introduction- Reference frame theory, basics-modeling of induction and synchronous machine in various frames-Vector control- Direct torque control.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Develop a model that could estimate Soc and SoH of Li-Ion Battery.
2. Modelling and thermal analysis of Li-Ion Battery.
3. Simulation of boost converter and calculating gain and phase margin from the transfer function
4. Simulation of vector control of induction motor

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To describe the concepts related with EV, HEV and to compare the same with internal combustion engine vehicles

CO2: To find gain margin & phase margin for various types of transfer functions of boost converter

CO3: To demonstrate the Control of A.C Machines

CO4: To explain the concepts related with batteries and parameters of battery

CO5: To module the battery and to study the research and development for batteries

REFERENCES:

1. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, Third Edition, Iqbal Husain, CRC Press, 2021.
2. Power Electronic Converters : Dynamics and Control in Conventional and Renewable Energy Applications, Teuvo Suntio, Tuomas Messo, Joonas Puukko, 1st Edition, Wiley - VCH.
3. Ali Emadi, Mehrdad Ehsani, John M.Miller, "Vehicular Electric Power Systems", Special Indian Edition, Marcel dekker, Inc 2003, 1st Edition.
4. C.C. Chan and K.T. Chau, 'Modern Electric Vehicle Technology', OXFORD University Press, 2001, 1st Edition.
5. Wie Liu, "Hybrid Electric Vehicle System Modeling and Control", Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2017, 2nd Edition.
6. Dynamic Simulation of Electric Machinery using MATLAB, Chee Mun Ong, Prentice Hall 1997, 1st Edition.
7. Electrical Machine Fundamentals with Numerical Simulation using MATLAB/ SIMULINK, Atif Iqbal, Shaikh Moinoddin, Bhimireddy Prathap Reddy, Wiley, 2021, 1st Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	2	3	-	3
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	2	3	-	3
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	2	-	2	3	-	3
CO4	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	2	-	2	3	-	3
CO5	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	2	-	2	3	2	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	-	1	2.1	-	2	3	2.5	3

EE3026	DESIGN OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING SYSTEM	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the charging station and standards
- To learn the concepts of power converters in charging
- To find the charging scheme in renewable based EV charging
- To demonstrate the wireless power transfer technique
- To design & simulate power factor correction circuits

UNIT I CHARGING STATIONS AND STANDARDS 6

Introduction-Charging technologies- Conductive charging, EV charging infrastructure, International standards and regulations - Inductive charging, need for inductive charging of EV, Modes and operating principle, Static and dynamic charging, Bidirectional power flow, International standards and regulations

UNIT II POWER ELECTRONICS FOR EV CHARGING 6

Layouts of EV Battery Charging Systems-AC charging-DC charging systems- Power Electronic Converters for EV Battery Charging- AC–DC converter with boost PFC circuit, with bridge and without bridge circuit - Bidirectional DC–DC Converters– Non-isolated DC–DC bidirectional converter topologies- Half-bridge bidirectional converter.

UNIT III EV CHARGING USING RENEWABLE AND STORAGE SYSTEMS 6

Introduction - EV charger topologies , EV charging/discharging strategies - Integration of EV charging-home solar PV system , Operation modes of EVC-HSP system , Control strategy of EVC-HSP system - fast-charging infrastructure with solar PV and energy storage.

UNIT IV WIRELESS POWER TRANSFER 6

Introduction - Inductive, Magnetic Resonance, Capacitive types, Wireless Chargers for Electric Vehicles - Types of Electric Vehicles - Battery Technology in EVs -Charging Modes in EVs - Benefits of WPT - WPT Operation Modes - Standards for EV Wireless Chargers, SAE J2954, IEC 61980, ISO 19363

UNIT V POWER FACTOR CORRECTION IN CHARGING SYSTEM 6

Need for power factor correction- Boost Converter for Power Factor Correction, Sizing the Boost Inductor, Average Currents in the Rectifier and calculation of power losses-

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Simulation and analysis for bi-directional charging V2G and G2V.
2. Design and demonstrate solar PV based EV charging station.
3. Simulate and infer wireless power charging station for EV charging.
4. Simulation of boost converter based power factor correction.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: To illustrate various charging techniques and to know charging standards and regulations.
CO2: To demonstrate the working a DC-DC converters used for charging systems and principles
CO3: To illustrate the advantages of renewable system based charging systems
CO4: To demonstrate the principles of wireless power transfer
CO5: To analyze the standards for wireless charging
CO6: To design and simulate boost converter based power factor correction.

REFERENCES:

1. Mobile Electric Vehicles Online Charging and Discharging, Miao Wang Ran Zhang Xuemin (Sherman) Shen, Springer 2016, 1st Edition.
2. Alicia Triviño-Cabrera, José M. González-González, José A. Aguado, Wireless Power Transfer for Electric Vehicles: Foundations and Design Approach, Springer Publisher 1st Edition, 2020.
3. Nil Patel, Akash Kumar Bhoi, Sanjeevikumar Padmanaban, Jens Bo Holm-Nielsen, Electric Vehicles Modern Technologies and Trends, Springer Publisher 1st Edition, 2021.
4. Cable Based and Wireless Charging Systems for Electric Vehicles, Technology and control, management and grid integration, Rajiv Singh, Sanjeevikumar Padmanaban, Sanjeet Dwivedi, Marta Molinas and Frede Blaabjerg, IET 2021, 1st Edition.
5. Electric and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, James D Halderman, Pearson, 2022, 1st Edition.
6. Handbook of Automotive Power Electronics and Motor Drives, Ali Emadi, Taylor & Francis, 2005.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	3	-	3	3	–	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3				-	-			-		-		3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	2	-	1	3	2	3
CO5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	2	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	2	-	2.75	-	2.25	3	3	3

EE3029	**TESTING OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
		2	**0**	**2**	**3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know various standardization procedures
- To learn the testing procedures for EV & HEV components
- To know the functional safety and EMC
- To realize the effect of EMC in EVs
- To study the effect of EMI in motor drives and in DC-DC converter system

UNIT I EV STANDARDIZATION 6

Introduction - Current status of standardization of electric vehicles, electric Vehicles and Standardization - Standardization Bodies Active in the Field – Standardization activities in countries like Japan, The International Electro Technical Commission - Standardization of Vehicle Components.

UNIT II TESTING OF ELECTRIC MOTORS AND CONTROLLERS FOR ELECTRIC AND HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES 6

Test Procedure Using M-G Set, electric motor, controller, application of Test Procedure, Analysis of Test Items for the Type Test - Motor Test and Controller Test (Controller Only), - Test Procedure Using Eddy Current Type Engine Dynamometer, Test Strategy, Test Procedure, Discussion on Test Procedure, Test Procedure Using AC Dynamometer

UNIT III FUNDAMENTALS OF FUNCTIONAL SAFETY AND EMC 6

Functional safety life cycle - Fault tree analysis - Hazard and risk assessment – software development - Process models - Development assessments - Configuration management - Reliability - Reliability block diagrams and redundancy - Functional safety and EMC - Functional safety and quality - Standards - Functional safety of autonomous vehicles.

UNIT IV EMC IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES 6

Introduction - EMC Problems of EVs, EMC Problems of Motor Drive, EMC Problems of DC-DC Converter System, EMC Problems of Wireless Charging System, EMC Problem of Vehicle Controller, EMC Problems of Battery Management System, Vehicle EMC Requirements-

UNIT V EMI IN MOTOR DRIVE AND DC-DC CONVERTER SYSTEM 6

Overview -EMI Mechanism of Motor Drive System, Conducted Emission Test of Motor Drive System, IGBT EMI Source, EMI Coupling Path, EMI Modelling of Motor Drive System, EMI in DC-DC Converter, EMI Source, The Conducted Emission High-Frequency, Equivalent Circuit of DC-DC Converter System, EMI Coupling Path

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: 30 PERIODS

1. Design and simulate motor controller for hybrid electric vehicle applications.
2. Simulation of EMC analysis for Wireless power transfer EV charging.
3. Design and simulation of EMI filter.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To describe the status and other details of standardization of EVs

CO2: To illustrate the testing protocols for EVs and HEV components

CO3: To analyze the safety cycle and need for functions safety for EVs

CO4: To analyze the problems related with EMC for EV components.

CO5: To evaluate the EMI in motor drive and DC-DC converter system.

REFERENCES:

1. Handbook of Automotive Power Electronics and Motor Drives, Ali Emadi, Taylor & Francis, 2005, 1st Edition.
2. Electromagnetic Compatibility of Electric Vehicle, Li Zhai, Springer 2021, 1st Edition.
3. EMC and Functional Safety of Automotive Electronics, Kai Borgeest, IET 2018, 1st Edition.
4. EMI/EMC Computational Modeling Handbook, Bruce Archam beault, colin branch, Omar M.Ramachi ,Springer 2012, 2nd Edition.
5. Automotive EMC, Mark Steffka, Springer 2013, 1st Edition.
6. Electric Vehicle Systems Architecture and Standardization Needs, Reports of the PPP European Green Vehicles Initiative, Beate Müller, Gereon Meyer, Springer 2015, 1st Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
CO2	3	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
CO3	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
CO4	3	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
CO5	3	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Avg	3	1	1	-	-	-	1.8	2		1		2	3	3	2.2

EE3030 GRID INTEGRATION OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know the basic details of V2G
- To study the benefits & challenges of V2G
- To learn EV & V2G on the smart grids renewable energy systems
- To know the grid integration

UNIT I DEFINITION, And STATUS Of V2G (7+2 Skill) 9

Defining Vehicle to Grid (V2G) - History and Development of V2G. Incorporating V2G to the EV. Auditing and Metering, V2G in Practice , V2G - Power Markets and Applications , Electricity Markets and V2G Suitability , Long-Term Storage, Renewable Energy, and Other Grid Applications , Beyond the Grid: Other Concepts Related to V2G.

UNIT II BENEFITS AND CHALLENGES OF V2G (7+2 Skill) 9

Benefits of V2G. Technical Benefits: Storage Superiority and Grid Efficiency, Economic Benefits: EV Owners and Societal Savings. Environment and Health Benefits: Sustainability in Electricity and Transport. Other Benefits.

UNIT III CHALLENGES TO V2G (7+2 Skill) 9

Technical Challenges-Battery Degradation, Charger Efficiency, Aggregation and Communication, V2G in a Digital Society. **The Economic and Business Challenges to V2G** - Evaluating V2G Costs and Revenues , EV Costs and Benefits , Adding V2G Costs and Benefits , Additional V2G Costs , The Evolving Nature of V2G Costs and Benefits. **Regulatory and Political Challenges to V2G** , V2G and Regulatory Frameworks , Market Design Challenges, Other V2G Regulatory and Legal Challenges.

UNIT IV IMPACT OF EV AND V2G ON THE SMART GRID AND RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction - Types of Electric Vehicles - Motor Vehicle Ownership and EV Migration - Impact of Estimated EVs on Electrical Network - Impact on Drivers and the Smart Grid - Standardization and Plug-and-Play - IEC 61850 Communication Standard and IEC 61850-7-420 Extension.

UNIT V GRID INTEGRATION AND MANAGEMENT OF EVS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction - Machine to Machine (M2M) in distributed energy management systems - M2M communication for EVs - M2M communication architecture (3GPP) - Electric vehicle data logging - Scalability of electric vehicles -M2M communication with scheduling.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / etc) 10

1. Simulation of connecting three phase inverter to the grid
2. Simulate and analyse the power quality issues of V2G systems
3. Design and simulate battery management system for smart grid with distributed generation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1 : Explain the concepts related with V2G

CO2 : Study the grid connection of 3 phase Q inverter

CO3 : Explain the technical, economics, business, regulatory & political challenges related with V2G

CO4 : Demonstrate the impact of EV and V2G on smart grid and renewable energy system

CO5 : Explain the concept of grid integration and management of EVs.

REFERENCES:

1. Advanced Electric Drive Vehicles, Ali Emadi, CRC Press 2017, 1st Edition.
2. Plug In Electric Vehicles in Smart Grids: Charging Strategies, Sumedha Rajakaruna, Farhad Shahnia and Arindam Ghosh,Springer,2015, 1st Edition.
3. ICT for Electric Vehicle Integration with the Smart Grid, Nand Kishor, Jesus Fraile-Ardanuy, IET 2020, 1st Edition.
4. Vehicle-to-Grid: Linking Electric Vehicles to the Smart Grid, Junwei Lu and Jahangir Hossain, IET 2015, 1st Edition.
5. Lance Noel · Gerardo Zarazua de Rubens Johannes Kester · Benjamin K. Sovacool, Vehicle-to-Grid A Sociotechnical Transition Beyond Electric Mobility, 2019, 1st Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	3	1
CO2	3	3	-	-	3	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO4	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	2
CO5	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	-	2
Avg	3	3	-	-	3	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	3	3	1.2

EE3031	INTELLIGENT CONTROL OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To design and drive the mathematical model of a BLDC motor and its characteristics
- To learn the different control schemes for BLDC motor
- To study the basics of fuzzy logic
- To study the FPGA & VHDL basics
- To implement fuzzy logic control of BLDC motor in real time

UNIT I MATHEMATICAL MODEL AND CHARACTERISTICS ANALYSIS OF THE BLDC MOTOR **6**

Structure and Drive Modes - Basic Structure, General Design Method, Drive Modes, Mathematical Model, Differential Equations, Transfer Functions, State-Space Equations. Characteristics Analysis, Starting Characteristics, Steady-State Operation, Dynamic Characteristics, Load Matching Commutation Transients

UNIT II SPEED CONTROL FOR ELECTRIC DRIVES **6**

Introduction -PID Control Principle, Anti windup Controller, Intelligent Controller, Vector Control, Control applied to BLDC motor-.

UNIT III FUZZY LOGIC **6**

Membership functions: features, fuzzification, methods of membership value assignments Defuzzification: lambda cuts - methods - fuzzy arithmetic and fuzzy measures: fuzzy arithmetic - extension principle - fuzzy measures - measures of fuzziness -fuzzy integrals - fuzzy rule base and approximate reasoning : truth values and tables, fuzzy propositions, formation of rules decomposition of rules, aggregation of fuzzy rules, fuzzy reasoning-fuzzy inference systems, overview of fuzzy expert system-fuzzy decision making.

UNIT IV FPGA AND VHDL BASICS **6**

Introduction – FPGA Architecture-Advantages-Review of FPGA family processors- Spartan 3, Spartan 6 and Spartan 7, VHDL Basics- Fundamentals-Instruction set-data type-conditional statements- programs like arithmetic, sorting, PWM generation, Speed detection.

UNIT V REAL TIME IMPLEMENTATION **6**

Inverter design, identifying rotor position via hall effect sensors, open loop and fuzzy logic control of 48 V BLDC motor using FPGA.

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT: **30 PERIODS**

1. Design and simulate speed controller for induction motors in EV for both dynamic and steady state performance
2. Simulate a fuzzy logic controller based energy storage system for EV.
3. Fuzzy logic control of BLDC motor using FPGA in real time

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: To design the mathematical model of a BLDC motor and to discuss about its characteristics

CO2: To demonstrate the PID control, anti windup controller, Intelligent Controller and Vector Control, Control applied to BLDC motor.

CO3: To illustrate the basics of fuzzy logic system

CO4: To describe the basics of VHDL & FPGA applied to control of EVs

CO5: To design and implement of fuzzy logic control scheme for BLDC motor using FPGA in real time.

REFERENCES:

1. Electric Powertrain Energy Systems, Power Electronics and Drives for Hybrid, Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles, John G. Hayes, G. Abas Goodarzi, Wiley, 1st Edition 2018.
2. VHDL Primer, A (3rd Edition), Jayaram Bhasker, Prentice Hall, 1st Edition 2015.
3. Iqbal Hussain, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, Third Edition" CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2021, 1st Edition.
4. Chang-liang, Permanent Magnet Brushless DC Motor Drives and Controls, Xia Wiley 2012 1st Edition
5. M.N. Cirstea, A. Dinu, J.G. Khor,M. McCormick, Neural and Fuzzy Logic Control of Drives and Power Systems, Newnes publications, 1st Edition, 2002
6. Wei Liu, Hybrid Electric Vehicle System Modeling and Control, Wiley 2017, 2nd Edition
7. Electric and Plug-in Hybrid Vehicle Networks Optimization and Control, Emanuele Crisostomi • Robert Shorten, Sonja Stüdli • Fabian Wirth, CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2018.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	3	3	3	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	-	-	-		-	2	-	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	2.5	2.5	3	-	-	3	-	2	-	3	3	2.6	2.4

VERTICAL V : ADVANCED CONTROL

CIC331	PROCESS MODELING AND SIMULATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the important of mathematical models for Industrial processes.
- To acquaint students with different forms of mathematical models.
- To develop and simulate mathematical models for different Industrial processes.
- To apply Mathematical tools while developing mathematical models.
- To analyze the graphical response of developed mathematical models.

UNIT I GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF MODELLING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to mathematical modeling; Advantages and limitations of models and applications of process models of stand-alone unit operations and unit processes; Classification of models. Linear vs Nonlinear, Lumped parameter vs. Distributed parameter; Static vs. Dynamic, Continuous vs. Discrete; Numerical Methods: Iterative convergence methods, Numerical integration of ODE- IVP and ODEBVP.

UNIT II MODELLING OF DISTRIBUTED PROCESSES (7+2 SKILL) 9

Steady state models giving rise to differential algebraic equation (DAE) systems; Rate basedApproaches for staged processes; Modeling of differential contactors – distributed parameter models of packed beds; Packed bed reactors; Modeling of reactive separation processes; Review of solution strategies for Differential Algebraic Equations (DAEs), Partial Differential Equations (PDEs), and available numerical software libraries.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO PROCESS MODELLING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Concept of degree of freedom analysis: System and its subsystem, System interaction, Degree of freedomin a system e.g. Heat exchanger, Equilibrium still, Reversal of information flow, Design variable selectionalgorithm, Information flow through subsystems, Structural effects of design variable selection, PersistentRecycle.

UNIT IV MODELLING OF INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES (7+2 SKILL) 9

Simple examples of process models; Models giving rise to nonlinear algebraic equation (NAE) systems, -steady state models of flash vessels, equilibrium staged processes distillation columns, absorbers,strippers, CSTR, heat exchangers, etc.; Review of solution procedures and available numerical softwarelibraries.

UNIT V SIMULATION OF MATHEMATICAL MODELLING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Simulation and their approaches, Modular, Sequential, Simultaneous and Equation solving approach, Simulation softwares and their applications, Review of solution techniques and available numerical software libraries.- Case Studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Developing steady state /Dynamic mathematical model of different unit processes (ODE or PDE)
2. Simulation of steady state/ dynamic models using appropriate software
3. Open loop study based on the developed mathematical model.
4. Development and simulation of unsteady state models for simple processes.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1	Will be able to understand different methods of developing models for industrial processes.
CO2	Able to build mathematical models by applying relevant mathematics.
CO3	Able to implement mathematical models using relevant software.
CO4	Effectively perform analysis and subsequent conclusion for the developed mathematical models
CO5	Able to interpret the results obtained from the mathematical model in terms of original real world problem

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Denn M. M., "Process Modeling", Longman, 1986. 1st Edition.
2. Aris R.,"Mathematical Modeling A Chemical Engineering Perspective (Process System Engineering)", Academic Press, 1999, Volume 1.

REFERENCES:

1. Luyben W.L., "Process Modeling, Simulation, and Control for Chemical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 1990.
2. D. F. Rudd and C. C. Watson, " Strategy of Process Engineering", Wiley international, 1st Edition, 1968.
3. M.M. Denn, "Process Modelling", Wiley, New York, 1st Edition, 1986.
4. A. K. Jana, "Chemical Process Modelling and Computer Simulation", PHI,1st Edition, 2011.
5. C.D. Holland, "Fundamentals of Modelling Separation Processes", Prentice Hall, , 1st Edition, 1975.
6. HussainAsghar, "Chemical Process Simulation", Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, , 1st Edition, 1986.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107096/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103101111

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111107105

https://www.academia.edu/37228987/Process_Modeling_Simulation_and_Control_for_Chemical_Engineers

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO2	3	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO3	1	-	2	3	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO4	1	-	3	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO5	1	2	-	3	-	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Avg	3	1	-	-	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2

CIC332	COMPUTER CONTROL OF PROCESSES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To represent the linear time invariant System in discrete State Space form
- To analyze the controllability, observability and stability of a Discrete time System.
- To estimate model parameters from input/output measurements
- To Design Digital Controllers
- To Design Multi-loop and Multivariable Controllers for multivariable system

UNIT I DISCRETE STATE-VARIABLE TECHNIQUE (7+2 SKILL) 9

State equation of discrete data system with sample and hold – State transition equation – Methods of computing the state transition matrix – Decomposition of discrete data transfer functions – State diagrams of discrete data systems – System with zero-order hold – Controllability and observability of linear time invariant discrete data system–Stability tests of discrete-data system

UNIT II SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Identification of Non-Parametric Input-Output Models: -Transient analysis-Frequency analysis-Correlation analysis- Spectral analysis – Identification of Parametric Input-Output Models: - Least Squares Method – Recursive Least Square Method.

UNIT III DIGITAL CONTROLLER DESIGN (7+2 SKILL) 9

Review of z-transform – Modified of z-transform – Pulse transfer function – Digital PID controller – Dead-beat controller and Dahlin's controller – Kalman's algorithm, Pole Placement Controller

UNIT IV MULTI-LOOP REGULATORY CONTROL (7+2 SKILL) 9

Multi-loop Control - Introduction – Process Interaction – Pairing of Inputs and Outputs -The Relative Gain Array (RGA) – Properties and Application of RGA - Multi-loop PID Controller – Biggest Log Modulus Tuning Method – De-coupler.

UNIT V MULTIVARIABLE REGULATORY CONTROL (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to Multivariable control –Multivariable PID Controller – Multivariable Dynamic Matrix Controller – Case Studies: - Distillation Column, CSTR and Four-tank system.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/ Assignment/ Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Calculate the RGA to determine the recommended pairing between controlled and manipulated variables for any system.
2. Seminar on LS, RLS methods.
3. Design of DMC for distillation Column, CSTR and Four-tank systemin MATLAB.
4. Design a Multi-loop & Multivariable controller for MIMO system.
5. Design a model for any industrial process using parametric & non-parametric system.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Develop mathematical models for discrete time systems using state variable techniques and analyze the stability of the systems. L4

CO2 Construct models from input-output data by least square and recursive least square method. L5

CO3 Ability to design different digital controllers to satisfy the required criterion. L5

CO4 Design a multi-loop controller and multivariable controller for multi-variable systems. L5

CO5 Ability to design multivariable dynamic matrix controller for industrial processes. L5

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stephanopoulos, G., "Chemical Process Control -An Introduction to Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall of India, 1st Edition, 2015.
2. Sigurd Skogestad, Ian Postlethwaite, "Multivariable Feedback Control: Analysis and Design", John Wiley and Sons, 2005, 2nd Edition.

REFERENCE

1. Thomas E. Marlin, Process Control – Designing Processes and Control systems for Dynamic Performance, Mc-Graw-Hill,2000, 2nd Edition.
2. Gopal, M., "Digital Control and State Variable Methods", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition, 2017.
3. P. Albertos and A. Sala, "Multivariable Control Systems An Engineering Approach", Springer Verlag, 1st Edition, 2004.
4. Bequette, B.W., "Process Control Modeling, Design and Simulation", Prentice Hall of India, 1st Edition, 2003.
5. Dale E. Seborg, Duncan A. Mellichamp, Thomas F. Edgar, "Process Dynamics and Control", Wiley John and Sons, 4th Edition, 2016.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103104050

https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/mlc-downloads/downloads/submissions/10816/versions/1/previews/Mimotools/rga.m/index.html
https://in.mathworks.com/help/ident/

https://ctms.engin.umich.edu/CTMS/index.php?example=Introduction&section=ControlDigital

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Avg.	3	3	3	2.8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

CIC333 SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To elaborate the concept of estimating the state variables of a system using state estimation algorithms.
- To elaborate the concept of estimating the parameters of the input-output models using parameter estimation algorithms.
- To make the student understand the various closed loop system identification techniques.
- To make the student understand the various closed loop system identification techniques.
- To provide the background on the practical aspects of conducting experiments for real time system identification.

UNIT I NON PARAMETRIC METHODS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Nonparametric methods: Transient analysis - frequency analysis - Correlation analysis - Spectral analysis.

UNIT II PARAMETRIC METHODS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Parametric model structures: ARX, ARMAX, OE, BJ models - The Least square estimate - Best linear unbiased estimation under linear constraints - Updating the Parameter estimates for linear regression models - Prediction error methods: Description of Prediction error methods - Optimal Prediction – Relationships between prediction error methods and other identification methods - theoretical analysis. Instrumental variable methods: Description of Instrumental variable methods - Theoretical analysis - covariance matrix of IV estimates - Comparison of optimal IV and prediction error methods.

UNIT III RECURSIVE IDENTIFICATION METHODS (7+2 SKILL) 9

The recursive least squares method – Recursive Instrumental variable method-the recursive prediction error method-model validation and model structure determination. Identification of systems operating in closed loop: Identifiability considerations - Direct identification - Indirect identification - Joint input – Output identification.

UNIT IV CLOSED- LOOP IDENTIFICATION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Identification of systems operating in closed loop: direct identification and indirect identification – Subspace identification methods: classical and innovation forms – Relay feedback identification of stable processes.

UNIT V NONLINEAR SYSTEM IDENTIFICATION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Modeling of nonlinear systems using ANN- NARX & NARMAX - Training Feed-forward and Recurrent Neural Networks – TSK model – Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System (ANFIS) - Introduction to Support Vector Regression.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Familiarization of various system identification methods in MATLAB.
2. Seminar on ANFIS
3. Exploration of other advanced system identification methods.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Ability to design and implement state estimation schemes. L5
CO2 Ability to develop various models (Linear & Nonlinear) from the experimental data. L5
CO3 Be able to choose a suitable model and parameter estimation algorithm for the identification of systems. L3
CO4 Be able to illustrate verification and validation of identified model. L3

CO5 Ability to develop the model for prediction and simulation purposes using suitable control schemes. L5

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Lennart Ljung, "System Identification: Theory for the user", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1999.
2. Dan Simon, "Optimal State Estimation Kalman, H-infinity and Non-linear Approaches", John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
3. Tangirala, A.K., "Principles of System Identification: Theory and Practice", CRC Press, 2014, 1st Edition.

REFERENCE

1. Cortes, C., and Vapnik, V., "Support-Vector Networks, Machine Learning", 1995, 1st Edition.
2. Miller, W.T., Sutton, R.S., and Webrose, P.J., "Neural Networks for Control", MIT Press, 1996, 1st Edition.
3. Van der Heijden, F., Duin, R.P.W., De Ridder, D., and Tax, D.M.J., "Classification, Parameter Estimation and State Estimation", An Engineering Approach Using MATLAB, John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2017, 2nd Edition.
4. Karel J. Keesman, "System Identification an Introduction", Springer, 2011, 1st Edition.
5. Tao Liu and Furong Gao, "Industrial Process Identification and control design, Step-test and relay-experiment-based methods", Springer- Verlag London Ltd., 2012, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

https://in.mathworks.com/help/ident/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103106149

https://in.mathworks.com/help/curvefit/nonparametric-fitting.html

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111102143

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Avg	3	2.6	2.6	2.6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

CIC338 MODEL BASED CONTROL

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the Knowledge about Multivariable and Multiloop systems.
- To understand the Model predictive control schemes and its elements.
- Get exposed to state space MPC along with case studies.
- To acquire knowledge on various constrained MPC.
- To make the student understand the principles of STR, MRAC and Gain scheduling
- To make the student design simple adaptive controllers for linear systems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MIMO CONTROL (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to MIMO Systems-Multivariable control-Multiloop Control-Multivariable IMC-IMCPID-Case studies.

UNIT II MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL SCHEMES (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to Model Predictive Control - Model Predictive Control Elements - Generalized Predictive Control Scheme – Multivariable Generalized Predictive Control Scheme – Multiple Model based Model Predictive Control Scheme Case Studies.

UNIT III STATE SPACE BASED MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL SCHEME (7+2 SKILL) 9

State Space Model Based Predictive Control Scheme - Review of Kalman Update based filters - State Observer Based Model Predictive Control Schemes – Case Studies.

UNIT IV CONSTRAINED MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL SCHEME (7+2 SKILL) 9

Constraints Handling: Amplitude Constraints and Rate Constraints –Constraints and Optimization – Constrained Model Predictive Control Scheme – Case Studies.

UNIT V ADAPTIVE CONTROL SCHEME (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to Adaptive Control-Gain Scheduling-Self tuning regulators-MARS-Adaptive Model Predictive Control Scheme –Case Studie

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Explore various MIMO controllers presently used in industries.
2. Develop MPC, Adaptive and MIMO controllers for industrial processes.
3. Implement the controllers for MIMO systems.
4. Using software tools for practical exposures to the controllers used in industries by undergoing training.
5. Realisation of various optimization techniques for economical operation of process.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1 Ability to apply engineering knowledge to understand the control schemes on MIMO systems L3.

CO2 Ability to design controller for MIMO systemL5.

CO3 Ability to analyze the control schemes available in industries L4.

CO4 Ability to design MPC, Adaptive controllers for practical engineering problems L5.

CO5 Ability to choose suitable controllers for the given problems L5.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Coleman Brosilow, Babu Joseph, "Techniques of Model-Based Control", Prantice Hall PTR Pub 2002, 1st Edition.
2. E. F. Camacho, C. Bordons ,"Model Predictive Control",Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007, 2nd Edition.
3. K.J. Astrom and B. J. Wittenmark, "Adaptive Control", Second Edition, Pearson Education Inc., second Edition 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Serban Agachi, Zoltan K. Nagy, Mircea Vasile Cristea, and Arpad Imre-Lucaci Model Based Control Case Studies in Process Engineering,WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim 2007,1st Edition.
2. Ridong Zhang, Anke Xue Furong Gao,"Model Predictive Control Approaches Based on the Extended State Space Model and Extended Non-minimal State Space Model",Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd. 2018, 1st Edition.
3. J.A. ROSSITER "Model-Based Predictive Control A Practical Approach"Taylor & Francis e-Library, 2005, 1st edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103037
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108103007
3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ge01/preview
4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/127106225

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Avg	3	2.8	2.8	2.6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

CIC334	NON LINEAR CONTROL	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge on design in state variable form
- To provide knowledge in phase plane analysis.
- To give basic knowledge in describing function analysis.
- To study the design of optimal controller.
- To study the design of optimal estimator including Kalman Filter

UNIT I STATE VARIABLE DESIGN (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction to state Model- effect of state Feedback- Necessary and Sufficient Condition for Arbitrary Pole-placement- pole placement Design- design of state Observers- separation principle- servo design: -State Feedback with integral control

UNIT II PHASE PLANE ANALYSIS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Features of linear and non-linear systems - Common physical non-linearities – Methods of linearization Concept of phase portraits – Singular points – Limit cycles – Construction of phaseportraits – Phase plane analysis of linear and non-linear systems – Isocline method

UNIT III DESCRIBING FUNCTION ANALYSIS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Basic concepts, derivation of describing functions for common non-linearities – Describing function analysis of non-linear systems – limit cycles – Stability of oscillations.

UNIT IV OPTIMAL CONTROL (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction - Time varying optimal control – LQR steady state optimal control – Solution of Ricatti's equation – Application examples.

UNIT V OPTIMAL ESTIMATION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Optimal estimation – KalmanBucy Filter-Solution by duality principle-Discrete systems-Kalman Filter-Application examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/ Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1 Design of linear quadratic regulator (LQR) control system for any application of your own
2 Familiarization of Kalman filter in MATLAB
3 Seminar on pole placement design

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1	Able to apply the knowledge gained on state feedback control and nonlinear control. (L5)
CO2	Ability to carryout analysis for common nonlinearities in a system. (L4)
CO3	Apply advanced control theory to practical engineering problems. (L3)
CO4	Design optimal controller. (L5)
CO5	Understand the basics and importance of Kalman filter. (L2)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G. J. Thaler, "Automatic Control Systems", Jaico Publishing House 1993
2. M.Gopal, Modern Control System Theory, New Age International Publishers, 2002, 2[nd]

Edition.
3. K. P. Mohandas, "Modern Control Engineering", Sanguine Technical Publishers, 2006, 1st Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Ashish Tewari, 'Modern Control Design with Matlab and Simulink', John Wiley, New Delhi, 2002, 1st Edition.
2. K. Ogata, 'Modern Control Engineering', 5th Edition, PHI, New Delhi, 2009.
3. T. Glad and L. Ljung,, "Control Theory –Multivariable and Non-Linear Methods", Taylor & Francis, 2002, 1st Edition.
4. D.S.Naidu, "Optimal Control Systems" First Indian Reprint, CRC Press, 2009, 1st Edition.
5. William S Levine, "Control System Fundamentals," The Control Handbook, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, 2011, 2nd Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

https://in.mathworks.com/discovery/kalman-filter.html
https://in.mathworks.com/help/control/getstart/design-an-lqr-servo-controller-insimulink.html
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ee24/preview
http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/101108047/lec22.pdf

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2
Avg.	2.8	2.2	2.4	2	1	1	1	2.8	1	2.8	1	1	2	2	2

CIC337 OPTIMAL CONTROL

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide an exposure to different type of optimal control problems such as time- optimal, fuel optimal, energy optimal control problems.
- To impart knowledge and skills needed to design Linear Quadratic Regulator for Time-invariant and Time-varying Linear system (Continuous time and Discrete-time systems).
- To introduce concepts needed to design optimal controller using Dynamic Programming Approach and H-J-B equation.
- To provide an exposure to various types of fault tolerant control schemes such as Passive and active approaches.
- To introduce concepts needed to design optimal controller in the presence of state constraints and time optimal controller.

UNIT I CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS AND OPTIMAL CONTROL (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction – Performance Index- Constraints – Formal statement of optimal control system – Calculus of variations – Function, Functional, increment, Differential and variation and optimum of function and functional – The basic variation problem Extrema of functions and functional with conditions – variational approach to optimal control system

UNIT II LINEAR QUADRATIC OPTIMAL CONTROL SYSTEM (7+2 SKILL) 9

Problem formulation - Finite time Linear Quadratic regulator – Infinite time LQR system: Time Varying case- Time-invariant case – Stability issues of Time-invariant regulator – Linear Quadratic Tracking system: Fine time case and Infinite time case

UNIT III DISCRETE TIME OPTIMAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Variational calculus for Discrete time systems – Discrete time optimal control systems:- Fixedfinal state and open-loop optimal control and Free-final state and open-loop optimal control - Discrete time linear state regulator system – Steady state regulator system

UNIT IV PONTRYAGIN MINIMUM PRINCIPLE (7+2 SKILL) 9

Pontryagin Minimum Principle – Dynamic Programming:- Principle of optimality, optimal control using Dynamic Programming – Optimal Control of Continuous time and Discrete-time systems – Hamilton-Jacobi-Bellman Equation – LQR system using H-J-B equation

UNIT V CONSTRAINED OPTIMAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Time optimal control systems – Fuel Optimal Control Systems- Energy Optimal Control Systems – Optimal Control Systems with State Constraints

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Interactive MATLAB based project learning in an optimal control system.
2. Familiarize yourself with optimal control software tool boxes.
3. Arrange a group brainstorming process to generate new ideas and possible solutions to an optimal control problem in any field.
4. Analyse the difference between optimal control systems with other types of control system.
5. Homework assignment on optimal control.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

- **CO1** Explain different type of optimal control problems such as time-optimal, fuel optimal, energy optimal control problems.
- **CO2** Design Linear Quadratic Regulator for Time-invariant and Time-varying Linear system (Continuous time and Discrete-time systems)
- **CO3** Design optimal controller using Dynamic Programming Approach and H-J-B equation.
- **CO4** Explain the Pontryagin Minimum Principle.
- **CO5** Design optimal controller in the presence of state constraints and time optimal controller.
- **CO6** Understand the concepts of dynamic programming

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Donald E. Kirk, Optimal Control Theory – An Introduction, Dover Publications, Inc. Mineola, New York, 2012, 10th Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. D. Subbaram Naidu, Optimal Control Systems, CRC Press, New York, 2003, 1st Edition.
2. Frank L. Lewis, Draguna Vrable, Vassilis L. Syrmos, Optimal Control, 3rd Edition, Wiley Publication, 2012, 3rd Edition.
3. Yan Wang, Cheng-Lin Liu, Zhi-Cheng Ji, Quantitative Analysis and Optimal Control of Energy Efficiency in Discrete Manufacturing System, Springer, 2020, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://in.mathworks.com/discovery/optimal-control.html#grlgg
2. https://www.codeproject.com/Articles/863257/Simple-Software-for-Optimal-Control
3. https://joss.theoj.org/papers/10.21105/joss.02809
4. https://www.ieee-ras.org/model-based-optimization-for-robotics/resources/optimization-tools
5. https://www.vlab.co.in/
6. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/16-323-principles-of-optimal-control-spring-2008/

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	-	1		1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO2	-	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	-	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO6	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Avg.	2	2	1.75	2	1	1.2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

CIC335	ADAPTIVE CONTROL	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge on how to recursively estimate the parameters of discrete input – output models using recursive parameter estimation methods
- To make the student understand the principles of STR, MRAC and Gain scheduling.
- To make the student design simple adaptive controllers for linear systems using STR, MRAC and Gain scheduling

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction - Adaptive Schemes - The adaptive Control Problem – Applications-Parameter estimation -LS, RLS: and ERLS

UNIT II GAIN SCHEDULING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction- The principle - Design of gain scheduling controllers- Nonlinear transformations - application of gain scheduling - Auto-tuning techniques: Methods based on Relay feedback.

UNIT III DETERMINISTIC SELF-TUNING REGULATORS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction- Pole Placement design - Indirect Self-tuning regulators - direct self-tuning regulators – Disturbances with known characteristics

UNIT IV STOCHASTIC AND PREDICTIVE SELF-TUNING REGULATORS (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction – Design of minimum variance controller - Design of moving average controller - stochastic self-tuning regulators

UNIT V MODEL – REFERENCE ADAPTIVE SYSTEM (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction- MIT rule – Determination of adaptation gain - Lyapunov theory –Design of MRAS using Lyapunov theory – Relations between MRAS and STR.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1 Learn any one relevant software tool (MATLAB/ SCILAB/ LABVIEW/ Equivalent open source software)
2 Design of gain scheduling adaptive control using any one software tool
3 Analysis/Problem Solving - Ability to identify and define problems and solutions
4 Design and verification of MRAC by simulation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1 Ability to apply the estimation algorithms to estimate the parameters of the process.(L3)
CO2 Ability to apply the adaptive control concepts to control a process. (L3)
CO3 Use appropriate software tools for design of adaptive controllers and analysis of the process. (L5)
CO4 Identify, formulate, carry out research by designing suitable adaptive schemes for complex instrumentation problem. (L5)
CO5 Apply the concepts to design adaptive control for multidisciplinary problem(L3)
CO6 Choose the techniques for self and lifelong learning to keep in pace with the new technology(L3)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. K.J. Astrom and B. J. Wittenmark, "Adaptive Control", Second Edition, Pearson Education Inc., second Edition 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. T. Soderstorm and Petre Stoica, "System Identification", Prentice Hall International(UK) Ltd., 1988, 1st Edition.
2. Lennart Ljung, "System Identification: Theory for the User", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 1999.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102113/
2. https://in.mathworks.com/help/slcontrol/adaptive-control-design.html
3. https://in.mathworks.com/videos/nonlinear-model-based-adaptive-robust-controller-in-an-oil-and-gas-wireline-operation-1637577957956.html
4. https://www.dynalog-us.com/adaptive-robot-control.htm
5. https://www.vlab.co.in/

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO6	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Avg	3	2.5	2.5	2.5	1	1	1	3	1	1.6	1	1	2	2	2

CIC338 MACHINE MONITORING SYSTEM

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students familiarize with the concept of condition-based maintenance for effective utilization of machines.
- To impart the knowledge of artificial intelligence for machinery fault diagnosis.
- To give basic knowledge on vibration monitoring.
- To study the machinery vibrations using signal processing techniques.
- To provide knowledge on FMECA.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE CONDITION MONITORING (7+2 SKILL) 9
Machinery condition monitoring - Present status - Fault prognosis - Future needs.

UNIT II MACHINERY MAINTENANCE (7+2 SKILL) 9
Maintenance strategies – Reactive, Preventive, and Predictive – Benefits of planned maintenance – Bath tub curve – Failure Modes Effects and Criticality Analysis (FMECA).

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO MACHINERY VIBRATION AND MONITORING (7+2 SKILL) 9
Characteristics of Vibration systems – Mode shapes & operational deflection shapes – Experimental model analysis – Principles of vibration monitoring – Machinery faults diagnosed by vibration analysis.

UNIT IV SIGNAL PROCESSING IN MACHINERY MONITORING (7+2 SKILL) 9
FFT analysis – Time domain analysis – Time-frequency analysis – Signal filtering – Cepstrum analysis – Health condition of compressor & engine.

UNIT V MACHINE LEARNING FOR CONDITION MONITORING (7+2 SKILL) 9
Machine Learning: Feature extraction and feature selection methods – Feature reduction – Classification techniques – Case studies of condition monitoring in Nuclear plant components, Distillation column.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/ Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1 Survey of critical machinery that requires monitoring system.
2 Exposure to practical machinery vibration & monitoring system presently in use.
3 Carryout FMECA using software.
4 Analyze the health condition of any machinery.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Ability to identify the faults in machinery L1.
CO2 Choose the proper maintenance strategies and condition monitoring techniques for identification of failure in a machine L3.
CO3 Construct a classifier model for machine learning based fault diagnosis L5.
CO4 Predict the faulty component in a machine by analyzing the acquired vibration signals L2.
CO5 Ability to analyze & build a model using modern tools L4.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Cornelius ScheffferandPareshGirdhar, "Practical Machinery Vibration Analysis and Predictive Maintenance", Elsevier, 2004, 1st Edition.
2. A. R. Mohanty, "Machinery Condition Monitoring: Principles and Practices" , CRC Press, Taylor & Francis, 1st Edition, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Stephen Marsland, Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, 2nd Edition, 2014, CRC Press.
2. Collacot, "Mechanical Fault Diagnosis and Condition Monitoring", Chapman- Hall, 1st Edition, 2011.
3. Davies, "Handbook of Condition Monitoring – Techniques and Methodology", Springer, 1st Edition, 2011.
4. Ian H. Witten, Eibe Frank, Mark A. Hall, Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques, Elsevier, 3rd Edition 2011.
5. Ferdinand van der Heijden, Robert Duin, Dick de Ridder, David M. J. Tax, Classification, Parameter Estimation and State Estimation: An Engineering Approach Using MATLAB, John Wiley & Sons, 2nd Edition, 2017.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1 https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs29/preview
2 https://www.udemy.com/topic/maintenance-management/
3 https://www.vi-institute.org/analyst-categories/
4 https://in.mathworks.com/help/predmaint/ug/condition-monitoring-and-prognostics-using-vibration-signals.html

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Avg.	2.4	2.2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2

VERTICAL VI - DIVERSIFIED COURSES

EE3032 **ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
Students will be able to:

- understand the various types of energy storage Technologies.
- analyze thermal storage system.
- analyze different battery storage technologies.
- analyze the thermodynamics of Fuel Cell
- study the various applications of energy storage systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 SKILL) 9
Necessity of energy storage – types of energy storage – comparison of energy storage technologies – Applications.

UNIT II THERMAL STORAGE SYSTEM (7+2 SKILL) 9
Thermal storage – Types – Modeling of thermal storage units – Simple water and rock bed storage system – pressurized water storage system – Modelling of phase change storage system – Simple units, packed bed storage units - Modelling using porous medium approach, Use of TRNSYS.

UNIT III ELECTRICAL ENERGY STORAGE (7+2 SKILL) 9
Fundamental concept of batteries – measuring of battery performance, charging and discharging, power density, energy density, and safety issues. Types of batteries – Lead Acid, Nickel – Cadmium, Zinc Manganese dioxide, Li-ion batteries – Mathematical Modelling for Lead Acid Batteries – Flow Batteries.

UNIT IV FUEL CELL (7+2 SKILL) 9
Fuel Cell – History of Fuel cell, Principles of Electrochemical storage – Types – Hydrogen oxygen cells, Hydrogen air cell, Hydrocarbon air cell, alkaline fuel cell, detailed analysis – advantages and disadvantages.

UNIT V ALTERNATE ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES (7+2 SKILL) 9
Flywheel, Super capacitors, Principles & Methods – Applications, Compressed air Energy storage, Concept of Hybrid Storage – Applications, Pumped Hydro Storage – Applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / etc) 10

1. Model, simulate and analyze the performance characteristics of thermal storage systems.
2. Develop a model for latent heat storage in phase changing materials.
3. Model, simulate and analyze the performance characteristics of Lead Acid Batteries.
4. Model, simulate and analyze the performance characteristics of Fuel Cell.
5. techno-economic analysis of different types of storage systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:
Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:
CO1: Understand different types storage technologies

CO2: Design a thermal storage system
CO3: Model battery storage system
CO4: Analyze the thermodynamics of fuel cell
CO5: Analyze the appropriate storage technologies for different applications
CO6: explore the alternate energy storage technologies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ibrahim Dincer and Mark A. Rosen, 'Thermal Energy Storage Systems and Applications', John Wiley & Sons, 3rd Edition, 2021.
2. Ru-shi Liu, Lei Zhang and Xueliang sun, 'Electrochemical technologies for energy storage and conversion', Wiley publications, 2nd Volume set, 2012.
3. James Larminie and Andrew Dicks, 'Fuel cell systems Explained', Wiley publications, 3rd Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. Lunardini.V.J, 'Heat Transfer in Cold Climates', John Wiley and Sons 1981, 1st Edition.
2. Schmidt.F.W. and Willmott.A.J., 'Thermal Energy Storage and Regeneration', Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, 1981, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. Prof. Subhasish Basu Majumder, "Electrochemical Energy Storage", NPTEL Course, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113105102.
2. Prof. PK Das, "Energy conservation and waste heat recovery", NPTEL Course, https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105221.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
CO2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
CO3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
CO4	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
CO5	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
CO6	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
Avg	3	2	2	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3

EE3033 HYBRID ENERGY TECHNOLOGY **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge about different types of hybrid energy systems.
- To analyze the various electrical Generators used for the Wind Energy Conversion Systems.
- To design the power converters used in SPV Systems.
- To analyze the various power converters used in hybrid energy systems and to understand the importance of standalone and grid-connected operation in Hybrid renewable energy systems.
- To analyze the performance of the various hybrid energy systems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HYBRID ENERGY SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Hybrid Energy Systems – Need for Hybrid Energy Systems – Solar-Wind-Fuel Cell-Diesel, Wind-Biomass-Diesel, Micro-Hydel-PV, Ocean and geyser energy - Classification of Hybrid Energy systems – Importance of Hybrid Energy systems – Advantages and Disadvantages - Environmental aspects of renewable energy - Impacts of renewable energy generation on the environment - Present Indian and international energy scenario of conventional and RE sources - Ocean energy, Hydel Energy - Wind Energy, Biomass energy, Hydrogen energy - Solar Photovoltaic (PV) and Fuel cells: Operating principles and characteristics.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES FOR WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS (WECS) (7+2 Skill) 9

Review of reference theory fundamentals –Construction, Principle of operation and analysis: Squirrel Cage Induction Generator (SCIG), Doubly Fed Induction Generator (DFIG) - Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generator (PMSG).

UNIT III POWER CONVERTERS AND ANALYSIS OF SOLAR PV SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Power Converters for SPV Systems - Line commutated converters (inversion-mode) - Boost and buck-boost converters- selection of inverter, battery sizing, array sizing - Analysis of SPV Systems - Block diagram of the solar PV systems - Types of Solar PV systems: Stand-alone PV systems.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF POWER CONVERTERS FOR HYBRID ENERGY SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction to Power Converters – Stand-alone Converters -AC-DC-AC converters: uncontrolled rectifiers, PWM Inverters - Bi-Directional Converters - Grid-Interactive Inverters - Matrix converter – Merits and Limitations.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES FOR HYBRID RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Hybrid Systems- Range and type of Hybrid systems – Performance Analysis – Cost Analysis - Case studies of Diesel-PV, Wind-PV-Fuel-cell, Micro-hydel-PV, Biomass-Diesel-Fuel-cell systems.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Simulation of Wind energy conversion system
2. Simulation of power converters
3. Simulations of AC-DC-AC converters, PWM inverters and Matrix Converters with Resistive and dynamic loads.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the impacts of hybrid energy technologies on the environment and demonstrate them to harness electrical power.

CO2: Select a suitable Electrical machine for Wind Energy Conversion Systems and simulate wind energy conversion system.

CO3: Design the power converters such as AC-DC, DC-DC, and AC-AC converters for SPV systems.

CO4: Analyze the power converters such as AC-DC, DC-DC, and AC-AC converters for Hybrid energy systems.

CO5: Interpret the hybrid renewable energy systems.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Bahman Zohuri, "Hybrid Energy Systems", Springer, First Edition, 2018.
2. S.M. Muyeen, "Wind Energy Conversion Systems", Springer First Edition, 2012
3. Md. Rabiul Islam, Md. Rakibuzzaman Shah, Mohd Hasan Ali, "Emerging Power Converters for Renewable Energy and Electric Vehicles", CRC Press, First Edison, 2021

REFERENCES:

1. Ernst Joshua, Wind Energy Technology, PHI, India, 2018, 3rd Edition.
2. S.N.Bhadra, D. Kastha, & S. Banerjee. "Wind Electrical Systems", Oxford University Press, 7th Impression, 2005.
3. Rashid M. H "Power electronics Hand book", Academic press,4th Edition, 2018.
4. Rai, G.D, "Non-conventional energy sources", Khanna publishers, 6th Edition, 2017.
5. Rai, G.D, "Solar energy utilization", Khanna publishers, 3rd Edition, 1987.
6. Gray, L. Johnson, "Wind energy system", Prentice Hall of India, 2nd Edition, 2006.
7. B.H.Khan "Non-conventional Energy sources", Tata McGraw hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2017, 3rd Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/hybrid-energy-system
2. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/wind-energy-conversion-system
3. https://www.academia.edu/35619294/Modeling_and_Performance_Analysis_of_Solar_PV_S
4. System_and_DC_DC_Converters
5. https://www.mdpi.com/journal/energies/special_issues/Power_Converter_Electric_Machines
6. _Renewable_Energy_Systems_Transportation
7. https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/54317

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2		-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	2
Avg	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	3

EE3034 DESIGN AND MODELLING OF RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To review the renewable energy systems and technology
- To learn the Single phase grid-connected photovoltaic systems and three phase photovoltaic systems
- To illustrate the small wind energy systems
- To simulate the Doubly-fed induction generator based WECS

UNIT I RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS: TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW AND PERSPECTIVES (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction-State of the Art- Examples of Recent Research and Development- Challenges and Future Trends

UNIT II SINGLE-PHASE GRID-CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction- Demands for Grid-Connected PV Systems-Power Converter Technology for Single-Phase PV Systems, Transformer less AC-Module Inverters (Module-Integrated PV Converters, Transformer less Single-Stage String Inverters, DC-Module Converters in Transformer less Double-Stage PV Systems

UNIT III THREE-PHASE PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS: STRUCTURES, TOPOLOGIES (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction-PV Inverter Structures, Three-Phase PV Inverter Topologies- -Control Building Blocks for PV Inverters, Modulation Strategies for Three-Phase PV Inverters, Implementation of the Modulation Strategies, Grid Synchronization, Implementation of the PLLs for Grid Synchronization, Current Control, Implementation of the Current Controllers, Maximum Power Point Tracking

UNIT IV SMALL WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction-Generator Selection for Small-Scale Wind Energy Systems- Turbine Selection for Wind Energy- Self-Excited Induction Generators for Small Wind Energy Applications- Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generators for Small Wind Power Applications- Grid-Tied Small Wind Turbine Systems-Magnus Turbine-Based Wind Energy System

UNIT V DOUBLY-FED INDUCTION GENERATOR-BASED WECS (7+2 Skill) 9

Introduction – modelling of induction machine in machine variable form and arbitrary reference frame, modelling of Doubly-fed Induction Generator.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 10

1. Simulation of inverter for PV systems
2. Simulation of WECS with DFIG

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://www.mdpi.com/journal/applsci/topical_collections/Susta_Energy
2. https://www.mathworks.com/help/sps/ug/single-phase-grid-connected-in-pv-system.html
3. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/three-phase-inverter
4. academia.edu/32704493/Wind_Power_Lecture_Notes
5. https://www.syscop.de/files/2018ss/WES/handouts/script.pdf
6. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/wound-rotor-induction-generator

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Review the perspectives of renewable energy systems

CO2: Integrate photovoltaic systems with grid

CO3: Study inverter for PV systems

CO4: Elaborate the working of small wind power systems

CO5: Study the features of induction machine and doubly fed induction machine

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ahmad Azar, Nashwa Kamal, "Design, Analysis and Applications of Renewable Energy Systems", Academic Press, First Edition, 2021
2. Ahmad Azar, Nashwa Kamal, "Renewable Energy Systems", Academic Press, First Edition, 2021
3. Nabil Derbel, Quanmin ZhuModeling, "Identification and Control Methods in Renewable Energy Systems" , Springer, First Edition, 2019

REFERENCES:

1. Power Conversion and Control of Wind Energy Systems, Bin Wu, 2011, Wiley-IEEE, 1st Edition.
2. Wind Electrical Systems, S.N. Bhadra, 2005. Oxford, 7th Impression.
3. Wind Power Integration - Connection and System Operational Aspects, Brendan Fox, 2014, IET, 2nd Edition.
4. Renewable Energy Devices and Systems with Simulations in MATLAB and ANSYS, Frede Blaabjerg, Dan M. Ionel, CRC press, 2017, 1st Edition.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
CO2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
Avg	3	2	3	2.8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2.8

EE3035 GRID INTEGRATING TECHNIQUES AND CHALLENGES **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study about the present power Scenario
- To model a micro grid system
- To model power converter for grid interconnection
- To integrate wind energy conversion system with grid
- To simulate power converters like three phase inverters and DC-DC converters

UNIT I PRESENT POWER SCENARIO IN INDIA **6**
Introduction - Thermal Power Plant , Components of Thermal Power Plant , Major Thermal Power Plants in India- Gas-Based Power Generation - Nuclear Power Plants -Hydropower Generation - Pumped Storage Plants - Solar Power - Wind Energy – Power plants india

UNIT II POWER GRIDS **6**
Introduction -Electric Power Background , The Construction of a Power Grid System , Basic Concepts of Power Grids -Load Models - Transformers in Electric Power Grids - Modelling a Microgrid System

UNIT III MODELING OF CONVERTERS IN POWER GRID DISTRIBUTED GENERATION SYSTEMS **6**
Introduction - Single-Phase DC/AC Inverters with Two Switches, Three-Phase DC/AC Inverters, Pulse Width Modulation Methods, The Triangular, The Identity Method, Analysis of DC/AC Three-Phase Inverters, Micro grid of Renewable Energy Systems- DC/DC Converters in Green Energy -Pulse Width Modulation -Sizing of an Inverter for Microgrid Operation, Sizing of a Rectifier for Microgrid Operation, The Sizing of DC/DC Converters for Micro grid

UNIT IV WIND ENERGY SYSTEM GRID INTEGRATION **6**

Introduction- Significance of Electrical Power Quality in Wind Power System- Integration Issues in Grid-Connected Wind Energy- Effect of Power Quality Issues, Importance of Custom Power Devices- Power Quality Point of View.

UNIT V GRID INTER CONNECTION **6**

Grid Code requirements-Grid integration of WECS-Grid Integration of PV systems

30 PERIODS

LAB COMPONENT **30 PERIODS**

1. Develop a model for the control of DC micro grid for non linear loads
2. Simulation study of three phase inverters with fixed and sine PWM techniques, Simulation and Design of buck/boost converters.
3. Simulate a Grid Connected Wind Energy System with STATCOM and investigate the improvement in power quality.

TOTAL: 30+30 = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, Students able to

CO1 Review the power sector scenario in India.

CO2 Model a microgrid system

CO3 Model a converter for power grid distributed system.

CO4 Integrate wind energy system.

CO5 Simulate three phase inverter with fixed and sine PWM.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Brian D'Andrade "The Power Grid", Academic Press, 1st Edition, 2017.
2. Yang Han, "Modeling and Control of Power Electronic Converters for Microgrid Applications", Springer, 1st Edition 2022.
3. Siegfried Heier, "Grid Integration of Wind Energy: Onshore and Offshore Conversion Systems", John Wiley & Sons Ltd. 2014, 3rd Edition.

REFERENCES:

1. Integration of Renewable Energy Sources with Smart Grid, M. Kathiresh, A. Mahabboob Subahani, and G.R. Kanaga chidambaresan, Scrivener & Wiley, 2021, 1st Edition
2. Control and Operation of Grid-Connected Wind Energy Systems, Ali M. Eltamaly, Almoataz Y. Abdelaziz, Ahmed G. Abo-Khalil, Springer 2021, 1st Edition.
3. Design of smart power grid renewable energy systems, Third Edition, Ali Keyhani, Wiley 2019
4. Power Electronic Converters, Teuvo Suntio, Tuomas Messo, Joonas Puukko, Wiley 2017, 1st Edition
5. Fundamentals of Power Electronics with MATLAB, Randall Shaffer, Laxmi publications, 2013, 2nd Edition
6. Power Conversion and Control of Wind Energy Systems, Bin Wu, 2011, Wiley-IEEE, 1st Edition.
7. Wind Power Integration - Connection and System Operational Aspects, Brendan Fox, 2014, IET, 2nd Edition
8. Renewable Energy Devices and Systems with Simulations in MATLAB and ANSYS, Frede Blaabjerg, Dan M. Ionel, CRC press, 2017, 1st Edition.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://www.academia.edu/14628492/Current_Power_Scenario_In_India
2. https://energyeducation.ca/encyclopedia/Electrical_grid
3. https://www.academia.edu/32120081/Power_Converters_Modeling_in_Matlab_Simulink_for_Mic
4. rogrid_Simulations_Power_Converters_Modeling_in_Matlab_Simulink_for_Microgrid_Simulations
5. https://dnv.com/services/wind-farm-control-and-grid-integration
6. https://www.wind-energy-the-facts.org/images/chapter2.pdf

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	-	2	_	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	2		-	-	-	-	3	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	3

EE3036 SUSTAINABLE AND ENVIRONMENTAL FRIENDLY HV INSULATION SYSTEM **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Know about the products related with sustainable application.
- To learn about Green Gaseous, liquid solid insulators.
- To understand the standards for green insulation systems.

UNIT I SUSTAINABLE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENERGY AND PRODUCTS 9

Carbon print, global warming potential, environment requirement for any product and system.

UNIT II ALTERNATE GREEN GASEOUS INSULATORS 9

SF6 gas and its hazardous environmental effects, alternate gases, gaseous mixtures and other sources and it's properties.

UNIT III ALTERNATE GREEN LIQUID INSULATORS 9

Hazardous effects of existing liquid dielectric materials (such as organic oil), alternate sources of environmental friendly liquid such as ester oil, vegetable oils dielectric and it's properties.

UNIT IV ALTERNATE GREEN SOLID INSULATORS 9

hazardous effects of existing solid dielectric materials, alternate sources of environmental friendly solid dielectric and its properties.

UNIT V EVOLVING STANDARDS FOR GREEN INSULATION SYSTEMS 9

Requirements, evolving standards of management, testing, usage and disposal of alternate insulation systems. Major applications and standards.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. https://www.iso.org/standard/79064.html
2. https://www.icdfootprint.eu/en/iec-tl-627252013-factsheet
3. https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7:0::::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:1275,25
4. https://www.iec.ch/ords/f?p=103:41:626762356846470::::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:3237,25
5. https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7:0::::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:1299,25
6. https://www.iec.ch/sdgs/sdg13
7. http://highperformanceinsulation.eu/wp- content/uploads/ 2016/08/ sustainability_a_guide.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Know about sustainable and environmental energy and products.

CO2: Describe the alternate green gaseous insulators.

CO3: Describe the alternate green liquid insulators.

CO4: Describe the alternate green solid insulators.

CO5: Elaborate the standards for Green insulation systems.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
CO2	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
CO3	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
CO4	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
CO5	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Avg	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3

EE3037 POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the generation of switching transients and their control using circuit – theoretical concept.
- To study the mechanism of lighting strokes and the production of lighting surges.
- To study the propagation, reflection and refraction of travelling waves.
- To study the impact of voltage transients caused by faults, circuit breaker action, load rejection on integrated power system.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SURVEY (7+2 Skill) 9

Sources of different types of transients - RL circuit transient with sine wave excitation - double frequency transients - basic transforms of the RLC circuit transients - study of transients in system planning - Importance of grounding.

UNIT II SWITCHING TRANSIENTS (7+2 Skill) 9

Basic concept of switching transients - resistance switching and equivalent circuit for interrupting the resistor current - load switching and equivalent circuit - waveforms for transient voltage across the load and the switch - normal and abnormal switching transients. Current suppression - current chopping - effective equivalent circuit - capacitance switching with a restrike, with multiple restrikes - ferro resonance.

UNIT III LIGHTNING TRANSIENTS (7+2 Skill) 9

Theories of cloud formation - mechanism of lightning discharges and characteristics of lightning strokes – model for lightning stroke - factors contributing to good line design - protection using ground wires - tower footing resistance - Interaction between lightning and power system.

UNIT IV TRAVELING WAVES ON TRANSMISSION LINE COMPUTATION OF TRANSIENTS (7+2 Skill) 9

Computation of transients - transient response of systems with series and shunt lumped parameters and distributed lines. Traveling wave concept - step response - Bewely's lattice diagram - standing waves and natural frequencies - reflection and refraction of travelling waves. Computation of overvoltages using EMTP.

UNIT V TRANSIENTS IN INTEGRATED POWER SYSTEM 9

The short line and kilometric fault - distribution of voltages in a power system - Line dropping and load rejection - voltage transients on closing and reclosing lines - overvoltage induced by faults - switching surges on integrated system Qualitative application of EMTP for transient computation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 8

1. Simulation of circuit transients
2. Computation of over voltages for switching surges
3. Computation of over voltages for lightning surges
4. Computation of transients

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, the students will be above to

CO1 : Explain the principles of transients and its concepts.

CO2 : Know the different types of switching transients and the way to draw the necessary equivalent circuit.

CO3: Explain the concepts behind lighting and the way to protect the same.

CO4: Compute the transient behavior in transmission line

CO5: Explain the behavior of the Circuit during switching and to learn the simulation tool.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allan Greenwood, 'Electrical Transients in Power Systems', Wiley Inter Science, New York, 2nd Edition, 1991.
2. Pritindra Chowdhari, "Electromagnetic transients in Power System", John Wiley and Sons Inc., Second Edition, 2009.
3. C.S. Indulkar, D.P.Kothari, K. Ramalingam, 'Power System Transients – A statistical approach', PHI Learning Private Limited, Second Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. M.S.Naidu and V.Kamaraju, 'High Voltage Engineering', Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2013.
2. R.D. Begamudre, 'Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering', Wiley Eastern Limited, 1986.
3. Y.Hase, Handbook of Power System Engineering," Wiley India, 2012.
4. J.L.Kirtley, "Electric Power Principles, Sources, Conversion, Distribution and use," Wiley, 2012.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3
Avg	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3

CEI331	PLC PROGRAMMING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know about the basics of PLC and Automation
- To understand the importance of Automation
- To explore various types and manufacturing of PLCs.
- To introduce types of programming languages of PLC and some exercise few programs.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION (7+2 SKILL) 9

Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)- Block diagram of PLC- Programming languages of PLC- Basic instruction sets- Design of alarm and interlocks- Networking of PLC- Overview of safety of PLC with case studies- Process Safety Automation: Levels of process safety through use of PLCs- IEC 61131-3 Standard - Application of international standards in process safety control.

UNIT II IEC 61131-3 (7+2 SKILL) 9

Rails- Rungs- Relay Logic- Latch switch- Timers- Counters- Boolean logics- Math instructions- Data manipulation instructions- Requirement of communication networks for PLC, PLC to PC Communication to computer- FBD equivalent to LL- FBD Programming- IL- SFC-ST.

UNIT III SCADA (7+2 SKILL) 9

Elements of SCADA system- History of SCADA, Remote Terminal Unit- Discrete control- Analog control, Master Terminal Unit- Operator interface.

UNIT IV HART and Field Bus (7+2 SKILL) 9

Introduction- Evolution of signal standards- HART communication protocol- communication modes- HART networks- HART commands- HART and OSI model- Field bus- Architecture- Basic requirements of field Busstandard- Field bus Topology- Interoperability- Interchangeability.

UNIT V PLC PROGRAMMING (7+2 SKILL) 9

Exercise in Programming Languages from IEC 61131-3: Traffic Light Control- Two way- Four way – Water Level Control- Automatic Material Sorting System- Automatic Bottle Filling System, Code Converters- DC motor Control- Alarm Circuit.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) **10**

1 Taking Local area to implement simple closed loop system for any system using PLC.
2 Making a complete automated control loop with Supervisory and HMI system.
3 Implementing an Alarm based control scheme and run in a simulated environment.
4 Designing an entire PLC logic for filling and draining water tank automatically.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Understand the basics and need for Automation in industries .
CO2 Explain the logic and flow of any particular programming written for a process .
CO3 Apply the knowledge to design or improve an existing program to increase productivity of any process .
CO4 Breakdown SCADA architecture and communication protocols.
CO5 Build and logic in any of the programming languages from IEC- 61131- 3 standard .

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Frank D. Petruzella, "Programmable Logic Controllers", 5th Edition, McGraw- Hill, New York, 2019.
2. Stuart Boyar A. "SCADA: Supervisory control and data Acquisition", Fourth Edition, ISA- The Instrumentation, Systems, and Automation Society,2010

REFERENCES

1. Bolton. W., "Programmable Logic Controllers", Elsevier Newnes, 6th Edition 2015.

List of Open-Source Software/ Learning website:

1 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105062
2 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105088
3 http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/105105201/lec56.pdf
4 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108106022
5 https://new.siemens.com/global/en/products/automation/systems/industrial/plc/logo/logo-software.html/
6 https://componentsearchengine.com/library/proteus?gclid=CjwKCAjw_ISWBhBkEiwAdqxb9okU2ZZHcQca9fSRK2Uq41Rq0GZxdGUP6_6GIBv77p4JqGI_IDA|hoCksEQAvD_BwE

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Avg	2.6	2.3	2.2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

CCS334 **BIG DATA ANALYTICS** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand big data.
- To learn and use NoSQL big data management.
- To learn mapreduce analytics using Hadoop and related tools.
- To work with map reduce applications
- To understand the usage of Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics

UNIT I UNDERSTANDING BIG DATA 5

Introduction to big data – convergence of key trends – unstructured data – industry examples of big data – web analytics – big data applications– big data technologies – introduction to Hadoop – open source technologies – cloud and big data – mobile business intelligence – Crowd sourcing analytics – inter and trans firewall analytics.

UNIT II NOSQL DATA MANAGEMENT 7

Introduction to NoSQL – aggregate data models – key-value and document data models – relationships – graph databases – schemaless databases – materialized views – distribution models – master-slave replication – consistency - Cassandra – Cassandra data model – Cassandra examples – Cassandra clients

UNIT III MAP REDUCE APPLICATIONS 6

MapReduce workflows – unit tests with MRUnit – test data and local tests – anatomy of MapReduce job run – classic Map-reduce – YARN – failures in classic Map-reduce and YARN – job scheduling – shuffle and sort – task execution – MapReduce types – input formats – output formats

UNIT IV BASICS OF HADOOP 6

Data format – analyzing data with Hadoop – scaling out – Hadoop streaming – Hadoop pipes – design of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS) – HDFS concepts – Java interface – data flow – Hadoop I/O – data integrity – compression – serialization – Avro – file-based data structures - Cassandra – Hadoop integration.

UNIT V HADOOP RELATED TOOLS 6

Hbase – data model and implementations – Hbase clients – Hbase examples – praxis. Pig – Grunt – pig data model – Pig Latin – developing and testing Pig Latin scripts. Hive – data types and file formats – HiveQL data definition – HiveQL data manipulation – HiveQL queries.

TOTAL:30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1:Describe big data and use cases from selected business domains.
CO2:Explain NoSQL big data management.
CO3:Install, configure, and run Hadoop and HDFS.
CO4:Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop.
CO5:Use Hadoop-related tools such as HBase, Cassandra, Pig, and Hive for big data analytics.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: 30 PERIODS

1. Downloading and installing Hadoop; Understanding different Hadoop modes. Startup scripts, Configuration files.
2. Hadoop Implementation of file management tasks, such as Adding files and directories, retrieving files and Deleting files
3. Implement of Matrix Multiplication with Hadoop Map Reduce
4. Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.
5. Installation of Hive along with practice examples.
7. Installation of HBase, Installing thrift along with Practice examples
8. Practice importing and exporting data from various databases.

Software Requirements:

Cassandra, Hadoop, Java, Pig, Hive and HBase.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and AmbigaDhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013.
2. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012.
3. Sadalage, Pramod J. "NoSQL distilled", 2013

REFERENCES:

1. E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012.
2. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2011.
3. Eben Hewitt, "Cassandra: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2010.
4. Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, 2011.

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	1	3	3
2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
3	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	2	3	3
4	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	3	3	2
5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	1	3	2	3	2	3
AVg.	2.8	3	2.8	2.8	2.6	-	-	-	2.2	1.8	2.6	2	2.2	2.8	2.6

MANDATORY COURSES I

MX3081 INTRODUCTION TO WOMEN AND GENDER STUDIES **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I CONCEPTS
Sex vs. Gender, masculinity, femininity, socialization, patriarchy, public/ private, essentialism, binaryism, power, hegemony, hierarchy, stereotype, gender roles, gender relation, deconstruction, resistance, sexual division of labour.

UNIT II FEMINIST THEORY
Liberal, Marxist, Socialist, Radical, Psychoanalytic, postmodernist, ecofeminist.

UNIT III WOMEN'S MOVEMENTS: GLOBAL, NATIONAL AND LOCAL
Rise of Feminism in Europe and America.
Women's Movement in India.

UNIT IV GENDER AND LANGUAGE
Linguistic Forms and Gender.
Gender and narratives.

UNIT V GENDER AND REPRESENTATION
Advertising and popular visual media.

Gender and Representation in Alternative Media.
Gender and social media.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

MX3082 ELEMENTS OF LITERATURE **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

OBJECTIVE:

- To make the students aware about the finer sensibilities of human existence through an art form. The students will learn to appreciate different forms of literature as suitable modes of expressing human experience.

1. COURSE CONTENTS
Introduction to Elements of Literature.

1. **Relevance of literature**
   a) Enhances Reading, thinking, discussing and writing skills.
   b) Develops finer sensibility for better human relationship.
   c) Increases understanding of the problem of humanity without bias.
   d) Providing space to reconcile and get a cathartic effect.

2. **Elements of fiction**
   a) Fiction, fact and literary truth.
   b) Fictional modes and patterns.
   c) Plot character and perspective.
3. **Elements of poetry**
   a) Emotions and imaginations.

b) Figurative language.
c) (Simile, metaphor, conceit, symbol, pun and irony).
d) Personification and animation.
e) Rhetoric and trend.

4. **Elements of drama**
   a) Drama as representational art.
   b) Content mode and elements.
   c) Theatrical performance.
   d) Drama as narration, mediation and persuasion.
   e) Features of tragedy, comedy and satire.

3. READINGS:

1. An Introduction to the Study of English Literature, W.H. Hudson, Atlantic, 2007.
2. An Introduction to Literary Studies, Mario Klarer, Routledge, 2013.
3. The Experience of Poetry, Graham Mode, Open college of Arts with Open Univ Press, 1991.
4. The Elements of Fiction: A Survey, Ulf Wolf (ed), Wolfstuff, 2114.
5. The Elements of Drama, J.L.Styan, Literary Licensing, 2011.

3.1 Textbook:
3.2 *Reference Books: To be decided by the teacher and student, on the basis of individual student so as to enable him or her to write the term paper.

4. OTHER SESSION:

4.1*Tutorials:
4.2*Laboratory:
4.3*Project: The students will write a term paper to show their understanding of a particular piece of literature

5.*ASSESSMENT:

5.1HA:
5.2Quizzes-HA:
5.3Periodical Examination: one
5.4Project/Lab: one (under the guidance of the teachers the students will take a volume of poetry, fiction or drama and write a term paper to show their understanding of it in a given context; sociological, psychological, historical, autobiographical etc.
5.5Final Exam:

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME OF THE COURSE:

- Students will be able to understand the relevance of literature in human life and appreciate its aspects in developing finer sensibilities.

MX3083	**FILM APPRECIATION**	**L T P C**
		3 0 0 0

In this course on film appreciation, the students will be introduced broadly to the development of film as an art and entertainment form. It will also discuss the language of cinema as it evolved over a century. The students will be taught as to how to read a film and appreciate the various nuances of a film as a text. The students will be guided to study film joyfully.

Theme - A: The Component of Films

A-1: The material and equipment
A-2: The story, screenplay and script
A-3: The actors, crew members, and the director
A-4: The process of film making... structure of a film

Theme - B: Evolution of Film Language

B-1: Film language, form, movement etc.
B-2: Early cinema... **silent film** (Particularly French)
B-3: The emergence of feature films: **Birth of a Nation**
B-4: Talkies

Theme - C: Film Theories and Criticism/Appreciation

C-1: Realist theory; Auteurists
C-2: Psychoanalytic, Ideological, Feminists
C-3: How to read films?
C-4: Film Criticism / Appreciation

Theme – D: Development of Films

D-1: Representative Soviet films
D-2: Representative Japanese films
D-3: Representative Italian films
D-4: Representative Hollywood film and the studio system

Theme - E: Indian Films

E-1: The early era
E-2: The important films made by the directors
E-3: The regional films
E-4: The documentaries in India

READING:

A Reader containing important articles on films will be prepared and given to the students. The students must read them and present in the class and have discussion on these.

MX3084 DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To impart knowledge on concepts related to disaster, disaster risk reduction, disaster management
- To acquaint with the skills for planning and organizing disaster response

UNIT I HAZRADS, VULNERABILITY AND DISASTER RISKS 9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Types of Disasters: Natural, Human induced, Climate change induced –Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc – Technological disasters- Structural collapse, Industrial accidents, oil spills -Causes, Impacts including social, Economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Disaster vulnerability profile of India and Tamil Nadu - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, Complex emergencies, - - Inter relations between Disasters and Sustainable development Goals

UNIT II DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR) 9

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community Based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions / Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stakeholders- Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.- Relevance of indigenous Knowledge, appropriate technology and Local resources.

UNIT III DISASTER MANAGEMENT 9
Components of Disaster Management – Preparedness of rescue and relief, mitigation, rehabilitation and reconstruction- Disaster Risk Management and post disaster management – Compensation and Insurance- Disaster Management Act (2005) and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmers and legislation - Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level- (NDMA –SDMA-DDMA-NRDF- Civic Volunteers)

UNIT IV TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT 9
Early warning systems -Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Heath, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, – Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster – Disaster Damage Assessment. - Elements of Climate Resilient Development –Standard operation Procedure for disaster response – Financial planning for disaster Management

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: CASE STUDIES 9
Discussion on selected case studies to analyse the potential impacts and actions in the context of disasters-Landslide Hazard Zonation: Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.- Field work-Mock drill -

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Taimpo (2016), Disaster Management and Preparedness, CRC Publications
2. Singh R (2017), Disaster Management Guidelines for earthquakes, Landslides, Avalanches and tsunami, Horizon Press Publications
3. Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423

4 Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. **ISBN-10:** 1259007367, **ISBN-13:** 978-1259007361]

REFERENCES

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005
2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009.
3. Shaw R (2016), Community based Disaster risk reduction, Oxford University Press

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: To impart knowledge on the concepts of Disaster, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk reduction (DRR)
CO2: To enhance understanding on Hazards, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk Assessment prevention and risk reduction
CO3: To develop disaster response skills by adopting relevant tools and technology
CO4: Enhance awareness of institutional processes for Disaster response in the country and
CO5: Develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential Disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

COs – POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
4	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
5	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	3	-	1
AVG	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	1

MANDATORY COURSES II

MX3085 WELL-BEING WITH TRADITIONAL PRACTICES-YOGA, AYURVEDA AND SIDDHA **L T P C 3 0 0 0**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enjoy life happily with fun filled new style activities that help to maintain health also
- To adapt a few lifestyle changes that will prevent many health disorders
- To be cool and handbill every emotion very smoothly in every walk of life
- To learn to eat cost effective but healthy foods that are rich in essential nutrients
- To develop immunity naturally that will improve resistance against many health disorders

UNIT I HEALTH AND ITS IMPORTANCE **2+4**

Health: Definition - Importance of maintaining health - More importance on prevention than treatment

Ten types of health one has to maintain - Physical health - Mental health - Social health - Financial health - Emotional health - Spiritual health - Intellectual health - Relationship health - Environmental health - Occupational/Professional heath.

Present health status - The life expectancy-present status - mortality rate - dreadful diseases - Non-communicable diseases (NCDs) the leading cause of death - 60% - heart disease – cancer – diabetes - chronic pulmonary diseases - risk factors – tobacco – alcohol - unhealthy diet - lack of physical activities.

Types of diseases and disorders - Lifestyle disorders – Obesity – Diabetes - Cardiovascular diseases – Cancer – Strokes – COPD - Arthritis - Mental health issues.

Causes of the above diseases / disorders - Importance of prevention of illness - Takes care of health - Improves quality of life - Reduces absenteeism - Increase satisfaction - Saves time

Simple lifestyle modifications to maintain health - Healthy Eating habits (Balanced diet according to age) Physical Activities (Stretching exercise, aerobics, resisting exercise) - Maintaining BMI-Importance and actions to be taken

UNIT II DIET 4+6

Role of diet in maintaining health - energy one needs to keep active throughout the day - nutrients one needs for growth and repair - helps one to stay strong and healthy - helps to prevent diet-related illness, such as some cancers - keeps active and - helps one to maintain a healthy weight - helps to reduce risk of developing lifestyle disorders like diabetes – arthritis – hypertension – PCOD – infertility – ADHD – sleeplessness -helps to reduce the risk of heart diseases - keeps the teeth and bones strong.

Balanced Diet and its 7 Components - Carbohydrates – Proteins – Fats – Vitamins – Minerals - Fibre and Water.

Food additives and their merits & demerits - Effects of food additives - Types of food additives - Food additives and processed foods - Food additives and their reactions

Definition of BMI and maintaining it with diet
Importance - Consequences of not maintaining BMI - different steps to maintain optimal BM

Common cooking mistakes
Different cooking methods, merits and demerits of each method

UNIT III ROLE OF AYURVEDA & SIDDHA SYSTEMS IN MAINTAINING HEALTH 4+4

AYUSH systems and their role in maintaining health - preventive aspect of AYUSH - AYUSH as a soft therapy.
Secrets of traditional healthy living - Traditional Diet and Nutrition - Regimen of Personal and Social Hygiene - Daily routine (Dinacharya) - Seasonal regimens (Ritucharya) - basic sanitation and healthy living environment - Sadvritta (good conduct) - for conducive social life.
Principles of Siddha & Ayurveda systems - Macrocosm and Microcosm theory - Pancheekarana Theory / (Five Element Theory) 96 fundamental Principles - Uyir Thathukkal (Tri-Dosha Theory) - Udal Thathukkal
Prevention of illness with our traditional system of medicine
Primary Prevention - To decrease the number of new cases of a disorder or illness - Health promotion/education, and - Specific protective measures - Secondary Prevention - To lower the rate of established cases of a disorder or illness in the population (prevalence) - Tertiary Prevention - To decrease the amount of disability associated with an existing disorder.

UNIT IV MENTAL WELLNESS 3+4

Emotional health - Definition and types - Three key elements: the subjective experience - the physiological response - the behavioral response - Importance of maintaining emotional health - Role of emotions in daily life -Short term and long term effects of emotional disturbances - Leading a healthy life with emotions - Practices for emotional health - Recognize how thoughts influence emotions - Cultivate positive thoughts - Practice self-compassion - Expressing a full range of emotions.

Stress management - Stress definition - Stress in daily life - How stress affects one's life - Identifying the cause of stress - Symptoms of stress - Managing stress (habits, tools, training, professional help) - Complications of stress mismanagement.

Sleep - Sleep and its importance for mental wellness - Sleep and digestion.
Immunity - Types and importance - Ways to develop immunity

UNIT V YOGA **2+12**

Definition and importance of yoga - Types of yoga - How to Choose the Right Kind for individuals according to their age - The Eight Limbs of Yoga - Simple yogasanas for cure and prevention of health disorders - What yoga can bring to our life.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nutrition and Dietetics - Ashley Martin, Published by White Word Publications, New York, NY 10001, USA
2. Yoga for Beginners_ 35 Simple Yoga Poses to Calm Your Mind and Strengthen Your Body,
   by Cory Martin, Copyright © 2015 by Althea Press, Berkeley, California

REFERENCES:

1. WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE How It Affects Learning, Work, Relationships, and Our Mental Health, by Moshe Zeidner, Gerald Matthews, and Richard D. Roberts
   A Bradford Book, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, England
2. The Mindful Self-Compassion Workbook, Kristin Neff, Ph.D Christopher Germer, Ph.D.
   Published by The Guilford Press A Division of Guilford Publications, Inc.370 Seventh Avenue Suite 1200, New York, NY 10001

1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4799645/
2. **Simple lifestyle modifications to maintain health**
   https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/diet-nutrition/changing-habits-better-health#:~:text=Make%20your%20new%20healthy%20habit,t%20have%20time%20to%20cook.
3. **Read more:** https://www.legit.ng/1163909-classes-food-examples-functions.html
4. https://www.yaclass.in/p/science-state-board/class-9/nutrition-and-health-6928
5. **Benefits of healthy eating** https://www.cdc.gov/nutrition/resources-publications/benefits-of-healthy-eating.html
6. **Food additives** https://www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/conditionsandtreatments/food-additives
7. **BMI** https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/nutritionsource/healthy-weight/
   https://www.who.int/europe/news-room/fact-sheets/item/a-healthy-lifestyle---who-recommendations
8. **Yoga** https://www.healthifyme.com/blog/types-of-yoga/
   https://yogamedicine.com/guide-types-yoga-styles/
   Ayurveda : https://vikaspedia.in/health/ayush/ayurveda-1/concept-of-healthy-living-in-ayurveda
9. **Siddha** : http://www.tkdl.res.in/tkdl/langdefault/Siddha/Sid_Siddha_Concepts.asp
10. **CAM** : https://www.hindawi.com/journals/ecam/2013/376327/
11. **Preventive** herbs : https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3847409/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, the students will be able to:

- Learn the importance of different components of health
- Gain confidence to lead a healthy life
- Learn new techniques to prevent lifestyle health disorders
- Understand the importance of diet and workouts in maintaining health

MX3086 HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN INDIA **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

UNIT I CONCEPTS AND PERSPECTIVES
Meaning of History
Objectivity, Determinism, Relativism, Causation, Generalization in History; Moral judgment in history
Extent of subjectivity, contrast with physical sciences, interpretation and speculation, causation verses evidence, concept of historical inevitability, Historical Positivism.
Science and Technology-Meaning, Scope and Importance, Interaction of science, technology & society, Sources of history on science and technology in India.

UNIT II HISTORIOGRAPHY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN INDIA
Introduction to the works of D.D. Kosambi, Dharmpal, Debiprasad Chattopadhyay, Rehman, S. Irfan Habib, Deepak Kumar, Dhruv Raina, and others.

UNIT III SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN ANCIENT INDIA
Technology in pre-historic period
Beginning of agriculture and its impact on technology
Science and Technology during Vedic and Later Vedic times
Science and technology from 1st century AD to C-1200.

UNIT IV SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN MEDIEVAL INDIA
Legacy of technology in Medieval India, Interactions with Arabs
Development in medical knowledge, interaction between Unani and Ayurveda and alchemy
Astronomy and Mathematics: interaction with Arabic Sciences
Science and Technology on the eve of British conquest

UNIT V SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN COLONIAL INDIA
Science and the Empire
Indian response to Western Science
Growth of techno-scientific institutions

UNIT VI SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN A POST-INDEPENDENT INDIA
Science, Technology and Development discourse
Shaping of the Science and Technology Policy
Developments in the field of Science and Technology
Science and technology in globalizing India
Social implications of new technologies like the Information Technology and Biotechnology

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

MX3087 POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC THOUGHT FOR A HUMANE SOCIETY **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

Pre-Requisite: None. (Desirable: Universal Human Values 1, Universal Human Values 2)

OBJECTIVES:

- This course will begin with a short overview of human needs and desires and how different political-economic systems try to fulfill them. In the process, we will end with a critique of different systems and their implementations in the past, with possible future directions.

COURSE TOPICS:

Considerations for humane society, holistic thought, human being's desires, harmony in self, harmony in relationships, society, and nature, societal systems. **(9 lectures, 1 hour each)**

(Refs: A Nagaraj, M K Gandhi, JC Kumarappa)

Capitalism – Free markets, demand-supply, perfect competition, laissez-faire, monopolies, imperialism. Liberal democracy. **(5 lectures)**

(Refs: Adam smith, J S Mill)

Fascism and totalitarianism. World war I and II. Cold war. **(2 lectures)**

Communism – Mode of production, theory of labour, surplus value, class struggle, dialectical materialism, historical materialism. Russian and Chinese models.

(Refs: Marx, Lenin, Mao, M N Roy) **(5 lectures)**

Welfare state. Relation with human desires. Empowered human beings; satisfaction. **(3 lectures)**

Gandhian thought. Swaraj, Decentralized economy & polity, Community. Control over one's lives. Relationship with nature. **(6 lectures)**

(Refs: M K Gandhi, Schumacher, Kumarappa)

Essential elements of Indian civilization. **(3 lectures)**

(Refs: Pt Sundarlal, R C Mazumdar, Dharampal)

Technology as driver of society, Role of education in shaping of society. Future directions. **(4 lectures)** (Refs: Nandkishore Acharya, David Dixon, Lewis Mumford)

Conclusion (2 lectures)

Total lectures: 39

Preferred Textbooks: See Reference Books

Reference Books: Authors mentioned along with topics above. Detailed reading list will be provided.

GRADING:

Mid sems	30
End sem	20
Home Assign	10
Term paper	40

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- The students will get an understanding of how societies are shaped by philosophy, political and economic system, how they relate to fulfilling human goals & desires with some case studies of how different attempts have been made in the past and how they have fared.

MX3088 STATE, NATION BUILDING AND POLITICS IN INDIA **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of the course is to provide an understanding of the state, how it works through its main organs, primacy of politics and political process, the concept of sovereignty and its changing contours in a globalized world. In the light of this, an attempt will be made to acquaint the students with the main development and legacies of national movement and constitutional development in India, reasons for adopting a Parliamentary-federal system, the broad philosophy of the Constitution of India and the changing nature of Indian Political System. Challenges/ problems and issues concerning national integration and nation-building will also be discussed in the contemporary context with the aim of developing a future vision for a better India.

TOPICS:

Understanding the need and role of State and politics.

Development of Nation-State, sovereignty, sovereignty in a globalized world.

Organs of State – Executive, Legislature, Judiciary. Separation of powers, forms of government-unitary-federal, Presidential-Parliamentary,
The idea of India.

1857 and the national awakening.

1885 Indian National Congress and development of national movement – its legacies. Constitution making and the Constitution of India.
Goals, objective and philosophy.
Why a federal system?
National integration and nation-building.

Challenges of nation-building – State against democracy (Kothari)
New social movements.
The changing nature of Indian Political System, the future scenario.
What can we do?

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME OF THE COURSE:

It is expected that this course will make students aware of the theoretical aspect of the state, its organs, its operationalization aspect, the background and philosophy behind the founding of the present political system, broad streams and challenges of national integration and nation-building in India. It will equip the students with the real understanding of our political system/ process in correct perspective and make them sit up and think for devising ways for better participation in the system with a view to making the governance and delivery system better for the common man who is often left unheard and unattended in our democratic setup besides generating a lot of dissatisfaction and difficulties for the system.

SUGGESTED READING:

i. Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India, Penguin India Ltd., New Delhi.
ii. Madhav Khosla, The Indian Constitution, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2012.
iii. Brij Kishore Sharma, Introduction to the Indian Constitution, PHI, New Delhi, latest edition.
iv. Sumantra Bose, Transforming India: Challenges to the World's Largest Democracy, Picador India, 2013.
v. Atul Kohli, Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U. K., 1991.
vi. M. P. Singh and Rekha Saxena, Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns, PHI, New Delhi, 2008, latest edition.

vii. Rajni Kothari, Rethinking Democracy, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2005.

MX3089 **INDUSTRIAL SAFETY** **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- To Understand the Introduction and basic Terminologies safety.
- To enable the students to learn about the Important Statutory Regulations and standards.
- To enable students to Conduct and participate the various Safety activities in the Industry.
- To have knowledge about Workplace Exposures and Hazards.
- To assess the various Hazards and consequences through various Risk Assessment Techniques.

UNIT I SAFETY TERMINOLOGIES

Hazard-Types of Hazard- Risk-Hierarchy of Hazards Control Measures-Lead indicators- lag Indicators-Flammability- Toxicity Time-weighted Average (TWA) - Threshold LimitValue (TLV) - Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)- Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH)- acute and chronic Effects- Routes of Chemical Entry-Personnel Protective Equipment- Health and Safety Policy-Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS.

UNIT II STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

Indian Factories Act-1948- Health- Safety- Hazardous materials and Welfare- ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) - Occupational Safety and Health Audit IS14489:1998- Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis- code of practice IS 15656:2006

UNIT III SAFETY ACTIVITIES

Toolbox Talk- Role of safety Committee- Responsibilities of Safety Officers and Safety Representatives- Safety Training and Safety Incentives- Mock Drills- On-site Emergency Action Plan- Off-site Emergency Action Plan- Safety poster and Display- Human Error Assessment

UNIT IV WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY

Noise hazard- Particulate matter- musculoskeletal disorder improper sitting poster and lifting Ergonomics RULE & REBA- Unsafe act & Unsafe Condition- Electrical Hazards- Crane Safety- Toxic gas Release

UNIT V HAZARD IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES

Job Safety Analysis-Preliminary Hazard Analysis-Failure mode and Effects Analysis- Hazard and Operability- Fault Tree Analysis- Event Tree Analysis Qualitative and Quantitative Risk Assessment- Checklist Analysis- Root cause analysis- What-If Analysis- and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

Course outcomes

on completion of this course the student will be able:

- Understand the basic concept of safety.
- Obtain knowledge of Statutory Regulations and standards.
- Know about the safety Activities of the Working Place.
- Analyze on the impact of Occupational Exposures and their Remedies.
- Obtain knowledge of Risk Assessment Techniques.

TEXTBOOKS

1. R.K. Jain and Prof. Sunil S. Rao Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems KHANNA PUBLISHER
2. L. M. Deshmukh Industrial Safety Management: Hazard Identification and Risk Control McGraw-Hill Education

REFERENCES

1. Frank Lees (2012) 'Lees' Loss Prevention in Process Industries.Butterworth-Heinemann publications, UK, 4th Edition.
2. John Ridley & John Channing (2008)Safety at Work: Routledge, 7th Edition.
3. Dan Petersen (2003) Techniques of Safety Management: A System Approach.
4. Alan Waring.(1996).Safety management system: Chapman &Hall,England
5. Society of Safety Engineers, USA

ONLINE RESOURCES

ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) International Organization for Standardization https://www.iso.org/standard/63787.html
Indian Standard code of practice on occupational safety and health audit https://law.resource.org/pub/in/bis/S02/is.14489.1998.pdf
Indian Standard code of practice on Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis IS 15656:2006 https://law.resource.org/pub/in/bis/S02/is.15656.2006.pdf

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcomes	Statement	Program Outcome														
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	Understand the basic concept of safety.	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	Obtain knowledge of Statutory Regulations and standards.	2	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	Know about the safety Activities of the Working Place.	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	3
CO4	Analyze on the impact of Occupational Exposures and their Remedies	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	Obtain knowledge of Risk Assessment Techniques.	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
	Industrial safety	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3

GE3751 PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Sketch the Evolution of Management.
- Extract the functions and principles of management.
- Learn the application of the principles in an organization.
- Study the various HR related activities.
- Analyze the position of self and company goals towards business.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS 9

Definition of Management – Science or Art – Manager Vs Entrepreneur- types of managers- managerial roles and skills – Evolution of Management –Scientific, human relations, system and contingency approaches– Types of Business organization- Sole proprietorship, partnership, company-public and private sector enterprises- Organization culture and Environment – Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING 9

Nature and purpose of planning – Planning process – Types of planning – Objectives – Setting objectives – Policies – Planning premises – Strategic Management – Planning Tools and Techniques – Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANISING 9

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization – Organization chart – Organization structure – Types – Line and staff authority – Departmentalization – delegation of authority – Centralization and decentralization – Job Design - Human Resource Management – HR Planning, Recruitment, selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

UNIT IV DIRECTING 9

Foundations of individual and group behaviour– Motivation – Motivation theories – Motivational techniques – Job satisfaction – Job enrichment – Leadership – types and theories of leadership – Communication – Process of communication – Barrier in communication – Effective communication – Communication and IT.

UNIT V CONTROLLING 9

System and process of controlling – Budgetary and non - Budgetary control techniques – Use of computers and IT in Management control – Productivity problems and management – Control and performance – Direct and preventive control – Reporting.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Upon completion of the course, students will be able to have clear understanding of managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading & controlling.

CO2: Have same basic knowledge on international aspect of management.

CO3: Ability to understand management concept of organizing.

CO4: Ability to understand management concept of directing.

CO5: Ability to understand management concept of controlling.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich "Essentials of management" Tata McGraw Hill,1998.
2. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, " Management", Prentice Hall (India)Pvt. Ltd., 10th Edition, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Robert Kreitner and MamataMohapatra, " Management", Biztantra, 2008.
2. Stephen A. Robbins and David A. Decenzo and Mary Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management" Pearson Education, 7th Edition, 2011.
3. Tripathy PC and Reddy PN, "Principles of Management", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1999.

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3		-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-
3	1		-	2	-	-	1	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	2
4	-	1	1	1	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	1
5	1		-	-	1	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	-	1
AVg.	1.66	1	1	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1.5	1	1.25

GE3752 TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Teach the need for quality, its evolution, basic concepts, contribution of quality gurus, TQMframework, Barriers and Benefits of TQM.
- Explain the TQM Principles for application.
- Define the basics of Six Sigma and apply Traditional tools, New tools, Benchmarking andFMEA.
- Describe Taguchi's Quality Loss Function, Performance Measures and apply Techniqueslike QFD, TPM, COQ and BPR.
- Illustrate and apply QMS and EMS in any organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality –Definition of TQM-- Basic concepts of TQM - Gurus of TQM (Brief introduction) – TQM Framework- Barriers to TQM –Benefits of TQM.

UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES 9

Leadership - Deming Philosophy, Quality Council, Quality statements and Strategic planning- Customer Satisfaction –Customer Perception of Quality, Feedback, Customer complaints, Service Quality, Kano Model and Customer retention – Employee involvement – Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition & Reward and Performance Appraisal-- Continuous process improvement –Juran Trilogy, PDSA cycle, 5S and Kaizen - Supplier partnership – Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating and Relationship development.

UNIT III TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES I 9

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six-sigma Process Capability- Bench marking - Reasons to benchmark, Benchmarking process, What to Bench Mark, Understanding Current Performance, Planning, Studying Others, Learning from the data, Using the findings, Pitfalls and Criticisms of Benchmarking - FMEA - Intent , Documentation, Stages, Design FMEA and Process FMEA.

UNIT IV TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES II **9**

Quality circles – Quality Function Deployment (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function – TPM – Concepts, improvement needs – Performance measures- Cost of Quality - BPR.

UNIT V QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM **9**

Introduction-Benefits of ISO Registration-ISO 9000 Series of Standards-Sector Specific Standards - AS 9100, TS16949 and TL 9000– ISO 9001 Requirements-Implementation-Documentation- Internal Audits-Registration-ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: Introduction—ISO 14000 Series Standards—Concepts of ISO 14001—Requirements of ISO 14001-Benefits of EMS.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to apply TQM concepts in a selected enterprise.

CO2: Ability to apply TQM principles in a selected enterprise.

CO3: Ability to understand Six Sigma and apply Traditional tools, New tools, Benchmarking andFMEA.

CO4: Ability to understand Taguchi's Quality Loss Function, Performance Measures and applyQFD, TPM, COQ and BPR.

CO5: Ability to apply QMS and EMS in any organization.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3										3	2		3
2						3						3		2	
3					3				3					2	3
4		2			3	2	3	2				3	3	2	
5			3			3	3	2							
AVg.		2.5	3		3	2.6	3	2	3			3	2.5	2	3

TEXT BOOK:

1. Dale H.Besterfiled, Carol B.Michna,Glen H. Bester field,MaryB.Sacre, HemantUrdhwareshe and RashmiUrdhwareshe, "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, RevisedThird Edition, Indian Reprint, Sixth Impression,2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Joel.E. Ross, "Total Quality Management – Text and Cases",Routledge.,2017.
2. Kiran.D.R, "Total Quality Management: Key concepts and case studies, Butterworth –Heinemann Ltd, 2016.
3. Oakland, J.S. "TQM – Text with Cases", Butterworth – Heinemann Ltd., Oxford, Third Edition,2003.
4. Suganthi.L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd.,2006 .

GE3753 ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understanding the concept of Engineering Economics.
- Implement various micro economics concept in real life.
- Gaining knowledge in the field of macro economics to enable the students to have better
- understanding of various components of macro economics.
- Understanding the different procedures of pricing.
- Learn the various cost related concepts in micro economics.

UNIT I DEMAND & SUPPLY ANALYSIS **9**

Managerial Economics - Relationship with other disciplines - Firms: Types, objectives and goals - Managerial decisions - Decision analysis.Demand - Types of demand - Determinants of demand - Demand function – Demand elasticity - Demand forecasting - Supply - Determinants of supply - Supply function -Supply elasticity.

UNIT II PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS **9**

Production function - Returns to scale - Production optimization - Least cost input - Isoquants - Managerial uses of production function. Cost Concepts - Cost function - Determinants of cost - Short run and Long run cost curves - Cost Output Decision - Estimation of Cost.

UNIT III PRICING **9**

Determinants of Price - Pricing under different objectives and different market structures - Price discrimination - Pricing methods in practice.

UNIT IV FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (ELEMENTARY TREATMENT) **9**

Balance sheet and related concepts - Profit & Loss Statement and related concepts - - Financial Ratio Analysis - Cash flow analysis - Funds flow analysis - Comparative financial statements - Analysis & Interpretation of financial statements.

UNIT V CAPITAL BUDGETING (ELEMENTARY TREATMENT) **9**

Investments - Risks and return evaluation of investment decision - Average rate of return - Payback Period - Net Present Value - Internal rate of return.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES: Students able to

CO1: Upon successful completion of this course, students will acquire the skills to apply the basics of economics and cost analysis to engineering and take economically sound decisions.

CO2: Evaluate the economic theories, cost concepts and pricing policies

CO3: Understand the market structures and integration concepts

CO4: Understand the measures of national income, the functions of banks and concepts of globalization

CO5: Apply the concepts of financial management for project appraisal

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Panneer Selvam, R. "Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India Ltd, New Delhi,2001.
2. Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases - P. L. Mehta, Edition: 13. Publisher, Sultan Chand, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Chan S.Park, "Contemporary Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India, 2011.
2. Donald.G. Newman, Jerome.P.Lavelle, "Engineering Economics and analysis" Engg. Press, Texas, 2010.
3. Degarmo, E.P., Sullivan, W.G and Canada, J.R, "Engineering Economy", Macmillan, New

York, 2011.
4. Zahid A khan: Engineering Economy, "Engineering Economy", Dorling Kindersley, 2012
5. Dr. S. N. Maheswari and Dr. S.K. Maheshwari: Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2009

MAPPING OF COS AND POS:

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3								2			1	3	
2		3												2	2
3		2													
4	2	3	3		2								2	3	
5	3	3	3		2								2		2
AVg.	2.5	2.4	3		2					2			1.8	2.0	2

GE3754 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To provide knowledge about management issues related to staffing.
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to training.
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to performance.
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to compensation.
- To provide knowledge about management issues related to human factors consideration and compliance with human resource requirements.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9

The importance of human resources – Objective of Human Resource Management - Human resource policies - Role of human resource manager.

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING 9

Importance of Human Resource Planning – Internal and External sources of Human Resources - Recruitment - Selection – Socialization.

UNIT III TRAINING AND EXECUTIVE DEVELOPMENT 9

Types of training and Executive development methods – purpose – benefits.

UNIT IV EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION 9

Compensation plan – Reward – Motivation – Career Development - Mentor – Protege relationships.

UNIT V PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND CONTROL 9

Performance evaluation – Feedback - The control process – Importance – Methods – grievances – Causes – Redressal methods.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Students would have gained knowledge on the various aspects of HRM.
CO2: Students will gain knowledge needed for success as a human resources professional.
CO3: Students will develop the skills needed for a successful HR manager.
CO4: Students would be prepared to implement the concepts learned in the workplace.

CO5: Students would be aware of the emerging concepts in the field of HRM

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Decenzo and Robbins, "Human Resource Management", 8th Edition, Wiley, 2007.
2. John Bernardin. H., "Human Resource Management – An Experimental Approach", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. Luis R., Gomez-Mejia, DavidB. Balkin and Robert L. Cardy, "Managing Human Resources", 7th Edition, PHI, 2012.
2. Dessler, "Human Resource Management", Pearson Education Limited, 2007.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1
3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1
4	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
AVg.	2.8	2.8	1.6	2.6	2.6	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.4	1	1.4	1	1	1.4	1

GE3755 **KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the Evolution of Knowledge management.
- Be familiar with tools.
- Be exposed to Applications.
- Be familiar with some case studies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction: An Introduction to Knowledge Management - The foundations of knowledge management- including cultural issues– technology applications organizational concepts and processes- management aspects- and decision support systems. The Evolution of Knowledge management: From Information Management to Knowledge Management - Key Challenges Facing the Evolution of Knowledge Management - Ethics for Knowledge Management.

UNIT II CREATING THE CULTURE OF LEARNING AND KNOWLEDGE SHARING 9

Organization and Knowledge Management - Building the Learning Organization. Knowledge Markets: Cooperation among Distributed Technical Specialists – Tacit Knowledge and Quality Assurance.

UNIT III KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT-THE TOOLS 9

Telecommunications and Networks in Knowledge Management - Internet Search Engines and Knowledge Management - Information Technology in Support of Knowledge Management - Knowledge Management and Vocabulary Control - Information Mapping in Information Retrieval - Information Coding in the Internet Environment - Repackaging Information.

UNIT IV KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT APPLICATION 9
Components of a Knowledge Strategy - Case Studies (From Library to Knowledge Center, Knowledge Management in the Health Sciences, Knowledge Management in Developing Countries).

UNIT V FUTURE TRENDS AND CASE STUDIES 9
Advanced topics and case studies in knowledge management - Development of a knowledge management map/plan that is integrated with an organization's strategic and business plan - A case study on Corporate Memories for supporting various aspects in the process life -cycles of an organization.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:
- **CO1:** Understand the process of acquiry knowledge from experts.
- **CO2**: Understand the learning organization.
- **CO3**: Use the knowledge management tools.
- **CO4**: Develop knowledge management Applications.
- **CO5**: Design and develop enterprise applications.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1					1										
2					2								1		
3					2									2	
4				1	1				1					1	
5				1	1				1					1	
AVg.				1	1.4				1				1	1.33	

TEXT BOOK:
1. Srikantaiah, T.K., Koenig, M., "Knowledge Management for the Information Professional" Information Today, Inc., 2000.

REFERENCE:
1. Nonaka, I., Takeuchi, H., "The Knowledge-Creating Company: How Japanese Companies Create the Dynamics of Innovation", Oxford University Press, 1995.

GE3792	INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To study the basic concepts of management; approaches to management; contributors to management studies; various forms of business organization and trade unions function in professional organizations.
2. To study the planning; organizing and staffing functions of management in professional organization.
3. To study the leading; controlling and decision making functions of management in professional organization.
4. To learn the organizational theory in professional organization.
5. To learn the principles of productivity and modern concepts in management in professional organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT **9**

Management: Introduction; Definition and Functions – Approaches to the study of Management – Mintzberg's Ten Managerial Roles – Principles of Taylor; Fayol; Weber; Parker – Forms of Organization: Sole Proprietorship; Partnership; Company (Private and Public); Cooperative – Public Sector Vs Private Sector Organization – Business Environment: Economic; Social; Political; Legal – Trade Union: Definition; Functions; Merits & Demerits.

UNIT II FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT - I **9**

Planning: Characteristics; Nature; Importance; Steps; Limitation; Planning Premises; Strategic Planning; Vision & Mission statement in Planning - Organizing: Organizing Theory; Principles; Types; Departmentalization; Centralization and Decentralization; Authority & Responsibility – Staffing: Systems Approach; Recruiting and Selection Process; Human Resource Development (HRD) Concept and Design.

UNIT III FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT - II **9**

Directing (Leading): Leadership Traits; Style; Morale; Managerial Grids (Blake-Mouton, Reddin) – Communication: Purpose; Model; Barriers – Controlling: Process; Types; Levels; Guidelines; Audit (External, Internal, Merits); Preventive Control – Decision Making: Elements; Characteristics; Nature; Process; Classifications.

UNIT IV ORGANIZATION THEORY **9**

Organizational Conflict: Positive Aspects; Individual; Role; Interpersonal; Intra Group; Inter Group; Conflict Management – Maslow's hierarchy of needs theory; Herzberg's motivation-hygiene theory; McClelland's three needs motivation theory; Vroom's valence-expectancy theory – Change Management: Concept of Change; Lewin's Process of Change Model; Sources of Resistance; Overcoming Resistance; Guidelines to managing Conflict.

UNIT V PRODUCTIVITY AND MODERN TOPICS **9**

Productivity: Concept; Measurements; Affecting Factors; Methods to Improve – Modern Topics (concept, feature/characteristics, procedure, merits and demerits): Business Process Reengineering (BPR); Benchmarking; SWOT/SWOC Analysis; Total Productive Maintenance; Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP); Management of Information Systems (MIS).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

CO1 Explain basic concepts of management; approaches to management; contributors to management studies; various forms of business organization and trade unions function in professional organizations.

CO2 Discuss the planning, organizing and staffing functions of management in professional organization.

CO3 Apply the leading, controlling and decision making functions of management in professional organization.

CO4 Discuss the organizational theory in professional organization.

CO5 Apply principles of productivity and modern concepts in management in professional organization.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. M. Govindarajan and S. Natarajan, "Principles of Management", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009.
2. Koontz, H. and Weihrich, H., "Essentials of Management: An International Perspective", 8th Edition, Tata McGrawhill, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Joseph J, Massie, "Essentials of Management", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 1987.
2. Saxena, P. K., "Principles of Management: A Modern Approach", Global India Publications, 2009.
3. S.Chandran, "Organizational Behaviours", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1994.
4. Richard L. Daft, "Organization Theory and Design", South Western College Publishing, 11th Edition, 2012.
5. S. TravisCerto, "Modern Management Concepts and Skills", Pearson Education, 2018.

MAPPING OF COS AND POS:

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1	1

OPEN ELECTIVE I AND II

OCS351 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING FUNDAMENTALS

L T P C
2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES

The main objectives of this course are to:

1. Understand the importance, principles, and search methods of AI
2. Provide knowledge on predicate logic and Prolog.
3. Introduce machine learning fundamentals
4. Study of supervised learning algorithms.
5. Study about unsupervised learning algorithms.

UNIT I INTELLIGENT AGENT AND UNINFORMED SEARCH 6

Introduction - Foundations of AI - History of AI - The state of the art - Risks and Benefits of AI - **Intelligent Agents** - Nature of Environment - Structure of Agent - Problem Solving Agents - Formulating Problems - **Uninformed Search** - Breadth First Search - Dijkstra's algorithm or uniform-cost search - Depth First Search - Depth Limited Search

UNIT II PROBLEM SOLVING WITH SEARCH TECHNIQUES 6

Informed Search - Greedy Best First - A* algorithm - Adversarial Game and Search - **Game theory** - Optimal decisions in game - Min Max Search algorithm - Alpha-beta pruning - **Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSP)** - Examples - Map Coloring - Job Scheduling - Backtracking Search for CSP

UNIT III LEARNING 6

Machine Learning: Definitions – Classification - Regression - approaches of machine learning models - Types of learning - Probability - Basics - Linear Algebra – Hypothesis space and inductive bias, Evaluation. Training and test sets, cross validation, Concept of over fitting, under fitting, Bias and Variance - **Regression**: Linear Regression - Logistic Regression

UNIT IV SUPERVISED LEARNING 6

Neural Network: Introduction, Perceptron Networks – Adaline - Back propagation networks - **Decision Tree**: Entropy – Information gain - Gini Impurity - classification algorithm - Rule based Classification - **Naive Bayesian classification** - **Support Vector Machines** (SVM)

UNIT V UNSUPERVISED LEARNING 6

Unsupervised Learning – Principle Component Analysis - **Neural Network:** Fixed Weight Competitive Nets - Kohonen Self-Organizing Feature Maps – **Clustering**: Definition - Types of Clustering – Hierarchical clustering algorithms – k-means algorithm

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES 30 PERIODS

Programs for Problem solving with Search

1. Implement breadth first search
2. Implement depth first search
3. Analysis of breadth first and depth first search in terms of time and space
4. Implement and compare Greedy and A* algorithms.

Supervised learning

5. Implement the non-parametric locally weighted regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs
6. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based algorithm.
7. Build an artificial neural network by implementing the back propagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.
8. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier.

Unsupervised learning

9. Implementing neural network using self-organizing maps

10. Implementing k-Means algorithm to cluster a set of data.
11. Implementing hierarchical clustering algorithm.

Note:
- Installation of gnu-prolog, Study of Prolog (gnu-prolog).
- The programs can be implemented in using C++/JAVA/ Python or appropriate tools can be used by designing good user interface
- Data sets can be taken from standard repositories (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html) or constructed by the students.

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the foundations of AI and the structure of Intelligent Agents

CO2: Use appropriate search algorithms for any AI problem

CO3: Study of learning methods

CO4: Solving problem using Supervised learning

CO5: Solving problem using Unsupervised learning

TOTAL PERIODS: 60

TEXT BOOK

1. S. Russell and P. Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", Prentice Hall, Fourth Edition, 2021
2. S.N.Sivanandam and S.N.Deepa, Principles of soft computing-Wiley India.3 rd ed.

REFERENCES

1. Machine Learning. Tom Mitchell. First Edition, McGraw- Hill, 1997
2. I. Bratko, "Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence", Fourth edition, Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc., 2011.
3. C. Muller & Sarah Alpaydin, Ethem. Introduction to machine learning. MIT press, 2020.

OCS352 IOT CONCEPTS AND APPLICATIONS L T P C 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To apprise students with basic knowledge of IoT that paves a platform to understand physical and logical design of IOT
- To teach a student how to analyse requirements of various communication models and protocols for cost-effective design of IoT applications on different IoT platforms.
- To introduce the technologies behind Internet of Things(IoT).
- To explain the students how to code for an IoT application using Arduino/Raspberry Pi open platform.
- To apply the concept of Internet of Things in real world scenario.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS 5

Evolution of Internet of Things – Enabling Technologies – IoT Architectures: oneM2M, IoT World Forum (IoTWF) and Alternative IoT Models – Simplified IoT Architecture and Core IoT Functional Stack – Fog, Edge and Cloud in IoT

UNIT II COMPONENTS IN INTERNET OF THINGS 5

Functional Blocks of an IoT Ecosystem – Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects – Control Units - Communication modules (Bluetooth, Zigbee,Wifi, GPS, GSM Modules)

UNIT III PROTOCOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES BEHIND IOT 6

IOT Protocols - IPv6, 6LoWPAN, MQTT, CoAP - RFID, Wireless Sensor Networks, BigData Analytics, Cloud Computing, Embedded Systems.

UNIT IV OPEN PLATFORMS AND PROGRAMMING **7**

IOT deployment for Raspberry Pi /Arduino platform-Architecture –Programming – Interfacing – Accessing GPIO Pins – Sending and Receiving Signals Using GPIO Pins – Connecting to the Cloud.

UNIT V IOT APPLICATIONS **7**

Business models for the Internet of things, Smart city, Smart mobility and transport, Industrial IoT, Smart health, Environment monitoring and surveillance – Home Automation – Smart Agriculture

30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Introduction to Arduino platform and programming
2. Interfacing Arduino to Zigbee module
3. Interfacing Arduino to GSM module
4. Interfacing Arduino to Bluetooth Module
5. Introduction to Raspberry Pi platform and python programming
6. Interfacing sensors to Raspberry Pi
7. Communicate between Arduino and Raspberry PI using any wireless medium
8. Setup a cloud platform to log the data
9. Log Data using Raspberry PI and upload to the cloud platform
10. Design an IOT based system

OUTCOMES:

CO 1: Explain the concept of IoT.

CO 2: Understand the communication models and various protocols for IoT.

CO 3: Design portable IoT using Arduino/Raspberry Pi /open platform

CO 4: Apply data analytics and use cloud offerings related to IoT.

CO 5: Analyze applications of IoT in real time scenario.

TOTAL PERIODS:60

TEXTBOOKS

1. Robert Barton, Patrick Grossetete, David Hanes, Jerome Henry, Gonzalo Salgueiro, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things", CISCO Press, 2017
2. Samuel Greengard, The Internet of Things, The MIT Press, 2015

REFERENCES

1. Perry Lea, "Internet of things for architects", Packt, 2018
2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi , "The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012
3. IOT (Internet of Things) Programming: A Simple and Fast Way of Learning, IOT Kindle Edition.
4. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet of Things", Springer, 2011.
5. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things – A hands-on approach", Universities Press, 2015
6. https://www.arduino.cc/
https://www.ibm.com/smarterplanet/us/en/?ca=v_smarterplanet

OCS353 DATA SCIENCE FUNDAMENTALS

OCS353	DATA SCIENCE FUNDAMENTALS	L T P C
		2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Familiarize students with the data science process.
- Understand the data manipulation functions in Numpy and Pandas.
- Explore different types of machine learning approaches.
- Understand and practice visualization techniques using tools.
- Learn to handle large volumes of data with case studies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 6

Data Science: Benefits and uses – facets of data - Data Science Process: Overview – Defining research goals – Retrieving data – data preparation - Exploratory Data analysis – build the model – presenting findings and building applications - Data Mining - Data Warehousing – Basic statistical descriptions of Data.

UNIT II DATA MANIPULATION 9

Python Shell - Jupyter Notebook - IPython Magic Commands - NumPy Arrays-Universal Functions – Aggregations – Computation on Arrays – Fancy Indexing – Sorting arrays – Structured data – Data manipulation with Pandas – Data Indexing and Selection – Handling missing data – Hierarchical indexing – Combining datasets – Aggregation and Grouping – String operations – Working with time series – High performance

UNIT III MACHINE LEARNING 5

The modeling process - Types of machine learning - Supervised learning - Unsupervised learning - Semi-supervised learning- Classification, regression - Clustering – Outliers and Outlier Analysis

UNIT IV DATA VISUALIZATION 5

Importing Matplotlib – Simple line plots – Simple scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – Histograms – legends – colors – subplots – text and annotation – customization – three dimensional plotting - Geographic Data with Basemap - Visualization with Seaborn

UNIT V HANDLING LARGE DATA 5

Problems - techniques for handling large volumes of data - programming tips for dealing with large data sets- Case studies: Predicting malicious URLs, Building a recommender system - Tools and techniques needed - Research question - Data preparation - Model building – Presentation and automation.

30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

LAB EXERCISES

1. Download, install and explore the features of Python for data analytics.
2. Working with Numpy arrays
3. Working with Pandas data frames
4. Basic plots using Matplotlib
5. Statistical and Probability measures
   a) Frequency distributions
   b) Mean, Mode, Standard Deviation
   c) Variability
   d) Normal curves
   e) Correlation and scatter plots
   f) Correlation coefficient
   g) Regression

6. Use the standard benchmark data set for performing the following:
a) Univariate Analysis: Frequency, Mean, Median, Mode, Variance, Standard Deviation, Skewness and Kurtosis.
b) Bivariate Analysis: Linear and logistic regression modelling.
7. Apply supervised learning algorithms and unsupervised learning algorithms on any data set.
8. Apply and explore various plotting functions on any data set.

Note: Example data sets like: UCI, Iris, Pima Indians Diabetes etc.

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Gain knowledge on data science process.
CO2: Perform data manipulation functions using Numpy and Pandas.
CO3 Understand different types of machine learning approaches.
CO4: Perform data visualization using tools.
CO5: Handle large volumes of data in practical scenarios.

TOTAL PERIODS:60

TEXT BOOKS

1. David Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, and Mohamed Ali, "Introducing Data Science", Manning Publications, 2016.
2. Jake VanderPlas, "Python Data Science Handbook", O'Reilly, 2016.

REFERENCES

1. Robert S. Witte and John S. Witte, "Statistics", Eleventh Edition, Wiley Publications, 2017.
2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python", Green Tea Press,2014.

CCS333 AUGMENTED REALITY/VIRTUAL REALITY

L	T	P	C
2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart the fundamental aspects and principles of AR/VR technologies.
- To know the internals of the hardware and software components involved in the development of AR/VR enabled applications.
- To learn about the graphical processing units and their architectures.
- To gain knowledge about AR/VR application development.
- To know the technologies involved in the development of AR/VR based applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 7

Introduction to Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality – Definition – Introduction to Trajectories and Hybrid Space-Three I's of Virtual Reality – Virtual Reality Vs 3D Computer Graphics – Benefits of Virtual Reality – Components of VR System – Introduction to AR-AR Technologies-Input Devices – 3D Position Trackers – Types of Trackers – Navigation and Manipulation Interfaces – Gesture Interfaces – Types of Gesture Input Devices – Output Devices – Graphics Display – Human Visual System – Personal Graphics Displays – Large Volume Displays – Sound Displays – Human Auditory System.

UNIT II VR MODELING 6

Modeling – Geometric Modeling – Virtual Object Shape – Object Visual Appearance – Kinematics Modeling – Transformation Matrices – Object Position – Transformation Invariants –Object Hierarchies – Viewing the 3D World – Physical Modeling – Collision Detection – Surface Deformation – Force Computation – Force Smoothing and Mapping – Behavior Modeling – Model Management.

UNIT III VR PROGRAMMING 6

VR Programming – Toolkits and Scene Graphs – World ToolKit – Java 3D – Comparison of World ToolKit and Java 3D

UNIT IV APPLICATIONS 6

Human Factors in VR – Methodology and Terminology – VR Health and Safety Issues – VR and Society-Medical Applications of VR – Education, Arts and Entertainment – Military VR Applications – Emerging Applications of VR – VR Applications in Manufacturing – Applications of VR in Robotics – Information Visualization – VR in Business – VR in Entertainment – VR in Education.

UNIT V AUGMENTED REALITY 5

Introduction to Augmented Reality-Computer vision for AR-Interaction-Modelling and Annotation-Navigation-Wearable devices

30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Study of tools like Unity, Maya, 3DS MAX, AR toolkit, Vuforia and Blender.
2. Use the primitive objects and apply various projection types by handling camera.
3. Download objects from asset store and apply various lighting and shading effects.
4. Model three dimensional objects using various modelling techniques and apply textures over them.
5. Create three dimensional realistic scenes and develop simple virtual reality enabled mobile applications which have limited interactivity.
6. Add audio and text special effects to the developed application.
7. Develop VR enabled applications using motion trackers and sensors incorporating full haptic interactivity.
8. Develop AR enabled applications with interactivity like E learning environment, Virtual walkthroughs and visualization of historic places.
9. Develop AR enabled simple applications like human anatomy visualization, DNA/RNA structure visualization and surgery simulation.
10. Develop simple MR enabled gaming applications.

TOTAL PERIODS:60

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of AR and VR

CO2:Understand the tools and technologies related to AR/VR

CO3:Know the working principle of AR/VR related Sensor devices

CO4:Design of various models using modeling techniques

CO5:Develop AR/VR applications in different domains

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Charles Palmer, John Williamson, "Virtual Reality Blueprints: Create compelling VR experiences for mobile", Packt Publisher, 2018
2. Dieter Schmalstieg, Tobias Hollerer, "Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice", Addison Wesley, 2016
3. John Vince, "Introduction to Virtual Reality", Springer-Verlag, 2004
4. William R. Sherman, Alan B. Craig: Understanding Virtual Reality – Interface, Application, Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2003

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs													PSOs	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
2	3	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	3	1	2
3	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	1	2	3	2	2
4	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	3	2	2
5	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
AVg.	3.00	2.60	2.40	2.00	3.00	-	-	-	2.80	2.20	1.80	2.60	2.80	1.80	2.20

OPEN ELCTIVE III

OHS351 ENGLISH FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Description:
Students aspiring to take up competitive exams of which the English language is a vital component will find this course useful. Designed for students in the higher semesters, the course will help students to familiarise themselves with those aspects of English that are tested in these examinations.

Objectives:

- To train the students in the language components essential to face competitive examinations both at the national (UPSC, Banking, Railway, Defence) and the international level (GRE, TOEFL, IELTS).
- To enhance an awareness of the specific patterns in language testing and the respective skills to tackle verbal reasoning and verbal ability tests.
- To inculcate effective practices in language-learning in order to improve accuracy in usage of grammar and coherence in writing.
- To improve students' confidence to express their ideas and opinions in formal contexts
- To create awareness of accuracy and precision in communication

UNIT I **9**
Orientation on different formats of competitive exams - Vocabulary – Verbal ability – Verbal reasoning - Exploring the world of words – Essential words – Meaning and their usage – Synonyms-antonyms – Word substitution – Word analogy – Idioms and phrases – Commonly confused words – Spellings – Word expansion – New words in use.

UNIT II **9**
Grammar – Sentence improvement -Sentence completion – Rearranging phrases into sentences - Error identification –Tenses – Prepositions – Adjectives – Adverbs – Subject-verb agreement – Voice – Reported speech – Articles – Clauses – Speech patterns.

UNIT III **9**
Reading - Specific information and detail – Identifying main and supporting ideas – Speed reading techniques – Improving global reading skills – Linking ideas – Summarising – Understanding argument – Identifying opinion/attitude and making inferences - Critical reading.

UNIT IV **9**
Writing – Pre-writing techniques – Mindmap - Describing pictures and facts - Paragraph structure – organising points – Rhetoric writing – Improving an answer – Drafting, writing and developing an argument – Focus on cohesion – Using cohesive devices - Analytic writing – Structure and types of essay – Mind maps – Structure of drafts, letters, memos, emails – Statements of Purpose – Structure, Content and Style.

UNIT V 9

Listening and Speaking – Contextual listening – Listening to instructions – Listening for specific information – Identifying detail, main ideas – Following signpost words – Stress, rhythm and intonation - Speaking to respond and elicit ideas – Guided speaking – Opening phrases – Interactive communication – Dysfluency -Sentence stress – Speaking on a topic – Giving opinions – Giving an oral presentation – Telling a story or a personal anecdote – Talking about oneself - Utterance – Speech acts- Brainstorming ideas – Group discussion.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- expand their vocabulary and gain practical techniques to read and comprehend a wide range of texts with the emphasis required
- identify errors with precision and write with clarity and coherence
- understand the importance of task fulfilment and the usage of task-appropriate vocabulary
- communicate effectively in group discussions, presentations and interviews
- write topic based essays with precision and accuracy

Teaching Methods:

Instructional methods will involve discussions, taking mock tests on various question papers – Objective, multiple-choice and descriptive. Peer evaluation, self-check on improvement and peer feedback - Practice sessions on speaking assessments, interview and discussion – Using multimedia.

Evaluative Pattern:

Internal Tests - 50%

End Semester Exam - 50%

TEXTBOOKS:

1.R.P.Bhatnagar - *General English for Competitive Examinations*. Macmillan India Limited, 2009.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. Educational Testing Service - The Official Guide to the GRE Revised General Test, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. The Official Guide to the TOEFL Test, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
3. R Rajagopalan- General English for Competitive Examinations, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2008.

Websites

http://www.examenglish.com/, http://www.ets.org/, http://www.bankxams.com/

http://civilservicementor.com/, http://www.educationobserver.com

http://www.cambridgeenglish.org/in/

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	-	-	-
2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
AVg.	2	2.6	2.6	2	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2	3	2.4	3	-	-	-

- 1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-'- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

OMG352 NGOS AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- to understand the importance of sustainable development
- to acquire a reasonable knowledge on the legal frameworks pertaining to pollution control and environmental management
- to comprehend the role of NGOs in attaining sustainable development

UNIT I ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS 9

Introduction to sustainable development goals, Global responsibility of environmental concern, Importance of environmental preservation, Environmental threats, Pollution and its types, Effects of Pollution, Pollution control, Treatment of wastes

UNIT II ROLE OF NGOS 9

Role of NGO's in national development, NGO's and participatory management, Challenges and limitations of NGO's, Community Development programmes, Role of NGO's in Community Development programmes, Participation of NGO's in environment management, Corporate Social responsibility, NGO's and corporate social responsibility

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT 9

Issues and Challenges of Sustainable Development, Bioenergy, Sustainable Livelihoods and Rural Poor in Sustainable Development, Protecting ecosystem services for sustainable development, Non-renewable sources of energy and its effect, Renewable sources of energy for sustainability, Nuclear resources and Legal Regulation of Hazardous Substances, Sustainable Development Programme and Policies, Sustainability assessment and Indicators

UNIT IV NGO'S FOR SUSTAINABILITY 9

Civil Society Initiatives in Environment Management, Civil Society Initiatives for Sustainable Development, Global Initiatives in Protecting Global Environment, World Summit on Sustainable Development (Johannesburg Summit 2002), Ecological economics, Environmental sustainability, Social inclusion, Health for all, education for all, Food security and Water security, NGOs and Sustainable Development strategies

UNIT V LEGAL FRAMEWORKS 9

Need for a Legal framework and its enforcement, Legal measures to control pollution, Environmental Legislations in India, Mechanism to implement Environmental Laws in India, Legal Protection of Forests Act 1927, Legal Protection of Wild Life, Role of NGO's in implementing environmental laws, Challenges in the implementation of environmental legislation

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student will :

CO1 Have a thorough grounding on the issues and challenges being faced in attaining sustainable development.

CO2 have a knowledge on the role of NGOs towards sustainable development

CO 3 present strategies for NGOs in attaining sustainable development

CO 4 recognize the importance of providing energy, food security and health equity to all members of the society without damaging the environment

CO 5 understand the environmental legislations

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Kulsange, S and Kamble, R. (2016). Environmental NGO's: Sustainability Stewardship. Lap Lambert Academic Publishing. India. ISBN-13: 978-6200442444

2. Dodds, F. (2007). NGO diplomacy: The influence of nongovernmental organizations in international environmental negotiations. Mit Press. Cambridge, ISBN-13: 978-0262524766.
3. Ghosh, S. (Ed.). (2019). Indian environmental law: Key concepts and principles. Orient BlackSwan, India. ISBN-13: 978-9352875795.
4. Alan Fowler and Chiku Malunga (2010) NGO Management: The Earthscan Companion, Routledge, ISBN-13 : 978-1849711197.

OMG353 DEMOCRACY AND GOOD GOVERNANCE

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

UNIT I **(9)**
Structure and Process of Governance: Indian Model of Democracy, Parliament, Party Politics and Electoral Behaviour, Federalism, the Supreme Court and Judicial Activism, Units of Local Governance

UNIT II **(9)**
Regulatory Institutions – SEBI, TRAI, Competition Commission of India,

UNIT III **(9)**
Lobbying Institutions: Chambers of Commerce and Industries, Trade Unions, Farmers Associations, etc.

UNIT IV **(9)**
Contemporary Political Economy of Development in India: Policy Debates over Models of Development in India, Recent trends of Liberalisation of Indian Economy in different sectors, E-governance

UNIT V **(9)**
Dynamics of Civil Society: New Social Movements, Role of NGO's, Understanding the political significance of Media and Popular Culture.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Atul Kohli (ed.): The Success of India's Democracy, Cambridge University Press, 2001.
2. Corbridge, Stuart and John Harris: Reinventing India: Liberalisation, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy, Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. J.Dreze and A.Sen, India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity, Clarendon, 1995.
4. Sama Saeed: Screening the Public Sphere: Media and Democracy in India,2013
5. Himat Singh: Green Revolution Reconsidered: The Rural World of Punjab, OUP, 2001.
6. Jagdish Bhagwati: India in Transition: Freeing The Economy, 1993.
7. Smitu Kothari: Social Movements and the Redefinition of Democracy, Boulder, Westview, 1993.

CME365 RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To know the Indian and global energy scenario
2. To learn the various solar energy technologies and its applications.
3. To educate the various wind energy technologies.

4 To explore the various bio-energy technologies.
5 To study the ocean and geothermal technologies.

UNIT I ENERGY SCENARIO 9

Indian energy scenario in various sectors – domestic, industrial, commercial, agriculture, transportation and others – Present conventional energy status – Present renewable energy status-Potential of various renewable energy sources-Global energy status-Per capita energy consumption - Future energy plans.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY 9

Solar radiation – Measurements of solar radiation and sunshine – Solar spectrum - Solar thermal collectors – Flat plate and concentrating collectors – Solar thermal applications – Solar thermal energy storage – Fundamentals of solar photo voltaic conversion – Solar cells – Solar PV Systems – Solar PV applications.

UNIT III WIND ENERGY 9

Wind data and energy estimation – Betz limit - Site selection for windfarms – characteristics - Wind resource assessment - Horizontal axis wind turbine – components - Vertical axis wind turbine – Wind turbine generators and its performance – Hybrid systems – Environmental issues - Applications.

UNIT IV BIO-ENERGY 9

Bio resources – Biomass direct combustion – thermochemical conversion – biochemical conversion-mechanical conversion - Biomass gasifier - Types of biomass gasifiers - Cogeneration – Carbonisation – Pyrolysis - Biogas plants – Digesters –Biodiesel production – Ethanol production - Applications.

UNIT V OCEAN AND GEOTHERMAL ENERGY 9

Small hydro - Tidal energy – Wave energy – Open and closed OTEC Cycles – Limitations – Geothermal energy – Geothermal energy sources - Types of geothermal power plants – Applications - Environmental impact.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

- Discuss the Indian and global energy scenario.
- Describe the various solar energy technologies and its applications.
- Explain the various wind energy technologies.
- Explore the various bio-energy technologies.
- Discuss the ocean and geothermal technologies.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Fundamentals and Applications of Renewable Energy | Indian Edition, by Mehmet Kanoglu, Yunus A. Cengel, John M. Cimbala, cGraw Hill; First edition (10 December 2020), ISBN-10 : 9390385636
- Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies, by Kothari, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited; 2nd edition (1 January 2011), ISBN-10 : 8120344707

REFERENCES:

1. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 2012.
2. Rai.G.D., "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.
3. Sukhatme.S.P., "Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
4. Tiwari G.N., "Solar Energy – Fundamentals Design, Modelling and applications", Alpha Science Intl Ltd, 2015.
5. Twidell, J.W. & Weir A., "Renewable Energy Resources", EFNSpon Ltd., UK, 2015.

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	2	1	2
2	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	2
3	3	2	3	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	2
4	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	2
5	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	2
Low (1) Medium (2) High (3)															

OME354 **APPLIED DESIGN THINKING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to:

- Introduce tools & techniques of design thinking for innovative product
- development Illustrate customer-centric product innovation using on simple
- use cases Demonstrate development of Minimum usable Prototypes
- Outline principles of solution concepts & their evaluation
- Describe system thinking principles as applied to complex systems

UNIT I DESIGN THINKING PRINCIPLES 9

Exploring Human-centered Design - Understanding the Innovation process, discovering areas of opportunity, Interviewing & empathy-building techniques, Mitigate validation risk with FIR [Forge Innovation rubric] - Case studies

UNIT II ENDUSER-CENTRIC INNOVATION 9

Importance of customer-centric innovation - Problem Validation and Customer Discovery - Understanding problem significance and problem incidence - Customer Validation. Target user, User persona & user stories. Activity: Customer development process - Customer interviews and field visit

UNIT III APPLIED DESIGN THINKING TOOLS 9

Concept of Minimum Usable Prototype [MUP] - MUP challenge brief - Designing & Crafting the value proposition - Designing and Testing Value Proposition; Design a compelling value proposition; Process, tools and techniques of Value Proposition Design

UNIT IV CONCEPT GENERATION 9

Solution Exploration, Concepts Generation and MUP design- Conceptualize the solution concept; explore, iterate and learn; build the right prototype; Assess capability, usability and feasibility. Systematic concept generation; evaluation of technology alternatives and the solution concepts

UNIT V SYSTEM THINKING 9

System Thinking, Understanding Systems, Examples and Understandings, Complex Systems

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, learners will be able to:

- Define & test various hypotheses to mitigate the inherent risks in product innovations.
- Design the solution concept based on the proposed value by exploring alternate solutions to achieve value-price fit.
- Develop skills in empathizing, critical thinking, analyzing, storytelling & pitching.

- Apply system thinking in a real-world scenario.

Text Books

1. Steve Blank, (2013), The four steps to epiphany: Successful strategies for products that win, Wiley.
2. Alexander Osterwalder, Yves Pigneur, Gregory Bernarda, Alan Smith, Trish Papadakos, (2014), Value
3. Proposition Design: How to Create Products and Services Customers Want, Wiley.
4. Donella H. Meadows, (2015), "Thinking in Systems -A Primer", Sustainability Institute.
5. Tim Brown (2012) "Change by Design: How Design Thinking Transforms Organizations and Inspires Innovation", Harper Business.

REFERENCES

1. https://www.ideou.com/pages/design-thinking#process
2. https://blog.forgefor ward.in/valuation-risk-versus-validation-risk-in-product-innovations-49f253ca8624
3. https://blog.forgefor ward.in/product-innovation-rubric-adf5ebdfd356
4. https://blog.forgefor ward.in/evaluating-product-innovations-e8178e58b86e
5. https://blog.forgefor ward.in/user-guide-for-product-innovation-rubric-857181b253dd
6. https://blog.forgefor ward.in/star-lab-failure-is-like-true-lie-7812c6fe9b55

MF3003	REVERSE ENGINEERING	L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The main learning objective of this course is to prepare students for:
- Applying the fundamental concepts and principles of reverse engineering in product design and development.
- Applying the concept and principles material characteristics, part durability and life limitation in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Applying the concept and principles of material identification and process verification in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Analysing the various legal aspect and applications of reverse engineering in product design and development.
- Understand about 3D scanning hardware & software operations and procedure to generate 3D model

UNIT I INTRODUCTION & GEOMETRIC FORM 9

Definition – Uses – The Generic Process – Phases – Computer Aided Reverse Engineering – Surface and Solid Model Reconstruction – Dimensional Measurement – Prototyping.

UNIT II MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS AND PROCESS IDENTIFICATION 9

Alloy Structure Equivalency – Phase Formation and Identification – Mechanical Strength – Hardness –Part Failure Analysis – Fatigue – Creep and Stress Rupture – Environmentally Induced Failure Material Specification - Composition Determination - Microstructure Analysis - Manufacturing Process Verification.

UNIT III DATA PROCESSING 9

Statistical Analysis – Data Analysis – Reliability and the Theory of Interference – Weibull Analysis – Data Conformity and Acceptance – Data Report – Performance Criteria – Methodology of Performance Evaluation – System Compatibility.

UNIT IV 3D SCANNING AND MODELLING 9

Introduction, working principle and operations of 3D scanners: Laser, White Light, Blue Light - Applications- Software for scanning and modelling: Types- Applications- Preparation techniques for Scanning objects- Scanning and Measuring strategies - Calibration of 3D Scanner- Step by step procedure: 3D scanning - Geometric modelling – 3D inspection- Case studies.

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS 9

Reverse Engineering in the Automotive Industry; Aerospace Industry; Medical Device Industry. Case studies and Solving Industrial projects in Reverse Engineering Legality: Patent – Copyrights –Trade Secret – Third-Party Materials.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Apply the fundamental concepts and principles of reverse engineering in product design and development.
- Apply the concept and principles material characteristics, part durability and life limitation in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Apply the concept and principles of material identification and process verification in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Apply the concept and principles of data processing, part performance and system compatibility in reverse engineering of product design and development.
- Analyze the various legal aspect.
- Applications of reverse engineering in product design and development.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Robert W. Messler, Reverse Engineering: Mechanisms, Structures, Systems & Materials, 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2014
2. Wego Wang, Reverse Engineering Technology of Reinvention, CRC Press, 2011

REFERENCES:

1. Scott J. Lawrence , Principles of Reverse Engineering, Kindle Edition, 2022
2. Kevin Otto and Kristin Wood, Product Design: Techniques in Reverse Engineering and New Product Development, Prentice Hall, 2001
3. Kathryn, A. Ingle, "Reverse Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 1994.
4. Linda Wills, "Reverse Engineering", Kluver Academic Publishers, 1996
5. Vinesh Raj and Kiran Fernandes, "Reverse Engineering: An Industrial Perspective", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2008

OPR351	SUSTAINABLE MANUFACTURING	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To be acquainted with sustainability in manufacturing and its evaluation.
- To provide knowledge in environment and social sustainability.
- To provide the student with the knowledge of strategy to achieve sustainability.
- To familiarize with trends in sustainable operations.
- To create awareness in current sustainable practices in manufacturing industry.

UNIT I ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY 9

Industrial Revolution-Economic sustainability: globalisation and international issues Sustainability status - Emerging issues- Innovative products- Reconfiguration manufacturing enterprises - Competitive manufacturing strategies - Performance evaluation- Management for sustainability - Assessments of economic sustainability

UNIT II SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY 9

Social sustainability – Introduction-Work management -Human rights - Societal commitment - Customers -Business practices -Modelling and assessing social sustainability. Environmental issues pertaining to the manufacturing sector: Pollution - Use of resources -Pressure to reduce costs - Environmental management. Processes that minimize negative environmental impacts - environmental legislation and energy costs - need to reduce the carbon footprint of manufacturing Operations-Modelling and assessing environmental sustainability

UNIT III SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES 9

Sustainability awareness - Measuring Industry Awareness-Drivers and barriers -Availability of sustainability indicators -Analysis of sustainability practicing -Modeling and assessment of sustainable practicing -Sustainability awareness -Sustainability drivers and barriers - Availability of sustainability indicators- Designing questionnaires- Optimizing Sustainability Indexes-Elements – Cost and time model

UNIT IV MANUFACTURING STRATEGY FOR SUSTAINABILITY 9

Concepts of competitive strategy and manufacturing strategies and development of a strategic improvement programme - Manufacturing strategy in business success strategy formation and formulation - Structured strategy formulation - Sustainable manufacturing system design options - Approaches to strategy formulation - Realization of new strategies/system designs.

UNIT V TRENDS IN SUSTAINABLE OPERATIONS 9

Principles of sustainable operations - Life cycle assessment manufacturing and service activities - Influence of product design on operations - Process analysis – Capacity management - Quality management -Inventory management - Just-In-Time systems - Resource efficient design - Consumerism and sustainable well-being.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Discuss the importance of economic sustainability.

CO2: Describe the importance of sustainable practices.

CO3: Identify drivers and barriers for the given conditions.

CO4: Formulate strategy in sustainable manufacturing

CO5: Plan for sustainable operation of industry with environmental, cost consciousness.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ibrahim Garbie, "Sustainability in Manufacturing Enterprises Concepts, Analyses and Assessments for Industry 4.0", Springer International Publishing., United States, 2016, ISBN-13: 978-3319293042.
2. Davim J.P., "Sustainable Manufacturing", John Wiley & Sons., United States, 2010,ISBN: 978-1-848-21212-1.

REFERENCES:

1. Jovane F, Emper, W.E. and Williams, D.J., "The ManuFuture Road: Towards Competitive and Sustainable High-Adding-Value Manufacturing", Springer 2009, United States, ISBN 978-3-540-77011-4.
2. Kutz M., "Environmentally Conscious Mechanical Design", John Wiley & Sons., United States, 2007, ISBN: 978-0-471-72636-4.
3. Seliger G., "Sustainable Manufacturing: Shaping Global Value Creation", Springer, United States, 2012, ISBN 978-3-642-27289-9.

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs/Pos &PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	3	-	3	-	-	-	2		-	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO5	3	-	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO/PO & PSO Average	3	-	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	1	1	2	2	2	1
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

AU3791 ELECTRIC AND HYBRID VEHICLES **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to prepare the students to know about the general aspects of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles (EHV), including architectures, modelling, sizing, and sub system design and hybrid vehicle control.

UNIT I DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES 9

Need for Electric vehicle- Comparative study of diesel, petrol, hybrid and electric Vehicles. Advantages and Limitations of hybrid and electric Vehicles. - Design requirement for electric vehicles- Range, maximum velocity, acceleration, power requirement, mass of the vehicle. Various Resistance- Transmission efficiency- Electric vehicle chassis and Body Design, Electric Vehicle Recharging and Refuelling Systems.

UNIT II ENERGY SOURCES 9

Battery Parameters- - Different types of batteries – Lead Acid- Nickel Metal Hydride - Lithium ion- Sodium based- Metal Air. Battery Modelling - Equivalent circuits, Battery charging- Quick Charging devices. Fuel Cell- Fuel cell Characteristics- Fuel cell types-Half reactions of fuel cell. Ultra capacitors. Battery Management System.

UNIT III MOTORS AND DRIVES 9

Types of Motors- DC motors- AC motors, PMSM motors, BLDC motors, Switched reluctance motors working principle, construction and characteristics.

UNIT IV POWER CONVERTERS AND CONTROLLERS 9

Solid state Switching elements and characteristics – BJT, MOSFET, IGBT, SCR and TRIAC - Power Converters – rectifiers, inverters and converters - Motor Drives - DC, AC motor, PMSM motors, BLDC motors, Switched reluctance motors – four quadrant operations –operating modes

UNIT V HYBRID AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES 9

Main components and working principles of a hybrid and electric vehicles. Different configurations of hybrid and electric vehicles. Power Split devices for Hybrid Vehicles - Operation modes - Control Strategies for Hybrid Vehicle - Economy of hybrid Vehicles - Case study on specification of electric and hybrid vehicles.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the operation and architecture of electric and hybrid vehicles
2. Identify various energy source options like battery and fuel cell
3. Select suitable electric motor for applications in hybrid and electric vehicles.

4. Explain the role of power electronics in hybrid and electric vehicles.
5. Analyze the energy and design requirement for hybrid and electric vehicles.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Iqbal Husain, " Electric and Hybrid Vehicles-Design Fundamentals", CRC Press,2003
2. Mehrdad Ehsani, " Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles", CRCPress,2005.

REFERENCES:

1. James Larminie and John Lowry, "Electric Vehicle Technology Explained " John Wiley & Sons,2003
2. Lino Guzzella, " Vehicle Propulsion System" Springer Publications,2005
3. Ron HodKinson, "Light Weight Electric/ Hybrid Vehicle Design", Butterworth Heinemann Publication,2005.

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	2
2	1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
3	1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	2
4	1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
5	1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3
Avg.	1	1	2	1		3	2					2		1	3

OAS352 **SPACE ENGINEERING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Use the standard atmosphere tables and equations.
- Find lift and drag coefficient data from NACA plots.
- Apply the concept of static stability to flight vehicles.
- Describe the concepts of stress, strain, Young's modulus, Poisson's ratio, yield strength.
- Demonstrate a basic knowledge of dynamics relevant to orbital mechanics.

UNIT I STANDARD ATMOSPHERE 6

History of aviation – standard atmosphere - pressure, temperature and density altitude.

UNIT II AERODYNAMICS 10

Aerodynamic forces – Lift generation Viscosity and its implications - Shear stress in a velocity profile - Lagrangian and Eulerian flow field - Concept of a streamline – Aircraft terminology and geometry - Aircraft types - Lift and drag coefficients using NACA data.

UNIT III PERFORMANCE AND PROPULSION 9

Viscous and pressure drag - flow separation - aerodynamic drag - thrust calculations -thrust/power available and thrust/power required.

UNIT IV AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND STRUCTURAL THEORY 10

Degrees of freedom of aircraft motions - stable, unstable and neutral stability - concept of static stability - Hooke's Law- brittle and ductile materials - moment of inertia - section modulus.

UNIT V SPACE APPLICATIONS 10

History of space research - spacecraft trajectories and basic orbital manoeuvres - six orbital elements - Kepler's laws of orbits - Newtons law of gravitation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Illustrate the history of aviation & developments over the years
- Ability to identify the types & classifications of components and control systems
- Explain the basic concepts of flight & Physical properties of Atmosphere
- identify the types of fuselage and constructions.
- Distinguish the types of Engines and explain the principles of Rocket

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John D. Anderson, Introduction to Flight, 8 th Ed., McGraw-Hill Education, New York,2015.
2. E Rathakrishnan, "Introduction to Aerospace Engineering: Basic Principles of Flight", John Wiley, NJ, 2021.
3. Stephen. A. Brandt, " Introduction to Aeronautics: A design perspective " American Institute of Aironautics & Astronautics,1997.

REFERENCE:

1. Kermode, A.C., "Mechanics of Flight", Himalayan Book, 1997.

OIM351 INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT

	L	T	P	C
	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce fundamental concepts of industrial management
- To understand the approaches to the study of Management
- To learn about Decision Making, Organizing and leadership
- To analyze the Managerial Role and functions
- To know about the Supply Chain Management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Technology Management - Definition - Functions - Evolution of Modern Management - Scientific Management Development of Management Thought. Approaches to the study of Management, Forms of Organization -Individual Ownership - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Co-operative Enterprises - Public Sector Undertakings, Corporate Frame Work- Share Holders - Board of Directors - Committees - Chief Executive Line and Functional Managers,-Financial-Legal-Trade Union

UNIT II FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT 9

Planning - Nature and Purpose - Objectives - Strategies – Policies and Planning Premises - Decision Making - Organizing - Nature and Process - Premises - Departmentalization - Line and staff – Decentralization -Organizational culture, Staffing - selection and training .Placement - Performance appraisal - Career Strategy – Organizational Development. Leading - Managing human factor - Leadership .Communication, Controlling - Process of Controlling - Controlling techniques, productivity and operations management - Preventive control, Industrial Safety.

UNIT III ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR 9

Definition - Organization - Managerial Role and functions -Organizational approaches, Individual behaviour - causes - Environmental Effect - Behaviour and Performance, Perception - Organizational Implications. Personality - Contributing factors - Dimension – Need Theories - Process Theories - Job Satisfaction, Learning and Behaviour-Learning Curves, Work Design and approaches.

UNIT IV GROUPDYNAMICS 9

Group Behaviour - Groups - Contributing factors - Group Norms, Communication - Process - Barriers to communication - Effective communication, leadership - formal and informal characteristics – Managerial Grid - Leadership styles - Group Decision Making - Leadership Role in

Group Decision, Group Conflicts - Types -Causes - Conflict Resolution -Inter group relations and conflict, Organization centralization and decentralization - Formal and informal - Organizational Structures Organizational Change and Development -Change Process – Resistance to Change - Culture and Ethics.

UNIT V MODERN CONCEPTS **9**

Management by Objectives (MBO) - Management by Exception (MBE),Strategic Management - Planning for Future direction - SWOT Analysis -Evolving development strategies, information technology in management Decisions support system-Management Games Business Process Re-engineering(BPR) -Enterprises Resource Planning (ERP) - Supply Chain Management (SCM) - Activity Based Management (AM) - Global Perspective - Principles and Steps Advantages and disadvantage

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of industrial management

CO2: Identify the group conflicts and its causes.

CO3: Perform swot analysis

CO4 : Analyze the learning curves

CO5 : Understand the placement and performance appraisal

REFERENCES:

1. Maynard H.B, "Industrial Engineering Hand book", McGraw-Hill, sixth 2008

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1											2	1	
2		2	2	3											2
3	2	3	2	3									1	2	3
4	2	2	3	3										3	3
5	2	2											2		
AVg.	2	2.2	2.3	3									1.8	2	2.6

OIE354 QUALITY ENGINEERING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Developing a clear knowledge in the basics of various quality concepts.
- Facilitating the students in understanding the application of control charts and its techniques.
- Developing thespecialcontrolproceduresforserviceandprocessorientedindustries.
- Analyzing and understanding the process capability study.
- Developing the acceptance sampling procedures for incoming raw material.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

Quality Dimensions–Quality definitions–Inspection-Quality control–Quality Assurance–Quality planning-Quality costs–Economics of quality–Quality loss function

UNIT II CONTROLCHARTS **9**

Chance and assignable causes of process variation, statistical basis of the control chart, control charts for variables- $\bar{X}$, R and S charts, attribute control charts - p, np, c and u- Construction and application.

UNIT III SPECIAL CONTROL PROCEDURES 9

Warning and modified control limits, control chart for individual measurements, multi-vari chart, Xchart with a linear trend, chart for moving averages and ranges, cumulative-sum and exponentially weighted moving average control charts.

UNIT IV STATISTICALPROCESSCONTROL 9

Process stability, process capability analysis using a Histogram or probability plots and control chart.Gauge capability studies,setting specification limits.

UNITV ACCEPTANCESAMPLING 9

The acceptance sampling fundamental, OC curve, sampling plans for attributes, simple, double, multiple and sequential, sampling plans for variables.MIL-STD-105DandMIL-STD-414E&IS2500 standards.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: Control the quality of processes using control charts for variables in manufacturing industries.
CO2: Control the occurrence of defective product and the defects in manufacturing companies.
CO3: Control the occurrence of defects in services.
CO4: Analyzing and understanding the process capability study.
CO5: Developing the acceptance sampling procedures for incoming raw material.

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	3	3		3			1	2			2	1		
2		3	3		3	3			3			3		2	
3	3	3	3		3				3			3	1		
4	3		2		3						1		1		
5		2			3				3			3			1
Avg.	2.6	2.7	2.7		3	3		1	2.7		1	2.7	1	2	1

OSF351 FIRE SAFETY ENGINEERING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1:To enable the students to acquire knowledge of Fire and Safety Studies
2:To learn about the effect of fire on materials used for construction, the method of test for non-combustibility & fire resistance
3:To learn about fire area, fire stopped areas and different types of fire-resistant doors
4:To learn about the method of fire protection of structural members and their repair due to fire damage.
5:To develop safety professionals for both technical and management through systematic and quality-based study programmes

UNIT I INHERENT SAFETY CONCEPTS 9

Compartment fire-factors controlling fire severity, ventilation controlled and fuel controlled fires; Spread of fire in rooms, within building and between buildings. Effect of temperature on the properties of structural materials- concrete, steel, masonry and wood; Behavior of non-structural materials on fire- plastics, glass, textile fibres and other house hold materials.

UNIT II PLANT LOCATIONS **9**

Compartment temperature-time response at pre-flashover and post flashover periods; Equivalence of fire severity of compartment fire and furnace fire; Fire resistance test on structural elements-standard heating condition, Indian standard test method, performance criteria.

UNIT III WORKING CONDITIONS **9**

Fire separation between building- principle of calculation of safe distance, Design principles of fire resistant walls and ceilings; Fire resistant screens- solid screens and water curtains; Local barriers: Fire stopped areas-in roof, in fire areas and in connecting structures; Fire doors- Low combustible, Non-combustible and Spark-proof doors: method of suspension of fire doors; Air-tight sealing of doors

UNIT IV FIRE SEVERITY AND REPAIR TECHNIQUES **9**

Fabricated fire proof boards-calcium silicate, Gypsum, Vermiculite, and Perlite boards; Fire protection of structural elements - Wooden, Steel and RCC. Reparability of fire damaged structures- Assessment of damage to concrete, steel, masonry and timber structures, Repair techniques- repair methods to reinforced concrete Columns, beams and slabs; Repair to steel structural members, Repair to masonry structures.

UNIT V WORKING AT HEIGHTS **9**

Safe Access - Requirement for Safe Work Platforms- Stairways - Gangways and Ramps-Fall Prevention & Fall Protection - Safety Belts - Safety nets - Fall Arrestors- Working on Fragile Roofs - Work Permit Systems-Accident Case Studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1:Understand the effect of fire on materials used for construction

CO2:Understand the method of test for non-combustibility and fire resistance; and will be able to select different structural elements and their dimensions for a particular fire resistance rating of a building.

CO3:To understand the design concept of fire walls, fire screens, local barriers and fire doors and able to select them appropriately to prevent fire spread.

CO4:To decide the method of fire protection to RCC, steel, and wooden structural elements and their repair methods if damaged due to fire.

CO5:Describe the safety techniques and improve the analytical and intelligence to take the right decision at right time.

TEXT BOOKS

- Roytman, M. Y,"Principles of fire safety standards for building construction", Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1975
- John A. Purkiss,"Fire safety engineering design of structures" (2nd edn.), Butterworth Heinemann, Oxford, UK,2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Smith, E.E. and Harmathy, T.Z. (Editors),"Design of buildings for fire safety", ASTM Special Publication 685, American Society for Testing and Materials, Boston, U.S.A.1979.
2. Butcher, E. G. and Parnell, A. C. "Designing of fire safety", JohnWiley and Sons Ltd., New York, U.S.A.1983.
3. Jain, V.K."Fire safety in buildings" (2nd edn.), New Age International(P) Ltd., New Delhi,2010. 4. Hazop&Hazan,"Identifying and Assessing Process Industry Hazards", Fourth Edition ,1999
4. Frank R. Spellman, Nancy E. Whiting "The Handbook of Safety Engineering: Principles and Applications", 2009.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	1	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
4	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
Avg	1.3	-	1.75	-	-	1	1.3	1		1	-	1	-	-	-

OML351 INTRODUCTION TO NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Understanding the basic importance of NDT in quality assurance.
- Imbibing the basic principles of various NDT techniques, its applications, limitations, codes and standards.
- Equipping themselves to locate a flaw in various materials, products.
- Applying apply the testing methods for inspecting materials in accordance with industry specifications and standards.
- Acquiring the knowledge on the selection of the suitable NDT technique for a given application.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO NDT & VISUAL TESTING 9

Concepts of Non-destructive testing-relative merits and limitations-NDT Versus mechanical testing, Fundamentals of Visual Testing – vision, lighting, material attributes, environmental factors, visual perception, direct and indirect methods – mirrors, magnifiers, boroscopes and fibroscopes – light sources and special lighting.

UNIT II LIQUID PENETRANT & MAGNETIC PARTICLE TESTING 9

Liquid Penetrant Inspection: principle, applications, advantages and limitations, dyes, developers and cleaners, Methods & Interpretation.
Magnetic Particle Inspection: Principles, applications, magnetization methods, magnetic particles, Testing Procedure, demagnetization, advantages and limitations, – Interpretation and evaluation of test indications.

UNIT III EDDY CURRENT TESTING & THERMOGRAPHY 9

Eddy Current Testing: Generation of eddy currents– properties– eddy current sensing elements, probes, Instrumentation, Types of arrangement, applications, advantages, limitations – Factors affecting sensing elements and coil impedance, calibration, Interpretation/Evaluation.
Thermography- Principle, Contact & Non-Contact inspection methods, Active & Passive methods, Liquid Crystal – Concept, example, advantages & limitations. Electromagnetic spectrum, infrared thermography- approaches, IR detectors, instrumentation and methods, applications.

UNIT IV ULTRASONIC TESTING & AET 9

Ultrasonic Testing: Types of ultrasonic waves, characteristics, attenuation, couplants, probes, EMAT. Inspection methods-pulse echo, transmission and phased array techniques, types of scanning and displays, angle beam inspection of welds, time of flight diffraction (TOFD) technique, Thickness determination by ultrasonic method, Study of A, B and C scan presentations, calibration. Acoustic Emission Technique – Introduction, Types of AE signal, AE wave propagation, Source location, Kaiser effect, AE transducers, Principle, AE parameters, AE instrumentation, Advantages & Limitations, Interpretation of Results, Applications.

UNIT V RADIOGRAPHY TESTING 9

Sources-X-rays and Gamma rays and their characteristics-absorption, scattering. Filters and screens, Imaging modalities-film radiography and digital radiography (Computed, Direct, Real Time, CT scan). Problems in shadow formation, exposure factors, inverse square law, exposure charts, Penetrameters, safety in radiography

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Realize the importance of NDT in various engineering fields.
2. Have a basic knowledge of surface NDE techniques which enables to carry out various inspection in accordance with the established procedures.
3. Calibrate the instrument and inspect for in-service damage in the components by means of Eddy current testing as well as Thermography testing.
4. Differentiate various techniques of UT and AET and select appropriate NDT methods for better evaluation.
5. Interpret the results of Radiography testing and also have the ability to analyse the influence of various parameters on the testing.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Baldev Raj, T. Jayakumar and M. Thavasimuthu, Practical Non Destructive Testing, Alpha Science International Limited, 3rd edition, 2002.
2. J. Prasad and C. G. K. Nair, Non-Destructive Test and Evaluation of Materials, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd edition, 2011.
3. Ravi Prakash, "Non-Destructive Testing Techniques", 1st revised edition, New Age International Publishers, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. ASM Metals Handbook, V-17, "Nondestructive Evaluation and Quality Control", American Society of Metals, USA, 2001.
2. Barry Hull and Vernon John,"Nondestructive Testing", Macmillan, 1989.
3. Chuck Hellier, "Handbook of Nondestructive Evaluation", Mc Graw Hill, 2012.
4. Louis Cartz, "Nondestructive Testing", ASM International, USA, 1995.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	1			2	2				2	1	2	
CO2	3	1	2	2			2	2				2	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2			2	2				2	3	2	
CO4	3	1	2	2			2	2				2	3	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2			2	2				2	3	2	1
Avg	2.8	1.6	1.8	2.2			2	2				2	2.6	2	1.3

OMR351 **MECHATRONICS**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Selecting sensors to develop mechatronics systems.
2. Explaining the architecture and timing diagram of microprocessor, and also interpret and develop programs.
3. Designing appropriate interfacing circuits to connect I/O devices with microprocessor.
4. Applying PLC as a controller in mechatronics system.
5. Designing and develop the apt mechatronics system for an application.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SENSORS 9

Introduction to Mechatronics – Systems – Need for Mechatronics – Emerging areas of Mechatronics – Classification of Mechatronics. Sensors and Transducers: Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Sensor, Potentiometers – LVDT – Capacitance Sensors – Strain Gauges – Eddy Current Sensor – Hall Effect Sensor –Temperature Sensors – Light Sensors.

UNIT II 8085 MICROPROCESSOR 9

Introduction – Pin Configuration - Architecture of 8085 – Addressing Modes – Instruction set, Timing diagram of 8085.

UNIT III PROGRAMMABLE PERIPHERAL INTERFACE 9

Introduction – Architecture of 8255, Keyboard Interfacing, LED display – Interfacing, ADC and DAC Interface, Temperature Control – Stepper Motor Control – Traffic Control interface.

UNIT IV PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER 9

Introduction – Architecture – Input / Output Processing – Programming with Timers, Counters and Internal relays – Data Handling – Selection of PLC.

UNIT V ACTUATORS AND MECHATRONICS SYSTEM DESIGN 9

Types of Stepper and Servo motors – Construction – Working Principle – Characteristics, Stages of Mechatronics Design Process – Comparison of Traditional and Mechatronics Design Concepts with Examples – Case studies of Mechatronics Systems – Pick and Place Robot – Engine Management system – Automatic Car Park Barrier.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Select sensors to develop mechatronics systems.
CO2: Explain the architecture and timing diagram of microprocessor, and also interpret and develop programs.
CO3: Design appropriate interfacing circuits to connect I/O devices with microprocessor.
CO 4: Apply PLC as a controller in mechatronics system.
CO 5: Design and develop the apt mechatronics system for an application.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bolton W., "Mechatronics", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2015.
2. Ramesh S Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085", Penram International Publishing Private Limited, 6th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES

1. Bradley D.A., Dawson D., Buru N.C. and Loader A.J., "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall, 1993.
2. Davis G. Alciatore and Michael B. Histand, "Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2011.

3. Devadas Shetty and Richard A. Kolk, "Mechatronics Systems Design", Cengage Learning, 2010.
4. Nitaigour Premchand Mahalik, "Mechatronics Principles, Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
5. Smaili. A and Mrad, F, "Mechatronics Integrated Technologies for Intelligent Machines", Oxford University Press, 2007.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs/POs & PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
CO/PO & PSO Average	3	2	1	3		2						2	3	2	3
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

ORA351 FOUNDATION OF ROBOTICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To study the kinematics, drive systems and programming of robots.
2. To study the basics of robot laws and transmission systems.
3. To familiarize students with the concepts and techniques of robot manipulator, its kinematics.
4. To familiarize students with the various Programming and Machine Vision application in robots.
5. To build confidence among students to evaluate, choose and incorporate robots in engineering systems.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOT **9**

Robot – Definition – Robot Anatomy – Co-ordinate systems, Work Envelope, types and classification – specifications – Pitch, yaw, Roll, Joint Notations, Speed of Motion, Pay Load – Robot Parts and their functions – Need for Robots – Different Applications.

UNIT II ROBOT KINEMATICS **9**

Forward kinematics, inverse kinematics and the difference: forward kinematics and inverse Kinematics of Manipulators with two, three degrees of freedom (in 2 dimensional), four degrees of freedom (in 3 dimensional) – derivations and problems. Homogeneous transformation matrices, translation and rotation matrices.

UNIT III ROBOT DRIVE SYSTEMS AND END EFFECTORS **9**

Pneumatic Drives – Hydraulic Drives – Mechanical Drives – Electrical Drives – D.C. Servo Motors, Stepper Motor, A.C. Servo Motors – Salient Features, Applications and Comparison of All These Drives, End Effectors – Grippers – Mechanical Grippers, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Grippers, Magnetic grippers, vacuum grippers, internal grippers and external grippers, selection and design considerations of a gripper.

UNIT IV SENSORS IN ROBOTICS 9

Force sensors, touch and tactile sensors, proximity sensors, non-contact sensors, safety considerations in robotic cell, proximity sensors, fail safe hazard sensor systems, and compliance mechanism. Machine vision system - camera, frame grabber, sensing and digitizing image data - signal conversion, image storage, lighting techniques, image processing and analysis – data reduction, segmentation, feature extraction, object recognition, other algorithms, applications – Inspection, identification, visual serving and navigation.

UNIT V PROGRAMMING AND APPLICATIONS OF ROBOT 9

Teach pendant programming, lead through programming, robot programming languages – VAL programming – Motion Commands, Sensors commands, End-Effector Commands, and simple programs - Role of robots in inspection, assembly, material handling, underwater, space and medical fields.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Interpret the features of robots and technology involved in the control.

CO2: Apply the basic engineering knowledge and laws for the design of robotics.

CO3: Explain the basic concepts like various configurations, classification and parts of end effectors compare various end effectors and grippers and tools and sensors used in robots.

CO4: Explain the concept of kinematics, degeneracy, dexterity and trajectory planning.

CO5: Demonstrate the image processing and image analysis techniques by machine vision system.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ganesh S.Hedge,"A textbook of Industrial Robotics", Lakshmi Publications, 2006.
2. Mikell.P.Groover , "Industrial Robotics – Technology, Programming and applications" McGraw Hill 2nd edition 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Fu K.S., Gonalz R.C. and lee C.S.G."Robotics Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence", McGraw Hill book co. 2007.
2. YoramKoren, "Robotics for Engineers", McGraw Hill Book, Co., 2002.
3. Janakiraman P.A., "Robotics and Image Processing", Tata McGraw Hill 2005.
4. John. J.Craig, "Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control" 2nd Edition, 2002.
5. Jazar, "Theory of Applied Robotics: Kinematics, Dynamics and Control", Springer India reprint, 2010.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs/POs&PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO2	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO3	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO4	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO5	3	2	1	1								1			3
CO/PO & PSO Average															
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

OAE352 FUNDAMENTALS OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To acquire the knowledge on the Historical evaluation of Airplanes
- To learn the different component systems and functions
- To know the concepts of basic properties and principles behind the flight
- To learn the basics of different structures & construction
- To learn the various types of power plants used in aircrafts

UNIT I HISTORY OF FLIGHT **8**
Balloon flight-ornithopter-Early Airplanes by Wright Brothers, biplanes and monoplanes, Developments in aerodynamics, materials, structures and propulsion over the years.

UNIT II AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS AND ITS CONTROLS **10**
Different types of flight vehicles, classifications-Components of an airplane and their functions-Conventional control, powered control- Basic instruments for flying-Typical systems for control actuation.

UNIT III BASICS OF AERODYNAMICS **9**
Physical Properties and structures of the Atmosphere, Temperature, pressure and altitude relationships, Newton's Law of Motions applied to Aeronautics-Evolution of lift, drag and moment. Aerofoils, Mach number, Maneuvers.

UNIT IV BASICS OF AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES **9**
General types of construction, Monocoque, semi-monocoque and geodesic constructions, typical wing and fuselage structure. Metallic and non-metallic materials. Use of Aluminium alloy, titanium, stainless steel and composite materials. Stresses and strains-Hooke's law- stress-strain diagrams-elastic constants-Factor of Safety.

UNIT V BASICS OF PROPULSION **9**
Basic ideas about piston, turboprop and jet engines – use of propeller and jets for thrust production- Comparative merits, Principle of operation of rocket, types of rocket and typical applications, Exploration into space.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Illustrate the history of aircraft & developments over the years
- Ability to identify the types & classifications of components and control systems
- Explain the basic concepts of flight & Physical properties of Atmosphere
- Identify the types of fuselage and constructions.
- Distinguish the types of Engines and explain the principles of Rocket

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Anderson, J.D., Introduction to Flight, McGraw-Hill; 8th edition , 2015
2. E Rathakrishnan, "Introduction to Aerospace Engineering: Basic Principles of Flight", John Wiley, NJ, 2021
3. Stephen A. Brandt, Introduction to aeronautics: A design perspective, 2nd edition, AIAA Education Series, 2004.

REFERENCE

1. SADHU SINGH, "INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GAS TURBINE"-, SS Kataraia & sons, 2015
2. KERMODE , "FLIGHT WITHOUT FORMULAE", - Pitman; 4th Revised edition 1989

OGI351 REMOTE SENSING CONCEPTS L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of remote sensing processes and its components.
- To expose the various remote sensing platforms and sensors and to introduce the elements of data interpretation

UNIT I REMOTE SENSING AND ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION 9

Definition – components of RS – History of Remote Sensing – Merits and demerits of data collation between conventional and remote sensing methods - Electromagnetic Spectrum – Radiation principles - Wave theory, Planck's law, Wien's Displacement Law, Stefan's Boltzmann law, Kirchoff's law – Radiation sources: active & passive - Radiation Quantities

UNIT II EMR INTERACTION WITH ATMOSPHERE AND EARTH MATERIAL 9

Standard atmospheric profile – main atmospheric regions and its characteristics – interaction of radiation with atmosphere – Scattering, absorption and refraction – Atmospheric windows - Energy balance equation – Specular and diffuse reflectors – Spectral reflectance & emittance – Spectroradiometer – Spectral Signature concepts – Typical spectral reflectance curves for vegetation, soil and water – solid surface scattering in microwave region.

UNIT III ORBITS AND PLATFORMS 9

Motions of planets and satellites – Newton's law of gravitation - Gravitational field and potential - Escape velocity - Kepler's law of planetary motion - Orbit elements and types – Orbital perturbations and maneuvers – Types of remote sensing platforms - Ground based, Airborne platforms and Space borne platforms – Classification of satellites – Sun synchronous and Geosynchronous satellites – Lagrange Orbit

UNIT IV SENSING TECHNIQUES 9

Classification of remote sensors – Resolution concept : spatial, spectral, radiometric and temporal resolutions - Scanners - Along and across track scanners – Optical-infrared sensors – Thermal sensors – microwave sensors – Calibration of sensors - High Resolution Sensors - LIDAR , UAV – Orbital and sensor characteristics of live Indian earth observation satellites

UNIT V DATA PRODUCTS AND INTERPRETATION 9

Photographic and digital products – Types, levels and open source satellite data products – selection and procurement of data– Visual interpretation: basic elements and interpretation keys - Digital interpretation – Concepts of Image rectification, Image enhancement and Image classification

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

•On completion of the course, the student is expected to

CO 1 Understand the concepts and laws related to remote sensing

CO 2 Understand the interaction of electromagnetic radiation with atmosphere and earth material

CO3 Acquire knowledge about satellite orbits and different types of satellites

CO4 Understand the different types of remote sensors

CO5 Gain knowledge about the concepts of interpretation of satellite imagery

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Thomas M.Lillesand, Ralph W. Kiefer and Jonathan W. Chipman, Remote Sensing and Image interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York,2015.
2. George Joseph and C Jeganathan, Fundamentals of Remote Sensing,Third Edition Universities Press (India) Private limited, Hyderabad, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Janza, F.Z., Blue H.M. and Johnson,J.E. Manual of Remote Sensing. Vol.1, AmericanSociety of Photogrametry, Virginia, USA, 2002.
2. Verbyla, David, Satellite Remote Sensing of Natural Resources. CRC Press, 1995.
3. Paul Curran P.J. Principles of Remote Sensing. Longman, RLBS, 1996.
4. Introduction to Physics and Techniques of Remote Sensing , Charles Elachi and JacobVan Zyl, 2006 Edition II, Wiley Publication.
5. Basudeb Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, 2011

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO	Graduate Attribute	Course Outcome					Average
		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO2	Problem Analysis				3	3	3
PO3	Design/Development of Solutions				3	3	3
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems				3	3	3
PO5	Modern Tool Usage				3	3	3
PO6	The Engineer and Society						
PO 7	Environment and Sustainability						
PO 8	Ethics						
PO 9	Individual and Team Work						
PO 10	Communication						
PO 11	Project Management and Finance						
PO 12	Life-long Learning	3		3	3	3	3
PSO 1	Knowledge of Geoinformatics discipline	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 2	Critical analysis of Geoinformatics Engineering problems and innovations	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 3	Conceptualization and evaluation of Design solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3

OAI351 **URBAN AGRICULTURE** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students the principles of agricultural crop production and the production practices of crops in modern ways.
- To delineate the role of agricultural engineers in relation to various crop production practices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Benefits of urban agriculture- economic benefits, environmental benefits, social and cultural benefits, educational, skill-building and job training benefits, health, nutrition and food accessibility benefits.

UNIT II VERTICAL FARMING 9

Vertical farming- types, green facade, living/green wall-modular green wall , vegetated mat wall-Structures and components for green wall system: plant selection, growing media, irrigation and plant nutrition: Design, light, benefits of vertical gardening. Roof garden and its types. Kitchen garden, hanging baskets: **The house plants/ indoor plants**

UNIT III SOIL LESS CULTIVATION **9**

Hydroponics, aeroponics, aquaponics: merits and limitations, costs and Challenges, backyard gardens- tactical gardens- street landscaping- forest gardening, greenhouses, urban beekeeping.

UNIT IV MODERN CONCEPTS **9**

Growth of plants in vertical pipes in terraces and inside buildings, micro irrigation concepts suitable for roof top gardening, rain hose system, Green house, polyhouse and shade net system of crop production on roof tops.

UNIT V WASTE MANAGEMENT **9**

Concept, scope and maintenance of waste management- **recycle of organic waste, garden wastes- solid waste management-scope**, microbiology of waste, other ingredients like insecticide, pesticides and fungicides residues, waste utilization.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

1. Demonstrate the principles behind crop production and various parameters that influences the crop growth on roof tops
2. Explain different methods of crop production on roof tops
3. Explain nutrient and pest management for crop production on roof tops
4. Illustrate crop water requirement and irrigation water management on roof tops
5. Explain the concept of waste management on roof tops

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Martellozzo F and J S Landry. 2020. Urban Agriculture. Scitus Academics Llc.
2. Rob Roggema. 2016. Sustainable Urban Agriculture and Food Planning. Routledge Taylor and Francis Group.
3. Akrong M.O. 2012. Urban Agriculture. LAP Lambert Academic Publishing.

REFERENCES:

1. Aghili Rokh A. 2008. Evaluation of ornamental flowers and fishes breeding in Bushehr urban wastewater using a pilot-scale aquaponic system. Water and Wastewater, 19 (65): 47–53.
2. Agrawal M, Singh B, Rajput M, Marshall F and Bell J. N. B. 2003. Effect of air pollution on peri-urban agriculture: A case study. Environmental Pollution, 126 (3): 323–329. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0269749103002458#aep-section-id24.
3. Jac Smit and Joe Nasr. 1992. Urban agriculture for sustainable cities: using wastes and idle land and water bodies as resources. Environment and Urbanization, 4 (2):141-152.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO/PSO		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Overall correlation of COs with POs
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	1	2	1	1	2	1
PO2	Problem Analysis	1	1	1	1	1	2
PO3	Design/ Development of Solutions	1	2	1	1	3	2
PO4	Conduct investigations of Complex Problems	1	1	2	2	1	1
PO5	Modern Tool Usage	1	2	1	1	1	2
PO6	The Engineer and Society	1	2	1	2	1	1
PO7	Environment and sustainability	1	2	1	1	2	1
PO8	Ethics	2	1	1	1	2	1
PO9	Individual and team work	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO10	Communication	1	2	1	1	2	1
PO11	Project management and finance	1	1	1	1	1	2

PO12	Life-long learning:	1	2	1	1	3	2
PSO1	To make expertise in design and engineering problem solving approach in agriculture with proper knowledge and skill	1	2	1	1	2	1
PSO2	To enhance students ability to formulate solutions to real-world problems pertaining to sustained agricultural productivity using modern technologies	2	1	2	1	1	1
PSO3	To inculcate entrepreneurial skills through strong Industry-Institution linkage.	1	2	1	2	1	2

OEN351 DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND TREATMENT **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To equip the students with the principles and design of water treatment units and distribution system.

UNIT I SOURCES OF WATER 9

Public water supply system - Planning, Objectives, Design period, Population forecasting; Water demand - Sources of water and their characteristics, Surface and Groundwater - Impounding Reservoir - Development and selection of source - Source Water quality - Characterization - Significance - Drinking Water quality standards.

UNIT II CONVEYANCE FROM THE SOURCE 9

Water supply - intake structures - Functions; Pipes and conduits for water - Pipe materials - Hydraulics of flow in pipes - Transmission main design - Laying, jointing and testing of pipes - appurtenances - Types and capacity of pumps - Selection of pumps and pipe materials.

UNIT III WATER TREATMENT 9

Objectives - Unit operations and processes - Principles, functions, and design of water treatment plant units, aerators of flash mixers, Coagulation and flocculation – sand filters - Disinfection – Construction, Operation and Maintenance aspects.

UNIT IV ADVANCED WATER TREATMENT 9

Water softening - Desalination- R.O. Plant - demineralization - Adsorption - Ion exchange- Membrane Systems - Iron and Manganese removal - Defluoridation - Construction and Operation and Maintenance aspects

UNIT V WATER DISTRIBUTION AND SUPPLY 9

Requirements of water distribution - Components - Selection of pipe material - Service reservoirs - Functions - Network design - Economics - Computer applications - Appurtenances - Leak detection - Principles of design of water supply in buildings - House service connection - Fixtures and fittings, systems of plumbing and types of plumbing

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

CO1: an understanding of water quality criteria and standards, and their relation to public health

CO2: the ability to design the water conveyance system

CO3: the knowledge in various unit operations and processes in water treatment

CO4: an ability to understand the various systems for advanced water treatment.

CO5: an insight into the structure of drinking water distribution system

TEXTBOOKS :

1. Garg. S.K., "Water Supply Engineering", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, September 2008.
2. Punmia B.C. Arun K.Jain, Ashok K.Jain, " Water supply Engineering" Lakshmi publication private limited, New Delhi, 2016.
3. Rangwala "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", February 2022.
4. Birdie G.S., "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", Dhanpat Rai and sons, 2018.

REFERENCES :

1. Fair. G.M., Geyer.J.C., "Water Supply and Wastewater Disposal", John Wiley and Sons, 1954.
2. Babbit.H.E. and Donald.J.J, "Water Supply Engineering", McGraw Hill book Co, 1984.
3. Steel. E.W.et al., "Water Supply Engineering", Mc Graw Hill International book Co, 1984.
4. Duggal. K.N., "Elements of public Health Engineering", S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1998.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

	POs												PSOs		
COs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3						3		3			3		
2		3		2		2				3			3		
3				2		2				3			3		
4			3	2				3	2	3			3		
5			3	2			1		2	3		1			
Avg.		3	3	2		2	1	3	2	3		1	3		

1.low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-'- no correlation
Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

OCE353 LEAN CONCEPTS, TOOLS AND PRACTICES L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To impart knowledge about the basics of lean principles, tools and techniques, and implementation in the construction industry

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction and overview of the construction project management - Review of Project Management & Productivity Measurement Systems - Productivity in Construction - Daily Progress Report-The state of the industry with respect to its management practices -construction project phases - The problems with current construction management techniques.

UNIT II LEAN MANAGEMENT 9

Introduction to lean management - Toyota's management principle-Evolution of lean in construction industry - Production theories in construction –Lean construction value - Value in construction - Target value design - Lean project delivery system- Forms of waste in construction industry - Waste Elimination.

UNIT III CORE CONCEPTS IN LEAN **9**
Concepts in lean thinking – Principles of lean construction – Variability and its impact – Traditional construction and lean construction – Traditional project delivery - Lean construction and workflow reliability – Work structuring – Production control.

UNIT IV LEAN TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES **9**
Value Stream Mapping – Work sampling – Last planner system – Flow and pull based production – Last Planner System – Look ahead schedule – constraint analysis – weekly planning meeting- Daily Huddles – Root cause analysis – Continuous improvement – Just in time.

UNIT V LEAN IMPLEMENTATION IN CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY **9**
Lean construction implementation- Enabling lean through information technology - Lean in design - Design Structure - BIM (Building Information Modelling) - IPD (Integrated Project Delivery) - Sustainability through lean construction approach.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
On completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Explains the contemporary management techniques and the issues in present scenario.
CO2 Apply the basics of lean management principles and their evolution from manufacturing industry to construction industry.
CO3 Develops a better understanding of core concepts of lean construction tools and techniques and their importance in achieving better productivity.
CO4 Apply lean techniques to achieve sustainability in construction projects.
CO5 Apply lean construction techniques in design and modeling.

REFERENCES:

1. Corfe, C. and Clip, B., Implementing lean in construction: Lean and the sustainability agenda, CIRIA, 2013.
2. Shang Gao and Sui Pheng Low, Lean Construction Management: The Toyota Way, Springer, 2014.
3. Dave, B., Koskela, L., Kiviniemi, A., Owen, R., andTzortzopoulos, P.,Implementing lean in construction: Lean construction and BIM, CIRIA, 2013.
4. Ballard, G., Tommelein, I., Koskela, L. and Howell, G., Lean construction tools and techniques, 2002.
5. Salem, O., Solomon, J., Genaidy, A. and Luegring, M., Site implementation and Assessment of Lean Construction Techniques, Lean Construction Journal, 2005.

OEI353	INTRODUCTION TO PLC PROGRAMMING	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
1. Understand basic PLC terminologies digital principles, PLC architecture and operation.
2. Familiarize different programming language of PLC.
3. Develop PLC logic for simple applications using ladder logic.
4. Understand the hardware and software behind PLC and SCADA.

5. Exposures about communication architecture of PLC/SCADA.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLC 9

Introduction to PLC: Microprocessor, I/O Ports, Isolation, Filters, Drivers, Microcontrollers/DSP, PLC/DDC- PLC Construction: What is a PLC, PLC Memories, PLC I/O, , PLC Special I/O, PLC Types.

UNIT II PLC INSTRUCTIONS 9

PLC Basic Instructions: PLC Ladder Language- Function block Programming- Ladder/Function Block functions- PLC Basic Instructions, Basic Examples (Start Stop Rung, Entry/Reset Rung)- Configuration of Sensors, Switches, Solid State Relays-Interlock examples- Timers, Counters, Examples.

UNIT III PLC PROGRAMMING 9

Different types of PLC program, Basic Ladder logic, logic functions, PLC module addressing, registers basics, basic relay instructions, Latching Relays, arithmetic functions, comparison functions, data handling, data move functions, timer-counter instructions, input-output instructions, sequencer instructions.

UNIT IV COMMUNICATION OF PLC AND SCADA 9

Communication Protocol – Modbus, HART, Profibus- Communication facilities SCADA - Hardware and software, Remote terminal units, Master Station and Communication architectures.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES 9

Stepper Motor Control- Elevator Control-CNC Machine Control- conveyor control-Interlocking Problems

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 5

1. Market survey of the recent PLCs and comparison of their features.
2. Summarize the PLC standards.
3. Familiarization of any one programming language (Ladder diagram/ Sequential Function Chart/ Function Block Diagram/ Equivalent open source software)
4. Market survey of Communication Network Used for PLC/SCADA.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 Know the basic requirement of a PLC input/output devices and architecture. (L1)

CO2 Ability to apply Basics Instruction Sets used for ladder Logic and Function Block Programming.(L2)

CO3 Ability to design PLC Programmes by Applying Timer/Counter and Arithmetic and Logic Instructions Studied for Ladder Logic and Function Block.(L3)

CO4 Able to develop a PLC logic for a specific application on real world problem. (L6)

CO5 Ability to Understand the Concepts of Communication used for PLC/SCADA.(L1)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Frank Petruzzula, Programmable Logic Controllers, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Edition
2. John W. Webb, Ronald A. Reis, Programmable Logic Controllers Principles and Applications, PHI publication

REFERENCES:

1. MadhuchandaMitra and SamarjitSengupta, Programmable Logic Controllers Industrial Automation an Introduction, Penram International Publishing Pvt. Ltd.
2. J. R. Hackworth and F. D. Hackworth, Programmable Logic Controllers Principles andApplications, Pearson publication

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105063

2. https://www.electrical4u.com/industrial-automation/
3. https://www.etf.ues.rs.ba/~slubura/Procesni%20racunari/Programmable%20Logic%20Controllers%20Programming%20Methods.pdf
4. https://www.electrical4u.com/industrial-automation/

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO, PSO / CO	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	1					1		1					
CO2	3	3	2					1		1	2				2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1			1		1					
CO4	3	3		3	3			1		1			3	3	
CO5	3	3	3	2	1			1		1			3	3	3
Avg	3	2.9	2.25	2.6	1.6			1		1			3	3	2.9

OCH351 **NANO TECHNOLOGY** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

General definition and size effects-important nano structured materials and nano particles-importance of nano materials- Size effect on thermal, electrical, electronic, mechanical, optical and magnetic properties of nanomaterials- surface area - band gap energy and applications. Photochemistry and Electrochemistry of nanomaterials –Ionic properties of nanomaterials- Nano catalysis.

UNIT II SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS 8

Bottom up and Top-down approach for obtaining nano materials - Precipitation methods – sol gel technique – high energy ball milling, CVD and PVD methods, gas phase condensation, magnetron sputtering and laser deposition methods – laser ablation, sputtering.

UNIT III NANO COMPOSITES 10

Definition- importance of nanocomposites- nano composite materials-classification of composites-metal/metal oxides, metal-polymer- thermoplastic based, thermoset based and elastomer based-influence of size, shape and role of interface in composites applications.

UNIT IV NANO STRUCTURES AND CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES 10

Classifications of nanomaterials – Zero dimensional, one-dimensional and two-dimensional nanostructures- Kinetics in nanostructured materials- multilayer thin films and superlattice-clusters of metals, semiconductors and nanocomposites. Spectroscopic techniques, Diffraction methods, thermal analysis method, BET analysis method.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF NANO MATERIALS 9

Overview of nanomaterials properties and their applications, nano painting, nano coating, nanomaterials for renewable energy, Molecular Electronics and Nanoelectronics – Nanobots-Biological Applications. Emerging technologies for environmental applications- Practice of nanoparticles for environmental remediation and water treatment.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

CO1 understand the basic properties such as structural, physical, chemical properties of nanomaterials and their applications.

CO2 able to acquire knowledge about the different types of nano material synthesis.

CO3 describes about the shape, size,structure of composite nano materials and their interference

CO4 understand the different characterization techniques for nanomaterials.

CO5 develop a deeper knowledge in the application of nanomaterials in different fields.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannangara,Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons, Burkhard Raguse, " Nano Technology: Basic Science & Engineering Technology", 2005, Overseas Press

2. G. Cao, "Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties &Applications" Imperial College Press, 2004

3.William A Goddard "Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering and Technology", 3rd Edition, CRC Taylor and Francis group 2012.

REFERENCES

1. R.H.J.Hannink & A.J.Hill, Nanostructure Control, Wood Head Publishing Ltd.,Cambridge, 2006.
2. C.N.R.Rao, A.Muller, A.K.Cheetham, The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications Vol. I & II, 2nd edition, 2005, Wiley VCH Verlag GmbH & Co
3. Ivor Brodie and Julius J.Muray,"The physics of Micro/Nano – Fabrication",Springer International Edition,2010

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcomes	Statement	Program Outcome														
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	understand the basic properties such as structural, physical, chemical properties of nanomaterials and their applications	2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	1	1	3
CO2	acquire knowledge about the different types of nano material synthesis	2	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	2	1	3
CO3	describes about the shape, size,structure of composite nano materials and their interference	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	3	2	1	3
CO4	understand the different characterization techniques for nanomaterials	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	1	1	3
CO5	develop a deeper knowledge in the application of nanomaterials in different fields	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	3
	Overall CO	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1

OCH352 FUNCTIONAL MATERIALS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- The course emphasis on the molecular safe assembly and materials for polymer electronics

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Historical Perspectives, Lessons from the Nature, Engineering the Functions, Tuning the functions, Multiscale Modeling and Computation, Classification of Functional Materials, Functional Diversity of Materials, Hybrid Materials, Technological Relevance, Societal Impact.

UNIT II MOLECULAR SELF ASSEMBLY 9

Molecular Organization, Self-Assembly in Biology, Energetics of Self-Organization, A Few Case Studies, Synthetic Protocols and Challenges, Solvent-assisted Self-Assembly, Directed Assembly-Langmuir-Blodgett and Langmuir-Schaefer techniques, Technological Applications of SAMs.

UNIT III BIO-INSPIRED MATERIALS 9

Bio-inspired materials, Classification, Biomimicry, Spider Silk, Lotus Leaf, Gecko feet, Synovial fluid, 'Bionics'-Bio-inspired Information Technologies, Artificial Sensory Organs, Biomineralization-En route to Nanotechnology.

UNIT IV SMART OR INTELLIGENT MATERIALS 9

Criteria for Smartness, Significance of Smart Materials, Representative Examples like Smart Gels and Polymers, Electro/Magneto Rheological Fluids, Smart Electroceramics, Technical Limitations and Challenges, Functional Nanocomposites, Polymer-carbon nanotube composites.

UNIT V MATERIALS FOR POLYMER ELECTRONICS 9

Polymers for Electronics, Organic Light Emitting Diodes, Working Principle of OLEDs, Illustrated Examples, Organic Field-Effect Transistors Operating Principle, Design Considerations, Polymer FETs vs Inorganic FETs, Liquid Crystal Displays, Engineering Aspects of Flat Panel Displays, Intelligent Polymers for Data Storage, Polymer-based Data Storage-Principle, Magnetic Vs. Polymer-based Data Storage.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- Students will be able to differentiate among various functional properties and select appropriate material for certain functional applications, analyze the nature and potential of functional material.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Vijayamohanan K. Pillai and MeeraParthasarathy, "Functional Materials: A chemist's perpective", Universities Press Hyderabad (2012).

REFERENCE:

1. Stephen Manne "Biomimetic Materials Chemistry" Wiley-VCH Newyork, 1996.

OFD352 **TRADITIONAL INDIAN FOODS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To help students acquire a sound knowledge on diversities of foods, food habits and patterns in India with focus on traditional foods.

UNIT I HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL PERSPECTIVES 9

Food production and accessibility – subsistence foraging, horticulture, agriculture and pastoralization, origin of agriculture, earliest crops grown. Food as source of physical sustenance, food as religious and cultural symbols; importance of food in understanding human culture - variability, diversity, from basic ingredients to food preparation; impact of customs and traditions on food habits, heterogeneity within cultures (social groups) and specific social contexts - festive occasions, specific religious festivals, mourning etc. Kosher, Halal foods; foods for religious and other fasts.

UNIT II TRADITIONAL METHODS OF FOOD PROCESSING 9

Traditional methods of milling grains – rice, wheat and corn – equipments and processes as compared to modern methods. Equipments and processes for edible oil extraction, paneer, butter and ghee manufacture – comparison of traditional and modern methods. Energy costs, efficiency, yield, shelf life and nutrient content comparisons. Traditional methods of food preservation – sundrying, osmotic drying, brining, pickling and smoking.

UNIT III TRADITIONAL FOOD PATTERNS 9

Typical breakfast, meal and snack foods of different regions of India.Regional foods that have gone Pan Indian / Global. Popular regional foods. Traditional fermented foods,pickles and preserves, beverages, snacks, desserts and sweets, street foods; IPR issues in traditional foods.

UNIT IV COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION OF TRADITIONAL FOODS 9

Commercial production of traditional breads, snacks, ready-to-eat foods and instant mixes, frozen foods – types marketed, turnover, role of SHGs, SMES industries, national and multinational companies; commercial production and packaging of traditional beverages such as tender coconut water, neera, lassi, buttermilk, dahi. Commercial production of intermediate foods – ginger and garlic pastes, tamarind pastes, masalas (spice mixes), idli and dosa batters.

UNIT V HEALTH ASPECTS OF TRADIONAL FOODS 9

Comparison of traditional foods with typical fast foods / junk foods – cost, food safety, nutrient composition, bioactive components, energy and environmental costs of traditional foods; traditional foods used for specific ailments /illnesses.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1 To understand the historical and traditional perspective of foods and food habits.

CO2 To understand the wide diversity and common features of traditional Indian foods and meal patterns.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sen, Colleen Taylor "Food Culture in India" Greenwood Press, 2005.
2. Davidar, Ruth N. "Indian Food Science: A Health and Nutrition Guide to Traditional Recipes: East West Books, 2001.

OFD353 INTRODUCTION TO FOOD PROCESSING L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- The course aims to introduce the students to the area of Food Processing. This is necessary for effective understanding of a detailed study of food processing and technology subjects. This course will enable students to appreciate the importance of food processing with respect to the producer, manufacturer and consumer.

UNIT I PROCESSING OF FOOD AND ITS IMPORTANCE 9

Source of food - plant, animal and microbial origin; different foods and groups of foods as raw materials for processing – cereals, pulses, grains, vegetables and fruits, milk and animal foods, sea weeds, algae, oil seeds & fats, sugars, tea, coffee, cocoa, spices and condiments, additives; need and significance of processing these foods.

UNIT II METHODS OF FOOD HANDLING AND STORAGE 9

Nature of harvested crop, plant and animal; storage of raw materials and products using low temperature, refrigerated gas storage of foods, gas packed refrigerated foods, sub atmospheric storage, Gas atmospheric storage of meat, grains, seeds and flour, roots and tubers; freezing of raw and processed foods.

UNIT III LARGE-SCALE FOOD PROCESSING 12

Milling of grains and pulses; edible oil extraction; Pasteurisation of milk and yoghurt; canning and bottling of foods; drying – Traditional and modern methods of drying, Dehydration of fruits, vegetables, milk, animal products etc; preservation by use of acid, sugar and salt; Pickling and curing with microorganisms, use of salt, and microbial fermentation; frying, baking, extrusion cooking, snack foods.

UNIT IV FOOD WASTES IN VARIOUS PROCESSES 6

Waste disposal-solid and liquid waste; rodent and insect control; use of pesticides; ETP; selecting and installing necessary equipment.

UNIT V FOOD HYGIENE 9

Food related hazards – Biological hazards – physical hazards – microbiological considerations in foods. Food adulteration – definition, common food adulterants, contamination with toxic metals, pesticides and insecticides; Safety in food procurement, storage handling and preparation; Relationship of microbes to sanitation, Public health hazards due to contaminated water and food; Personnel hygiene; Training& Education for safe methods of handling and processing food; sterilization and disinfection of manufacturing plant; use of sanitizers, detergents, heat, chemicals. Cleaning of equipment and premises.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students are expected to

CO1 Be aware of the different methods applied to processing foods.

CO2 Be able to understand the significance of food processing and the role of foodand beverage industries in the supply of foods.

TEXT BOOKS/REFERENCES:

1. Karnal, Marcus and D.B. Lund "Physical Principles of Food Preservation", Rutledge, 2003.
2. VanGarde, S.J. and Woodburn, M "Food Preservation and Safety Principles and Practice" Surbhi Publications, 2001.
3. Sivasankar, B. "Food Processing & Preservation", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
4. Khetarpaul, Neelam, "Food Processing and Preservation", Daya Publications, 2005.

OPY352 IPR FOR PHARMA INDUSTRY L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the basic fundamental knowledge of different forms of Intellectual Property Rights in national and international level.
- To provide the significance of the Intellectual Property Rights about the patents, copyrights, industrial design, plant and geographical indications.
- This paper is to study significance of the amended patent act on pharma industry.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION- INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS 9
Introduction, Types of Intellectual Property Rights -patents, plant varieties protection, geographical indicators, copyright, trademark, trade secrets.

UNIT II PATENTS 9
Patents-Objective, Introduction, Requirement for patenting- Novelty, Inventive step (Non-obviousness) and industrial application (utility), Non-patentable inventions, rights of patent owner, assignment of patent rights, patent specification (provisional and complete), parts of complete specification, claims, procedure for obtaining patents, compulsory license.

UNIT III PLANT VARIETY-TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE -GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS 9
Plant variety- Justification, criteria for protection of plant variety and protection in India. Traditional knowledge- Concept of traditional knowledge, protection of traditional knowledge under Intellectual Property frame works in national level and Traditional knowledge digital library (TKDL). Geographical indications – Justification for protection, National and International position.

UNIT IV ENFORCEMENT AND PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF IPR 9
Introduction – civil remedies – injunction, damage, account of profit – criminal remedies – patent, trademark. Practical aspects – Introduction, benefits of licensing, licensing of basic types of IPR, licensing clauses of IPR, Case studies of patent infringement, compulsory licensing, simple patent license agreements.

UNIT V INTERNATIONAL BACKGROUND OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY 9
International Background of Intellectual Property- Paris Convention, Berne convention, World Trade Organization (WTO), World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) and Patent Co-operation Treaty (PCT).

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. N. Nagpal, M. Arora, M.R.D. Usman, S. Rahar, "Intellectual Property Rights" Edu creation Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.
2. The Patents Act, 1970 (Bare Act with Short Notes) (New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. 2012
3. B.S. Rao, P.V. Appaji, "Intellectual Property Rights in Pharmaceutical Industry: Theory and Practice", 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Patents for Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, & Biotechnology-Fundamentals of Global Law, Practice and Strategy, Philip W. Grubb, Oxford University Press, 2004.
2. Basic Principles of patent law – Basics principles and acquisition of IPR, Ramakrishna T, CIPRA, NLSIU, Bangalore, 2005
3. S. Lakshmana Prabu, TNK. Suriyaprakash, "Intellectual Property Rights", 1st ed., In Tech open access, Croatia, 2017.

Course Outcome

The student will be able to

- **C1** Understand and differentiate the categories of intellectual property rights.
- **C2** Describe about patents and procedure for obtaining patents.
- **C3** Distinguish plant variety, traditional knowledge and geographical indications under IPR.
- **C4** Provide the information about the different enforcements and practical aspects involved in protection of IPR.
- **C5** Provide different organizations role and responsibilities in the protection of IPR in the international level.
- **C6** Understand the interrelationships between different Intellectual Property Rights on International Society.

CO's– PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
C1	3	3		2					2	2		
C2		3	3				2	2				
C3	3	3					2	2				1
C4					2		3	3		2	2	
C5		3					3			2		1
C6	3	2				2	2					2

OTT351 BASICS OF TEXTILE FINISHING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To enable the students to understand the basics and different types of finishes required for textile materials and machines used for finishing.

UNIT I RESIN FINISHING **9**

Importance of finishing and its classification. Resin finishing: Mechanism of creasing, Types of Resins. Anti crease, wash and wear, durable press resin finishing. Study about eco friendly method of anti crease finishing.

UNIT II FLAME PROOF & WATERPROOF **9**

Concept of Flame proof & flame retardancy. Flame retardant finishes for cotton. Concept of waterproof and water repellent Finishes. Durable & Semi durable and Temporary finishes. Concept of Antimicrobial finish.

UNIT III SOIL RELEASE AND ANTISTATIC FINISHES **9**

Soil Release Finishing: Mechanism of soil retention & soil release. Anti pilling Finishing: chemical and mechanical methods to produce anti pilling. Concept of UV Protection finishes- Concept of antistatic finishes.

UNIT IV MECHANICAL FINISHES **9**

Mechanical finishing of textile materials - calendaring, compacting, Sanforising, Peach finishing. Object of Heat setting. Various methods of heat setting and mechanism of heat setting.

UNIT V STIFFENING AND SOFTENING 9

Concept of stiffening and softening of textile materials. Mechanism in the weight reduction of PET .Concept of Micro encapsulation techniques in finishing process. Nano finish. Plasma Treatment and Bio finishing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to Understand the

CO: 1 Basics of Resin Finishing Process.

CO: 2 Concept of Flame proof & flame retardancy, waterproof and water repellent, Antimicrobial finishes.

CO: 3 Concept of Soil Release, Anti Pilling, UV Protection and Antistatic finishes.

CO: 4 Concept of Mechanical finishing.

CO: 5 Basics of Micro encapsulation techniques, Nano finish, Plasma Treatment.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. V.A.Shenai, "Technology of Finishing", Vol X, Sevak Publications, Mumbai
2. Perkins, W.S., "Textile colouration and finishing", Carolina Academic Press., U.K. ISBN: 0890898855 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Microencapsulation in finishing, Review of progress of Colouration, SDC, 2001 62
2. Chakraborty, J.N, Fundamentals and Practices in colouration of Textiles, Woodhead Publishing India, 2009, ISBN-13:978-81-908001-4-3
3. W. D. Schindler and P. J. Hauser "Chemical finishing of textiles", Woodhead Publishing Cambridge England 2004.

OTT352 INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING FOR GARMENT INDUSTRY **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to learn about basics of industrial engineering and different tools of industrial engineering and its application in apparel industry.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Scope of industrial engineering in apparel industry, role of industrial engineers.

Productivity: Definition - Productivity, Productivity measures .Reduction of work content due to the product and process, Reduction of ineffective time due to the management, due to the worker. Causes for low productivity in apparel industry and measures for improvement.

UNIT II WORK STUDY 9

Definition, Purpose, Basic procedure and techniques of work-study.

Work environment – Lighting, Ventilation, Climatic condition on productivity, Temperature control, humidity control, noise control measures. Safety and ergonomics on work station and work environment.

Material Handling – Objectives, Classification and characteristics of material handling equipments. Specialized material handling equipments.

UNIT III METHOD STUDY 9

Definition, Objectives, Procedure, Process charts and symbols. Various charts – Charts indicating process sequence: Outline process chart, flow process chart (man type, material type and equipment type), Charts using time scale – multiple activity chart. Diagrams indicating

movement – flow diagram, string diagram, cycle graph, chrono cycle graph, travel chart.
MOTION STUDY: Principle of motion economy, Two handed process chart, micro motion analysis – therbligs, SIMO chart.

UNIT IV WORK MEASUREMENT 9
Definition, purpose, procedure, equipments, techniques, Time study - Definition, basics of time study- equipments, Time study forms, Stop watch procedure, Predetermined motion time standards (PMTS), Time Study rating, calculation of standard time, Performance rating – relaxation and other allowances, Calculation of SAM for different garments, GSD.

UNIT V WORK STUDY APPLICATION 9
Application of work study techniques in cutting, stitching and packing in garment industry, Workaids in sewing, Pitch diagram, Line balancing, Capacity planning, scientific method of training.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
Upon the completion of the course the student shall be able to understand
CO1: Fundamental concepts of industrial Engineering and productivity
CO2: Method study
CO3: Motion analysis
CO4: Work measurement and SAM
CO5: Ergonomics and its application to garment industry

TEXTBOOKS:

1. George Kanwaty, "Introduction to Work Study", ILO, Geneva, 1996, ISBN: 9221071081 | ISBN-13: 9789221071082
2. Enrick N. L., "Time study manual for Textile industry", Wiley Eastern (P) Ltd., 1989, ISBN: 0898740444 | ISBN-13: 9780898740448.
3. Khanna O. P., and Sarup A., "Industrial Engineering and Management", Dhanpat Rai Publications, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN: 818992835X / ISBN: 978-8189928353

REFERENCES

1. Norbert Lloyd Enrick., "Industrial Engineering Manual for Textile Industry", Wiley Eastern (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0882756311 | ISBN-13: 9780882756318
2. Chuter A. J., "Introduction to Clothing Production Management", Wiley-Black well Science, U.S.A., 1995, ISBN: 0632039396 | ISBN-13: 9780632039395
3. GordanaColovic., "Ergonomics in the garment industry", Wood publishing India Pvt. Ltd., India, 2014, ISBN: 0857098225 | ISBN-13: 9780857098221
4. Rajesh Bheda, "Managing Productivity in Apparel Industry "CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2008

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcomes	Statement	Program Outcome														
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Fundamental concepts of industrial Engineering and productivity	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-
CO2	Method study	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-
CO3	Motion analysis	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	-
CO4	Work measurement and SAM	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	-

CO5	Ergonomics and its application to garment industry	1	2	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	-
Overall CO		1.2	2	3	3	2	1	1.2	2	2	1	2.4	2	1	1	-

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

OTT353 BASICS OF TEXTILE MANUFACTURE

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to learn about the basics of fibre forming, yarn production, fabric formation, coloration of fabrics and garment manufacturing

UNIT I NATURAL FIBRES 9

Introduction: Definition of staple fibre, filament; Classification of natural and man-made fibres, essential and desirable properties of fibres. Production and cultivation of Natural Fibers: Cultivation of cotton, production of silk (sericulture), wool and jute – physical and chemical structure of these fibres.

UNIT II REGENERATED AND SYNTHETIC FIBRES 9

Production sequence of regenerated and modified cellulosic fibres: viscose rayon, Acetate Rayon, high wet modulus and high tenacity fibres; synthetic fibres – chemical structure, fibre forming polymers, production principles.

UNIT III BASICS OF SPINNING 9

Spinning – principle of yarn formation, sequence of machines for yarn production with short staple fibres and blends, principles of opening and cleaning machines; yarn numbering - calculations

UNIT IV BASICS OF WEAVING 9

Woven fabric – warp, weft, weaving, path of warp; looms – classification, handloom and its parts, powerloom, automatic looms, shuttleless looms, special type of looms; preparatory machines for weaving process and their objectives; basic weaving mechanism - primary, secondary and auxiliary mechanisms.

UNIT V BASICS OF KNITTING AND NONWOVEN 9

Knitting – classification, principle, types of fabrics; nonwoven process –classification, principle, types of fabrics

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students shall have the basic knowledge on

CO1: Classification of fibres and production of natural fibres

CO2: Regenerated and synthetic fibres

CO3: Yarn spinning

CO4: Weaving

CO5: Knitting and nonwoven

TEXTBOOKS

1. Mishra S. P., "A Text Book of Fibre Science and Technology", New Age Publishers, 2000, ISBN: 8122412505
2. Marks R., and Robinson, T.C., "Principles of Weaving", The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1989, ISBN: 0 900739 258
3. Spencer D.J., "Knitting Technology", III Ed., Textile Institute, Manchester, 2001, ISBN 185573 333 1

REFERENCES:

1. Homberer M., Eberle H., Kilgus R., Ring W. and Hermeling H., "Clothing Technology: From Fibre to Fabric", Europa LehrmittelVerlag, 2008, ISBN: 3808562250 / ISBN: 978-3808562253.
2. Wynne A., "Motivate Series-Textiles", Maxmillan Publications, London, 1997.
3. Carr H. and Latham B., "The Technology of Clothing Manufacture" Blackwell Science, U.K., 1994, ISBN: 0632037482 / ISBN-13: 9780632037483 Klein W., "The Rieter Manual of Spinning, Vol.1", Rieter Machine Works Ltd., Winterthur, 2014, ISBN 10 3-9523173-1-4 / ISBN 13 978-3-9523173-1-0.
4. Klein W., "The Rieter Manual of Spinning, Vol.2", Rieter Machine Works Ltd., Winterthur, 2014, ISBN 10 3-9523173-2-2 / ISBN 13 978-3-9523173-2-7.
5. Klein W., "The Rieter Manual of Spinning, Vol.1-3", Rieter Machine Works Ltd., Winterthur, 2014, ISBN 10 3-9523173-3-0 / ISBN 13 978-3-9523173-3-4.
6. Talukdar, M.K., Sriramulu, P.K., and Ajgaonkar, D.B., "Weaving: Machines, Mechanisms, Management", Mahajan Publishers, Ahmedabad, 1998, ISBN: 81-85401-16-0.
7. Morton W. E., and Hearle J. W. S., "Physical Properties of Textile Fibres", The Textile Institute, Washington D.C., 2008, ISBN 978-1-84569-220-95
8. Gohl E. P. G., "Textile Science", CBS Publishers and distributors, 1987, ISBN 0582685958

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcomes	Statement	Program Outcome														
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Classification of fibres and production of natural fibres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO2	Regenerated and synthetic fibres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO3	Yarn spinning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO4	Weaving	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO5	Knitting and nonwoven	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
Overall CO		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

OPE351 INTRODUCTION TO PETROLEUM REFINING AND PETROCHEMICALS **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVE:

- The course is aimed to

Gain knowledge about petroleum refining process and production of petrochemical products.

UNIT I ORIGIN, FORMATION AND REFINING OF CRUDE OIL 9

Origin, Formation and Evaluation of Crude Oil. Testing of Petroleum Products. Refining of Petroleum - Atmospheric and Vacuum Distillation.

UNIT II CRACKING 9

Cracking, Thermal Cracking, Vis-breaking, Catalytic Cracking (FCC), Hydro Cracking, Coking and Air Blowing of Bitumen.

UNIT III REFORMING AND HYDROTREATING 9

Catalytic Reforming of Petroleum Feed Stocks. Lube oil processing- Solvent Treatment Processes, Dewaxing, Clay Treatment and Hydrofining. Treatment Techniques: Removal of Sulphur Compounds in all Petroleum Fractions to improve performance.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO PETROCHEMICALS 9

Petrochemicals - Cracking of Naphtha and Feed stock gas for the production of Ethylene, Propylene, Isobutylene and Butadiene. Production of Acetylene from Methane, and Extraction of Aromatics.

UNIT V PRODUCTION OF PETROCHEMICALS 9

Production of Petrochemicals like Dimethyl Terephathalate(DMT), Ethylene Glycol, Synthetic glycerine, Linear Alkyl Benzene (LAB), Acrylonitrile, Methyl Methacrylate (MMA), Vinyl Acetate Monomer, Phthalic Anhydride, Maleic Anhydride, Phenol, Acetone, Methanol, Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, Pentaerythritol and production of Carbon Black.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On the completion of the course students are expected to

CO1: Understand the classification, composition and testing methods of crude petroleum and its products. Learn the mechanism of refining process.

CO2: Understand the insights of primary treatment processes to produce the precursors.

CO3: Study the secondary treatment processes cracking, vis-breaking and coking to produce more petroleum products.

CO4: Appreciate the need of treatment techniques for the removal of sulphur and other impurities from petroleum products.

CO5: Understand the societal impact of petrochemicals and learn their manufacturing processes.

CO6: Learn the importance of optimization of process parameters for the high yield of petroleum products.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Nelson, W. L., "Petroleum Refinery Engineering", 4th Edition., McGraw Hill, New York,1985.
2. Wiseman. P., "Petrochemicals", UMIST Series in Science and Technology, John Wiley & Sons,1986.

REFERENCES

1. Bhaskara Rao, B. K., "Modern Petroleum Refining Processes", 2nd Edition, Oxford and

IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1990.
2. Bhaskara Rao, B. K. "A Text on Petrochemicals", 1st Edition, Khanna Publishers

CPE334 ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, the student is expected to

- understand and analyse the energy data of industries
- carryout energy accounting and balancing
- conduct energy audit and suggest methodologies for energy savings and
- utilise the available resources in optimal ways

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Energy - Power – Past & Present scenario of World; National Energy consumption Data – Environmental aspects associated with energy utilization – Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology and Barriers. Role of Energy Managers. Instruments for energy auditing.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS 9

Components of EB billing – HT and LT supply, Transformers, Cable Sizing, Concept of Capacitors, Power Factor Improvement, Harmonics, Electric Motors - Motor Efficiency Computation, Energy Efficient Motors, Illumination – Lux, Lumens, Types of lighting, Efficacy, LED Lighting and scope of Encon in Illumination.

UNIT III THERMAL SYSTEMS 9

Stoichiometry, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters – Efficiency computation and encon measures. Steam: Distribution &U sage: Steam Traps, Condensate Recovery, Flash Steam Utilization, Insulators & Refractories

UNIT IV ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR UTILITIES 9

Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems –Cooling Towers – D.G. sets

UNIT V ECONOMICS 9

Energy Economics – Discount Rate, Payback Period, Internal Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Life Cycle Costing –ESCO concept

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to analyze the energy data of industries.

CO1: Remember the knowledge for Basic combustion and furnace design and selection of thermal and mechanical energy equipment.
CO2: Study the Importance of Stoichiometry relations, Theoretical air required for complete combustion.
CO3: Skills on combustion thermodynamics and kinetics.
CO4: Apply calculation and design tube still heaters.
CO5: Studied different heat treatment furnace.
CO6: Practical and theoretical knowledge burner design.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at www.energymanagertraining.com, a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India. 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Witte. L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, "Industrial Energy Management and Utilisation" Hemisphere Publ, Washington, 1988.
2. Callaghn, P.W. "Design and Management for Energy Conservation", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1981.
3. Dryden. I.G.C., "The Efficient Use of Energy" Butterworths, London, 1982
4. Turner. W.C., "Energy Management Hand book", Wiley, New York, 1982.
5. Murphy. W.R. and G. Mc KAY, "Energy Management", Butterworths, London 1987

OPT351	BASICS OF PLASTICS PROCESSING	L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understand the fundamentals of plastics processing, such as the relationships between material structural properties and required processing parameters, and so on
- To gain practical knowledge on the polymer selection and its processing
- Understanding the major plastic material processing techniques (Extrusion, Injection molding, Compression and Transfer molding, Blow molding, Thermoforming and casting)
- To understand suitable additives for plastics compounding
- To Propose troubleshooting mechanisms for defects found in plastics products manufactured by various processing techniques

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLASTICS PROCESSING **9**

Introduction to plastic processing – Principles of plastic processing; processing of plastics vs. metals and ceramics. Factors influencing the efficiency of plastics processing: molecular weight, viscosity and rheology. Difference in approach for thermoplastic and thermoset processing. Additives for plastics compounding and processing: antioxidants, light stabilizers, UV stabilizers, lubricants, impact modifiers, flame retardants, antistatic agents, stabilizers and plasticizers. Compounding: plastic compounding techniques, plasticization, pelletization.

UNIT II EXTRUSION **9**

Extrusion – Principles of extrusion. Features of extruder: barrel, screw, types of screws, drive mechanism, specifications, heating & cooling systems, types of extruders. Flow mechanism: process variables, die entry effects and exit instabilities. Die swell, Defects: melt fracture, shark skin, bambooing. Factors determining efficiency of an extruder. Extrusion of films: blown and cast films. Tube/pipe extrusion. Extrusion coating: wire & cable. Twin screw extruder and its applications. Applications of extrusion and new developments.

UNIT III INJECTION MOLDING **9**

Injection molding – Principles and processing outline, machinery, accessories and functions, specifications, process variables, mould cycle. Types of clamping: hydraulic and toggle mechanisms. Start-up and shut down procedures-Cylinder nozzles- Press capacity projected area -Shot weight Basic theoretical concepts and their relationship to processing - interaction of moulding process aspect effects in quoted variables. Basic mould types. Reciprocating vs. plunger type injection moulding. Thermoplastic vs. thermosetting injection moulding. Injection moulding vs. other plastic processing techniques. State-of-the art injection moulding techniques - Introduction to trouble shooting

UNIT IV COMPRESSION AND TRANSFER MOLDING **9**

Compression moulding – Basic principles of compression and transfer moulding-Meaning of terms-Bulk factor and flow properties, moulding materials, process variables and process cycle, Inter relation between flow properties-Curing time-Mould temperature and Pressure requirements. Preforms and preheating- Techniques of preheating. Machines used-Types of compression mould- positive, semi-positive and flash. Common moulding faults and their correction. Finishing of mouldings. Transfer moulding: working principle, equipment, Press capacity-Integral moulds and auxiliary ram moulds, moulding cycle, moulding tolerances, pot transfer, plunger transfer and screw transfer moulding techniques, advantages over compression moulding.

UNIT V BLOW MOLDING, THERMOFORMING AND CASTING **9**

Blow moulding: principles and terminologies. Injection blow moulding, Extrusion blow moulding. Design guidelines for optimum product performance and appearance. Thermoforming: principle, vacuum forming, pressure forming mechanical forming. Casting: working principle, types and applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Ability to find out the correlation between various processing techniques with product properties.
- Understand the major plastics processing techniques used in moulding (injection, blow, compression, and transfer), extrusion, thermoforming, and casting.
- Acquire knowledge on additives for plastic compounding and methods employed for the same.
- Familiarize with the machinery and ancillary equipment associated with various plastic processing techniques.
- Select an appropriate processing technique for the production of a plastic product.

REFERENCES

1. S. S. Schwart, S. H. Goodman, Plastics Materials and Processes, Van Nostrad Reinhold Company Inc. (1982).
2. F. Hensen (Ed.), Plastic Extrusion Technology, Hanser Gardner (1997).
3. W. S. Allen and P. N. Baker, Hand Book of Plastic Technology, Volume-1, Plastic Processing Operations (Injection, Compression, Transfer, Blow Molding), CBS Publishers and Distributors (2004).
4. M. Chanda, S. K. Roy, Plastic Technology handbook, 4th Edn., CRC Press (2007).
5. I. I. Rubin, Injection Molding Theory & Practice, Society of Plastic Engineers, Wiley (1973).
6. D.V. Rosato, M. G. Rosato, Injection Molding Hand Book, Springer (2012).
7. M. L. Berins (Ed.), SPI Plastic Engineering Hand Book of Society of Plastic Industry Inc., Springer (2012).
8. B. Strong, Plastics: Material & Processing, A. Pearson Prentice hall (2005).
9. D.V Rosato, Blow Molding Hand Book, Carl HanserVerlag GmbH & Co (2003).

OEC351 **SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS** **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To understand the basic properties of signal & systems
- To know the methods of characterization of LTI systems in time domain
- To analyze continuous time signals and system in the Fourier and Laplace domain
- To analyze discrete time signals and system in the Fourier and Z transform domain

UNIT I CLASSIFICATION OF SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS 9

Standard signals- Step, Ramp, Pulse, Impulse, Real and complex exponentials and Sinusoids_Classification of signals – Continuous time (CT) and Discrete Time (DT) signals, Periodic & Aperiodic signals, Deterministic & Random signals, Energy & Power signals - Classification of systems- CT systems and DT systems- – Linear & Nonlinear, Time-variant& Time-invariant Causal & Non-causal, Stable & Unstable.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS TIME SIGNALS 9

Fourier series for periodic signals - Fourier Transform – properties- Laplace Transforms and Properties

UNIT III LINEAR TIME INVARIANT CONTINUOUS TIME SYSTEMS 9

Impulse response - convolution integrals- Differential Equation- Fourier and Laplace transforms in Analysis of CT systems - Systems connected in series / parallel.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF DISCRETE TIME SIGNALS 9

Baseband signal Sampling–Fourier Transform of discrete time signals (DTFT)– Properties of DTFT - Z Transform & Properties

UNIT V LINEAR TIME INVARIANT-DISCRETE TIME SYSTEMS 9

Impulse response–Difference equations-Convolution sum- Discrete Fourier Transform and Z Transform Analysis of Recursive & Non-Recursive systems-DT systems connected in series and parallel.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1:determine if a given system is linear/causal/stable

CO2: determine the frequency components present in a deterministic signal

CO3:characterize continuous LTI systems in the time domain and frequency domain

CO4:characterize discrete LTI systems in the time domain and frequency domain

CO5:compute the output of an LTI system in the time and frequency domains

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Oppenheim, Willsky and Hamid, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.(Units I - V)
2. Simon Haykin, Barry Van Veen, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2002

REFERENCES :

1. B. P. Lathi, "Principles of Linear Systems and Signals", 2nd Edition, Oxford, 2009.
2. M. J. Roberts, "Signals and Systems Analysis using Transform methods and MATLAB", McGraw- Hill Education, 2018.
3. John Alan Stuller, "An Introduction to Signals and Systems", Thomson, 2007.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	-	1
2	3	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	3	-
3	3	3	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	2	-	-
4	3	3	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	3	1
5	3	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-	-		3	-	3	1
CO	3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	1

OEC352 FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To give a comprehensive exposure to all types of devices and circuits constructed with discrete components. This helps to develop a strong basis for building linear and digital integrated circuits
- To analyze the frequency response of small signal amplifiers
- To design and analyze single stage and multistage amplifier circuits
- To study about feedback amplifiers and oscillators principles
- To understand the analysis and design of multi vibrators

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES **9**
PN junction diode, Zener diode, BJT, MOSFET, UJT –structure, operation and V-I characteristics, Rectifiers – Half Wave and Full Wave Rectifier, Zener as regulator

UNIT II AMPLIFIERS **9**
Load line, operating point, biasing methods for BJT and MOSFET, BJT small signal model – Analysis of CE, CB, CC amplifiers- Gain and frequency response –Analysis of CS and Source follower – Gain and frequency response- High frequency analysis.

UNIT III MULTISTAGE AMPLIFIERS AND DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER **9**
Cascode amplifier, Differential amplifier – Common mode and Difference mode analysis – Tuned amplifiers – Gain and frequency response – Neutralization methods.

UNIT IV FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS **9**
Advantages of negative feedback – Analysis of Voltage / Current, Series , Shunt feedback Amplifiers – positive feedback–Condition for oscillations, phase shift – Wien bridge, Hartley, Colpitts and, Crystal oscillators.

UNIT V POWER AMPLIFIERS AND DC/DC CONVERTERS **9**
Power amplifiers- class A-Class B-Class AB-Class C-Temperature Effect- Class AB Power amplifier using MOSFET –DC/DC convertors – Buck, Boost, Buck-Boost analysis and design

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES :
At the end of the course the students will be able to:
CO1: Explain the structure and working operation of basic electronic devices.
CO2: Design and analyze amplifiers.
CO3: Analyze frequency response of BJT and MOSFET amplifiers
CO4: Design and analyze feedback amplifiers and oscillator principles.
CO5: Design and analyze power amplifiers and supply circuits

TEXT BOOKS :

1. David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford Higher Education press, 5 th Edition, 2010.
2. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nasheresky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", 10th Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2008.
3. Adel .S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits", Oxford University Press, 7 th Edition, 2014.

REFERENCES :

1. Donald.A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 3 rd Edition, 2010.

2. D.Schilling and C.Belove, "Electronic Circuits", McGraw Hill, 3 rd Edition, 1989
3. Muhammad H.Rashid, "Power Electronics", Pearson Education / PHI , 2004.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
1	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
3	3	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
4	3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
5	3	2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
CO	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2**	**2**	-	-	-	-	-	**1**	**2**	**1**	**1**

CBM348 FOUNDATION SKILLS IN INTEGRATED PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the global trends and development methodologies of various types of products and services
- To conceptualize, prototype and develop product management plan for a new product based on the type of the new product and development methodology integrating the hardware, software, controls, electronics and mechanical systems
- To understand requirement engineering and know how to collect, analyze and arrive at requirements for new product development and convert them in to design specification
- To understand system modeling for system, sub-system and their interfaces and arrive at the optimum system specification and characteristics
- To develop documentation, test specifications and coordinate with various teams to validate and sustain up to the EoL (End of Life) support activities for engineering customer

UNIT I BASICS OF PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT 9

Global Trends Analysis and Product decision - Social Trends - Technical Trends- Economical Trends - Environmental Trends - Political/Policy Trends - Introduction to Product Development Methodologies and Management - Overview of Products and Services - Types of Product Development - Overview of Product Development methodologies - Product Life Cycle – Product Development Planning and Management.

UNIT II REQUIREMENTS AND SYSTEM DESIGN 9

Requirement Engineering - Types of Requirements - Requirement Engineering - traceability Matrix and Analysis - Requirement Management - System Design & Modeling - Introduction to System Modeling – System Optimization - System Specification - Sub-System Design - Interface Design.

UNIT III DESIGN AND TESTING 9

Conceptualization - Industrial Design and User Interface Design - Introduction to Concept generation Techniques – Challenges in Integration of Engineering Disciplines - Concept Screening & Evaluation - Detailed Design - Component Design and Verification – Mechanical, Electronics and Software Subsystems - High Level Design/Low Level Design of S/W Program - Types of

Prototypes: S/W Testing- Hardware Schematic, Component design, Layout and Hardware Testing – Prototyping - Introduction to Rapid Prototyping and Rapid Manufacturing - System Integration, Testing, Certification and Documentation

UNIT IV SUSTENANCE ENGINEERING AND END-OF-LIFE (EOL) SUPPORT 9

Introduction to Product verification processes and stages - Introduction to Product Validation processes and stages - Product Testing Standards and Certification - Product Documentation - Sustenance -Maintenance and Repair – Enhancements - Product EoL - Obsolescence Management – Configuration Management - EoL Disposal

UNIT V BUSINESS DYNAMICS – ENGINEERING SERVICES INDUSTRY 9

The Industry - Engineering Services Industry - Product Development in Industry versus Academia –The IPD Essentials - Introduction to Vertical Specific Product Development processes - Manufacturing/Purchase and Assembly of Systems - Integration of Mechanical, Embedded and Software Systems – Product Development Trade-offs - Intellectual Property Rights and Confidentiality – Security and Configuration Management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Define, formulate, and analyze a problem
- Solve specific problems independently or as part of a team
- Gain knowledge of the Innovation & Product Development process in the Business Context
- Work independently as well as in teams
- Manage a project from start to finish

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Book specially prepared by NASSCOM as per the MoU.
2. Karl T Ulrich and Stephen D Eppinger, "Product Design and Development", Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2011.
3. John W Newstorm and Keith Davis, "Organizational Behavior", Tata McGraw Hill, Eleventh Edition, 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. Hiriyappa B, "Corporate Strategy – Managing the Business", Author House, 2013.
2. Peter F Drucker, "People and Performance", Butterworth – Heinemann [Elsevier], Oxford, 2004.
3. Vinod Kumar Garg and Venkita Krishnan N K, "Enterprise Resource Planning – Concepts", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2003.
4. Mark S Sanders and Ernest J McCormick, "Human Factors in Engineering and Design", McGraw Hill Education, Seventh Edition, 2013.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	3	1						1		1			
2	3	2	3	1						1		1			
3	3	2	3	1	1			1	1	1		1			
4	3	2	3	1	1			1	1	1		1			
5	3	2	3	1	1			1	1	1		1			
AVg.															

CBM333 ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
The student should be made to:

- To know the hardware requirement various assistive devices
- To understand the prosthetic and orthotic devices
- To know the developments in assistive technology

UNIT I CARDIAC ASSIST DEVICES 9
Cardiac functions and parameters, principle of External counter pulsation techniques, intra aortic balloon pump, Auxillary ventricle and schematic for temporary bypass of left ventricle, prosthetic heart valves, cardiac pacemaker.

UNIT II HEMODIALYSERS 9
Physiology of kidney, Artificial kidney, Dialysis action, Hemodialyser unit, membrane dialysis, portable dialyser monitoring and functional parameters.

UNIT III HEARING AIDS 9
Anatomy of ear, Common tests – audiograms, air conduction, bone conduction, masking techniques, SISI, Hearing aids – principles, drawbacks in the conventional unit, DSP based hearing aids.

UNIT IV PROSTHETIC AND ORTHODIC DEVICES 9
Hand and arm replacement – different types of models, externally powered limb prosthesis, feedback in orthotic system, functional electrical stimulation, sensory assist devices.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS 9
Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulator, bio-feedback, assistive devices in drug delivery.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to
CO1: Interpret the various mechanical techniques that will help in assisting the heart functions.
CO2: Describe the underlying principles of hemodialyser machine.
CO3: Indicate the methodologies to assess the hearing loss.
CO4: Evaluate the types of assistive devices for mobilization.
CO5: Explain about TENS and biofeedback system.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Joseph D. Bronzino, The Biomedical Engineering Handbook, Third Edition: Three Volume Set, CRC Press,2006
2. Marion. A. Hersh, Michael A. Johnson Assistive Technology for visually impaired and blind Springer Science & Business Media, 1st edition, 12-May-2010
3. Yadin David, Wolf W. von Maltzahn, Michael R. Neuman, Joseph.D. Bronzino, Clinical Engineering, CRC Press, 1st edition,2010.

REFERENCES

1. Kenneth J. Turner Advances in Home Care Technologies: Results of the match Project, Springer, 1stedition, 2011.
2. Gerr M. Craddock Assistive Technology-Shaping the future, IOS Press, 1st edition, 2003.
3. 3D Printing in Orthopaedic Surgery, Matthew Dipaola , Elsevier 2019 ISBN 978 -0-323-

662116
4. Cardiac Assist Devices, Daniel Goldstein (Editor), Mehmet Oz (Editor), Wiley-Blackwell April 2000 ISBN: 978-0-879-93449-1

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	1	1	1										
2	3	1	1	1	1										
3	3	1	1	1	1										
4	3	1	1	1	1										
5	3	1	1	1	1										
AVg.															

OMA352 OPERATIONS RESEARCH L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
This course will help the students to

- determine the optimum solution for Linear programming problems.
- study the Transportation and assignment models and various techniques to solve them.
- acquire the knowledge of optimality, formulation and computation of integer programming problems.
- acquire the knowledge of optimality, formulation and computation of dynamic programming problems.
- determine the optimum solution for non-linear programming problems.

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING 9
Formulation of linear programming models – Graphical solution – Simplex method - Big M Method – Two phase simplex method - Duality - Dual simplex method.

UNIT II TRANSPORTATION AND ASSIGNMENT PROBLEMS 9
Matrix form of Transportation problems – Loops in T.P – Initial basic feasible solution – Transportation algorithm – Assignment problem – Unbalanced assignment problems .

UNIT III INTEGER PROGRAMMING 9
Introduction – All and mixed I.P.P – Gomory's method – Cutting plane algorithm – Branch and bound algorithm – Zero - one programming

UNIT IV DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS 9
Recursive nature of computation – Forward and backward recursion – Resource Allocation model – Cargo – loading model – Work – force size model - Investment model – Solution of L.P.P by dynamic programming .

UNIT V NON - LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS 9
Lagrange multipliers – Equality constraints – Inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker Conditions – Quadratic programming.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Could develop a fundamental understanding of linear programming models, able to develop a linear programming model from problem description, apply the simplex method for solving linear programming problems.
- analyze the concept of developing, formulating, modeling and solving transportation and assignment problems.
- solve the integer programming problems using various methods.
- conceptualize the principle of optimality and sub-optimization, formulation and computational procedure of dynamic programming.
- determine the optimum solution for non linear programming problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kanti Swarup, P.K.Gupta and Man Mohan, " Operations Research " , Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, Fifth Edition , 1990.
2. Taha H.A, " Operations Research – An Introduction , Pearson Education, Ninth Edition , New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES :

1. J.K.Sharma , " Operations Research - Theory and Applications " Mac Millan India Ltd , Second Edition , New Delhi , 2003.
2. Richard Bronson & Govindasami Naadimuthu , " Operations Research " (Schaum's Outlines – TMH Edition) Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Pradeep Prabhakar Pai , " Operations Research and Practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi , 2012.
4. J.P.Singh and N.P.Singh , " Operations Research , Ane Books Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi , 2014.
5. F.S.Hillier and G.J. Lieberman, " Introduction to Operations Research " , Tata McGraw Hill, Eighth Edition , New Delhi, 2005.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	0.8	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-

OMA353 **ALGEBRA AND NUMBER THEORY** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES :

- To introduce the basic notions of groups, rings, fields which will then be used to solve related problems.
- To examine the key questions in the Theory of Numbers.
- To give an integrated approach to number theory and abstract algebra, and provide a firm basis for further reading and study in the subject.

UNIT I GROUPS AND RINGS 9

Groups: Definition – Properties – Homomorphism – Isomorphism – Cyclic groups – Cosets – Lagrange's theorem.
Rings: Definition - Sub rings - Integral domain - Field - Integer modulo n - Ring homomorphism.

UNIT II FINITE FIELDS AND POLYNOMIALS 9

Rings - Polynomial rings - Irreducible polynomials over finite fields - Factorization of polynomials over finite fields.

UNIT III DIVISIBILITY THEORY AND CANONICAL DECOMPOSITIONS 9

Division algorithm- Base-b representations – Number patterns – Prime and composite numbers – GCD – Euclidean algorithm – Fundamental theorem of arithmetic – LCM.

UNIT IV DIOPHANTINE EQUATIONS AND CONGRUENCES 9

Linear Diophantine equations – Congruence's – Linear Congruence's - Applications : Divisibility tests - Modular exponentiation - Chinese remainder theorem – 2x2 linear systems.

UNIT V CLASSICAL THEOREMS AND MULTIPLICATIVE FUNCTIONS 9

Wilson's theorem – Fermat's Little theorem – Euler's theorem - Euler's Phi functions – Tau and Sigma functions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

- Explain the fundamental concepts of advanced algebra and their role in modern mathematics and applied contexts.
- Demonstrate accurate and efficient use of advanced algebraic techniques.
- The students should be able to demonstrate their mastery by solving non-trivial problems related to the concepts, and by proving simple theorems about the, statements proven by the text.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Grimaldi, R.P and Ramana, B.V., "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics", Pearson Education, 5th Edition, New Delhi, 2007.
2. Thomas Koshy, "Elementary Number Theory with Applications", Elsevier Publications , New Delhi , 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. San Ling and Chaoping Xing, "Coding Theory – A first Course", Cambridge Publications, Cambridge, 2004.
2. Niven.I., Zuckerman.H.S., and Montgomery, H.L., "An Introduction to Theory of Numbers" , John Wiley and Sons , Singapore, 2004.
3. Lidl.R., and Pitz. G, "Applied Abstract Algebra", Springer Verlag, New Delhi, 2nd Edition , 2006.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	1	2	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	2	2	1	-	3	1	2	1	1	1	3	2	-	-	-
Avg	2.8	2.4	1.6	0.8	2.4	1	2.2	1	0.8	1	2.2	2.4	-	-	-

OMA354 **LINEAR ALGEBRA** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To test the consistency and solve system of linear equations.
- To find the basis and dimension of vector space.
- To obtain the matrix of linear transformation and its eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
- To find orthonormal basis of inner product space and find least square approximation.
- To find eigenvalues of a matrix using numerical techniques and perform matrix decomposition.

UNIT I MATRICES AND SYSTEM OF LINEAR EQUATIONS 9
Matrices - Row echelon form - Rank - System of linear equations - Consistency - Gauss elimination method - Gauss Jordan method.

UNIT II VECTOR SPACES 9
Vector spaces over Real and Complex fields - Subspace – Linear space - Linear independence and dependence - Basis and dimension.

UNIT III LINEAR TRANSFORMATION 9
Linear transformation - Rank space and null space - Rank and nullity - Dimension theorem - Matrix representation of linear transformation - Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of linear transformation – Diagonalization.

UNIT IV INNER PRODUCT SPACES 9
Inner product and norms - Properties - Orthogonal, Orthonormal vectors - Gram Schmidt orthonormalization process - Least square approximation.

UNIT V EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS AND MATRIX DECOMPOSITION 9
Eigen value Problems : Power method, Jacobi rotation method - Singular value decomposition – QR decomposition.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
After the completion of the course the student will be able to
1. Test the consistency and solve system of linear equations.
2. Find the basis and dimension of vector space.
3. Obtain the matrix of linear transformation and its eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
4. Find orthonormal basis of inner product space and find least square approximation.
5. Find eigenvalues of a matrix using numerical techniques and perform matrix decomposition.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Faires J.D. and Burden R., Numerical Methods, Brooks/Cole (Thomson Publications), New Delhi, 2002.
2. Friedberg A.H, Insel A.J. and Spence L, Linear Algebra, Pearson Education, 5th Edition,2019.

REFERENCES

1. Bernard Kolman, David R. Hill, Introductory Linear Algebra, Pearson Educations, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2009.

2. Gerald C.F. and Wheatley P.O. Applied Numerical Analysis, Pearson Educations, New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
3. Kumaresan S. Linear Algebra - A geometric approach, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi Reprint, 2010.
4. Richard Branson, Matrix Operations, Schaum's outline series, 1989.
5. Strang G. Linear Algebra and its applications, Thomson (Brooks / Cole) New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2005.
6. Sundarapandian V, Numerical Linear Algebra, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	3	3	2.8	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-

OBT352 BASICS OF MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Enable the Non-biological student's to understand about the basics of life science and their pro and cons for living organisms.

UNIT I BASICS OF MICROBES AND ITS TYPES 9

Introduction to microbes, existence of microbes, inventions of great scientist and history, types of microorganisms – Bacteria, Virus, Fungi.

UNIT II MICROBIAL TECHNIQUES 9

Sterilization – types – physical and chemical sterilization, Decontamination, Preservation methods, fermentation, Cultivation and growth of microbes, Diagnostic methods.

UNIT III PATHOGENIC MICROBES 9

Infectious Disease – Awareness, Causative agent, Prevention and control - Cholera, Dengu, Malaria, Diarrhea, Tuberculosis, Typhoid, Covid, HIV.

UNIT IV BENEFICIAL MICROBES 9

Applications of microbes – Clinical microbiology, agricultural microbiology, Food Microbiology, Environmental Microbiology, Animal Microbiology, Marine Microbiology.

UNIT V PRODUCTS FROM MICROBES 9

Fermentedproducts – Fermented Beverages, Curd, Cheese, Mushroom, Agricultural products – Biopesticide, Biofertilizers, Vermi compost, Pharmaceutical products - Antibiotics, Vaccines

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

1. Microbes and their types
2. Cultivation of microbes
3. Pathogens and control measures for safety

4. Microbes in different industry for economy.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Tabaron K. Tabaron A. Casita. Pelczar and Reid. Foundations in Microbiology, W.C. Brown Publishers, 1993.
2. Pelczar MJ, Chan ECS and Krein NR. Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, India.
3. Prescott L.M., Harley J.P., Klein DA. Microbiology, 3rd Edition, Wm. C. Brown Publishers, 1996.

OBT353 BASICS OF BIOMOLECULES L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- The objective is to offer basic concepts of biochemistry to students with diverse background in life sciences including but not limited to the structure and function of various biomolecules and their metabolism.

UNIT I CARBOHYDRATES 9

Introduction to carbohydrate, classification, properties of monosaccharide, structural aspects of monosaccharides. Introduction to disaccharide (lactose, maltose, sucrose) and polysaccharide (Heparin, starch, and glycogen) biological function of carbohydrate.

UNIT II LIPID AND FATTY ACIDS 9

Introduction to lipid, occurrence, properties, classification of lipid. Importance of phospholipids, sphingolipid and glycerolipid. Biological function of lipid. Fatty acid, Introduction, Nomenclature and classification of fatty acid Essential and non essential fatty acids.

UNIT III AMINO ACIDS AND PROTEIN. 9

Introduction to amino acid, structure, classification of protein based on polarity. Introduction to protein, classification of protein based on solubility, shape, composition and Function. Peptide bond– Structure of peptide bond. Denaturation – renaturation of protein, properties of protein. Introduction to lipoprotein, glycoprotein and nucleoprotein.Biological function of protein.

UNIT IV NUCLEIC ACIDS 9

Introduction to nucleic acid, Difference between nucleotide and nucleoside, composition of DNA & amp; RNA Structure of Nitrogen bases in DNA and RNA along with the nomenclature. DNA double helix (Watson and crick) model, types of DNA, RNA.

UNIT V VITAMINS AND HORMONES 9

Different types of vitamins, their diverse biochemical functions and deficiency related diseases. Overview of hormones. Hormone mediated signaling. Mechanism of action of steroid hormones, epinephrine, glucagons and insulin.Role of vitamins and hormones in metabolism; Hormonal disorders; Therapeutic uses ofvitamins and hormones.

OUTCOMES:

- Students will learn about various kinds of biomolecules and their physiological role.
- Students will gain knowledge about various metabolic disorders and will help them to know the importance of various biomolecules in terms of disease correlation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry 6th Edition by David L. Nelson, Michael M. Cox W.H.Freeman and Company 2017

2. Satyanarayana, U. and U. Chakrapani, "Biochemistry" 3rd Rev. Edition, Books & Allied (P) Ltd., 2006. 3. Rastogi, S.C. "Biochemistry" 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.
4. Conn, E.E., etal., "Outlines of Biochemistry" 5th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1987.
5. Outlines of Biochemistry, 5th Edition: By E E Conn, P K Stumpf, G Bruening and R Y Doi.pp 693. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 1987.

REFERENCES

1. Berg, Jeremy M. et al. "Biochemistry", 6th Edition, W.H. Freeman & Co., 2006.
2. Murray, R.K., etal "Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry", 31st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2018.
3. Voet, D. and Voet, J.G., "Biochemistry", 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2010.

OBT354 FUNDAMENTALS OF CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge on the fundamentals of cell biology.
- To understand the signalling mechanisms.
- Understand basic principles of molecular biology at intracellular level to regulate growth, division and development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CELL **9**

Cell, cell wall and Extracellular Matrix (ECM), composition, cellular dimensions, Evolution. Organisation, differentiation of prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells. Virus, bacteria,cyanobacteria, mycoplasms and prions.

UNIT II CELL ORGANELLES **9**

Molecular organisation, biogenesis and functin Mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulam, golgi apparatus, plastids, chloroplast, leucoplast, centrosome, lysosome, ribosome, peroxisome, Nucleus and nucleolus. Endo membrane system, concept of compartmentalisation.

UNIT III BIO-MEMBRANE TRANSPORT **9**

Physiochemical properties of cell membranes. Molecular constitute of membranes, asymmetrical organisation of lipids and proteins. Solute transport across membrane's-fick's law, simple diffusion, passive-facilitated diffusion, active transport- primary and secondary, group translocation, transport ATPases, membrane transport in bacteria and animals. Transportmechanism- mobile carriers and pores mechanisms. Transport by vesicle formation, endocytosis, exocytosis, cell respiration.

UNIT IV CELL CYCLE **9**

Cell cycle- Cell division by mitosis and meosis. Comparision of meosis and mitosis, regulation of cell cycle, cell lysis, Cytokinesis. Cell signaling, Cell communication, Cell adhesion and Cell junction, cell cycle checkpoints.

UNIT V CENTRAL DOGMA **9**

Overview of Central dogma DNA replication: Meselson & Stahl experiment, bi–directional DNA replication, Okazaki fragments. Structure and function of mRNA, rRNA and tRNA. RNA synthesis: Initiation, elongation and termination of RNA synthesis Introduction to Genetic code- Steps in translation: Initiation, Elongation and termination of protein synthesis.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Understanding of cell at structural and functional level.
- Understand the central dogma of life and its significance.
- Comprehend the basic mechanisms of cell division.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Cooper, G.M. and R.E. Hausman "The Cell: A Molecular Approach", 8th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2018.
2. Friefelder, David. "Molecular Biology." Narosa Publications, 1999.
3. Weaver, Robert F. "Molecular Biology" IInd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Lodish H, Berk A, MatsudairaP,Kaiser CA, Krieger M, Scott MP, Zipursky L, Darnell J. Molecular Cell Biology, 6th Edition, 2007.
2. Becker, W.M. etal., "The World of the Cell", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
3. Campbell, N.A., J.B. Reece and E.J. Simon "Essential Biology", VIIrd Edition, Pearson International, 2007.
4. "Alberts, Bruce etal., "Essential Cell Biology", 4th Edition, W.W. Norton, 2013.

OPEN ELECTIVE IV

OHS352 PROJECT REPORT WRITING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The Course will enable Learners to:

- Understand the essentials of project writing.
- Perceive the difference between general writing and technical writing
- Assimilate the fundamental features of report writing.
- Understand the essential differences that exist between general and technical writing.
- Learn the structure of a technical and project report.

UNIT I 9

Writing Skills – Essential Grammar and Vocabulary – Passive Voice, Reported Speech, Concord, Signpost words, Cohesive Devices – Paragraph writing - Technical Writing vs. General Writing.

UNIT II 9

Project Report – Definition, Structure, Types of Reports, Purpose – Intended Audience – Plagiarism – Report Writing in STEM fields – Experiment – Statistical Analysis.

UNIT III 9

Structure of the Project Report: (Part 1) Framing a Title – Content – Acknowledgement – Funding Details -Abstract – Introduction – Aim of the Study – Background - Writing the research question - Need of the Study/Project Significance, Relevance – Determining the feasibility – Theoretical Framework.

UNIT IV 9

Structure of the Project Report: (Part 2) – Literature Review, Research Design, Methods of Data Collection - Tools and Procedures - Data Analysis - Interpretation - Findings –Limitations - Recommendations – Conclusion – Bibliography.

UNIT V 9

Proof reading a report – Avoiding Typographical Errors – Bibliography in required Format – Font – Spacing – Checking Tables and Illustrations – Presenting a Report Orally – Techniques.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

By the end of the course, learners will be able to

- Write effective project reports.
- Use statistical tools with confidence.
- Explain the purpose and intension of the proposed project coherently and with clarity.
- Create writing texts to suit achieve the intended purpose.
- Master the art of writing winning proposals and projects.

REFERENCES

1. Gerson and Gerson - Technical Communication: Process and Product, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall(2012)
2. Virendra K. Pamecha - Guide to Project Reports, Project Appraisals and Project Finance (2012)
3. Daniel Riordan - Technical Report Writing Today (1998)
   Darla-Jean Weatherford - Technical Writing for Engineering Professionals (2016) Penwell Publishers

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
AVg.	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.2	2	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.6	3	2.6	3	-	-	-

- 1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-'- no correlation
- **Note**: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix

OMA355 ADVANCED NUMERICAL METHODS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To impart knowledge on numerical methods that will come in handy to solve numerically the problems that arise in engineering and technology. This will also serve as a precursor for future research.

UNIT I ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEM 9

System of nonlinear equations : Fixed point iteration method - Newton's method; System of linear equations: Thomas algorithm for tri diagonal system - SOR iteration methods ; Eigen value problems: Given's method - Householder's method.

UNIT II INTERPOLATION 9

Central difference: Stirling and Bessel's interpolation formulae ; Piecewise spline interpolation: Piecewise linear, piecewise quadratic and cubic spline ; Least square approximation for continuous data (upto 3rd degree).

UNIT III NUMERICAL METHODS FOR ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9

Explicit Adams - Bashforth Techniques - Implicit Adams - Moulton Techniques; Predictor - Corrector Techniques - Finite difference methods for solving two - point linear boundary value problems - Orthogonal Collocation method.

UNIT IV FINITE DIFFERENCE METHODS FOR ELLIPTIC EQUATIONS 9

Laplace and Poisson's equations in a rectangular region : Five point finite difference schemes - Leibmann's iterative methods - Dirichlet's and Neumann conditions – Laplace equation in polar coordinates : Finite difference schemes .

UNIT V FINITE DIFFERENCE METHOD FOR TIME DEPENDENT PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9

Parabolic equations : Explicit and implicit finite difference methods – Weighted average approximation - Dirichlet's and Neumann conditions – First order hyperbolic equations - Method of characteristics – Different explicit and implicit methods. Wave equation : Explicit scheme – Stability of above schemes.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: demonstrate the understandings of common numerical methods for nonlinear equations, system of linear equations and eigenvalue problems.

CO2: understand the interpolation theory

CO3: understand the concepts of numerical methods for ordinary differential equations;

CO4: demonstrate the understandings of common numerical methods for elliptic equations;

CO5: understand the concepts of numerical methods for time dependent partial differential equations

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Grewal, B.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering & Science ", Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2013.
2. Gupta, S.K., "Numerical Methods for Engineers", (Third Edition), New Age Publishers, 2015.
3. Jain, M.K., Iyengar, S.R.K. and Jain, R.K., "Computational Methods for Partial Differential Equations", New Age Publishers, 1994.

REFERENCES:

1. Saumyen Guha and Rajesh Srivastava, "Numerical methods for Engineering and Science", Oxford Higher Education, New Delhi, 2010.
2. Burden, R.L. and Faires, J.D., "Numerical Analysis – Theory and Applications", 9 th Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2016.
3. Gupta S.K., "Numerical Methods for Engineers" 4th Edition, New Age Publishers, 2019.
4. Sastry, S.S., "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", 5th Edition, PHI Learning, 2015.
5. Morton, K.W. and Mayers D.F., "Numerical solution of Partial Differential equations", Cambridge University press, Cambridge, 2002.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	-	-	-

OMA356 RANDOM PROCESSES L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of probability, one and two dimensional random variables with applications to engineering which can describe real life phenomenon.

- To understand the basic concepts of random processes which are widely used in communication networks.
- To acquaint with specialized random processes which are apt for modelling the real time scenario.
- To understand the concept of correlation and spectral densities.
- To understand the significance of linear systems with random inputs.

UNIT I RANDOM VARIABLES 9
Discrete and continuous random variables – Moments – Moment generating functions – Joint Distribution- Covariance and Correlation – Transformation of a random variable.

UNIT II RANDOM PROCESSES 9
Classification – Characterization – Cross correlation and Cross covariance functions - Stationary Random Processes – Markov process - Markov chain.

UNIT III SPECIAL RANDOM PROCESSES 9
Bernoulli Process – Gaussian Process - Poisson process – Random telegraph process.

UNIT IV CORRELATION AND SPECTRAL DENSITIES 9
Auto correlation functions – Cross correlation functions – Properties – Power spectral density – Cross spectral density – Properties.

UNIT V LINEAR SYSTEMS WITH RANDOM INPUTS 9
Linear time invariant system – System transfer function – Linear systems with random inputs – Auto correlation and cross correlation functions of input and output.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES
Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts of one and two dimensional random variables and apply in engineering applications.
- Apply the concept random processes in engineering disciplines.
- Understand and apply the concept of correlation and spectral densities.
- Get an exposure of various distribution functions and help in acquiring skills in handling situations involving more than one variable.
- Analyze the response of random inputs to linear time invariant systems.

TEXT BOOKS
1. Ibe, O.C.," Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes ", 1st Indian Reprint, Elsevier, 2007.
2. Peebles, P.Z., "Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles ", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES
1. Cooper, G.R., McGillem, C.D., "Probabilistic Methods of Signal and System Analysis", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3rd Indian Edition, 2012.
2. Hwei Hsu, "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability, Random Variables and Random Processes ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Miller, S.L. and Childers, D.G., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing and Communications ", Academic Press, 2004.
4. Stark, H. and Woods, J.W., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing ", Pearson Education, Asia, 3rd Edition, 2002.

5. Yates, R.D. and Goodman, D.J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 2nd Edition, 2012.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	-	-	-

OMA357 QUEUEING AND RELIABILITY MODELLING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide necessary basic concepts in probability and random processes for applications such as random signals, linear systems in communication engineering.
- To understand the concept of queueing models and apply in engineering.
- To provide the required mathematical support in real life problems and develop probabilistic models which can be used in several areas of science and engineering.
- To study the system reliability and hazard function for series and parallel systems.
- To implement Markovian Techniques for availability and maintainability which opens up new avenues for research.

UNIT I RANDOM PROCESSES **9**

Classification – Stationary process – Markov process - Poisson process – Discrete parameter Markov chain – Chapman Kolmogorov equations – Limiting distributions.

UNIT II MARKOVIAN QUEUEING MODELS **9**

Markovian queues – Birth and death processes – Single and multiple server queueing models – Little's formula - Queues with finite waiting rooms.

UNIT III ADVANCED QUEUEING MODELS **9**

M/G/1 queue – Pollaczek Khinchin formula - M/D/1 and M/E_K/1 as special cases – Series queues – Open Jackson networks.

UNIT IV SYSTEM RELIABILITY **9**

Reliability and hazard functions- Exponential, Normal, Weibull and Gamma failure distribution – Time - dependent hazard models – Reliability of Series and Parallel Systems.

UNIT V MAINTAINABILITY AND AVAILABILITY **9**

Maintainability and Availability functions – Frequency of failures – Two Unit parallel system with repair – k out of m systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- Enable the students to apply the concept of random processes in engineering disciplines.
- Students acquire skills in analyzing various queueing models.
- Students can understand and characterize phenomenon which evolve with respect to time in a probabilistic manner.
- Students can analyze reliability of the systems for various probability distributions.
- Students can be able to formulate problems using the maintainability and availability analyses by using theoretical approach.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Shortle J.F, Gross D, Thompson J.M,Harris C.M., "Fundamentals of Queueing Theory", John Wiley and Sons, New York,2018.
2. Balagurusamy E, "Reliability Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi,2010.

REFERENCES

1. Medhi J, "Stochastic models of Queueing Theory", Academic Press, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2003.
2. Taha, H.A., "Operations Research", 9th Edition, Pearson India Education Services, Delhi, 2016.
3. Trivedi, K.S., "Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications", 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2002.
4. Govil, A.K., "Reliability Engineering", Tata-McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi,1983.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO 01	PO 02	PO 03	PO 04	PO 05	PO 06	PO 07	PO 08	PO 09	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1.4	0.8	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	-	-	-

OMG354 PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT FOR ENTREPRENEURS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To know the basic concept and function of Production and Operation Management for entrepreneurship.
- To understand the Production process and planning.
- To understand the Production and Operations Management Control for business owners.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS MANGEMENT 9

Functions of Production Management - Relationship between production and other functions – Production management and operations management. Characteristics of modern production and operation management, organisation of production function, recent trends in production /operations management - production as an organisational function, decision making in production Operations research.

UNIT II PRODUCTION & OPERATION SYSTEMS **9**

Production Systems– principles – Models - CAD and CAM- Automation in Production - Functions and significance- Capacity and Facility Planning: Importance of capacity planning- Capacity measurement – Capacity Requirement Planning (CRP) process for manufacturing and service industry

UNIT III PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS PLANNING **9**

Facility Planning – Location of facilities – Location flexibility – Facility design process and techniques – Location break even analysis-Production Process Planning: Characteristic of production process systems – Steps for production process- Production Planning Control Functions – Planning phase- Action phase- Control phase - Aggregate production planning

UNIT IV PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT PROCESS **9**

Process selection with PLC phases- Process simulation tools- Work Study – Significance – Methods, evolution of normal/ standard time – Job design and rating – Value Analysis - Plant Layout: meaning – characters — Plant location techniques - Types- MRP and Layout Design - Optimisation and Theory of Constraints (TOC)– Critical Chain Project Management (CCPM)- REL (Relationship) Chart – Assembly line balancing- – Plant design optimisation -Forecasting methods.

UNIT V CONTROLING PRODUCTION & OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT **9**

Material requirement planning (MRP)- Concept- Process and control - Inventory control systems and techniques – JIT and Lean manufacturing - Network techniques - Quality Management: Preventive Vs Breakdown maintenance for Quality - Techniques for measuring quality - Control Chart (X , R , p , np and C chart) - Cost of Quality, Continuous improvement (Kaizen) - Quality awards - Supply Chain Management - Total Quality Management - 6 Sigma approach and Zero Defect Manufacturing.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

Upon completion of this course the learners will be able :

CO 1 To understand the basics and functions of Production and Operation Management for business owners.

CO 2 To learn about the Production & Operation Systems.

CO 3 To acquaint on the Production & Operations Planning Techniques followed by entrepreneurs in Industries.

CO 4 To known about the Production & Operations Management Processes in organisations.

CO 5 To comprehend the techniques of controlling , Production and Operations in industries.

REFERENCES

1. Mikell P. Groover, Automation: Production Systems, and Computer-Integrated Manufacturing, Pearson, 2007.
2. Amitabh Raturi, Production and Inventory Management, , 2008.
3. Adam Jr. Ebert, Production and Operations Management, PHI Publication, 1992.
4. Muhlemann, Oldand and Lockyer, Production and Operation Management, Macmillan India,1992.

6. Chary S N, Production and Operations Management, TMH Publications, 2010.
7. Terry Hill ,Operation Management: Pal Grave McMillan (Case Study) 2005.

OMG355 MULTIVARIATE DATA ANALYSIS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE:

- To know various multivariate data analysis techniques for business research.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Uni-variate, Bi-variate and Multi-variate techniques – Classification of multivariate techniques – Guidelines for multivariate analysis and interpretation.

UNIT II PREPARING FOR MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS 9

Conceptualization of research model with variables, collection of data –Approaches for dealing with missing data – Testing the assumptions of multivariate analysis.

UNIT III MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS, FACTOR ANALYSIS 9

Multiple Linear Regression Analysis – Inferences from the estimated regression function – Validation of the model. -Approaches to factor analysis – interpretation of results.

UNIT IV LATENT VARIABLE TECHNIQUES 9

Confirmatory Factor Analysis, Structural equation modelling, Mediation models, Moderation models, Longitudinal studies.

UNIT V ADVANCED MULTIVARIATE TECHNIQUES 9

Multiple Discriminant Analysis, Logistic Regression, Cluster Analysis, Conjoint Analysis, multidimensional scaling.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

- Demonstrate a sophisticated understanding of the concepts and methods; know the exact scopes and possible limitations of each method; and show capability of using multivariate techniques to provide constructive guidance in decision making.
- Use advanced techniques to conduct thorough and insightful analysis, and interpret the results correctly with detailed and useful information.
- Show substantial understanding of the real problems; conduct deep analysis using correct methods; and draw reasonable conclusions with sufficient explanation and elaboration.
- Write an insightful and well-organized report for a real-world case study, including thoughtful and convincing details.
- Make better business decisions by using advanced techniques in data analytics.

REFERENCES :

1. Joseph F Hair, Rolph E Anderson, Ronald L. Tatham & William C. Black, Multivariate Data Analysis, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005
2. Barbara G. Tabachnick, Linda S.Fidell, Using Multivariate Statistics, 6th Edition, Pearson, 2012.
3. Richard A Johnson and Dean W.Wichern, Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2005.
4. David R Anderson, Dennis J Sweeney, and Thomas A Williams, Statistics for Business and Economics, Thompson, Singapore, 2002

OME352 ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the development, capabilities, applications, of Additive Manufacturing (AM), and its business opportunities.
- To be acquainted with vat polymerization and material extrusion processes.
- To be familiar with powder bed fusion and binder jetting processes.
- To gain knowledge on applications of direct energy deposition, and material jetting processes.
- To impart knowledge on sheet lamination and direct write technologies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Overview - Need - Development of Additive Manufacturing (AM) Technology: Rapid Prototyping-Rapid Tooling - Rapid Manufacturing - Additive Manufacturing. AM Process Chain - ASTM/ISO 52900 Classification - Benefits - AM Unique Capabilities - AM File formats: STL, AMF Applications: Building Printing, Bio Printing, Food Printing, Electronics Printing, Automobile, Aerospace, Healthcare. Business Opportunities in AM.

UNIT II VAT POLYMERIZATION AND MATERIAL EXTRUSION 9

Photo polymerization: Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA)- Materials -Process - top down and bottom up approach - Advantages - Limitations - Applications. Digital Light Processing (DLP) - Process - Advantages - Applications.

Material Extrusion: Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM) - Process-Materials -Applications and Limitations.

UNIT III POWDER BED FUSION AND BINDER JETTING 9

Powder Bed Fusion: Selective Laser Sintering (SLS): Process - Powder Fusion Mechanism - Materials and Application. Selective Laser Melting (SLM), Electron Beam Melting (EBM): Materials - Process - Advantages and Applications.

Binder Jetting: Three-Dimensional Printing - Materials - Process - Benefits - Limitations - Applications.

UNIT IV MATERIAL JETTING AND DIRECTED ENERGY DEPOSITION 9

Material Jetting: Multijet Modeling- Materials - Process - Benefits - Applications.

Directed Energy Deposition: Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS) - Process - Material Delivery - Materials -Benefits -Applications.

UNIT V SHEET LAMINATION AND DIRECT WRITE TECHNOLOGY 9

Sheet Lamination: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM)- Basic Principle- Mechanism: Gluing or Adhesive Bonding - Thermal Bonding - Materials - Application and Limitation.

Ink-Based Direct Writing (DW): Nozzle Dispensing Processes, Inkjet Printing Processes, Aerosol DW - Applications of DW.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course students shall be able to:

CO1: Recognize the development of AM technology and how AM technology propagated into various businesses and developing opportunities.

CO2: Acquire knowledge on process vat polymerization and material extrusion processes and its applications.

CO3: Elaborate the process and applications of powder bed fusion and binder jetting.

CO4: Evaluate the advantages, limitations, applications of material jetting and directed energy deposition processes.

CO5: Acquire knowledge on sheet lamination and direct write technology.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ian Gibson, David Rosen, Brent Stucker, Mahyar Khorasani "Additive manufacturing technologies", 3rd edition Springer Cham, Switzerland, (2021), ISBN: 978-3-030-56120-0
2. Andreas Gebhardt and Jan-Steffen Hötter "Additive Manufacturing: 3D Printing for Prototyping and Manufacturing", Hanser publications, United States, 2015, ISBN: 978-1-56990-582-1.

REFERENCES:

1. Andreas Gebhardt, "Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Manufacturing", Hanser Gardner Publication, Cincinnati., Ohio, 2011, ISBN :9783446425521.
2. Milan Brandt, "Laser Additive Manufacturing: Materials, Design, Technologies, and Applications", Woodhead Publishing., United Kingdom, 2016, ISBN: 9780081004333.
3. Amit Bandyopadhyay and Susmita Bose, "Additive Manufacturing", 1st Edition, CRC Press., United States, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-1482223590.
4. Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A., "Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice", Springer., United States, 2006, ISBN: 978-1-4614-9842-1.
5. Liou, L.W. and Liou, F.W., "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications: A tool box for prototype development", CRC Press., United States, 2011, ISBN: 9780849334092.

CME343	NEW PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To introduce the fundamental concepts of the new product development
2 To develop material specifications, analysis and process.
3 To Learn the Feasibility Studies & reporting of new product development.
4 To study the New product qualification and Market Survey on similar products of new product development
To learn Reverse Engineering, Cloud points generation, converting cloud data to 3D model

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF NPD 9

Introduction – Reading of Drawing – Grid reading, Revisions, ECN (Engg. Change Note), Component material grade, Specifications, customer specific requirements – Basics of monitoring of NPD applying Gantt chart, Critical path analysis – Fundamentals of BOM (Bill of Materials), Engg. BOM & Manufacturing BOM. Basics of MIS software and their application in industries like SAP, MS Dynamics, Oracle ERP Cloud – QFD.

UNIT II MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS, ANALYSIS & PROCESS 9

Material specification standards – ISO, DIN, JIS, ASTM, EN, etc. – Awareness on various manufacturing process like Metal castings & Forming, Machining (Conventional, 3 Axis, 4 Axis, 5 Axis,), Fabrications, Welding process. Qualifications of parts mechanical, physical & Chemical properties and their test report preparation and submission. Fundamentals of DFMEA & PFMEA, Fundamentals of FEA, Bend Analysis, Hot Distortion, Metal and Material Flow, Fill and Solidification analysis

UNIT III ESSENTIALS OF NPD 9

RFQ (Request of Quotation) Processing – Feasibility Studies & reporting – CFT (Cross Function Team) discussion on new product and reporting – Concept design, Machine selection for tool making, Machining – Manufacturing Process selection, Machining Planning, cutting tool selection – Various Inspection methods – Manual measuring, CMM – GOM (Geometric Optical Measuring), Lay out marking and Cut section analysis. Tool Design and Detail drawings preparation, release of details to machine shop and CAM programing. Tool assembly and shop floor trials. Initial sample submission with PPAP documents.

UNIT IV CRITERIONS OF NPD 9

New product qualification for Dimensions, Mechanical & Physical Properties, Internal Soundness proving through X-Ray, Radiography, Ultrasonic Testing, MPT, etc. Agreement with customer for testing frequencies. Market Survey on similar products, Risk analysis, validating samples with simulation results, Lesson Learned & Horizontal deployment in NPD.

UNIT V REPORTING & FORWARD-THINKING OF NPD 9

Detailed study on PPAP with 18 elements reporting, APQP and its 5 Sections, APQP vs PPAP, Importance of SOP (Standard Operating Procedure) – Purpose & documents, deployment in shop floor. Prototyping & RPT - Concepts, Application and its advantages, 3D Printing – resin models, Sand cores for foundries, Reverse Engineering, Cloud points generation, converting cloud data to 3D model – Advantages & Limitation of RE, CE (Concurrent Engineering) – Basics, Application and its advantages in NPD (to reduce development lead time, time to Market, improve productivity and product cost.)

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss fundamental concepts and customer specific requirements of the New Product development
2. Discuss the Material specification standards, analysis and fabrication, manufacturing process.
3. Develop Feasibility Studies & reporting of New Product development
4. Analyzing the New product qualification and Market Survey on similar products of new product development
5. Develop Reverse Engineering, Cloud points generation, converting cloud data to 3D model

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Product Development – Sten Jonsson
2. Product Design & Development – Karl T. Ulrich, Maria C. Young, Steven D. Eppinger

REFERENCES:

1. Revolutionizing Product Development – Steven C Wheelwright & Kim B. Clark
2. Change by Design
3. Toyota Product Development System – James Morgan & Jeffrey K. Liker
4. Winning at New Products – Robert Brands 3rd Edition
5. Product Design & Value Engineering – Dr. M.A. Bulsara &Dr. H.R. Thakkar

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
2	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
3	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
4	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
5	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

OME355 INDUSTRIAL DESIGN & RAPID PROTOTYPING TECHNIQUES **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to:

- Outline Fundamental concepts in UI & UX
- Introduce the principles of Design and Building an mobile app
- Illustrate the use of CAD in product design
- Outline the choice and use of prototyping tools
- Understanding design of electronic circuits and fabrication of electronic devices

UNIT I UI/UX 9

Fundamental concepts in UI & UX - Tools - Fundamentals of design principles - Psychology and Human Factors for User Interface Design - Layout and composition for Web, Mobile and Devices - Typography - Information architecture - Color theory - Design process flow, wireframes, best practices in the industry -User engagement ethics - Design alternatives

UNIT II APP DEVELOPMENT 9

SDLC - Introduction to App Development - Types of Apps - web Development - understanding Stack - Frontend - backend - Working with Databases - Introduction to API - Introduction to Cloud services - Cloud environment Setup- Reading and writing data to cloud - Embedding ML models to Apps – Deploying application.

UNIT III INDUSTRIAL DESIGN 9

Introduction to Industrial Design - Points, lines, and planes - Sketching and concept generation - Sketch to CAD - Introduction to CAD tools - Types of 3D modeling - Basic 3D Modeling Tools - Part creation – Assembly - Product design and rendering basics - Dimensioning & Toleranting

UNIT IV MECHANICAL RAPID PROTOTYPING 9

Need for prototyping - Domains in prototyping - Difference between actual manufacturing and prototyping - Rapid prototyping methods - Tools used in different domains - Mechanical Prototyping; 3D Printing and classification - Laser Cutting and engraving - RD Works - Additive manufacturing

UNIT V ELECTRONIC RAPID PROTOTYPING 9

Basics of electronic circuit design - lumped circuits - Electronic Prototyping - Working with simulation tool - simple PCB design with EDA

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, learners will be able to:

- Create quick UI/UX prototypes for customer needs
- Develop web application to test product traction / product feature
- Develop 3D models for prototyping various product ideas
- Built prototypes using Tools and Techniques in a quick iterative methodology

Text Books

1. Peter Fiell, Charlotte Fiell, Industrial Design A-Z, TASCHEN America Llc(2005)
2. Samar Malik, Autodesk Fusion 360 - The Master Guide
3. Steve Krug, Don't Make Me Think, Revisited: A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability, Pearson,3rd edition(2014)

References

1. https://www.adobe.com/products/xd/learn/get-star ted.html
2. https://developer.android.com/guide
3. https://help.autodesk.com/view/fusion360/ENU/courses/
4. https://help.prusa3d.com/en/categor y/prusaslicer_204

MF3010 MICRO AND PRECISION ENGINEERING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the end of this course the student should be able to

- Learn about the precision machine tools
- Learn about the macro and micro components.
- Understand handling and operating of the precision machine tools.
- Learn to work with miniature models of existing machine tools/robots and other instruments.
- Learn metrology for micro system

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MICROSYSTEMS 9

Design, and material selection, micro-actuators: hydraulic, pneumatic, electrostatic/ magnetic etc. for medical to general purpose applications. Micro-sensors based on Thermal, mechanical, electrical properties; micro-sensors for measurement of pressure, flow, temperature, inertia, force, acceleration, torque, vibration, and monitoring of manufacturing systems.

UNIT II FABRICATION PROCESSES FOR MICRO-SYSTEMS: 9

Additive, subtractive, forming process microsystems-Micro-pumps, micro- turbines, micro engines, micro-robot, and miniature biomedical devices

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO PRECISION ENGINEERING 9

Machine tools, holding and handling devices, positioning fixtures for fabrication/ assembly of microsystems. Precision drives: inch worm motors, ultrasonic motors, stick- slip mechanism and other piezo-based devices.

UNIT IV PRECISION MACHINING PROCESSES 9

Precision machining processes for macro components - Diamond turning, fixed and free abrasive processes, finishing processes.

UNIT V METROLOGY FOR MICRO SYSTEMS 9

Metrology for micro systems - Surface integrity and its characterization.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of this course the students will be able to

- Select suitable precision machine tools and operate
- Apply the macro and micro components for fabrication of micro systems.
- Apply suitable machining process.
- Able to work with miniature models of existing machine tools/robots and other instruments.
- Apply metrology for micro system

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Davim, J. Paulo, ed. Microfabrication and Precision Engineering: Research and Development. Woodhead Publishing, 2017.
2. Gupta K. editor. Micro and Precision Manufacturing. Springer, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Dornfeld, D., and Lee, D. E., Precision Manufacturing, 2008, Springer.
2. H. Nakazawa, Principles of Precision Engineering, 1994, Oxford University Press.
3. Whitehouse, D. J., Handbook of Surface Metrology, Institute of Physics Publishing, Philadelphia PA, 1994.
4. Murthy,R.L, —Precision Engineering in Manufacturing‖, New Age International, New Delhi, 2005

OMF354 COST MANAGEMENT OF ENGINEERING PROJECTS **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Summarize the costing concepts and their role in decision making
Infer the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
Interpret costing concepts with project execution
Develop knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques.
Illustrate with quantitative techniques in cost management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COSTING CONCEPTS 9

Objectives of a Costing System; Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost; Creation of a Database for operational control.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centres, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities. Detailed Engineering activities, Pre project execution main clearances and documents, Project team: Role of each member. Importance Project site: Data required with significance. Project contracts

UNIT III PROJECT EXECUTION AND COSTING CONCEPTS 9

Project execution Project cost control. Bar charts and Network diagram. Project commissioning: mechanical and process, Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. Various decision-making problems. Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis; Target costing, Life Cycle Costing

UNIT IV COSTING OF SERVICE SECTOR AND BUDGETERY CONTROL 9

Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Activity Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis. Budgetary Control: Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets, Zero-based budgets.

UNIT V QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR COST MANAGEMENT 9

Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Learning Curve Theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the costing concepts and their role in decision making.

CO2: Understand the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection.

CO3: Interpret costing concepts with project execution.

CO4: Gain knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques.

CO5: Become familiar with quantitative techniques in cost management.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John M. Nicholas, Herman Steyn Project Management for Engineering, Business and Technology, Taylor & Francis, 2 August 2020, ISBN: 9781000092561.
2. Albert Lester ,Project Management, Planning and Control, Elsevier/Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007, ISBN: 9780750669566, 075066956X.

REFERENCES:

1. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A. H. Wheeler publisher, 1991.
2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting, 1988.
3. Charles T. Horngren et al Cost Accounting a Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2011.
4. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting, 2003.
5. Vohra N.D., Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. Ltd, 2007.

AU3002	BATTERIES AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to make the students to understand the working and characteristics of different types of batteries and their management.

UNIT I ADVANCED BATTERIES 9

Li-ion Batteries-different formats, chemistry, safe operating area, efficiency, aging. Characteristics- SOC,DOD, SOH. Balancing-Passive Balancing Vs Active Balancing. Other Batteries-NCM and NCA Batteries. *NCR18650B* specifications.

UNIT II BATTERY PACK 9

Battery Pack- design, sizing, calculations, flow chart, real and simulation Model.Peak power – definition, testing methods-relationships with Power, Temperature and ohmic Internal Resistance. Cloud based and Local Smart charging.

UNITIII BATTERY MODELLING 9

Battery Modelling Methods-Equivalent Circuit Models, Electrochemical Model, Neural Network Model. ECM Comparisons- Rint model, Thevenin model, PNGV model. State space Models- introduction. Battery Modelling software/simulation frameworks

UNIT IV BATTERY STATE ESTIMATION 9

SOC Estimation- Definition, importance, single cell Vs series batteries SOC. Estimation Methods-Load voltage, Electromotive force. AC impedance, Ah counting, Neural networks. Neuro-fuzzy forecast method, Kalman filter. Estimation Algorithms.

UNIT V BMS ARCHITECTURE AND REAL TIME COMPONENTS 9

Battery Management System- need, operation, classification. BMS ASIC-bq76PL536A-Q1 Battery Monitor IC- CC2662R-Q1 Wireless BMS MCU. Communication Modules- CAN Open-Flex Ray-CANedge1 package ARBIN Battery Tester. BMS Development with Modeling software and Model-Based Design.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

1. Acquire knowledge of different Li-ion Batteries performance.
2. Design a Battery Pack and make related calculations.
3. Demonstrate a BatteryModel or Simulation.
4. Estimate State-of-Charges in a Battery Pack.
5. Approach different BMS architectures during real world usage.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Jiuchun Jiang and Caiping Zhang, "Fundamentals and applications of Lithium-ion batteriesin Electric Drive Vehicles", Wiley, 2015.
2. Davide Andrea ,"Battery Management Systems for Large Lithium-Ion Battery Packs" ARTECH House, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Developing Battery Management Systems with Simulink and Model-Based Design-whitepaper
2. Panasonic *NCR18650B- DataSheet*
3. bq76PL536A-Q1- IC DataSheet
4. CC2662R-Q1- IC DataSheet

AU3008 SENSORS AND ACTUATORS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The objective of this course is to make the students to list common types of sensor and actuators used in automotive vehicles.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEASUREMENTS AND SENSORS 9

Sensors: Functions- Classifications- Main technical requirement and trends Units and standards-Calibration methods- Classification of errors- Error analysis- Limiting error- Probable error-Propagation of error- Odds and uncertainty- principle of transduction-Classification. Static characteristics- mathematical model of transducers- Zero, First and Second order transducers-Dynamic characteristics of first and second order transducers for standard test inputs.

UNIT II VARIABLE RESISTANCE AND INDUTANCE SENSORS 9

Principle of operation- Construction details- Characteristics and applications of resistive potentiometer- Strain gauges- Resistive thermometers- Thermistors- Piezoresistive sensors Inductive potentiometer- Variable reluctance transducers:- EI pick up and LVDT

UNIT III VARIABLE AND OTHER SPECIAL SENSORS 9

Variable air gap type, variable area type and variable permittivity type- capacitor microphone Piezoelectric, Magnetostrictive, Hall Effect, semiconductor sensor- digital transducers-Humidity Sensor. Rain sensor, climatic condition sensor, solar, light sensor, antiglare sensor.

UNIT IV AUTOMOTIVE ACTUATORS 9

Electromechanical actuators- Fluid-mechanical actuators- Electrical machines- Direct-current machines- Three-phase machines- Single-phase alternating-current Machines - Duty-type ratings for electrical machines. Working principles, construction and location of actuators viz. Solenoid, relay, stepper motor etc.

UNIT V AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL ACTUATORS 9

Different types of actuators used in automatic temperature control- Fixed and variable displacement temperature control- Semi Automatic- Controller design for Fixed and variable displacement type air conditioning system.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

1. List common types of sensor and actuators used in vehicles.
2. Design measuring equipment's for the measurement of pressure force, temperature and flow.
3. Generate new ideas in designing the sensors and actuators for automotive application
4. Understand the operation of thesensors, actuators and electronic control.
5. Design temperature control actuators for vehicles.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Doebelin's Measurement Systems, 7th Edition (SIE),Ernest O. Doebelin DhaneshN.Manik McGraw Hill Publishers, 2019.
2. Robert Bosch, " Automotive Electronics and Computer System", Prentice Hall,2001
3. William Kimberley," Bosch Automotive Handbook", 6th Edition, Robert Bosch GmbH, 2004.
4. Bosch Automotive Electrics and Automotive Electronics Systems and Components, Networking and Hybrid Drive, 5th Edition, 2007, ISBN No. 978-3-658-01783-5.

REFERENCES:

1. James D Halderman, "Automotive Electrical and Electronics" , Prentice Hall, USA, 2013
2. Tom Denton, "Automotive Electrical and Electronics Systems," Third Edition, 2004, SAE International.
3. Patranabis D, " Sensors and Transducers", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India Ltd,2003
4. William Ribbens, "Understanding Automotive Electronics -An Engineering Perspective," 7th Edition, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann Publishers, 2012.

OAS353 **SPACE VEHICLES** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To interpret the missile space stations, space vs earth environment.
- To explain the life support systems, mission logistics and planning.
- To deploy the skills effectively in the understanding of space vehicle configuration design.
- To explain Engine system and support of space vehicle
- To interpret nose cone configuration of space vehicle

UNIT I FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 9
Energy and Efficiencies of power plants for space vehicles – Typical Performance Values – Mission design – Structural design aspects during launch - role of launch environment on launch vehicle integrity.

UNIT II SELECTION OF ROCKET PROPULSION SYSTEMS 9
Ascent flight mechanics – Launch vehicle selection process – Criteria for Selection for different missions – selection of subsystems – types of staging – Interfaces – selection and criteria for stages and their role in launch vehicle configuration design.

UNIT III ENGINE SYSTEMS, CONTROLS, AND INTEGRATION 9
Propellant Budget – Performance of Complete or Multiple Rocket Propulsion Systems – Engine Design – Engine Controls – Engine System Calibration – System Integration and Engine Optimization.

UNIT IV THRUST VECTOR CONTROL 9
TVC Mechanisms with a Single Nozzle – TVC with Multiple Thrust Chambers or Nozzles – Testing – Integration with Vehicle – SITVC method – other jet control methods - exhaust plume problems in space environment.

UNIT V NOSE CONE CONFIGURATION 9
Aerodynamic aspects on the selection of nose shape of a launch vehicle - design factors in the finalization of nose configuration with respect to payload - nose cone thermal protection system - separation of fairings - payload injection mechanism.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Explain exotic space propulsion concepts, such as nuclear, solar sail, and antimatter.
- Apply knowledge in selecting the appropriate rocket propulsion systems.
- interpret the air-breathing propulsion suitable for initial stages and fly-back boosters.
- Analyze aerodynamics aspect, including boost-phase lift and drag, hypersonic, and re-entry.
- Adapt from aircraft engineers moving into launch vehicle, spacecraft, and hypersonic vehicle design.

OIM352	MANAGEMENT SCIENCE	L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Of this course are

1. To introduce fundamental concepts of management and organization to students.
2. To impart knowledge to students on various aspects of marketing, quality control and marketing strategies.
3. To make students familiarize with the concepts of human resources management.
4. To acquaint students with the concepts of project management and cost analysis.
5. To make students familiarize with the concepts of planning process and business strategies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION 9

Concepts of Management and organization- nature, importance and Functions of Management, Systems Approach to Management - Taylor's Scientific Management Theory- Fayol's Principles of Management- Maslow's theory of Hierarchy of Human Needs- Douglas McGregor's TheoryXandTheoryY-HerzbergTwoFactorTheoryofMotivation-LeadershipStyles,Socialresponsibilities of Management. Designing Organisational Structures: Basic concepts related to Organisation -Departmentation and Decentralisation.

UNIT II OPERATIONS AND MARKETING MANAGEMENT 9

Principles and Types of Plant Layout-Methods of Production(Job, batch and Mass Production),Work Study - Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement - BusinessProcessReengineering(BPR)-StatisticalQualityControl:controlchartsforVariablesandAttributes (simple Problems) and Acceptance Sampling, Objectives of Inventory control, EOQ,ABC Analysis, Purchase Procedure, Stores Management and Store Records - JIT System,Supply Chain Management, Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, and Marketing Strategies based on ProductLifeCycle.

UNIT III HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT 9

Concepts of HRM, HRD and Personnel Management and Industrial Relations (PMIR), HRM vs PMIR, Basic functions of HR Manager:Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, TrainingandDevelopment,WageandSalaryAdministration,Promotion,Transfer,PerformanceAppraisal, Grievance Handling and Welfare Administration, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating -Capability Maturity Model (CMM)Levels.

UNIT IV PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method(CPM), identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis,Project Crashing (simple problems).

UNIT V STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT AND CONTEMPORARY STRATEGIC ISSUES 9

Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Elements of Corporate Planning Process, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives. Bench Marking and Balanced Score Cardas Contemporary Business Strategies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OURSEOUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, Students will be able to

CO1:PlananorganizationalstructureforagivencontextintheorganisationtocarryoutproductionoperationsthroughWork-study.

CO2:Surveythemarkets,customersandcompetitionbetterandpricethegivenproductsappropriately

CO3:Ensurequalityforagivenproduct or service.

CO4:Plan, schedule and control projects through PERTandCPM.
CO5:Evaluate strategyforabusiness orserviceorganisation.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. KanishkaBedi, Production and Operations Management,OxfordUniversityPress,2007.
2. Stoner,Freeman,Gilbert, Management,8[th] Ed, PearsonEducation,NewDelhi,2004.
3. ThomasN.Duening & John M.Ivancevich Management Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra,2007.
4. P.VijayKumar,N.Appa Rao and Ashnab, Chnalill, CengageLearning India,2012.

REFERECES:

1. KotlerPhilip and KellerKevinLane: Marketing Management, Pearson, 2012.
2. KoontzandWeihrich: Essentials of Management, McGrawHill, 2012.
3. Lawrence RJauch,R.Guptaand William F. Glueck: Business Policy and Strategic Management Science,McGrawHill,2012.
4. SamuelC.Certo:Modern Management,2012.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3			3	3	3		3	3	2			2	3	
2	3			2	3	3		2	3	2				2	
3	3			3	2	2		3	2	2					2
4	3			3	3	2		3	2	3					3
5	3			2	3	3		2	3	3			2	1	
AVg	3			2.6	2.8	2.6		2.6	2.6	2.4			2	2	2.5

OIM353 PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of production planning and control act work study,
- To apply the concept of product planning,
- To analyze the production scheduling,
- To apply the Inventory Control concepts.
- To prepare the manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Objectives and benefits of planning and control-Functions of production control-Types of production- job- batch and continuous-Product development and design-Marketing aspect - Functional aspects- Operational aspect-Durability and dependability aspect aesthetic aspect. Profit consideration- Standardization, Simplification & specialization- Break even analysis-Economics of a new design.

UNIT II WORK STUDY 9
Method study, basic procedure-Selection-Recording of process - Critical analysis, Development - Implementation - Micro motion and memo motion study – work measurement - Techniques of work measurement - Time study - Production study - Work sampling - Synthesis from standard data - Predetermined motion time standards.

UNIT III PRODUCT PLANNING AND PROCESS PLANNING 9
Product planning-Extending the original product information-Value analysis-Problems in lack of product planning-Process planning and routing-Pre requisite information needed for process planning- Steps in process planning-Quantity determination in batch production-Machine capacity, balancing- Analysis of process capabilities in a multi product system.

UNIT IV PRODUCTION SCHEDULING 9
Production Control Systems-Loading and scheduling-Master Scheduling-Scheduling rules-Gantt charts-Perpetual loading-Basic scheduling problems - Line of balance – Flow production scheduling- Batch production scheduling-Product sequencing – Production Control systems-Periodic batch control-Material requirement planning kanban – Dispatching-Progress reporting and expediting- Manufacturing lead time-Techniques for aligning completion times and due dates.

UNIT V INVENTORY CONTROL AND RECENT TRENDS IN PPC 9
Inventory control-Purpose of holding stock-Effect of demand on inventories-Ordering procedures. Two bin system - Ordering cycle system-Determination of Economic order quantity and economic lot size- ABC analysis - Recorder procedure-Introduction to computer integrated production planning systems- elements of JUST IN TIME SYSTEMS-Fundamentals of MRP II and ERP.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of this course,
- CO1:The students can able to prepare production planning and control act work study.
- CO2:The students can able to prepare product planning.
- CO3:The students can able to prepare production scheduling.
- CO4:The students can able to prepare Inventory Control.
- CO5:They can plan manufacturing requirements manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).

TEXT BOOKS:
1. James. B. Dilworth, "Operations management – Design, Planning and Control for manufacturing and services" Mcgraw Hill International edition 1992.
2. Martand Telsang, "Industrial Engineering and Production Management", First edition, S. Chand and Company, 2000.

REFERENCES
1. Chary, S.N., "Theory and Problems in Production & Operations Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 1995.
2. 2. Elwood S.Buffa, and Rakesh K.Sarin, "Modern Production / Operations Management", 8th Edition John Wiley and Sons, 2000.
3. Jain, K.C. & Aggarwal, L.N., "Production Planning Control and Industrial Management", Khanna Publishers, 1990.
4. Kanishka Bedi, "Production and Operations management", 2nd Edition, Oxford university press, 2007.
5. Melynk, Denzler, " Operations management – A value driven approach" Irwin Mcgraw hill.
6. Norman Gaither, G. Frazier, "Operations Management" 9th Edition, Thomson learning IE, 2007
7. Samson Eilon, "Elements of Production Planning and Control", Universal Book Corpn.1984

8. Upendra Kachru, " Production and Operations Management – Text and cases" 1st Edition, Excel books 2007

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3			3		1				1		3		
2	3	2			3									2	
3		2			3									2	
4		2	2												
5	3	3	2											1	
AVg.	3	2.6	2		3		1				1		3	1.8	

OIE353 **OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Recognize and appreciate the concept of Production and Operations Management in creating and enhancing a firm's competitive advantages.
- Describe the concept and contribution of various constituents of Production and Operations Management (both manufacturing and service).
- Relate the interdependence of the operations function with the other key functional areas of a firm.
- Teach analytical skills and problem-solving tools to the analysis of the operations problems.
- Apply scheduling and Lean Concepts for improving System Performance.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT 9

Operations Management – Nature, Importance, historical development, transformation processes, differences between services and goods, a system perspective, functions, challenges, current priorities, recent trends; Operations Strategy – Strategic fit , framework; Supply Chain Management.

UNIT II FORECASTING, CAPACITY AND FACILITY DESIGN 9

Demand Forecasting – Need, Types, COURSE OBJECTIVES and Steps. Overview of Qualitative and Quantitative methods. Capacity Planning – Long range, Types, Developing capacity alternatives. Overview of sales and operations planning. Overview of MRP, MRP II and ERP. Facility Location – Theories, Steps in Selection, Location Models. Facility Layout – Principles, Types, Planning tools and techniques.

UNIT III DESIGN OF PRODUCT, PROCESS AND WORK SYSTEMS 9

Product Design – Influencing factors, Approaches, Legal, Ethical and Environmental issues. Process – Planning, Selection, Strategy, Major Decisions. Work Study – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Procedure. Method Study and Motion Study. Work Measurement and Productivity – Measuring Productivityand Methods to improve productivity.

UNIT IV MATERIALS MANAGEMENT 9

Materials Management – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Planning, Budgeting and Control. Purchasing – COURSE OBJECTIVES,Functions, Policies, Vendor rating and Value Analysis.

Stores Management – Nature, Layout, Classification and Coding. Inventory – COURSE OBJECTIVES, Costs and control techniques. Overview of JIT.

UNIT V SCHEDULING AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Project Management – Scheduling Techniques, PERT, CPM; Scheduling - work centers – nature, importance; Priority rules and techniques, shopfloor control; Flow shop scheduling – Johnson'sAlgorithm – Gantt charts; personnel scheduling in services.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: The students will appreciate the role of Production and Operations management in enabling and enhancing a firm's competitive advantages in the dynamic business environment.

CO2: The students will obtain sufficient knowledge and skills to forecast demand for Production and Service Systems.

CO3: The students will able to Formulate and Assess Aggregate Planning strategies and Material Requirement Plan.

CO4: The students will be able to develop analytical skills to calculate capacity requirements and developing capacity alternatives.

CO5: The students will be able to apply scheduling and Lean Concepts for improving System Performance.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Richard B. Chase, Ravi Shankar, F. Robert Jacobs, Nicholas J. Aquilano, Operations and Supply Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 12[th] Edition, 2010.
2. Norman Gaither and Gregory Frazier, Operations Management, South Western CengageLearning, 2002.

REFERENCES

1. William J Stevenson, Operations Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 9[th] Edition, 2009.
2. Russel and Taylor, Operations Management, Wiley, Fifth Edition, 2006.
3. Kanishka Bedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford University Press, 2004.
4. Chary S. N, Production and Operations Management, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 2008.
5. Aswathappa K and Shridhara Bhat K, Production and Operations Management, HimalayaPublishing House, Revised Second Edition, 2008.
6. Mahadevan B, Operations Management Theory and practice, Pearson Education, 2007.
7. Pannerselvam R, Production and Operations Management, Prentice Hall India, Second Edition, 2008.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3											2			
2		3	3											3	3
3		2	3	1									2	3	
4		3	3	2									2	3	
5			3	2											
AVg.	3	2.6	3	2.6								2	2	3	3

OSF352 **INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE** **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Demonstrate an understanding of how occupational hygiene standards are set and used in work health and safety.
2. Compare and contrast the roles of environmental and biological monitoring in work health and safety
3. Outline strategies for identifying, assessing and controlling risks associated with airborne gases, vapours and particulates
4. Discuss how personal protective equipment can be used to reduce risks associated with workplace exposures
5. Provide high-level advice on managing and controlling noise and noise-related hazards

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE **9**

Occupational Health and Environmental Safety Management - Principles practices. Comm on Occupational diseases: Occupational Health Management Services at the work place. Pre-employment, periodic medical examination of workers, medical surveillance for control of occupational diseases and health records.

UNIT II MONITORING FOR SAFETY, HEALTH & ENVIRONMENT **9**

Occupational Health and Environment Safety Management System, ILO and EPA Standards Industrial Hygiene: Definition of Industrial Hygiene, Industrial Hygiene: Control Methods, Substitution, Changing the process, Local Exhaust Ventilation, Isolation, Wet method, Personal hygiene, housekeeping and maintenance, waste disposal, special control measures.

UNIT III OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY EDUCATION **9**

Element of training cycle, Assessment of needs.Techniques of training, design and development of training programs.Training methods and strategies types of training.Evaluation and review of training programs. Occupational Health Hazards, Promoting Safety, Safety and Health training, Stress and Safety, Exposure Limit .

UNIT IV OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT **9**

Bureau of Indian standards on safety and health 14489 - 1998 and 15001 – 2000. OSHA, Process Safety Management (PSM) as per OSHA, PSM principles, OHSAS – 18001, EPA Standards, Performance measurements to determine effectiveness of PSM. Importance of industrial safety, role of safety department,

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL HAZARDS **9**

I. Radiation: Types and effects of radiation on human body, Measurement and detection of radiation intensity. Effects of radiation on human body, Measurement – disposal of radioactive waste, Control of radiation ii. Noise and Vibration: Sources, and its control, Effects of noise on the auditory system and health, Measurement of noise , Different air pollutants in industries, Effect of different gases and particulate matter ,acid fumes ,smoke, fog on human health, Vibration: effects.

TOTAL PERIODS: 45

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1: Explain and apply human factors engineering concepts in both evaluation of existing systems and design of new systems

CO2: Specify designs that avoid occupation related injuries

CO3: Define and apply the principles of work design, motion economy, and work environment design.

CO4: Identify the basic human sensory, cognitive, and physical capabilities and limitations with respect to human-machine system performance.
CO5: Acknowledge the impact of workplace design and environment on productivity.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. K. Jain and Sunil S. Rao , Industrial Safety , Health and Environment Management Systems, Khanna publishers, New Delhi (2006)
2. Slote. L., Handbook of Occupational Safety and Health, John Willey and Sons, New York .

REFERENCES:

1. Jeanne MagerStellman, Encyclopedia of Occupational Health and Safety (ILO) Ms. Irma Jourdan publication
2. Frank P Lees - Loss of prevention in Process Industries, Vol. 1 and 2,
3. ButterworthHeinemann Ltd., London (1991). 2. Industrial Safety - National Safety Council of India
4. Frank P Lees – Loss of prevention in Process Industries , Vol. 1 and 2. Butterworth- Heinemann Ltd., London
5. R. K. Jain and Sunil S. Rao, Industrial Safety , Health and Environment Management Systems, Khanna publishers, New Delhi (2006).

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2		2		2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
2	-		2		-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
3	-		-		2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
4	-		-		-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-
5	-		-		-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVg.	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	2		-	-	-

OSF353 **CHEMICAL PROCESS SAFETY** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Teach the principles of safety applicable to the design, and operation of chemical process plants.
- Ensure that potential hazards are identified and mitigation measures are in place to prevent unwanted release of energy.
- Learn about the hazardous chemicals into locations that could expose employees and others to serious harm.
- Focuses on preventing incidents and accidents during large scale manufacturing of chemicals and pharmaceuticals
- Ensure that the general design of the plant is capable of complying with the dose limits in force and with the radioactive releases.

UNIT ISAFETY IN THE STORAGE AND HANDLING OF CHEMICALS AND GASES 9

Types of storage-general considerations for storage layouts- atmospheric venting, pressure and temperature relief - relief valve sizing calculations - storage and handling of hazardous chemicals and industrial gases, safe disposal methods, reaction with other chemicals, hazards during transportation - pipe line transport - safety in chemical laboratories.

UNIT II CHEMICAL REACTION HAZARDS **9**
Hazardous inorganic and organic reactions and processes. Reactivity as a process hazard. Detonations, Deflagrations, and Runaways. Assessment and Testing strategies. Self - heating hazards of solids, Explosive potential of chemicals. Structural groups and instability of chemicals. Thermochemical screening.

UNIT III SAFETY IN THE DESIGN OF CHEMICAL PROCESS PLANTS **9**
Design principles -Process design development -types of designs, feasibility survey, preliminary design, Flow diagrams, piping and instrumentation diagram, batch versus continuous operation, factors in equipment scale up and design, equipment specifications - reliability and safety in designing - inherent safety - engineered safety - safety during startup and shutdown - non destructive testing methods - pressure and leak testing - emergency safety devices - scrubbers and flares- new concepts in safety design and operation- Pressure vessel testing standards-Inspection techniques for boilers and reaction vessels.

UNIT IV SAFETY IN THE OPERATION OF CHEMICAL PROCESS PLANTS **9**
Properties of chemicals - Material Safety Data Sheets - the various properties and formats used - methods available for property determination. Operational activities and hazards -standards operating procedures - safe operation of pumps, compressors, heaters, column, reactors, pressure vessels, storage vessels, piping systems - effects of pressure, temperature, Flow rate and humidity on operations - corrosion and control measures- condition monitoring - control valves - safety valves - pressure reducing valves, drains, bypass valves, inert gases. Chemical splashes, eye irrigation and automatic showers.

UNIT V SAFETY AND ANALYSIS **9**
Safety vs reliability- quantification of basic events, system safety quantification. Human error analysis, Accident investigation and analysis, OSHAS 18001 and OSHMS.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
Students able to
CO1 Differentiate between inherent safety and engineered safety and recognize the importance of safety in the design of chemical process plants.
CO2 Develop thorough knowledge about safety in the operation of chemical plants.
CO3 Apply the principles of safety in the storage and handling of gases.
CO4 Identify the conditions that lead to reaction hazards and adopt measures to prevent them.
CO5 Develop thorough knowledge about

TEXT BOOK
1. David A. Crowl& Joseph F Louvar,"Chemical Process safety", Pearson publication, 3rd Edition,2014
2. Maurice Jones .A,"Fire Protection Systems,2nd edition, Jones & Bartlett Publishers,2015

REFERENCES:
1. Ralph King and Ron Hirst,"King's safety in the process industries", Arnold, London, 1998.
2. Industrial Environment and its Evolution and Control, NIOSH Publication, 1973.
3. National Safety Council," Accident prevention manual for industrial operations", Chicago, 1982.
4. Lewis, Richard. J., Sr."Sax's dangerous properties of materials", (Ninth edition), Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1996.
5. Roy E Sanders, "Chemical Process Safety",3rd Edition, Gulf professional publishing, 2006

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-
2	-			2	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	-	2	-
3	-	3		1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
4	-	2	-		-	1	-	-	1	-		-	-	-	2
5	-	2	3		-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
AVg.	2	2.5	3	1.5	-	1	-	1.5	1	-	1		2	2	2

OML352 ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Understanding the importance of various materials used in electrical, electronics and magnetic applications
2. Acquiring knowledge on the properties of electrical, electronics and magnetic materials.
3. Gaining knowledge on the selection of suitable materials for the given application
4. Knowing the fundamental concepts in Semiconducting materials
5. Getting equipped with the materials used in optical and optoelectronic applications.

UNIT I DIELECTRIC MATERIALS **9**

Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, breakdown in solid dielectrics, flashover, liquid dielectrics, electric conductivity in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, Ferromagnetic materials, properties of ferromagnetic materials in static fields, spontaneous, polarization, curie point, anti-ferromagnetic materials, piezoelectric materials, pyroelectric materials.

UNIT II MAGNETIC MATERIALS **9**

Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, magnetic Anisotropy, Magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets. Factors effecting permeability and Hysteresis

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTOR MATERIALS **9**

Properties of semiconductors, Silicon wafers, integration techniques, Large and very-large scale integration techniques, Concept of superconductivity; theories and examples for high temperature superconductivity; discussion on specific superconducting materials; comments on fabrication and engineering applications.

UNIT IV MATERIALS FOR ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS **9**

Materials used for Resistors, rheostats, heaters, transmission line structures, stranded conductors, bimetals fuses, soft and hard solders, electric contact materials, electric carbon materials, thermocouple materials. Solid, Liquid and Gaseous insulating materials, Effect of moisture on insulation.

UNIT V OPTICAL AND OPTOELECTRONIC MATERIALS 9

Principles of photoconductivity - effect of impurities - principles of luminescence-laser principles - He-Ne, injection lasers. LED materials - binary, ternary photoelectronic materials - LCD materials - photo detectors - applications of optoelectronic materials - optical fibres and materials - electro optic modulators - Kerr effect - Pockels effect.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand various types of dielectric materials, their properties in various conditions.
2. Evaluate magnetic materials and their behavior.
3. Evaluate semiconductor materials and technologies.
4. Select suitable materials for electrical engineering applications.
5. Identify right material for optical and optoelectronic applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pradeep Fulay, "Electronic, Magnetic and Optical materials", CRC Press, taylor and Francis, 2 nd illustrated edition, 2017.
2. "R K Rajput", "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Laxmi Publications, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. T K Basak, "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", New Age Science Publications, 2009
2. TTTI Madras, "Electrical Engineering Materials", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
3. Adrianus J. Dekker, "Electrical Engineering Materials", PHI Publication, 2006.
4. S. P. Seth, P. V. Gupta "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Dhanpat Rai & amp; Sons, 2011.
5. C. Kittel, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons,Singapore, (2006)

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
CO2	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2								2	2	2	1.2

OML353 NANOMATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Understanding the evolution of nanomaterials in the scientific era and make them to understand different types of nanomaterials for the future engineering applications
2. Gaining knowledge on dimensionality effects on different properties of nanomaterials
3. Getting acquainted with the different processing techniques employed for fabricating nanomaterials
4. Having knowledge on the different characterisation techniques employed to characterise the nanomaterials
5. Acquiring knowledge on different applications of nanomaterials in different disciplines of engineering.

UNIT I NANOMATERIALS 9

Introduction, Classification: 0D, 1D, 2D, 3D nanomaterials and nano-composites, their mechanical, electrical, optical, magnetic properties; Nanomaterials versus bulk materials.

UNIT II THERMODYNAMICS & KINETICS OF NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS 9

Size and interface/interphase effects, interfacial thermodynamics, phase diagrams, diffusivity, grain growth, and thermal stability of nanomaterials.

UNIT III PROCESSING 9

Bottom-up and top-down approaches for the synthesis of nanomaterials, mechanical alloying, chemical routes, severe plastic deformation, and electrical wire explosion technique.

UNIT IV STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS 9

Principles of emerging nanoscale X-ray techniques such as small angle X-ray scattering and X-ray absorption fine structure (XAFS), electron and neutron diffraction techniques and their application to nanomaterials; SPM, Nanoindentation. Grain size, phase formation, texture, stress analysis

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

Applications of nanoparticles, quantum dots, nanotubes, nanowires, nanocoatings; applications in electronic, electrical and medical industries.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Evaluate nanomaterials and understand the different types of nanomaterials
2. Recognise the effects of dimensionality of materials on the properties
3. Process different nanomaterials and use them in engineering applications
4. Use appropriate techniques for characterising nanomaterials
5. Identify and use different nanomaterials for applications in different engineering fields.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhusan, Bharat (Ed), "Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology", 2nd edition, 2007.
2. Carl C. Koch (ed.); NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS, Processing, Properties and Potential Applications, NOYES PUBLICATIONS, Norwich, New York, U.S.A.

REFERENCES:

1. Poole C.P. and Owens F.J., Introduction to Nanotechnology, John Wiley 2003.

2. Nalwa H.S., Encyclopedia of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, American Scientific Publishers 2004
3. Zehetbauer M.J. and Zhu Y.T., Bulk Nanostructured Materials, Wiley 2008
4. Wang Z.L., Characterization of Nanophase Materials, Wiley 2000
5. Gutkin Y., Ovid'ko I.A. and Gubin M., Plastic Deformation in Nanocrystalline Materials, Springer 2004

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
C01	2	2	2	3								2	1	2	
C02	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	
CO4	3	1		2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	2.8	1.5	1.7	2.2								2	1.8	2	1.3

OMR352 HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To knowledge on fluid power principles and working of hydraulic pumps
2. To obtain the knowledge in hydraulic actuators and control components
3. To understand the basics in hydraulic circuits and systems
4. To obtain the knowledge in pneumatic and electro pneumatic systems
5. To apply the concepts to solve the trouble shooting

UNIT I FLUID POWER PRINICIPLES AND HYDRAULIC PUMPS 9

Introduction to Fluid power – Advantages and Applications – Fluid power systems – Types of fluids - Properties of fluids and selection – Basics of Hydraulics – Pascal's Law – Principles of flow - Friction loss – Work, Power and Torque Problems, Sources of Hydraulic power : Pumping Theory – Pump Classification – Construction, Working, Design, Advantages, Disadvantages, Performance, Selection criteria of Linear and Rotary – Fixed and Variable displacement pumps – Problems

UNIT II HYDRAULIC ACTUATORS AND CONTROL COMPONENTS 9

Hydraulic Actuators: Cylinders – Types and construction, Application, Hydraulic cushioning – Hydraulic motors - Control Components : Direction Control, Flow control and pressure control valves – Types, Construction and Operation – Servo and Proportional valves – Applications – Accessories : Reservoirs, Pressure Switches – Applications – Fluid Power ANSI Symbols – Problems.

UNIT III HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS 9

Accumulators, Intensifiers, Industrial hydraulic circuits – Regenerative, Pump Unloading, Double Pump, Pressure Intensifier, Air-over oil, Sequence, Reciprocation, Synchronization, Fail-Safe, Speed Control, Hydrostatic transmission, Electro hydraulic circuits, Mechanical hydraulic servo systems.

UNIT IV PNEUMATIC AND ELECTRO PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS 9

Properties of air – Perfect Gas Laws – Compressor – Filters, Regulator, Lubricator, Muffler, Air control Valves, Quick Exhaust Valves, Pneumatic actuators, Design of Pneumatic circuit – Cascade method – Electro Pneumatic System – Elements – Ladder diagram – Problems, Introduction to fluidics and pneumatic logic circuits.

UNIT V TROUBLE SHOOTING AND APPLICATIONS 9

Installation, Selection, Maintenance, Trouble Shooting and Remedies in Hydraulic and Pneumatic systems, Design of hydraulic circuits for Drilling, Planning, Shaping, Surface grinding, Press and Forklift applications. Design of Pneumatic circuits for Pick and Place applications and tool handling in CNC Machine tools – Low cost Automation – Hydraulic and Pneumatic power packs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1: Analyze the methods in fluid power principles and working of hydraulic pumps

CO 2: Recognize the concepts in hydraulic actuators and control components

CO 3: Obtain the knowledge in basics of hydraulic circuits and systems

CO 4: Know about the basics concept in pneumatic and electro pneumatic systems

CO 5: Apply the concepts to solve the trouble shooting hydraulic and pneumatics

TEXT BOOKS

1. Anthony Esposito, "Fluid Power with Applications", Prentice Hall, 2009.
2. James A. Sullivan, "Fluid Power Theory and Applications", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 1997.

REFERENCES

1. Shanmugasundaram K, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls", Chand & Co, 2006.
2. Majumdar, S.R., "Oil Hydraulics Systems – Principles and Maintenance", Tata McG Raw Hill, 2001.
3. Majumdar, S.R., "Pneumatic Systems – Principles and Maintenance", Tata McGRaw Hill, 2007.
4. Dudley, A. Pease and John J Pippenger, "Basic Fluid Power", Prentice Hall, 1987.
5. Srinivasan, R, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls", Vijay Nicole Imprints, 2008.
6. Joshi, P, Pneumatic Control", Wiley India, 2008.
7. Jagadeesha T, "Pneumatics Concepts, Design and Applications ", Universities Press, 2015.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs/POs & PSOs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1
CO5	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1
CO/PO & PSO Average	3	2	1		2	2						1	2	2	1
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

OMR353	SENSORS	L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To learn the various types of sensors, transducers, sensor output signal types, calibration techniques, formulation of system equation and its characteristics.
2. To understand basic working principle, construction, Application and characteristics of displacement, speed and ranging sensors.
3. To understand and analyze the working principle, construction, application and characteristics of force, magnetic and heading sensors.
4. To learn and analyze the working principle, construction, application and characteristics of optical, pressure, temperature and other sensors.
5. To familiarize students with different signal conditioning circuits design and data acquisition system.

UNIT I SENSOR CLASSIFICATION, CHARACTERISTICS AND SIGNAL TYPES 9

Basics of Measurement – Classification of Errors – Error Analysis – Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Transducers – Performance Measures of Sensors – Classification of Sensors – Sensor Calibration Techniques – Sensor Outputs - Signal Types - Analog and Digital Signals, PWM and PPM.

UNIT II DISPLACEMENT, PROXIMITY AND RANGING SENSORS 9

Displacement Sensors – Brush Encoders - Potentiometers, Resolver, Encoders – Optical, Magnetic, Inductive, Capacitive, LVDT – RVDT – Synchro – Microsyn, Accelerometer – Range Sensors - Ultrasonic Ranging - Reflective Beacons - Laser Range Sensor (LIDAR) – GPS - RF Beacons.

UNIT III FORCE, MAGNETIC AND HEADING SENSORS 9

Strain Gage – Types, Working, Advantage, Limitation, and Applications: Load Measurement – Force and Torque Measurement - Magnetic Sensors – Types, Principle, Advantage, Limitation, and Applications - Magneto Resistive – Hall Effect, Eddy Current Sensor - Heading Sensors – Compass, Gyroscope and Inclinometers.

UNIT IV OPTICAL, PRESSURE, TEMPERATURE AND OTHER SENSORS 9

Photo Conductive Cell, Photo Voltaic, Photo Resistive, LDR – Fiber Optic Sensors – Pressure – Diaphragm – Bellows - Piezoelectric - Piezo-resistive - Acoustic, Temperature – IC, Thermistor, RTD, Thermocouple – Non Contact Sensor - Chemical Sensors - MEMS Sensors - Smart Sensors.

UNIT V SIGNAL CONDITIONING 9

Need for Signal Conditioning – Resistive, Inductive and Capacitive Bridges for Measurement - DC and AC Signal Conditioning - Voltage, Current, Power and Instrumentation Amplifiers – Filter and Isolation Circuits – Fundamentals of Data Acquisition System.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Understand various sensor effects, sensor characteristics, signal types, calibration methods and obtain transfer function and empirical relation of sensors. They can also analyze the sensor response.

CO2: Analyze and select suitable sensor for displacement, proximity and range measurement.

CO3: Analyze and select suitable sensor for force, magnetic field, speed, position and direction measurement.

CO4: Analyze and Select suitable sensor for light detection, pressure and temperature measurement and also familiar with other miniaturized smart sensors.

CO5: Select and design suitable signal conditioning circuit with proper compensation and linearizing element based on sensor output signal.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bolton W., "Mechatronics", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2015.
2. Ramesh S Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085", Penram International Publishing Private Limited, 6th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCES

1. Bradley D.A., Dawson D., Buru N.C. and Loader A.J., "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall, 1993.
2. Davis G. Alciatore and Michael B. Histand, "Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2011.
3. Devadas Shetty and Richard A. Kolk, "Mechatronics Systems Design", Cengage Learning, 2010.
4. Nitaigour Premchand Mahalik, "Mechatronics Principles, Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
5. Smaili. A and Mrad. F, "Mechatronics Integrated Technologies for Intelligent Machines", Oxford University Press, 2007.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs/POs & PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	3	2								1	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	2	1	1	1					1	2	3	2	1
CO/PO & PSO Average	3	3	2	0.8	0.8	0.8					0.8	2	3	2	1
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

ORA352	CONCEPTS IN MOBILE ROBOTS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To introduce mobile robotic technology and its types in detail.
2. To learn the kinematics of wheeled and legged robot.
3. To familiarize the intelligence into the mobile robots using various sensors.
4. To acquaint the localization strategies and mapping technique for mobile robot.
5. To aware the collaborative mobile robotics in task planning, navigation and intelligence.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MOBILE ROBOTICS 9

Introduction – Locomotion of the Robots – Key Issues on Locomotion – Legged Mobile Robots – Configurations and Stability – Wheeled Mobile Robots – Design Space and Mobility Issues – Unmanned Aerial and Underwater Vehicles

UNIT II KINEMATICS 9

Kinematic Models – Representation of Robot – Forward Kinematics – Wheel and Robot Constraints – Degree of Mobility and Steerability – **Manoeuvrability** – Workspace – Degrees of Freedom – Path and Trajectory Considerations – Motion Controls - Holonomic Robots

UNIT III PERCEPTION 9

Sensor for Mobile Robots – Classification and Performance Characterization – Wheel/Motor Sensors – Heading Sensors - Ground-Based Beacons - Active Ranging - Motion/Speed Sensors – Camera - Visual Appearance based Feature Extraction.

UNIT IV LOCALIZATION 9

Localization Based Navigation Versus Programmed Solutions - Map Representation - Continuous Representations - Decomposition Strategies - Probabilistic Map-Based Localization - Landmark-Based Navigation - Globally Unique Localization - Positioning Beacon Systems - Route-Based Localization - Autonomous Map Building - Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (SLAM).

UNIT V PLANNING, NAVIGATION AND COLLABORATIVE ROBOTS 9

Introduction - Competences for Navigation: Planning and Reacting - Path Planning - Obstacle Avoidance - Navigation Architectures - Control Localization - Techniques for Decomposition - Case Studies – Collaborative Robots – Swarm Robots.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Evaluate the appropriate mobile robots for the desired application.
CO2: Create the kinematics for given wheeled and legged robot.
CO3: Analyse the sensors for the intelligence of mobile robotics.
CO4: Create the localization strategies and mapping technique for mobile robot.
CO5: Create the collaborative mobile robotics for planning, navigation and intelligence for desired applications.

TEXTBOOK

1. Roland Siegwart and IllahR.Nourbakhsh, "Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots" MIT Press, Cambridge, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Dragomir N. Nenchev, Atsushi Konno, TeppeiTsujita, "Humanoid Robots: Modelling and Control", Butterworth-Heinemann, 2018.
2. MohantaJagadish Chandra, "Introduction to Mobile Robots Navigation", LAP Lambert Academic Publishing, 2015.

3. Peter Corke, "Robotics, Vision and Control", Springer, 2017.
4. Ulrich Nehmzow, "Mobile Robotics: A Practical Introduction", Springer, 2003.
5. Xiao Qi Chen, Y.Q. Chen and J.G. Chase, "Mobile Robots - State of the Art in Land, Sea, Air, and Collaborative Missions", Intec Press, 2009.
6. Alonzo Kelly, Mobile Robotics: Mathematics, Models, and Methods, Cambridge University Press, 2013, ISBN: 978-1107031159.

MV3501 **MARINE PROPULSION** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COOURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To impart knowledge on basics of propulsion system and ship dynamic movements
2. To educate them on basic layout and propulsion equipment's
3. To impart basic knowledge on performance of the ship
4. To impart basic knowledge on Ship propeller and its types
5. To impart knowledge on ship rudder and its types

UNIT I BASICS SHIP PROPULSION SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENTS **9**
law of floatation - Basics principle of propulsion- Earlier methods of propulsion- ship propulsion machinery- boiler, Marine steam engine, diesel engine, ship power transmission system, ship dynamic structure, Marine propulsion equipment - shaft tunnel, intermediate shaft and bearing, stern tube, stern tube sealing etc. degree of freedom, Modern propelling methods- water jet propulsion , screw propulsion.

UNIT II SHIPS MOVEMENTS AND SHIP STABILIZATION **9**
Thrust augmented devices, Ship hull, modern ship propulsion design, bow thruster – Advantages, various methods to stabilize the ship- passive and active stabilizer, fin stabilizer, bilge keel - stabilizing and securing ship in port- effect of tides on ship – effect of river water and sea water sailing vessel, Load line and load line of marking- draught markings.

UNIT III SHIPS SPEED AND ITS PERFORMANCE **9**
Ship propulsion factors, factors affecting ships speed, various velocities of ship, hull drag, effects of fouling on ships hull, ship wake, relation between powers, Fuel consumption of ship, cavitations - effects of cavitation's, ship turning radius.

UNIT IV BASICS OF PROPELLER **9**
Propeller dimension, Propeller and its types – fixed propeller, control pitch propeller, kort nozzle, ducted propeller, voith schneider, Parts of propeller, 3 blade - 5 blade - 6 blade propellers and its advantages, propeller boss hub, crown nut, propeller skew, pitch of propeller - Thrust creation by propeller. Propeller Material – Propeller balancing- static and dynamic.

UNIT V BASICS OF RUDDER **9**
Rudder dimension, Area of rudder and its design, Rudder arrangements, Rudder fittings- Rudder pintle - Rudder types- Balanced rudder, semi balanced rudder, Spade rudder, merits and demerits of various types of rudders, Propeller and rudder interaction, Rudder stopper, movement of rudders, Basic construction of Rudder

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:
CO1: Explain the basics of propulsion system and ship dynamic movements
CO2: Familiarize with various components assisting ship stabilization.

CO3: Demonstrate the performance of the ship
CO4: Classify the Propeller and its types, Materials etc.
CO5: Categorize the Rudder and its types, design criteria of rudder.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. GP. Ghose, "Basic Ship propulsion",2015
2. E.A. Stokoe "Reeds Ship construction for marine engineers", Vol. 5,2010
3. E.A. Stokoe, "Reeds Naval architecture for the marine engineers",4th Edition,2009

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. DJ Eyers and GJ Bruse, "Ship Construction", 7th Edition, 2006,
2. KJ Rawson and EC Tupper, "Basic Ship theory I" Vol. 1,5th Edition,2001

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO			
	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
1	1	1	1	1	1						1	1		1		1
2	1	1	1											1		1
3	1			1	1				1	1	1		1	1		1
4	1		1	1										1		1
5	1		1	1										1		1
Avg	5/5=1	2/2 =1	4/4 =1	4/4 =1	2/2 =1				1/1 =1	1/1=1	2/2=1	1/1=1	1/1= 1	5/5=1		5/5=1

OMV351 **MARINE MERCHANT VESSELS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, students are expected to acquire

1. Knowledge on basics of Hydrostatics
2. Familiarization on types of merchant ships
3. Knowledge on Shipbuilding Materials
4. Knowledge on marine propeller and rudder
5. Awareness on governing bodies in shipping industry

UNIT I Introduction to Hydrostatics 9

Archimedes Principle- Laws of floatation- Meta centre - stability of floating and submerged bodies– Density, relative density - Displacement -Pressure -centre of pressure

UNIT II Types of Ship 10

General cargo ship - Refrigerated cargo ships - Container ships - Roll-on Roll-off ships - Oil tankers-Bulk carriers - Liquefied Natural Gas carriers - Liquefied Petroleum Gascarriers - Chemical tankers - Passenger ships

UNIT III Shipbuilding Materials 9

Types of Steels used in Shipbuilding - High tensile steels, Corrosion resistant steels, Steel sandwich panels, Steel castings, Steel forgings - Other shipbuilding materials, Aluminium alloys, Aluminium alloy sandwich panels, Fire protection especially for Aluminium Alloys, Fiber Reinforced Composites

UNIT IV Marine Propeller and Rudder 8

Types of rudder, construction of Rudder-Types of Propeller, Propeller material-Cavitations and its effects on propeller

UNIT V Governing Bodies for Shipping Industry 9

Role of **IMO** (International Maritime Organization), **SOLAS** (International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea), **MARPOL** (International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships), **MLC** (Maritime Labour Convention), **STCW 2010** (International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping for Seafarers), Classification societies Administration authorities

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, students would

1. Acquire Knowledge on floatation of ships
2. Acquire Knowledge on features of various ships
3. Acquire Knowledge of Shipbuilding Materials
4. Acquire Knowledge to identify the different types of marine propeller and rudder
5. Understand the Roles and responsibilities of governing bodies

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.J.Eyres, "Ship Constructions", Seventh Edition, Butter Worth Heinemann Publishing, USA,2015
2. Dr.DA Taylor, "Merchant Ship Naval Architecture" I. Mar EST publications, 2006
3. EA Stokoe, E.A. "Naval Architecture for Marine Engineers", Vol.4, Reeds Publications 2000

REFERENCES:

1. Kemp & Young "Ship Construction Sketches & Notes", Butter Worth Heinemann Publishing,USA, 2011
2. MARPOL Consolidated Edition , Bhandakar Publications, 2018
3. SOLAS Consolidated Edition , Bhandakar Publications, 2016

OMV352 ELEMENTS OF MARINE ENGINEERING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course, students are expected to

1. Understand the role of Marine machinery systems
2. Be familiar with Marine propulsion machinery system
3. Acquaint with Marine Auxiliary machinery system
4. Have acquired basics of Marine Auxiliary boiler system
5. Be aware of ship propellers and steering system

UNIT I ELEMENTARY KNOWLEDGE ON MARINE MACHINERY SYSTEMS 9

Marine Engineering Terminologies, Parts of Ship, Introduction to Machinery systems on board ships – Propulsion Machinery system, Electricity Generator system, Steering gear system, Air compressors & Air reservoirs, Fuel oil and Lubricating Oil Purifiers, Marine Boiler systems

UNIT II MARINE PROPULSION MACHINERY SYSTEM **9**

Two stroke Large Marine slow speed Diesel Engine – General Construction, Basic knowledge of Air starting and reversing mechanism, Cylinder lubrication oil system, Main lubricating oil system and cooling water system

UNIT III MARINE AUXILIARY MACHINERY SYSTEM **9**

Four stroke medium speed Diesel engine – General Construction, Inline, V-type arrangement of engine, Difference between slow speed and medium speed engines – advantages, limitations and applications

UNIT IV MARINE BOILER SYSTEM **9**

Types of Boiler – Difference between Water tube boiler and Fire tube boiler, Need for boiler on board ships. Uses of steam, Advantages of using steam as working medium, Boiler mountings and accessories – importance of mountings, need for accessories

UNIT V SHIP PROPELLERS AND STEERING MECHANISM **9**

Importance of Propeller and Steering gear, Types of propellers - Fixed pitch propellers, Controllable pitch propellers, Water jet propellers, Steering gear systems - 2-Ram and 4 Ram steering gear, Electric steering gear

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students should able to,

1. Distinguish the role of various marine machinery systems
2. Relate the components of marine propulsion machinery system
3. Explain the importance of marine auxiliary machinery system
4. Acquire knowledge of marine boiler system
5. Understand the importance of ship propellers and steering system

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Taylor, "Introduction to Marine engineering", Revised Second Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, London, 2011
2. J.K.Dhar, "Basic Marine Engineering", Tenth Edition, G-Maritime Publications, Mumbai, 2011
3. K.Ramaraj, " Text book on Marine Engineering", Eswar Press, Chennai, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Alan L.Rowen, "Introduction to Practical Marine Engineering, Volume 1&2, The Institute of Marine Engineers (India), Mumbai, 2006
2. A.S.Tambwekar, "Naval Architecture and Ship Construction", The Institute of Marine Engineers (India), Mumbai, 2015

CRA332 DRONE TECHNOLOGIES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand the basics of drone concepts
2. To learn and understand the fundaments of design, fabrication and programming of drone
3. To impart the knowledge of an flying and operation of drone
4. To know about the various applications of drone
5. To understand the safety risks and guidelines of fly safely

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DRONE TECHNOLOGY 9

Drone Concept - Vocabulary Terminology- History of drone - Types of current generation of drones based on their method of propulsion- Drone technology impact on the businesses- Drone business through entrepreneurship- Opportunities/applications for entrepreneurship and employability

UNIT II DRONE DESIGN, FABRICATION AND PROGRAMMING 9

Classifications of the UAV -Overview of the main drone parts- Technical characteristics of the parts -Function of the component parts -Assembling a drone- The energy sources- Level of autonomy- Drones configurations -The methods of programming drone- Download program - Install program on computer- Running Programs- Multi rotor stabilization- Flight modes -Wi-Fi connection.

UNIT III DRONE FLYING AND OPERATION 9

Concept of operation for drone -Flight modes- Operate a small drone in a controlled environment- Drone controls Flight operations –management tool –Sensors-Onboard storage capacity -Removable storage devices- Linked mobile devices and applications

UNIT IV DRONE COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS 9

Choosing a drone based on the application -Drones in the insurance sector- Drones in delivering mail, parcels and other cargo- Drones in agriculture- Drones in inspection of transmission lines and power distribution -Drones in filming and panoramic picturing

UNIT V FUTURE DRONES AND SAFETY 9

The safety risks– Guidelines to fly safely -Specific aviation regulation and standardization- Drone license- Miniaturization of drones- Increasing autonomy of drones -The use of drones in swarms

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Know about a various type of drone technology, drone fabrication and programming.
CO2: Execute the suitable operating procedures for functioning a drone
CO3: Select appropriate sensors and actuators for Drones
CO4: Develop a drone mechanism for specific applications
CO5: Createthe programs for various drones

TEXT BOOKS

1. Daniel Tal and John Altschuld, "Drone Technology in Architecture, Engineering and Construction: A Strategic Guide to Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Operation and Implementation", 2021 John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
2. Terry Kilby and Belinda Kilby, "Make:Getting Started with Drones ", Maker Media, Inc, 2016

REFERENCES

1. John Baichtal, "Building Your Own Drones: A Beginners' Guide to Drones, UAVs, and ROVs", Que Publishing, 2016
2. Zavrsnik, "Drones and Unmanned Aerial Systems: Legal and Social Implications for Security and Surveillance", Springer, 2018.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs/Pos&PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO3	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO5	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
CO/PO & PSO Average	1	2	3	1	3	2						1	2	1	3
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

OGI352 GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart the knowledge on basic components, data preparation and implementation of Geographical Information System.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS **9**

Introduction to GIS - Basic spatial concepts - Coordinate Systems - GIS and Information Systems – Definitions – History of GIS - Components of a GIS – Hardware, Software, Data, People, Methods – Proprietary and open source Software - Types of data – Spatial, Attribute data- types of attributes – scales/ levels of measurements.

UNIT II SPATIAL DATA MODELS **9**

Database Structures – Relational, Object Oriented – Entities – ER diagram - data models - conceptual, logical and physical models - spatial data models – Raster Data Structures – Raster Data Compression - Vector Data Structures - Raster vs Vector Models- TIN and GRID data models.

UNIT III DATA INPUT AND TOPOLOGY 9

Scanner - Raster Data Input – Raster Data File Formats - Georeferencing – Vector Data Input – Digitizer – Datum Projection and reprojection -Coordinate Transformation – Topology - Adjacency, connectivity and containment – Topological Consistency – Non topological file formats - Attribute Data linking – Linking External Databases – GPS Data Integration

UNIT IV DATA QUALITY AND STANDARDS 9

Data quality - Basic aspects - completeness, logical consistency, positional accuracy, temporal accuracy, thematic accuracy and lineage – Metadata – GIS Standards –Interoperability - OGC - Spatial Data Infrastructure

UNIT V DATA MANAGEMENT AND OUTPUT 9

Import/Export – Data Management functions- Raster to Vector and Vector to Raster Conversion - Data Output - Map Compilation – Chart/Graphs – Multimedia – Enterprise Vs. Desktop GIS- distributed GIS.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

•On completion of the course, the student is expected to

CO1 Have basic idea about the fundamentals of GIS.
CO2 Understand the types of data models.
CO3 Get knowledge about data input and topology
CO4 Gain knowledge on data quality and standards
CO5 Understand data management functions and data output

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Kang - Tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, McGraw Hill Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2011.
2. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius, Steve Carver, Srinivasa Raju, "An Introduction Geographical Information Systems, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition,2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Lo. C. P., Albert K.W. Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall India Publishers, 2006

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO	Graduate Attributs	Course Outcome					Average
		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO2	Problem Analysis				3	3	3
PO3	Design/Development of Solutions			3	3	3	3
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems			3	3	3	3
PO5	Modern Tool Usage		3		3	3	3
PO6	The Engineer and Society						
PO 7	Environment and Sustainability						
PO 8	Ethics						
PO 9	Individual and Team Work						
PO 10	Communication						
PO 11	Project Management and Finance						

PO 12	Life-long Learning						
PSO 1	Knowledge of Geoinformatics discipline	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 2	Critical analysis of Geoinformatics Engineering problems and innovations	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 3	Conceptualization and evaluation of Design solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3

OAI352 AGRICULTURE ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the importance of Agri-business management, its characteristics and principles
- To impart knowledge on the functional areas of Agri-business like Marketing management, Product pricing methods and Market potential assessment.

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURIAL ENVIRONMENT IN INDIAN CONTEXT 9

Entrepreneur Development(ED): Concept of entrepreneur and entrepreneurship assessing overall business environment in Indian economy- Entrepreneurial and managerial characteristics- Entrepreneurship development programmers (EDP)-Generation incubation and commercialization of ideas and innovations- Motivation and entrepreneurship development- Globalization and the emerging business entrepreneurial environment.

UNIT II AGRIPRNEURSHIP IN GLOBAL ARENA: LEGAL PERSPECTIVE 9

Importance of agribusiness in Indian economy - International trade-WTO agreements- Provisions related to agreements in agricultural and food commodities - Agreements on Agriculture (AOA)- Domestic supply, market access, export subsidies agreements on sanitary and phyto-sanitary (SPS) measures, Trade related intellectual property rights (TRIPS).

UNIT III ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT: FINANCIAL PERSPECTIVE 9

Entrepreneurship - Essence of managerial Knowledge -Management functions- Planning-organizing-Directing-Motivation-ordering-leading-supervision- communication and control- Understanding Financial Aspects of Business - importance of financial statements-liquidity ratios-leverage ratios, coverage ratios-turnover ratios-Profitability ratios, Agro-based industries-Project-Project cycle-Project appraisal and evaluation techniques-undiscounted measures-Payback period-proceeds per rupee of outlay, Discounted measures-Net Present Value (NPV)-Benefit-Cost Ratio(BCR)-Internal Rate of Return(IRR)-Net benefit investment ratio(N/K ratio)-sensitivity analysis.

UNIT IV ENTREPRENEURIAL OPPORTUNITIES: ECONOMIC GROWTH PERSPECTIVE 9

Managing an enterprise: Importance of planning, budgeting, monitoring evaluation and follow-up managing competition. Role of ED in economic development of a country- Overview of Indian social, political system and their implications for decision making by individual entrepreneurs- Economic system and its implication for decision making by individual entrepreneurs.

UNITV ENTREPRENEURIAL PROMOTION MEASURES AND GOVERNMENT SUPPORT 9

Social responsibility of business. Morals and ethics in enterprise management- SWOT analysis- Government schemes and incentives for promotions of entrepreneurship. Government policy on small and medium enterprises (SMEs)/SSIs/MSME sectors- Venture capital (VC), contract farming (CF) and Joint Venture (JV), public-private
partnerships (PPP) - overview of agricultural engineering industry, characteristics of Indian farm

machinery industry.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

1. Judge about agricultural finance, banking and cooperation
2. Evaluate basic concepts, principles and functions of financial management
3. Improve the skills on basic banking and insurance schemes available to customers
4. Analyze various financial data for efficient farm management
5. Identify the financial institutions

TEXT BOOKS

1. Joseph L. Massie, 1995, "Essentials of Management", prentice Hall of India Pvt limited, New Delhi
2. Khanka S. 1999, Entrepreneurial Development, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi
3. Mohanty S K, 2007, Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Prentice Hall India, New Delhi.

REFERENCES

1. Hanh S B, Connar U J and Schwab G D, 1981, Management of the Farm Business, Prentice Hall Inc, New Jersey
2. Omri Raina, N 1980, Introduction to Agricultural, Prentice Hall Inc, New Jersey
3. Gittinger Price, 1989, Economic Analysis of Agricultural project, John Hopkins University, Press, London
4. Thomas W Zimmer and Norman M Scarborough, 1996, Entrepreneurship, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
5. Mar J Dollinger, 1999, Entrepreneurship strategies and resources, Prentice -Hall, Upper Saddal Rover, New Jersey.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

PO/PSO		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Overall correlation of COs with POs
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	1	2	1	1	1	2
PO2	Problem Analysis	2	1	1	1	2	1
PO3	Design/ Development of Solutions	1	1	1	2	1	2
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO5	Modern Tool Usage	2	1	1	1	1	2
PO6	The Engineer and Society	1	2	1	2	1	1
PO7	Environment and sustainability	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO8	Ethics	1	2	1	1	1	1
PO9	Individual and team work	1	1	1	2	1	1
PO10	Communication	1	1	1	1	2	1
PO11	Project management and finance	1	1	2	1	1	1
PO12	Life-long learning	1	2	1	1	1	2
PSO1	To make expertise in design and engineering problem solving approach in agriculture with proper knowledge and skill	1	2	1	1	1	1
PSO2	To enhance students ability to formulate solutions to real-world problems pertaining to sustained agricultural productivity using modern technologies.	1	1	2	1	1	1

PSO3	To inculcate entrepreneurial skills through strong Industry-Institution linkage.	1	2	1	1	2	1

OEN352 **BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
The identification of different aspects of biological diversity and conservation techniques.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**
Concept of Species, Variation; Introduction to Major Plant Groups; Evolutionary relationships between Plant Groups; Nomenclature and History of plant taxonomy; Systems of Classification and their Application; Study of Plant Groups; Study of Identification Characters; Study of important families of Angiosperms; Plant Diversity Application.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO ANIMAL DIVERSITY AND TAXONOMY **9**
Principles and Rules of Taxonomy; ICZN Rules; Animal Study Techniques; Concepts of Taxon, Categories, Holotype, Paratype, Topotype etc; Classification of Animal kingdom, Invertebrates, Vertebrates; Evolutionary relationships between Animal Groups.

UNIT III MICROBIAL DIVERSITY **9**
Microbes and Earth History, Magnitude, Occurrence and Distribution; Concept of Species, Criteria for Classification, Outline Classification of Microorganisms (Bacteria, Viruses and Protozoa); Criteria for Classification and Identification of Fungi; Chemical and Biochemical Methods of Microbial Diversity Analysis.

UNIT IV MEGA DIVERSITY **9**
Biodiversity Hot-spots, Floristic and Faunal Regions in India and World; IUCN Red List; Factors affecting Diversity, Impact of Exotic Species and Human Disturbance on Diversity, Dispersal, Diversity-Stability Relationship; Socio- economic Issues of Biodiversity; Sustainable Utilization of Bioresources; National Movements and International Convention/Treaties on Biodiversity.

UNIT V CONSERVATIONS OF BIODIVERSITY **9**
In-Situ Conservation- National parks, Wildlife sanctuaries, Biosphere reserves; Ex-situ conservation- Gene bank, Cryopreservation, Tissue culture bank; Long term captive breeding, Botanical gardens, Animal Translocation, Zoological Gardens, Concept of Keystone Species, Endangered Species, Threatened Species, Rare Species, Extinct Species

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:
1. A textbook of Botany: Angiosperms- Taxonomy, Anatomy, Economic Botany & Embryology. S. Chand Limited, Pandey, B. P. January 2001
2. Principles of Systematic Zoology, Mcgraw-Hill College, Ashlock, P.D., Latest Edition.
3. Microbiology, MacGraw Hill Companies Inc, Prescott, L.M., Harley, J.P., and Klein D.A. (2022)
4. Microbiology, Pearson Publisher, Gerard J. Tortora, Berdell R. Funke, Christine L.Case, 13th Edition 2019

REFERENCES:

1. Ecological Census Technique: A Handbook, Cambridge University Press, Sutherland, W.
2. Encyclopedia of Biodiversity, Academic Press, Simonson Asher Levin.

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of this course, students will:

CO1: An insight into the structure and function of diversity for ecosystem stability.

CO2: Understand the concept of animal diversity and taxonomy

CO3: Understand socio-economic issues pertaining to biodiversity

CO4: An understanding of biodiversity in community resource management.

CO5: Student can apply fundamental knowledge of biodiversity conservation to solve problems associated with infrastructure development.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3						2		2			2	3	
2		2		2	3	2							3	2	
3				2		3							3	2	3
4	3	3			2			2	2	2	2		3	1	3
5		2	3	2			1					1		2	
Avg	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	3

1.low, 2-medium, 3-high, "-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

OCE354 BASICS OF INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the interdisciplinary approach of water management.
- To develop knowledge base and capacity building on IWRM.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF IWRM **9**

Facts about water - Definition – Key challenges - Paradigm shift - Water management Principles - Social equity - Ecological sustainability – Economic efficiency - SDGs - World Water Forums.

UNIT II WATER USE SECTORS: IMPACTS AND SOLUTION **9**

Water users: People, Agriculture, ecosystem and others - Impacts of the water use sectors on water resources - Securing water for people, food production, ecosystems and other uses - IWRM relevance in water resources management.

UNIT III WATER ECONOMICS **9**

Economic characteristics of water good and services – Economic instruments – Private sector involvement in water resources management - PPP experiences through case studies.

UNIT IV RECENT TREANDS IN WATER MANAGEMENT **9**

River basin management - Ecosystem Regeneration – 5 Rs - WASH - Sustainable livelihood - Water management in the context of climate change.

UNIT V IMPLEMENTATION OF IWRM 9

Barriers to implementing IWRM - Policy and legal framework - Bureaucratic reforms and inclusive development - Institutional Transformation - Capacity building - Case studies on conceptual framework of IWRM.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

- On completion of the course, the student will be able to apply appropriate management techniques towards managing the water resources.

CO1 Describe the context and principles of IWRM; Compare the conventional and integrated ways of water management.

CO2 Discuss on the different water uses; how it is impacted and ways to tackle these impacts.

CO3 Explain the economic aspects of water and choose the best economic option among the alternatives; illustrate the pros and cons of PPP through case studies.

CO4 Illustrate the recent trends in water management.

CO5 Understand the implementation hitches and the institutional frameworks.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Cech Thomas V., Principles of water resources: history, development, management and policy. John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York. 2003.
2. Mollinga P. et al. " Integrated Water Resources Management", Water in South Asia Volume I, Sage Publications, 2006.

REFERENCES

1. Technical Advisory Committee, Background Papers No: 1, 4 and 7, Stockholm, Sweden, 2002.
2. IWRM Guidelines at River Basin Level (UNESCO, 2008).
3. Tutorial on Basic Principles of Integrated Water Resources Management, CAP-NET, http://www.pacificwater.org/userfiles/file/IWRM/Toolboxes/introduction%20to%20iwrm/Tutorial_text.pdf
4. Pramod R. Bhave, 2011, Water Resources Systems, Narosa Publishers.
5. The 17 Goals, United Nations, https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

OEI354 INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SYSTEMS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To educate on design of signal conditioning circuits for various applications.
2. To Introduce signal transmission techniques and their design.
3. Study of components used in data acquisition systems interface techniques
4. To educate on the components used in distributed control systems
5. To introduce the communication buses used in automation industries.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Automation overview, Requirement of automation systems, Architecture of Industrial Automation system, Introduction of PLC and supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA). Industrial bus systems : Modbus & Profibus

UNIT II AUTOMATION COMPONENTS 9

Sensors for temperature, pressure, force, displacement, speed, flow, level, humidity and pH measurement, Actuators, process control valves, power electronics devices DIAC, TRIAC, power MOSFET and IGBT. Introduction of DC and AC servo drives for motion control.

UNIT III COMPUTER AIDED MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS 9

Role of computers in measurement and control, Elements of computer aided measurement and control, man-machine interface, computer aided process control hardware, process related interfaces, Communication and networking, Industrial communication systems, Data transfer techniques, Computer aided process control software, Computer based data acquisition system, Internet of things (IoT) for plant automation.

UNIT IV PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS 9

Programmable controllers, Programmable logic controllers, Analog digital input and output modules, PLC programming, Ladder diagram, Sequential flow chart, PLC Communication and networking, PLC selection, PLC Installation, Advantage of using PLC for Industrial automation, Application of PLC to process control industries.

UNIT V DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM 9

Overview of DCS, DCS software configuration, DCS communication, DCS Supervisory Computer Tasks, DCS integration with PLC and Computers, Features of DCS, Advantages of DCS.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES (Group Seminar/Mini Project/Assignment/Content Preparation / Quiz/ Surprise Test / Solving GATE questions/ etc) 5

1. Market survey of the recent PLCs and comparison of their features.
2. Summarize the PLC standards
3. Familiarization of any one programming language (Ladder diagram/ Sequential Function Chart/ Function Block Diagram/ Equivalent open source software)
4. Market survey of Industrial Data Networks.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students able to

CO1 Design a signal conditioning circuits for various application (L3).

CO2 Acquire a detail knowledge on data acquisition system interface and DCS system (L2).

CO3 Understand the basics and Importance of communication buses in applied automation Engineering (L2)

CO4 Ability to design PLC Programmes by Applying Timer/Counter and Arithmetic and Logic Instructions Studied for Ladder Logic and Function Block (L3)

CO5 Able to develop a PLC logic for a specific application on real world problem. (L5)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.K.Singh, "Industrial Instrumentation", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2nd edition companies,2003.
2. C.D.Johnson, "Process Control Instrumentation Technology", Prentice Hall India,8th Edition, 2006.
3. E.A.Parr, Newnes ,NewDelhi,"Industrial Control Handbook",3rd Edition, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. John W. Webb and Ronald A. Reis, "Programmable Logic Controllers: Principles and Applications", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 2003.
2. Frank D. Petruzella, "Programmable Logic Controllers", 5th Edition, McGraw- Hill, New York, 2016

3. Krishna Kant, "Computer - Based Industrial Control", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2011.
4. Gary Dunning, Thomson Delmar,"Programmable Logic Controller", CengageLearning, 3 rd Edition,2005.

List of Open Source Software/ Learning website:

1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105062/
2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105063
3. https://www.electrical4u.com/industrial-automation/
4. https://realpars.com/what-is-industrial-automation/
5. https://automationforum.co/what-is-industrial-automation-2/

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
CO2	3	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1
CO3	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1			1		1			1		1
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1		1		1			1		1
AVg	3	2.25	2	2.6	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1

OCH353 ENERGY TECHNOLOGY L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 8

Units of energy, conversion factors, general classification of energy, world energy resources and energy consumption, Indian energy resources and energy consumption, energy crisis, energy alternatives, Renewable and non-renewable energy sources and their availability. Prospects of Renewable energy sources.

UNIT II CONVENTIONAL ENERGY 8

Conventional energy resources, Thermal, hydel and nuclear reactors, thermal, hydel and nuclear power plants, efficiency, merits and demerits of the above power plants, combustion processes, fluidized bed combustion.

UNIT III NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY 10

Solar energy, solar thermal systems, flat plate collectors, focusing collectors, solar water heating, solar cooling, solar distillation, solar refrigeration, solar dryers, solar pond, solar thermal power generation, solar energy application in India, energy plantations. Wind energy, types of windmills, types of wind rotors, Darrieus rotor and Gravian rotor, wind electric power generation, wind power in India, economics of wind farm, ocean wave energy conversion, ocean thermal energy conversion, tidal energy conversion, geothermal energy.

UNIT IV BIOMASS ENERGY 10

Biomass energy resources, thermo-chemical and biochemical methods of biomass conversion, combustion, gasification, pyrolysis, biogas production, ethanol, fuel cells, alkaline fuel cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, solid oxide fuel cell, solid polymer electrolyte fuel cell, magneto hydrodynamic power generation, energy storage routes like thermal energy storage, chemical, mechanical storage and electrical storage.

UNIT V ENERGY CONSERVATION 9

Energy conservation in chemical process plants, energy audit, energy saving in heat exchangers, distillation columns, dryers, ovens and furnaces and boilers, steam economy in chemical plants, energy conservation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Students will be able to describe the fundamentals and main characteristics of renewable energy sources and their differences compared to fossil fuels.

CO2: Students will excel as professionals in the various fields of energy engineering

CO3: Compare different renewable energy technologies and choose the most appropriate based on local conditions.

CO4: Explain the technological basis for harnessing renewable energy sources.

CO5: Identify and critically evaluate current developments and emerging trends within the field of renewable energy technologies and to develop in-depth technical understanding of energy problems at an advanced level.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rao, S. and Parulekar, B.B., Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, 2005.
2. Rai, G.D., Non-conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1984.
3. Bansal, N.K., Kleeman, M. and Meliss, M., Renewable Energy Sources and Conversion Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, 1990.
4. Nagpal, G.R., Power Plant Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2008.

REFERENCES

1. Nejat Vezirog, Alternate Energy Sources, IT, McGraw Hill, New York.
2. El. Wakil, Power Plant Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2002.
3. Sukhatme, S.P., Solar Enery - Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw hill, New Delhi, 1981.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcomes	Statements	Program Outcomes														
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	P O5	PO 6	P O 7	PO 8	P O 9	P O 10	PO 11	P O 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	Students will be able to describe the fundamentals and main characteristics of renewable energy sources and their differences compared to fossil fuels.	2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	1	1	3
CO2	Students will excel as professionals in the various fields of energy engineering	3	3	1	3	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	3	1	3
CO3	Compare different renewable energy technologies and choose the most appropriate based on local conditions.	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	3	3	1	3
CO4	Explain the technological basis for harnessing	3	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	1	1	3

	renewable energy sources.															
CO5	Identify and critically evaluate current developments and emerging trends within the field of renewable energy technologies and to develop in-depth technical understanding of energy problems at an advanced level	2	3	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	3
OVERALL CO		2	2	1	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

OCH354 SURFACE SCIENCE **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To enable the students to analyze properties of a surfaces and correlate them to structure, chemistry, and physics and surface modification technique.

UNIT I SURFACE STRUCTURE AND EXPERIMENTAL PROBES 9
Relevance of surface science to Chemical and Electrochemical Engineering, Heterogeneous Catalysis and Nanoscience; Surface structure and reconstructions, absorbate structure, Band and Vibrational structure, Importance of UHV techniques, Electronic probes and molecular beams. Scanning probes and diffraction; Qualitative introduction to electronic and vibrational spectroscopy

UNIT II ADSORPTION, DYNAMICS, THERMODYNAMICS AND KINETICS AT SURFACES 9
Interactions at the surface, Physisorption, Chemisorption, Diffusion, dynamics and reactions of atoms/molecules on surfaces. Generic reaction mechanism on surfaces. Adsorption isotherms. Kinetics of adsorption, Use of temperature desorption methods

UNIT III LIQUID INTERFACES 9
Structure and Thermodynamics of liquid-solid interface, Self-assembled monolayers, Electrified interfaces, Charge transfer at the liquid-solid interfaces. Photoelectrochemical processes, Gratzel cells

UNIT IV HETEROGENEOUS CATALYSIS 9
Characterization of heterogeneous catalytic processes, Microscopic kinetics to catalysis, Overview of important heterogeneous catalytic processes: Haber-Bosch, Fishcher-Tropsch and Automotive catalysis, Role of promoters and poisons, Bimetallic surfaces, surface functionalization and clusters in catalysis, Role of Sabatier principle in catalyst design, Rate oscillations and spatiotemporal pattern formation

UNIT V EPITAXIAL GROWTH AND NANO SURFACE-STRUCTURES 9
Origin of surface forces, Role of stress and strain in epitaxial growth, Energetic and growth modes, Nucleation theory, Nonequilibrium growth modes, MBE, CVD and ablation techniques, Catalytic growth of nanotubes, Etching of surfaces, Formation of nanopillars and nanorods and its application in photoelectrochemical processes, Polymer surfaces and biointerfaces

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- Upon completion of this course, the students can understand, predict and design surface properties based on surface structure. Students would understand the physics and chemistry behind surface phenomena.

TEXT BOOK:

1. K. W. Kolasinski, "Surface Science: Foundations of catalysis and nanoscience" II Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2008.

REFERENCE:

1. Gabor A. Somorjai and Y.min Li, "Introduction to Surface Chemistry and catalysis", II Edition John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2010.

OFD354	FUNDAMENTALS OF FOOD ENGINEERING	L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

The course aims to

- acquaint and equip the students with different techniques of measurement of engineering properties.
- make the students understand the nature of food constituents in the design of processing equipment

UNIT I **9**

Engineering properties of food materials: physical, thermal, aerodynamic, mechanical, optical and electromagnetic properties.

UNIT II **9**

Drying and dehydration: Basic drying theory, heat and mass transfer in drying, drying rate curves, calculation of drying times, dryer efficiencies; classification and selection of dryers; tray, vacuum, osmotic, fluidized bed, pneumatic, rotary, tunnel, trough, bin, belt, microwave, IR, heat pump and freeze dryers; dryers for liquid: Drum or roller dryer, spray dryer and foammat dryers

UNIT III **9**

Size reduction: Benefits, classification, determination and designation of the fineness of ground material, sieve/screen analysis, principle and mechanisms of comminution of food, Rittinger's, Kick's and Bond's equations, work index, energy utilization; Size reduction equipment: Principal types, crushers (jaw crushers, gyratory, smooth roll), hammer mills and impactors, attrition mills, buhr mill, tumbling mills, tumbling mills, ultra fine grinders, fluid jet pulverizer, colloid mill, cutting machines (slicing, dicing, shredding, pulping)

UNIT IV **9**

Mixing: theory of solids mixing, criteria of mixer effectiveness and mixing indices, rate of mixing, theory of liquid mixing, power requirement for liquids mixing; Mixing equipment: Mixers for low- or medium-viscosity liquids (paddle agitators, impeller agitators, powder-liquid contacting devices, other mixers), mixers for high viscosity liquids and pastes, mixers for dry powders and particulate solids.

UNIT V **9**

Mechanical Separations: Theory, centrifugation, liquid-liquid centrifugation, liquid-solid centrifugation, clarifiers, desludging and decanting machine, Filtration: Theory of filtration, rate of filtration, pressure drop during filtration, applications, constant-rate filtration and constant pressure filtration, derivation of equation; Filtration equipment: plate and frame filter press, rotary filters, centrifugal filters and air filters, filter aids, Membrane separation: General considerations, materials for membrane construction, ultra-filtration, microfiltration, concentration, polarization, processing variables, membrane fouling, applications of ultra-filtration in food processing, reverse osmosis, mode of operation, and applications; Membrane separation methods, demineralization by electro-dialysis, gel filtration, ion exchange, per-evaporation and osmotic dehydration.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO1 understand the importance of food polymers

CO2 understand the effect of various methods of processing on the structure and texture of food materials

CO3 understand the interaction of food constituents with respect to thermal, electrical properties to develop new technologies for processing and preservation.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. R.L. Earle. 2004. Unit Operations in Food Processing. The New Zealand Institute of Food Science & Technology. Nz. Warren L. McCabe, Julian Smith, Peter Harriott. 2004.
2. Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th Ed. McGraw-Hill, Inc., NY, USA. Christie John Geankoplis. 2003.
3. Transport Processes and Separation Process Principles (Includes Unit Operations). 4th Ed. Prentice-Hall, NY, USA.
4. George D. Saravacos and Athanasios E. Kostaropoulos. 2002. Handbook of Food Processing Equipment. Springer Science+Business Media, New York, USA.
5. J. F. Richardson, J. H. Harker and J. R. Backhurst. 2002. Coulson & Richardson's Chemical Engineering, Vol. 2, Particle Technology and Separation Processes. 5th Ed.

OFD355	FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY REGULATIONS	L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To characterize different type of food hazards, physical, chemical and biological in the industry and food service establishments
- To help become skilled in systems for food safety surveillance
- To be aware of the regulatory and statutory bodies in India and the world
- To ensure processed food meets global standards

UNIT I **10**

Introduction to food safety and security: Hygienic design of food plants and equipments, Food Contaminants (Microbial, Chemical, Physical), Food Adulteration (Common adulterants), Food Additives (functional role, safety issues), Food Packaging & labeling. Sanitation in warehousing, storage, shipping, receiving, containers and packaging materials. Control of rats, rodents, mice, birds, insects and microbes. Cleaning and Disinfection, ISO 22000 – Importance and implementation

UNIT II **8**

Food quality: Various Quality attributes of food, Instrumental, chemical and microbial Quality control. Sensory evaluation of food and statistical analysis. Water quality and other utilities.

UNIT III **9**

Critical Quality control point in different stages of production including raw materials and processing materials. Food Quality and Quality control including the HACCP system. Food inspection and Food Law, Risk assessment – microbial risk assessment, dose response and exposure response modelling, risk management, implementation of food surveillance system to monitor food safety, risk communication

UNIT IV **9**
Indian and global regulations: FAO in India, Technical Cooperation programmes, Bio-security in Food and Agriculture, World Health Organization (WHO), World Animal Health Organization (OIE), International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)

UNIT V **9**
Codex Alimentarius Commission - Codex India – Role of Codex Contact point, National Codex contact point (NCCP), National Codex Committee of India – ToR, Functions, Shadow Committees etc.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
CO1 Thorough Knowledge of food hazards, physical, chemical and biological in the industry and food service establishments
CO2 Awareness on regulatory and statutory bodies in India and the world

REFERENCES:

1. Handbook of food toxicology by S. S. Deshpande, 2002
2. The food safety information handbook by Cynthia A. Robert, 2009
3. Nutritional and safety aspects of food processing by Tannenbaum SR, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York 1979
4. Microbiological safety of Food by Hobbs BC, 1973
5. Food Safety Handbook by Ronald H. Schmidt, Gary E. Rodrick, A John Wiley & Sons Publication, 2003

OPY353 **NUTRACEUTICALS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To understand the basic concepts of Nutraceuticals and functional food, their chemical nature and methods of extraction.
- To understand the role of Nutraceuticals and functional food in health and disease.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SIGNIFICANCE **6**
Introduction to Nutraceuticals and functional foods; importance, history, definition, classification, list of functional foods and their benefits, Phytochemicals, zoochemicals and microbes in food, plants, animals and microbes.

UNIT II PHYTOCHEMICALS AS NUTRACEUTICALS **11**
Phytoestrogens in plants; isoflavones; flavonols, polyphenols, tannins, saponins, lignans, lycopene, chitin, carotenoids. Manufacturing practice of selected nutraceuticals such as lycopene, isoflavonoids, glucosamine, phytosterols. Formulation of functional foods containing nutraceuticals - stability, analytical and labelling issues.

UNIT III ASSESSMENT OF ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY **11**
In vitro and in vivo methods for the assessment of antioxidant activity. Comparison of different in vitro methods to evaluate the antioxidant, antioxidant mechanism, Prediction of the antioxidant activity of natural phenolics from electrotopological state indices. Optimising phytochemical release

by process technology; Variation of Antioxidant Activity during technological treatments, new food grade peptidases from plant sources.

UNIT IV ROLE IN HEALTH AND DISEASE 11

The health benefit of - Soy protein, Spirulina, Tea, Olive oil, plant sterols, Broccoli, omega3 fatty acid and eicosanoids. Nutraceuticals and Functional foods in Gastrointestinal disorder, Cancer, CVD, Diabetic Mellitus, HIV and Dental disease; Importance and function of probiotic, prebiotic and synbiotic and their applications, Functional foods and immune competence; role and use in obesity and nervous system disorders.

UNIT V SAFETY ISSUES 6

Health Claims, Adverse effects and toxicity of nutraceuticals, regulations and safety issues International and national.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Brisset, Normal Grainger and Max Wich H "Herbal Drugs and Phytopharmaceuticals", 2nd Edition, CRC, 2001
2. Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods: Robert Wildman, CRC, Publications, 2006
3. WEBB, PP, Dietary Supplements and Functional Foods Blackwell Publishing Ltd (United Kingdom), 2006
4. Ikan, Raphael "Natural Products: A Laboratory Guide", 2nd Edition, Academic Press / Elsevier, 2005

REFERENCES:

1. Asian Functional Foods (Nutraceutical Science and Technology) by John Shi (Editor), Fereidoon Shahidi (Editor), Chi-Tang Ho (Editor), CRC Publications, Taylor & Francis, 2007
2. Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals in Cancer Prevention by Ronald Ross Watson (Author), Blackwell Publishing, 2007
3. Marketing Nutrition: Soy, Functional Foods, Biotechnology, and Obesity by Brian Wansink.
4. Functional foods: Concept to Product: Edited by G R Gibson and C M Williams, Wood head Publ., 2000
5. Hanson, James R. "Natural Products: The Secondary Metabolites", Royal Society of Chemistry, 2003

CO 1	acquire knowledge about the Nutraceuticals and functional foods, their classification and benefits.
CO 2	acquire knowledge of phytochemicals, zoochemicals and microbes in food, plants, animals and microbes.
CO 3	attain the knowledge of the manufacturing practices of selected nutraceutical components and formulation considerations of functional foods.
CO 4	distinguish the various *In vitro* and *In vivo* assessment of Antioxidant activity of compounds from plant sources.
CO 5	gain information about the health benefits of various functional foods and nutraceuticals in the prevention and treatment of various lifestyle diseases.
CO 6	Attain the knowledge of the regulatory and safety issues of nutraceuticals at national and international level.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course outcome	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	3											1
CO 2	3											1
CO 3	3					2						
CO 4	3											
CO 5	3					2						1
CO 6	3							2				1

OTT354 BASICS OF DYEING AND PRINTING **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To enable the students to learn about the basics of Pretreatment, dyeing, printing and machinery in textile processing.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**
Impurities present in different fibres, Inspection of grey goods and lot preparation. Shearing.

UNIT II PRE TREATMENT **9**
Desizing-Objective of Desizing- types of Desizing- Objective of Scouring- Mechanism of Scouring- Degumming of Silk, Scouring of wool - Bio Scouring. Bleaching -Objective of Bleaching: Bleaching mechanism of Hydrogen Peroxide, Hypo chlorites. Objective of Mercerizing - Physical and Chemical changes of Mercerizing.

UNIT III DYEING **9**
Dye – Affinity, Substantively, Reactivity, Exhaustion and Fixation. Classification of dyes. Direct dyes: General properties, principles and method of application on cellulosic materials. Reactive dyes – principles and method of application on cellulosic materials hot brand, cold brand.

UNIT IV PRINTING **9**
Definition of printing – Difference between printing and dying- Classification thickeners – Requirements to be good thickener, printing paste Preparation - different styles of printing.

UNIT V MACHINERIES **9**
Fabric Processing - winch, jigger and soft flow machines. Beam dyeing machines. Printing -flat bed screen - Rotary screen. Thermo transfer printing machinery. Garment dyeing machines.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to Understand the
CO1: Basics of grey fabric
CO2: Basics of pre treatment
CO3: Concept of Dyeing
CO4: Concept of Printing
CO5: Machinery in processing industry

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Trotman, E.R., Textile Scouring and Bleaching, Charless Griffins, Com. Ltd., London 1990.
2. Sherial V.A. "Technology of Textile Processing Vol. IV" 1998, Sevali Publications, Mumbai.

REFERENCES:

1. Trotman E. R., "Dyeing and Chemical Technology of Textile Fibres", Charles Griffin & Co. Ltd., U.K., 1984, ISBN : 0 85264 165 6.
2. Dr. N N Mahapatra., "Textile dyeing", Wood head publishing India, 2018
3. Mathews Kolanjikombil., "Dyeing of Textile substrates III –Fibres, Yarns and Knitted fabrics", Wood head publishing India., 2021
4. Bleaching & Mercerizing – BTRA Silver Jubilee Monograph series
5. Chakraborty, J.N, "Fundamentals and Practices in colouration of Textiles", Wood head Publishing India, 2009, ISBN-13:978-81-908001-4-3.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcomes	Program Outcome															
	Statement	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	Classification of fibres and production of natural fibres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO2	Regenerated and synthetic fibres	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO3	Yarn spinning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO4	Weaving	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
CO5	Knitting and nonwoven	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-
Overall CO		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-

1, 2 and 3 are correlation levels with weightings as Slight (Low), Moderate (Medium) and Substantial (High) respectively

FT3201 FIBRE SCIENCE L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To enable the students to learn about the types of fibre and its properties

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO TEXTILE FIBRES 9

Definition of various forms of textile fibres - staple fibre, filament, bicomponent fibres. Classification of Natural and Man-made fibres, essential and desirable properties of Fibres. Production and cultivation of Natural Fibers: Cotton, Silk, Wool -Physical and chemical structure of the above fibres.

UNIT II REGENERATED FIBRES **9**
Production Sequence of Regenerated Cellulosic fibres: Viscose Rayon, Acetate rayon – High wet modulus fibres: Modal and Lyocel ,Tencel

UNIT III SYNTHEITC FIBRES **9**
Production Sequence of Synthetic Fibers: polymer-Polyester, Nylon, Acrylic and polypropylene. Mineral fibres: fibre glass ,carbon .Introduction to spin finishes and texturization

UNIT IV SPECIALITY FIBRES **9**
Properties and end uses of high tenacity and high modulus fibres, high temperature and flame retardant fibres, Chemical resistant fibres

UNIT V FUNCTIONAL SPECIALITY FIBRES **9**
Properties and end uses : Fibres for medical application – Biodegradable fibres based on PLA ,Super absorbent fibres elastomeric fibres, ultra-fine fibres, electrospun nano fibres, metallic fibres – Gold and Silver coated.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES
Upon completion of this course, the student would be able to
- Understand the process sequence of various fibres
- Understand the properties of various fibres

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Morton W. E., and Hearle J. W. S., "Physical Properties of Textile Fibres", The Textile Institute, Washington D.C., 2008, ISBN 978-1-84569-220-95
2. Meredith R., and Hearle J. W. S., "Physical Methods of Investigation of Textiles", Wiley Publication, New York, 1989, ISBN: B00JCV6ZWU | ISBN-13
3. Mukhopadhyay S. K., "Advances in Fibre Science", The Textile Institute,1992, ISBN: 1870812379

REFERENCES:

1. Meredith R., "Mechanical Properties of Textile Fibres", North Holland, Amsterdam, 1986, ISBN: 1114790699, ISBN-13: 9781114790698
2. Hearle J. W. S., Lomas B., and Cooke W. D., "Atlas of Fibre Fracture and Damage to Textiles", The Textile Institute, 2nd Edition, 1998, ISBN: 1855733196
3. Raheel M. (ed.), "Modern Textile Characterization Methods", Marcel Dekker, 1995, ISBN:0824794737
4. Mukhopadhyay S. K., "The Structure and Properties of Typical Melt Spun Fibres", Textile Progress, Vol. 18, No. 4, Textile Institute, 1989, ISBN: 1870812115
5. Hearle J.W.S., "Polymers and Their Properties: Fundamentals of Structures and Mechanics Vol 1", Ellis Horwood, England, 1982, ISBN: 047027302X | ISBN-13: 9780470273029 36

OTT355 GARMENT MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To enable the students to understand the basics of pattern making, cutting and sewing.
- To expose the students to various problems & remedies during garment manufacturing.

UNIT I PATTERN MAKING, MARKER PLANNING, CUTTING 9

Anthropometry, specification sheet, pattern making – principles, basic pattern set drafting, grading, marker planning, spreading & cutting

UNIT II TYPES OF SEAMS, STITCHES AND FUNCTIONS OF NEEDLES 9

Different types of seams and stitches; single needle lock stitch machine – mechanism and accessories; needle – functions, special needles, needlepoint

UNIT III COMPONENTS AND TRIMS USED IN GARMENT 9

Sewing thread-construction, material, thread size, packages, accessories – labels, linings, interlinings, wadding, lace, braid, elastic, hook and loop fastening, shoulder pads, eyelets and laces, zip fasteners, buttons

UNIT IV GARMENT INSPECTION AND DIMENSIONAL CHANGES 9

Raw material, in process and final inspection; needle cutting; sewability of fabrics; strength properties of apparel; dimensional changes in apparel due to laundering, dry-cleaning, steaming and pressing.

UNIT V GARMENT PRESSING, PACKING AND CARE LABELING 9

Garment pressing – categories and equipment, packing; care 341abeling of apparels

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to Understand

CO1: Pattern making, marker planning, cutting

CO2: Types of seams, stitches and functions of needles

CO3: Components and trims used in garment

CO4: Garment inspection and dimensional changes

CO5: Garment pressing, packing and care labeling

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Carr H., and Latham B., "The Technology of Clothing Manufacture", Blackwell Science Ltd., Oxford, 1994.
2. Gerry Cooklin, "Introduction to Clothing Manufacture" Blackwell Science Ltd., 1995. 64
3. Harrison P.W Garment Dyeing, The Textile Institute Publication, Textile Progress, Vol. 19 No.2,1988.

REFERENCES:

1. Winifred Aldrich., "Metric Pattern Cutting", Blackwell Science Ltd., Oxford, 1994
2. Peggal H., "The Complete Dress Maker", Marshall Cavendish, London, 1985
3. Jai Prakash and Gaur R.K., "Sewing Thread", NITRA, 1994
4. Ruth Glock, Grace I. Kunz, "Apparel Manufacturing", Dorling Kindersley Publishing Inc., New Jersey, 1995

5. Pradip V.Mehta, "An Introduction to Quality Control for the Apparel Industry", J.S.N. Internationals, 1992.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4
1	1	1	1	-	2	-	1	1	-	2	3	1	2	3	1	3
2	2	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	1	3	1	3
4	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	3
5	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
Avg	1.6	1.2	1	0.8	1.4	0.6	1.4	1	0.2	1.8	2.4	1	1.8	2.6	1	2.6

OPE353 INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To educate about the health hazards and the safety measures to be followed in the industrial environment.
- Describe industrial legislations (Factories Acts, Workmen's Compensation and other laws) enacted for the protection of employees health at work settings
- Describe methods of prevention and control of Occupational Health diseases, accidents / emergencies and other hazards

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Need for developing Environment, Health and Safety systems in work places - Accident Case Studies - Status and relationship of Acts - Regulations and Codes of Practice - Role of trade union safety representatives. International initiatives - Ergonomics and work place.

UNIT II OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND HYGIENE 9

Definition of the term occupational health and hygiene - Categories of health hazards - Exposure pathways and human responses to hazardous and toxic substances - Advantages and limitations of environmental monitoring and occupational exposure limits - Hierarchy of control measures for occupational health risks - Role of personal protective equipment and the selection criteria - Effects on humans - control methods and reduction strategies for noise, radiation and excessive stress.

UNIT III WORKPLACE SAFETY AND SAFETY SYSTEMS 9

Features of Satisfactory and Safe design of work premises – good housekeeping - lighting and colour, Ventilation and Heat Control – Electrical Safety – Fire Safety – Safe Systems of work for manual handling operations – Machine guarding – Working at different levels – Process and System Safety.

UNIT IV HAZARDS AND RISK MANAGEMENT 9
Safety appraisal - analysis and control techniques – plant safety inspection – Accident investigation - Analysis and Reporting – Hazard and Risk Management Techniques – major accident hazard control – Onsite and Offsite emergency Plans.

UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT 9
Concept of Environmental Health and Safety Management – Elements of Environmental Health and Safety Management Policy and methods of its effective implementation and review – Elements of Management Principles – Education and Training – Employee Participation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
After completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to:
- Describe, with example, the common work-related diseases and accidents in occupational setting
- Name essential members of the Occupational Health team
- What roles can a community health practitioners play in an Occupational setting to ensure the protection, promotion and maintenance of the health of the employee

OPE354 UNIT OPERATIONS IN PETRO CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To impart to the student basic knowledge on fluid mechanics, mechanical operations, heat transfer operations and mass transfer operations.

UNIT I FLUID MECHANICS CONCEPTS 9
Fluid definition and classification of fluids, types of fluids, Rheological behaviour of fluids & Newton's Law of viscosity. Fluid statics-Pascal's law, Hydrostatic equilibrium, Barometric equation and pressure measurement(problems),Basic equations of fluid flow - Continuity equation, Euler's equation and Bernoulli equation; Types of flow - laminar and turbulent; Reynolds experiment; Flow through circular and non-circular conduits - Hagen Poiseuille equation (no derivation). Flow through stagnant fluids – theory of Settling and Sedimentation – Equipment (cyclones, thickeners) Conceptual numericals.

UNIT II FLOW MEASUREMENTS & MECHANICAL OPERATIONS 9
Different types of flow measuring devices (Orifice meter, Venturimeter, Rotameter) with derivations, flow measurements – Pumps – types of pumps (Centrifugal & Reciprocating pumps), Energy calculations and characteristics of pumps. Size reduction–characteristics of comminute products, sieve analysis, Properties and handling of particulate solids – characterization of solid particles, average particle size, screen analysis- Conceptual numerical of differential and cumulative analysis. Size reduction, crushing laws, working principle of ball mill. Filtration & types, filtration equipments (plate and frame, rotary drum). Conceptual numericals.

UNIT III CONDUCTIVE & CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER 9
Modes of heat transfer; Conduction – steady state heat conduction through unilayer and multilayer walls, cylinders; Insulation, critical thickness of insulation. Convection- Forced and Natural convection, principles of heat transfer co-efficient, log mean temperature difference, individual and

overall heat transfer co-efficient, fouling factor; Condensation – film wise and drop wise (no derivation). Heat transfer equipments – double pipe heat exchanger, shell and tube heat exchanger (with working principle and construction with applications).

UNIT IV BASICS OF MASS TRANSFER **9**

Diffusion-Fick's law of diffusion. Types of diffusion. Steady state molecular diffusion in fluids at rest and laminar flow (stagnant / unidirection and bi direction). Measurement of diffusivity, Mass transfer coefficients and their correlations. Conceptual numerical.

UNIT V MASS TRANSFER OPERATIONS **9**

Basic concepts of Liquid-liquid extraction – equilibrium, stage type extractors (batt extraction and basket extraction).Distillation – Methods of distillation, distillation of binary mixtures using McCabe Thiele method.Drying- drying operations, batch and continuous drying. Conceptual numerical.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- State and describe the nature and properties of the fluids.
- Study the different flow measuring instruments, the principles of various size reductions, conveying equipment's, sedimentation and mixing tanks.
- Comprehend the laws governing the heat and mass transfer operations to solve the problems.
- Design the heat transfer equipment suitable for specific requirement.

TEXTBOOK(S)

1. Unit operations in Chemical Engineering Warren L. McCabe, Julian C. Smith & Peter Harriot McGraw-Hill Education (India) Edition 2014
2. Fluid Mechanics K L Kumar S Chand & Company Ltd 2008
3. Introduction to Chemical Engineering Badger W.I. and Banchero, J.T., Tata McGraw Hill New York 1997

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Principles of Unit Operations Alan S Foust, L.A. Wenzel, C.W. Clump, L. Maus, and L.B. Anderson John Wiley & Sons 2nd edition 2008
2. Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, Vol I &II Chattopadhyaya Khanna Publishers, Delhi-6 1996
3. Heat Transfer J P Holman McGraw Hill International Ed

OPT352	PLASTIC MATERIALS FOR ENGINEERS	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Understand the advantages, disadvantages and general classification of plastic materials
- To know the manufacturing, sources, and applications of engineering thermoplastics
- Understand the basics as well as the advanced applications of various plastic materials in the industry
- To understand the preparation methods of thermosetting materials
- Select suitable specialty plastics for different end applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLASTIC MATERIALS 9

Introduction to Plastics – Brief history of plastics: advantages and disadvantages, thermoplastic and thermosetting behavior, amorphous polymers, crystalline polymers and cross-linked structures. General purpose thermoplastics/ Commodity plastics: manufacture, structure, properties and applications of polyethylene (PE), cross-linked PE, chlorinated PE, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride-compounding, formulation, polypropylene (PP)

UNIT II ENGINEERING THERMOPLASTICS AND APPLICATIONS 9

Engineering thermoplastics – Aliphatic polyamides: structure, properties, manufacture and applications of Nylon 6, Nylon 66. Polyesters: manufacture, structure, properties and uses of PET, PBT. Manufacture, structure, properties and uses of Polycarbonates, acetal resins, polyimides, PMMA, polyphenylene oxide, thermoplastic polyurethane (PU)

UNIT III THERMOSETTING PLASTICS 9

Thermosetting Plastics – Manufacture, curing, moulding powder, laminates, properties and uses of phenol formaldehyde resins, urea formaldehyde, melamine formaldehyde, unsaturated polyester resin, epoxy resin, silicone resins, polyurethane resins.

UNIT IV MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS FOR END APPLICATIONS 9

Miscellaneous plastics- Manufacture, properties and uses of polystyrene, HIPS, ABS, SAN, poly(tetrafluoroethylene) (PTFE), TFE and copolymers, PVDF, PVA, poly (vinyl acetate), poly (vinyl carbazole), cellulose acetate, PEEK, High energy absorbing polymers, super absorbent polymers-their synthesis, properties and applications

UNIT V PLASTICS MATERIALS FOR BIOMEDICAL APPLICATIONS 9

Sources, raw materials, methods of manufacturing, properties and applications of bio-based polymers- poly lactic acid (PLA), poly hydroxy alkannates (PHA), PBAT, bioplastics- bio-PE, bio-PP, bio-PET, polymers for biomedical applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

- To study the importance, advantages and classification of plastic materials
- Summarize the raw materials, sources, production, properties and applications of various engineering thermoplastics
- To understand the application of polyamides, polyesters and other engineering thermoplastics, thermosetting resins
- Know the manufacture, properties and uses of thermosetting resins based onpolyester, epoxy, silicone and PU
- To understand the engineering applications of various polymers in miscellaneous areas and applications of different biopolymers

REFERENCES

1. Marianne Gilbert (Ed.), Brydson's Plastics Materials, 8th Edn., Elsevier (2017)
2. J.A.Brydson, Plastics Materials, 7th Edn., Butterworth Heinemann (1999).
3. Manas Chanda, Salil K. Roy, Plastics Technology Handbook, 4th Edn., CRC press (2006).
4. A. Brent Strong, Plastics: Materials and Processing, 3rd Edn., Pearson Prentice Hall (2006).
5. Olagoke Olabisi, Kolapo Adewale (Eds.), Handbook of Thermoplastics 2nd Edn., CRC press(2016).
6. Charles A. Harper, Modern Plastics Handbook, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999.
7. H. Dominighaus, Plastics for Engineers, Hanser Publishers, Munich, 1988.

OPT353 PROPERTIES AND TESTING OF PLASTICS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the relevance of standards and specifications as well as the specimen preparation for polymer testing.
- To study the mechanical properties and testing of polymer materials and their structural property relationships.
- To understand the thermal properties of polymers and their testing methods.
- To gain knowledge on the electrical and optical properties of polymers and their testing methods.
- To study about the environmental effects and prevent polymer degradation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CHARACTERIZATION AND TESTING OF POLYMERS 9
Introduction- Standard organizations: BIS, ASTM, ISO, BS, DIN etc; Standards and specifications. Importance of standards in the quality control of polymers and polymer products. Preparation of test pieces, conditioning and test atmospheres. Tests on elastomers: processability parameters of rubbers – plasticity, Mooney viscosity, scorch time, cure time, cure rate index. Processability tests carried out on thermoplastics and thermosets: MFI, cup flow index, gel time, bulk density, bulk factor

UNIT II MECHANICAL PROPERTIES 9
Mechanical properties: Tensile, compression, flexural, shear, tear strength, hardness, impact strength, resilience, abrasion resistance, creep and stress relaxation, compression set, dynamic fatigue, ageing properties. Basic concepts of stress and strain, short term tests: Viscoelastic behavior (simple models: Kelvin model for creep and stress relaxation, Maxwell-Voigt model, strain recovery and dynamic response), Effect of structure and composition on mechanical properties, Behavior of reinforced polymers

UNIT III THERMAL RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES 9
Thermal properties: Transition temperatures, specific heat, thermal conductivity, co-efficient of thermal expansion, heat deflection temperature, Vicat softening point, shrinkage, brittleness temperature, thermal stability and flammability. Product testing: Plastic films, sheeting, pipes, laminates, foams, containers, cables and tubes.

UNIT IV ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES 9
Electrical properties: volume and surface resistivity, dielectric strength, dielectric constant and power factor, arc resistance, tracking resistance, dielectric behavior of polymers (dielectric co-efficient, dielectric polarization), dissipation factor and its importance. Optical properties: transparency, refractive index, haze, gloss, clarity, birefringence.

UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL AND CHEMICAL RESISTANCE 9
Environmental stress crack resistance (ESCR), water absorption, weathering, aging, ozone resistance, permeability and adhesion. Tests for chemical resistance: Acids, alkalies, Flammability tests- oxygen index test.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Understand the relevance of standards and specifications.
- Summarize the various test methods for evaluating the mechanical properties of the polymers.
- To know the thermal, electrical & optical properties of polymers.

- Identify various techniques used for characterizing polymers.
- Distinguish the processability tests used for thermoplastics, thermosets and elastomers.

REFERENCES

1. F.Majewska, H.Zowall, Handbook of analysis of synthetic polymers and plastics, Ellis Horwood Limited Publisher 1977.
2. J.F.Rabek, Experimental Methods in Polymer Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons 1980.
3. R.P.Brown, Plastic test methods, 2nd Edn., Harlond, Longman Scientific, 1981.
4. A. B. Mathur, I. S. Bharadwaj, Testing and Evaluation of Plastics, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
5. Vishu Shah, Handbook of Plastic Testing Technology, 3rd Edn., John Wiley & Sons 2007.
6. S. K. Nayak, S. N. Yadav, S. Mohanty, Fundamentals of Plastic Testing, Springer, 2010.

OEC353	VLSI DESIGN	L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the fundamentals of IC technology components and their characteristics.
- Understand combinational logic circuits and design principles.
- Understand sequential logic circuits and clocking strategies.
- Understand Interconnects and Memory Architecture.
- Understand the design of arithmetic building blocks.

UNIT I MOS TRANSISTOR PRINCIPLES **9**

MOS logic families (NMOS and CMOS), Ideal and Non Ideal IV Characteristics, CMOS devices. MOS(FET) Transistor DC transfer Characteristics ,small signal analysis of MOSFET.

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS **9**

Propagation Delays, stick diagram, Layout diagrams, Examples of combinational logic design, Elmore's constant, Static Logic Gates, Dynamic Logic Gates, Pass Transistor Logic, Power Dissipation.

UNIT III SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS AND CLOCKING STRATEGIES **9**

Static Latches and Registers, Dynamic Latches and Registers, Pipelines, Timing classification of Digital Systems, Synchronous Design, Self-Timed Circuit Design.

UNIT IV INTERCONNECT, MEMORY ARCHITECTURE **9**

Interconnect Parameters – Capacitance, Resistance, and Inductance, Logic Implementation using Programmable Devices (ROM, PLA, FPGA), Memory Architecture and Building Blocks.

UNIT V DESIGN OF ARITHMETIC BUILDING BLOCKS **9**

Arithmetic Building Blocks: Data Paths, Adders-Ripple Carry Adder, Carry-Bypass Adder, Carry Select Adder, Carry-Look Ahead Adder, Multipliers, Barrel Shifter, power and speed tradeoffs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1: Understand the working principle and characteristics of MOSFET

CO2: Design Combinational Logic Circuits
CO3: Design Sequential Logic Circuits and Clocking systems
CO4: Understand Memory architecture and interconnects
CO5: Design of arithmatic building blocks

TEXTBOOKS

1. Jan D Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective", PHI, 2016.(Units II, III IV and V).
2. Neil H E Weste, Kamran Eshraghian, "Principles of CMOS VLSI Design: A System Perspective," Addison Wesley, 2009.(Units - I).

REFERENCES

1. D.A. Hodges and H.G. Jackson, Analysis and Design of Digital Integrated Circuits, International Student Edition, McGraw Hill 1983
2. P. Rashinkar, Paterson and L. Singh, "System-on-a-Chip Verification-Methodology and Techniques", Kluwer Academic Publishers,2001
3. Samiha Mourad and Yervant Zorian, "Principles of Testing Electronic Systems", Wiley 2000
4. M. Bushnell and V. D. Agarwal, "Essentials of Electronic Testing for Digital, Memory and Mixed-Signal VLSI Circuits", Kluwer Academic Publishers,2000

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	3	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	3
2	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2
3	1	-	1	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	2	1
4	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	2
5	2	-	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	2	2
CO	3	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	3

CBM370 **WEARABLE DEVICES** **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To know the hardware requirement of wearable systems
- To understand the communication and security aspects in the wearable devices
- To know the applications of wearable devices in the field of medicine

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEARABLE SYSTEMS AND SENSORS 9

Wearable Systems- Introduction, Need for Wearable Systems, Drawbacks of Conventional Systems for Wearable Monitoring, Applications of Wearable Systems, Types of Wearable Systems, Components of wearable Systems. Sensors for wearable systems-Inertia movement sensors, Respiration activity sensor, Impedance plethysmography, Wearable ground reaction force sensor.

UNIT II SIGNAL PROCESSING AND ENERGY HARVESTING FOR WEARABLE DEVICES 9

Wearability issues -physical shape and placement of sensor, Technical challenges - sensor design, signal acquisition, sampling frequency for reduced energy consumption, Rejection of irrelevant information. Power Requirements- Solar cell, Vibration based, Thermal based, Human body as a heat source for power generation, Hybrid thermoelectric photovoltaic energy harvests, Thermopiles.

UNIT III WIRELESS HEALTH SYSTEMS 9

Need for wireless monitoring, Definition of Body area network, BAN and Healthcare, Technical Challenges- System security and reliability, BAN Architecture – Introduction, Wireless communication Techniques.

UNIT IV SMART TEXTILE 9

Introduction to smart textile- Passive smart textile, active smart textile. Fabrication Techniques-Conductive Fibres, Treated Conductive Fibres, Conductive Fabrics, Conductive Inks.Case study-smart fabric for monitoring biological parameters - ECG, respiration.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF WEARABLE SYSTEMS 9

Medical Diagnostics, Medical Monitoring-Patients with chronic disease, Hospital patients, Elderly patients, neural recording, Gait analysis, Sports Medicine

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Describe the concepts of wearable system.

CO2: Explain the energy harvestings in wearable device.

CO3: Use the concepts of BAN in health care.

CO4: Illustrate the concept of smart textile

CO5: Compare the various wearable devices in healthcare system

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Annalisa Bonfiglio and Danilo De Rossi, Wearable Monitoring Systems, Springer, 2011
2. Zhang and Yuan-Ting, Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems,Springer, 2013
3. Edward Sazonov and Micheal R Neuman, Wearable Sensors: Fundamentals, Implementation and Applications, Elsevier, 2014
4. Mehmet R. Yuce and JamilY.Khan, Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation applications,Pan Stanford Publishing Pte.Ltd, Singapore, 2012

REFERENCES

1. Sandeep K.S. Gupta, Tridib Mukherjee and Krishna Kumar Venkatasubramanian, Body Area Networks Safety, Security, and Sustainability, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2. Guang-Zhong Yang, Body Sensor Networks, Springer, 2006

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
2	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
3	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
4	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
5	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
AVg.															

CBM356 **MEDICAL INFORMATICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

Preamble:
1. To study the applications of information technology in health care management.
2. This course provides knowledge on resources, devices, and methods required to optimize the acquisition, storage, retrieval, and use of information in health and biomedicine.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL INFORMATICS 9
Introduction - Structure of Medical Informatics –Internet and Medicine -Security issues , Computer based medical information retrieval, Hospital management and information system, Functional capabilities of a computerized HIS; Health Informatics – Medical Informatics, Bioinformatics

UNIT II COMPUTERS IN CLINICAL LABORATORY AND MEDICAL IMAGING 9
Automated clinical laboratories-Automated methods in hematology, cytology and histology, Intelligent Laboratory Information System - Computer assisted medical imaging- nuclear medicine, ultrasound imaging, computed X-ray tomography, Radiation therapy and planning, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance.

UNIT III COMPUTERISED PATIENT RECORD 9
Introduction - conventional patient record, Components and functionality of CPR, Development tools, Intranet, CPR in Radiology- Application server provider, Clinical information system, Computerized prescriptions for patients.

UNIT IV COMPUTER ASSISTED MEDICAL DECISION-MAKING 9
Neuro computers and Artificial Neural Networks application, Expert system-General model of CMD, Computer-assisted decision support system-production rule system cognitive model, semantic networks, decisions analysis inclinical medicine-computers in the care of critically ill patients, Computer aids for the handicapped.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS IN MEDICAL INFORMATICS 9
Virtual reality applications in medicine, Virtual endoscopy, Computer assisted surgery, Surgical simulation, Telemedicine - Tele surgery, Computer assisted patient education and health- Medical education and healthcare information, computer assisted instruction in medicine.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:
1. Explain the structure and functional capabilities of Hospital Information System.
2. Describe the need of computers in medical imaging and automated clinical laboratory.
3. Articulate the functioning of information storage and retrieval in computerized patient record system.
4. Apply the suitable decision support system for automated clinical diagnosis.
5. Discuss the application of virtual reality and telehealth technology in medical industry.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Mohan Bansal, "Medical informatics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Ltd, 2003.
2. R.D.Lele, "Computers in medicine progress in medical informatics", Tata Mcgraw Hill,2005

REFERENCES:
1. Kathryn J. Hannah, Marion J Ball, "Health Informatics", 3rd Edition, Springer, 2006.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
2	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
3	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
4	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
5	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
AVg.															

OBT355 BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT PROCESS 9

Fundamentals of biological process - Anaerobic process – Pretreatment methods in anaerobic process – Aerobic process, Anoxic process, Aerobic and anaerobic digestion of organic wastes - Factors affecting process efficiency - Solid state fermentation – Submerged fermentation – Batch and continuous fermentation

UNIT II WASTE BIOMASS AND ITS VALUE ADDITION 9

Types of waste biomass – Solid waste management - Nature of biomass feedstock – Biobased economy/process – Value addition of waste biomass – Biotransformation of biomass – Biotransformation of marine processing wastes – Direct extraction of biochemicals from biomass – Plant biomass for industrial application

UNIT III BIOCONVERSION OF WASTES TO ENERGY 9

Perspective of biofuels from wastes - Bioethanol production – Biohydrogen Production – dark and photofermentative process - Biobutanol production – Biogas and Biomethane production - Single stage anaerobic digestion, Two stage anaerobic digestion - Biodiesel production - Enzymatic hydrolysis technologies

UNIT IV CHEMICALS AND ENZYME PRODUCTION FROM WASTES 9

Production of lactic acid, succinic acid, citric acid – Biopolymer synthesis – Production of Amylases - Lignocellulolytic enzymes - Pectinolytic enzymes - Proteases – Lipases

UNIT V BIOCOMPOSTING OF ORGANIC WASTES 9

Overview of composting process - Benefits of composting, Role of microorganisms in composting - Factors affecting the composting process - Waste Materials for Composting, Fundamentals of composting process - Composting technologies, Composting systems – Nonreactor Composting, Reactor composting - Compost Quality.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able

1. To learn the various methods biological treatment
2. To know the details of waste biomass and its value addition
3. To develop the bioconversion processes to convert wastes to energy
4. To synthesize the chemicals and enzyme from wastes

5. To produce the biocompost from wastes
6. To apply the theoretical knowledge for the development of value added products

TEXT BOOKS

1. Antoine P. T., (2017) "Biofuels from Food Waste Applications of Saccharification Using Fungal Solid State Fermentation", CRC press
2. Joseph C.A., (2019)"Anaerobic Waste-Wastewater Treatment and Biogas Plants-A Practical Handbook", CRC Press,

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Palmiro P. and Oscar F.D'Urso, (2016) 'Biotransformation of Agricultural Waste and By-Products'.The Food, Feed, Fibre, Fuel (4F) Economy, Elsevier
2. Kaur Brar S., Gurpreet Singh D. and Carlos R.S., (Eds), (2014)'Biotransformation of Waste Biomass into High Value Biochemicals', Springer.
3. Keikhosro K. Editor, (2015) 'Lignocellulose-Based Bioproducts', Springer.
4. John P, (2014) 'Waste Management Practices-Municipal, Hazardous, and Industrial', Second Edition, CRC Press, 2014

OBT356 LIFESTYLE DISEASES L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Lifestyle diseases – Definition ; Risk factors – Eating, smoking, drinking, stress, physical activity, illicit drug use ; Obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, respiratory diseases, cancer; Prevention – Diet and exercise.

UNIT II CANCER 9

Types - Lung cancer, Mouth cancer, Skin cancer, Cervical cancer, Carcinoma oesophagus; Causes Tobacco usage, Diagnosis – Biomarkers, Treatment

UNIT III CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES 9

Coronoary atherosclerosis – Coronary artery disease; Causes -Fat and lipids, Alcohol abuse – Diagnosis - Electrocardiograph, echocardiograph, Treatment, Exercise and Cardiac rehabilitation

UNIT IV DIABETES AND OBESITY 9

Types of Diabetes mellitus; Blood glucose regulation; Complications of diabetes – Paediatric and adolescent obesity – Weight control and BMI

UNIT V RESPIRATORY DISEASES 9

Chronic lung disease, Asthma, COPD; Causes - Breathing pattern (Nasal vs mouth), Smoking – Diagnosis - Pulmonary function testing

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.Kumar&Meenal Kumar, "Guide to Prevention of Lifestyle Diseases", Deep & Deep Publications, 2003
2. Gary Eggar et al. "Lifestyle Medicine", 3rd Edition, Academic Press, 2017

REFERENCES:

1. James M.R, "Lifestyle Medicine", 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2013
2. Akira Miyazaki et al, "New Frontiers in Lifestyle-Related Disease", Springer, 2008

OBT357 BIOTECHNOLOGY IN HEALTH CARE **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The aim of this course is to

1. Create higher standard of knowledge on healthcare system and services
2. Prioritize advanced technologies for the diagnosis and treatment of various diseases

UNIT I PUBLIC HEALTH **9**

Definition and Concept of Public Health, Historical aspects of Public Health, Changing Concepts of Public Health, Public Health versus Medical Care, Unique Features of Public Health, Determinants of Health (Social, Economic, Cultural, Environmental, Education, Genetics, Food and Nutrition), Indicators of health, Burden of disease, Role of different disciplines in Public Health.

UNIT II CLINICAL DISEASES **9**

Communicable diseases: Chickenpox / Shingles, COVID-19, Tuberculosis, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, HIV / AIDS, Influenza, Swine flu, Non Communicable diseases: Diabetes mellitus, atherosclerosis, fatty liver, Obesity, Cancer

UNIT III VACCINOLOGY **9**

History of Vaccinology, conventional approaches to vaccine development, live attenuated and killed vaccines, adjuvants, quality control, preservation and monitoring of microorganisms in seed lot systems. Instruments related to monitoring of temperature, sterilization, environment.

UNIT IV OUTPATIENT & IN PATIENT SERVICES **9**

Radiotherapy, Nuclear medicine, surgical units, OT Medical units, G & Obs. units, Pediatric, neonatal units, Critical care units, Physical medicine & Rehabilitation, Neurology, Gastroenterology, Endoscopy, Pulmonology, Cardiology.

UNIT V BASICS OF IMAGING MODALITIES **9**

Diagnostic X-rays - Computer tomography – MRI – Ultrasonography – Endoscopy – Thermography – Different types of biotelemetry systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Joseph J.carr and John M. Brown, Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology, John Wiley and sons, New York, 4th Edition, 2012
2. Thomas M. Devlin,Textbook of Biochemistry with clinical correlations, Wiley Liss Publishers
3. The Vaccine Book (2nd Ed.), Rafi Ahmed, Roy M. Anderson et. al.Editor(s): Barry R.Bloom, PaulHenri Lambert, Academic Press, 2016, Pages xxi-xxiv.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Suh, Sang, Gurupur, Varadraj P., Tanik, Murat M., Health Care Systems, Technology and Techniques, Springer, 1st Edition, 2011
2. Burtis & Ashwood W.B. Tietz Textbook of Clinical chemistry, Saunders Company
3. Levine, M. M. (2004). New Generation Vaccines. New York: M. Dekker

VERTICAL 1: FINTECH AND BLOCK CHAIN

CMG331	**FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**	**L T P C** **3 0 0 3**

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

1. To acquire the knowledge of the decision areas in finance.
2. To learn the various sources of Finance
3. To describe about capital budgeting and cost of capital.
4. To discuss on how to construct a robust capital structure and dividend policy
5. To develop an understanding of tools on Working Capital Management.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL MANGEMENT **9**

Definition and Scope of Finance Functions - Objectives of Financial Management - Profit Maximization and Wealth Maximization- Time Value of money- Risk and return concepts.

UNIT II SOURCES OF FINANCE **9**

Long term sources of Finance -Equity Shares – Debentures - Preferred Stock – Features – Merits and Demerits. Short term sources - Bank Sources, Trade Credit, Overdrafts, Commercial Papers, Certificate of Deposits, Money market mutual funds etc

UNIT III INVESTMENT DECISIONS **9**

Investment Decisions: capital budgeting – Need and Importance – Techniques of Capital Budgeting – Payback -ARR – NPV – IRR –Profitability Index.
Cost of Capital - Cost of Specific Sources of Capital - Equity -Preferred Stock- Debt - Reserves - Concept and measurement of cost of capital - Weighted Average Cost of Capital.

UNIT IVFINANCING AND DIVIDEND DECISION **9**

Operating Leverage and Financial Leverage- EBIT-EPS analysis. Capital Structure – determinants of Capital structure- Designing an Optimum capital structure .
Dividend policy - Aspects of dividend policy - practical consideration - forms of dividend policy - - Determinants of Dividend Policy

UNIT V WORKING CAPITAL DECISION **9**

Working Capital Management: Working Capital Management - concepts - importance - Determinants of Working capital. Cash Management: Motives for holding cash – Objectives and Strategies of Cash Management. Receivables Management: Objectives - Credit policies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. M.Y. Khan and P.K.Jain Financial management, Text, Tata McGraw Hill
2. M. Pandey Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

REFERENCES

1. James C. Vanhorne –Fundamentals of Financial Management– PHI Learning.
2. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management.
3. Srivatsava, Mishra, Financial Management, Oxford University Press, 2011

CMG332 FUNDAMENTALS OF INVESTMENT **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

1. Describe the investment environment in which investment decisions are taken.
2. Explain how to Value bonds and equities
3. Explain the various approaches to value securities
4. Describe how to create efficient portfolios through diversification
5. Discuss the mechanism of investor protection in India.

UNIT I THE INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT **9**

The investment decision process, Types of Investments - Commodities, Real Estate and FinancialAssets, the Indian securities market, the market participants and trading of securities, securitymarket indices, sources of financial information, Concept of return and risk, Impact of Taxes andInflationonreturn.

UNIT II FIXED INCOME SECURITIES **9**

Bond features, types of bonds, estimating bond yields, Bond Valuation types of bond risks, defaultrisk andcreditrating.

UNIT III APPROACHES TOEQUITYANALYSIS **9**

Introduction to Fundamental Analysis, Technical Analysis and Efficient Market Hypothesis, dividend capitalisation models, and price-earnings multiple approach to equity valuation.

UNIT IV PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS AND FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES **9**

Portfolio and Diversification, Portfolio Risk and Return; Mutual Funds; Introduction to Financial Derivatives; Financial Derivatives Markets in India

UNIT V INVESTOR PROTECTION **9**

Role of SEBI and stock exchanges in investor protection; Investor grievances and their redressal system, insider trading, investors' awareness andactivism

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Charles P. Jones, Gerald R. Jensen, Investments: analysis and management, Wiley, 14th Edition, 2019.
2. Chandra, Prasanna. Investment analysis and portfolio management. McGraw-hill education, 5th, Edition, 2017.
3. Rustagi, R. P. Investment Management Theory and Practice, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2021.
4. ZviBodie, Alex Kane, Alan J Marcus, PitabasMohanty, Investments, McGraw Hill Education (India), 11 Edition(SIE), 2019

CMG333 BANKING, FINANCIAL SERVICES AND INSURANCE **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- Understand the Banking system in India
- Grasp how banks raise their sources and how they deploy it
- Understand the development in banking technology
- Understand the financial services in India
- Understand the insurance Industry in India

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN BANKING SYSTEM **9**

Overview of Banking system – Structure – Functions –Banking system in India - Key Regulations in Indian Banking sector –RBI. Relationship between Banker and Customer - Retail & Wholesale Banking – types of Accounts - Opening and operation of Accounts.

UNIT II MANAGING BANK FUNDS/ PRODUCTS **9**

Liquid Assets – Investment in securities - Advances - Loans.Negotiable Instruments – Cheques, Bills of Exchange & Promissory Notes.Designing deposit schemes- Asset and Liability Management – NPA's – Current issues on NPA's – M&A's of banks into securities market.

UNIT III DEVELOPMENT IN BANKING TECHNOLOGY **9**

Payment system in India – paper based – e payment –electronic banking –plastic money – e-money –forecasting of cash demand at ATM's –The Information Technology Act, 2000 in India – RBI's Financial Sector Technology vision document – security threats in e-banking & RBI's Initiative.

UNIT IV FINANCIAL SERVICES **9**

Introduction – Need for Financial Services – Financial Services Market in India – NBFC — Leasing and Hire Purchase— mutual funds. Venture Capital Financing –Bill discounting –factoring – Merchant Banking

UNIT V INSURANCE **9**

Insurance –Concept - Need - History of insurance industry in India. Insurance Act, 1938 –IRDA – Regulations – Life Insurance - Annuities and Unit Linked Policies - Lapse of the Policy – revival – settlement of claim.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES :

1. Padmalatha Suresh and Justin Paul, "Management of Banking and Financial Services, Pearson, Delhi, 2017.
2. Meera Sharma, "Management of Financial Institutions – with emphasis on Bank and Risk Management", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2010
3. Peter S. Rose and Sylvia C. and Hudgins, "Bank Management and Financial Services", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017

CMG334 INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN AND ITS APPLICATIONS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN **9**
Blockchain: The growth of blockchain technology - Distributed systems - The history of blockchain and Bitcoin - Features of a blockchain - Types of blockchain, Consensus: Consensus mechanism - Types of consensus mechanisms - Consensus in blockchain. Decentralization: Decentralization using blockchain - Methods of decentralization - Routes to decentralization- Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization - Smart contracts - Decentralized Organizations- Platforms for decentralization.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO CRYPTOCURRENCY **9**
Bitcoin – Digital Keys and Addresses – Transactions – Mining – Bitcoin Networks and Payments – Wallets – Alternative Coins – Theoretical Limitations – Bitcoin limitations – Name coin – Prime coin – Zcash – Smart Contracts – Ricardian Contracts- Deploying smart contracts on a blockchain

UNIT III Ethereum **9**
Introduction - The Ethereum network - Components of the Ethereum ecosystem - Transactions and messages - Ether cryptocurrency / tokens (ETC and ETH) - The Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Ethereum Development Environment: Test networks - Setting up a private net - Starting up the private network.

UNIT IV WEB3 AND HYPERLEDGE **9**
Introduction to Web3 – Contract Deployment – POST Requests – Development Frameworks – Hyperledger as a Protocol – The Reference Architecture – Hyperledger Fabric – Distributed Ledger – Corda.

UNIT V EMERGING TRENDS **9**
Kadena – Ripple – Rootstock – Quorum – Tendermint – Scalability – Privacy – Other Challenges – Blockchain Research – Notable Projects – Miscellaneous Tools.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCE

1. Imran Bashir, Mastering block chain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and Smart Contracts Explained, Packt Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2018
2. Peter Borovykh , Blockchain Application in Finance, Blockchain Driven, 2nd Edition, 2018
3. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Blockchain Applications: A Hands On Approach", VPT, 2017.

CMG335 FINTECH PERSONAL FINANCE AND PAYMENTS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I CURRENCY EXCHANGE AND PAYMENT **9**
Understand the concept of Crypto currency- Bitcoin and Applications -Cryptocurrencies and Digital Crypto Wallets -Types of Cryptocurrencies - Cryptocurrencies and Applications, block chain, Artificial Intelligence, machine learning, Fintech users, Individual Payments, RTGS Systems, Immediate Page 54 of 90 Payment Service (IMPS), Unified Payments Interface (UPI).Legal and Regulatory Implications of Crypto currencies, Payment systems and their regulations.Digital Payments Smart Cards, Stored-Value Cards, EC Micropayments, Payment Gateways, Mobile Payments, Digital and Virtual Currencies, Security, Ethical, Legal, Privacy, and Technology Issues.

UNIT II DIGITAL FINANCE AND ALTERNATIVE FINANCE **9**
A Brief History of Financial Innovation, Digitization of Financial Services, Crowd funding, Charity and Equity., Introduction to the concept of Initial Coin Offering

UNIT III INSURETECH **9**
InsurTech Introduction , Business model disruption. AI/ML in InsurTech • IoT and InsurTech ,Risk Modeling ,Fraud Detection Processing claims and Underwriting Innovations in Insurance Services

UNIT IV PEER TO PEER LENDING **9**
P2P and Marketplace Lending, New Models and New Products in market place lending P2P Infrastructure and technologies , Concept of Crowdfunding Crowdfunding Architecture and Technology ,P2P and Crowdfunding unicorns and business models , SME/MSME Lending: Unique opportunities and Challenges, Solutions and Innovations

UNIT V REGULATORY ISSUES **9**
FinTech Regulations: Global Regulations and Domestic Regulations, Evolution of RegTech, RegTech Ecosystem: Financial Institutions, RegTech Ecosystem: StartupsRegTech, Startups: Challenges, RegTech Ecosystem: Regulators, Use of AI in regulation and Fraud detection

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCE

1. Swanson Seth, Fintech for Beginners: Understanding and Utilizing the power of technology, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform 2016.
2. Moosa AuTanda, Fintech Bigtech And Banks Digitalization and its Impact On Banking Business, Springer, 2019
3. Henning Diedrich, Ethereum: Blockchains, Digital Assets, Smart Contracts, Decentralized Autonomous Organizations, Wildfire Publishing, 2016
4. Jacob William, FinTech:TheBeginner's Guide to Financial Technology, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016
5. IIBF: Digital Banking, Taxmann Publication, 2016
6. Jacob William, Financial Technology, Create space Independent Pub, 2016
7. Luke Sutton, Financial Technology: Bitcoin & Blockchain, Createspace Independent Pub. 2016

CMG336 **INTRODUCTION TO FINTECH** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
1. To learn about history, importance and evolution of Fintech
2. To acquire the knowledge of Fintech in payment industry
3. To acquire the knowledge of Fintech in insurance industry
4. To learn the Fintech developments around the world
5. To know about the future of Fintech

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**
Fintech - Definition, History, concept, meaning, architecture, significance, Goals, key areas in Fintech, Importance of Fintech, role of Fintech in economic development, opportunities and challenges in Fintech, Evolution of Fintech in different sectors of the industry - Infrastructure, Banking Industry, Startups and Emerging Markets, recent developments in FinTech, future prospects and potential issues with Fintech.

UNIT II PAYMENT INDUSTRY **9**
FinTech in Payment Industry-Multichannel digital wallets, applications supporting wallets, onboarding and KYC application, FinTech in Lending Industry- Formal lending, Informal lending, P2P lending, POS lending, Online lending, Payday lending, Microfinance, Crowdfunding.

UNIT III INSURANCE INDUSTRY **9**
FinTech in Wealth Management Industry-Financial Advice, Automated Investing, Socially responsible Investing, Fractional Investing, Social Investing. FinTech in Insurance Industry- P2P Insurance, On-Demand Insurance, On-Demand Consultation, Customer engagement through Quote to sell, policy servicing, Claims Management, Investment linked health insurance.

UNIT IV FINTECH AROUND THE GLOBE **9**
FinTech developments - US, Europe and UK, Germany, Sweden, France, China, India, Africa, Australia, New Zealand, Brazil and Middle East, Regulatory and Policy Assessment for Growth of FinTech. FinTech as disruptors, Financial institutions collaborating with FinTech companies, The new financial world.

UNIT V FUTURE OF FINTECH **9**
How emerging technologies will change financial services, the future of financial services, banking on innovation through data, why FinTech banks will rule the world, The FinTech Supermarket, Banks partnering with FinTech start-ups, The rise of BankTech, Fintech impact on Retail Banking, A future without money, Ethics in Fintech.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Arner D., Barberis J., Buckley R. The evolution of FinTech: a new post crisis paradigm, University of New South Wales Research Series, 2015
2. Susanne Chishti, Janos Barberis, The FINTECH Book: The Financial Technology Handbook for Investors, Entrepreneurs and Visionaries, Wiley Publications, 2016
3. Richard Hayen, FinTech: The Impact and Influence of Financial Technology on Banking and the Finance Industry, 2016
4. Parag Y Arjunwadkar, FinTech: The Technology Driving Disruption in the financial service industry CRC Press, 2018
5. Sanjay Phadke, Fintech Future : The Digital DNA of Finance Paperback, Sage Publications, 2020
6. Pranay Gupta, T. Mandy Tham, Fintech: The New DNA of Financial Services Paperback, 2018

VERTICAL 2: ENTREPRENEURSHIP

CMG337 FOUNDATIONS OF ENTREPRENERUSHIP

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

- To develop and strengthen the entrepreneurial quality and motivation of learners.
- To impart the entrepreneurial skills and traits essential to become successful entrepreneurs.
- To apply the principles and theories of entrepreneurship and management in Technology oriented businessess.
- To empower the learners to run a Technology driven business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ENTREPRENEURSHIP 9

Entrepreneurship- Definition, Need, Scope - Entrepreneurial Skill & Traits - Entrepreneur vs. Intrapreneur, Classification of entrepreneurs, Types of entrepreneurs -Factors affecting entrepreneurial development – Achievement Motivation – Contributions of Entreprenrship to Economic Development.

UNIT II BUSINESS OWNERSHIP & ENVRIONMENT 9

Types of Business Ownership – Buiness Environemental Factors – Political-Economic-Sociological-Technological-Environmental-Legal aspects – Human Resources Mobilisation-Basics of Managing Finance- Essentials of Marketing Management - Production and Operations Planning – Systems Management and Administration

UNIT III FUNDAMENTALS OF TECHNOPRENEURSHIP 9

Introduction to Technopreneurship – Definition, Need, Scope- Emerging Concepts- Principles - Characteristics of a technopreneur - Impacts of Technopreneurship on Society – Economy- Job Opportuinites in Technopreneurship - Recent trends

UNIT IV APPLICATIONS OF TECHNOPRENEURSHIP 9

Technology Entrepreneurship - Local, National and Global practices - Intrapreneurship and Technology interactions, Networking of entrepreneurial activities – Launching – Managing Technology based Product / Service entrepreneurship — Success Stories of Technopreneurs - Case Studies

UNIT V EMERGING TRENDS IN ENTREPRENERUSHIP 9

Effective Business Management Strategies For Franchising - Sub-Contracting- Leasing- Technopreneurs – Agripreneurs - Netpreneurs- Portfolio entrepreneurship - NGO Entrepreneurship – Recent Entrpreneurial Developments - Local – National - Global perspectives.

TOTAL45 : PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

CO 1 Learn the basics of Entrepreneurship

CO 2 Understand the business ownership patterns and environment

CO 3 Understand the Job opportunities in Industries relating to Technopreneurship

CO 4 Learn about applications of tehnopreneurship and successful technopreneurs

CO 5 Acquaint with the recent and emerging trends in entrepreneruship

TEXT BOOKS:

1) S.S.Khanka, "Entrepreneurial Development" S.Chand & Co. Ltd. Ram Nagar New Delhi, 2021.

2) Donal F Kuratko Entrepreneurship (11th Edition) Theory, Process, Practice by Published 2019 by Cengage Learning.

REFERENCES :

1) Daniel Mankani, 2003. Technopreneurship: The successful Entrepreneur in the new Economy. Prentice Hall
2) Edward Elgar, 2007. Entrepreneurship, Cooperation and the Firm: The Emergence and Survival of High-Technology Ventures in Europe. Ed: Jan Ulijn, Dominique Drillon, and Frank Lasch. Wiley Pub.
3) Lang, J. 2002. The High Tech Entrepreneur's Handbook. Ft.com.
4) David Sheff 2002. China Dawn: The Story of a Technology and Business Revolution, HarperBusiness.https://fanny.staff.uns.ac.id/files/2013/12/Technopreneur-BASED-EDUCATION-REVOLUTION.pdf
6) JumpStart: A Technoprenuership Fable. Dennis Posadas. (Singapore: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2009
7) Basics of Technopreneurship: Module 1.1-1.2, Frederico Gonzales, President-PESO Inc. M. Barcelon, UP
8) Journal articles pertaining to Entrepreneurship

CMG338 TEAM BUILDING & LEADERSHIP MANAGEMENT FOR BUSINESS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop and strengthen the Leadership qualities and motivation of learners.
- To impart the Leadership skills and traits essential to become successful entrepreneurs.
- To apply the principles and theories of Team Building in managing Technology oriented businesses.
- To empower the learners to build robust teams for running and leading a business efficiently and effectively.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGING TEAMS 9

Introduction to Team - Team Dynamics - Team Formation – Stages of Team Devlopment - Enhancing teamwork within a group - Team Coaching - Team Decision Making - Virtual Teams - Self Directed Work Teams (SDWTs) -Multicultural Teams.

UNIT II MANAGING AND DEVELOPING EFFECTIVE TEAMS 9

Team-based Organisations- Leadership roles in team-based organisations – Offsite training and team development - Experiential Learning - Coaching and Mentoring in team building - Building High-Performance Teams - Building Credibility and Trust - Skills for Developing Others - Team Building at the Top - Leadership in Teamwork Effectiveness.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO LEADERSHIP 9

Introduction to Leadership - Leadership Myths – Characteristics of Leader, Follower and Situation - Leadership Attributes - Personality Traits and Leadership- Intelligence Types and Leadership - Power and Leadership - Delegation and Empowerment .

UNIT IV LEADERSHIP IN ORGANISATIONS 9

Leadership Styles – LMX Theory- Leadership Theory and Normative Decision Model - Situational Leadership Model - Contingency Model and Path Goal Theory – Transactional and Transformational Leadership - Charismatic Leadership - Role of Ethics and Values in Organisational Leadership.

UNIT V LEADERSHIP EFFECTIVENESS 9

Leadership Behaviour - Assessment of Leadership Behaviors - Destructive Leadership - Motivation and Leadership - Managerial Incompetence and Derailment Conflict Management - Negotiation and Leadership - Culture and Leadership - Global Leadership – Recent Trends in Leadership.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

CO 1 Learn the basics of managing teams for business.
CO 2 Understand developing effective teams for business management.
CO 3 Understand the fundamentals of leadership for running a business.
CO 4 Learn about the importance of leadership for business development.
CO 5 Acquaint with emerging trends in leadership effectiveness for entrepreneurs."

REFERENCES :

1. Hughes, R.L., Ginnett, R.C., & Curphy, G.J., Leadership: Enhancing the lessons of experience ,9th Ed, McGraw Hill Education, Chennai, India (2019).
2. Katzenback, J.R. Smith, D.K. The Wisdom of Teams: Creating the High Performance Organisations, Harvard Business Review Press, (2015).
3. Haldar, U.K., Leadership and Team Building, Oxford University Press, (2010). 4. Daft, R.L., The Leadership Experience, Cengage, (2015).
5. Daniel Levi, Group Dynamics for Teams ,4th Ed, (2014), Sage Publications.
6. Dyer, W. G., Dyer, W. G., Jr., & Dyer, J. H. Team building: Proven strategies for improving team performance, 5thed, Jossey-Bass, (2013).

CMG339 CREATIVITY & INNOVATION IN ENTREPRENEURSHIP

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop the creativity skills among the learners
- To impart the knowledge of creative intelligence essential for entrepreneurs
- To know the applications of innovation in entpreneship.
- To develeop innovative business models for business.

UNIT I CREATIVITY 9

Creativity: Definition- Forms of Creativity-Essence, Elaborative and Expressive Creativities- Quality of Creativity-Existential, Entrepreneurial and Empowerment Creativities – Creative Environment-Creative Technology- - Creative Personality and Motivation.

UNIT II CREATIVE INTELLIGENCE 9

Creative Intelligence: Convergent thinking ability – Traits Congenial to creativity – Creativity Training--Criteria for evaluating Creativity-Credibe Evaluation- Improving the quality of our creativity – Creative Tools and Techniques - Blocks to creativity- fears and Disabilities- Strategies for Unblocking- Designing Creativity Enabling Environment.

UNIT III INNOVATION 9

Innovation: Definition- Levels of Innovation- Incremental Vs Radical Innovation-Product Innovation and Process- Technological, Organizational Innovation – Indicators- Characteristics of Innovation in Different Sectors. Theories in Innovation and Creativity- Design Thinking and Innovation-Innovation as Collective Change-Innovation as a system.

UNIT IV INNOVATION AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP 9
Innovation and Entrepreneurship: Entrepreneurial Mindset , Motivations and Behaviours-Opportunity Analysis and Decision Making- Industry Understanding - Entrepreneurial Opportunities- Entrepreneurial Strategies – Technology Pull/Market Push – Product -Market fit

UNIT V INNOVATIVE BUSINESS MODELS 9
Innovative Business Models: Customer Discovery-Customer Segments-Prospect Theory and Developing Value Propositions- Developing Business Models: Elements of Business Models – Innovative Business Models: Elements, Designing Innovative Business Models- Responsible Innovation and Creativity.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:
CO 1 Learn the basics of creativity for developing Entrepreneurship
CO 2 Understand the importance of creative intelligence for business growth
CO 3 Understand the advances through Innovation in industries
CO 4 Learn about applications of innovation in building successful ventures
CO 5 Acquaint with developing innovative business models to run the business effeciently and effectively

Suggested Readings:

Creativity and Inovation in Entrepreneurship, Kankha, Sultan Chand
Pradip N Khandwalla, Lifelong Creativity, An Unending Quest, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2004.
Paul Trott, Innovation Management and New Product Development, 4e, Pearson, 2016.
Vinnie Jauhari, Sudanshu Bhushan, Innovation Management, Oxford Higher Education, 2014.
Innovation Management, C.S.G. Krishnamacharyulu, R. Lalitha, Himalaya Publishing House, 2010.
A. Dale Timpe, Creativity, Jaico Publishing House, 2003.
Brian Clegg, Paul Birch, Creativity, Kogan Page, 2009.
Strategic Innovation: Building and Sustaining Innovative Organizations- Course Era, Raj Echambadi.

CMG340 PRINCIPLES OF MARKETING MANAGEMENT FOR BUSINESS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
- To provide basic knowledge of concepts, principles, tools and techniques of marketing for entrepreneurs
- To provide an exposure to the students pertaining to the nature and Scope of marketing, which they are expected to possess when they enter the industry as practitioners.
- To give them an understanding of fundamental premise underlying market driven strategies and the basic philosophies and tools of marketing management for business owners

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MARKETING MANAGEMENT 9
Introduction - Market and Marketing – Concepts- Functions of Marketing - Importance of Marketing - Marketing Orientations - Marketing Mix-The Traditional 4Ps - The Modern Components of the Mix - The Additional 3Ps - Developing an Effective Marketing Mix.

UNIT II MARKETING ENVIRONMENT 9
Introduction - Environmental Scanning - Analysing the Organisation's Micro Environment and Macro Environment - Differences between Micro and Macro Environment – Techniques of

Environment Scanning - Marketing organization - Marketing Research and the Marketing Information System, Types and Components.

UNIT III PRODUCT AND PRICING MANAGEMENT **9**
Product- Meaning, Classification, Levels of Products – Product Life Cycle (PLC) - Product Strategies - Product Mix - Packaging and Labeling - New Product Development - Brand and Branding - Advantages and disadvantages of branding Pricing - Factors Affecting Price Decisions - Cost Based Pricing - Value Based and Competition Based Pricing - Pricing Strategies - National and Global Pricing.

UNIT IV PROMOTION AND DISTRIBTUION MANAGEMENT **9**
Introduction to Promotion – Marketing Channels- Integrated Marketing Communications (IMC) - Introduction to Advertising and Sales Promotion – Basics of Public Relations and Publicity - Personal Selling - Process - Direct Marketing - Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning (STP)- Logistics Management- Introduction to Retailing and Wholesaling.

UNIT V CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN MARKETING MANAGEMENT **9**
Introduction - Relationship Marketing Vs. Relationship Management - Customer Relationship Management (CRM) - Forms of Relationship Management - CRM practices - Managing Customer Loyalty and Development – Buyer-Seller Relationships- Buying Situations in Industrial / Business Market - Buying Roles in Industrial Marketing - Factors that Influence Business - Services Marketing - E-Marketing or Online Marketing.

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
After completion of this course, the students will be able to :
CO1 Have the awareness of marketing management process
CO 2 Understand the marketing environment
CO 3 Acquaint about product and pricing strategies
CO 4 Knowledge of promotion and distribution in marketing management
CO 5 Comprehend the contemporary marketing scenarios and offer solutions to marketing issues.

REFERENCES:
1. Marketing Management, Sherlekar S.A. Himalaya Publishing House, 2016.
2. Marketing Management , Philip Kotler and Kevin Lane Keller, PHI 15th Ed, 2015.
3 Marketing Management- An Indian perspective, Vijay Prakash Anand, Biztantra, Second edition, 2016.
4. Marketing Management Global Perspective, Indian Context, V.S.Ramaswamy & S.Namakumari, Macmillan Publishers India,5th edition, 2015.
5. Marketing Management, S.H.H. Kazmi, 2013, Excel Books India.
6. Marketing Management- text and Cases, Dr. C.B.Gupta & Dr. N.Rajan Nair, 17th edition, 2016.

CMG341 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT FOR ENTREPRENEURS L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

1. To introduce the basic concepts, structure and functions of human resource management for entrepreneurs.
2. To create an awareness of the roles, functions and functioning of human resource department.
3. To understand the methods and techniques followed by Human Resource Management practitioners.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HRM 9
Concept, Definition, Objectives- Nature and Scope of HRM - Evolution of HRM - HR Manager Roles- Skills - Personnel Management Vs. HRM - Human Resource Policies - HR Accounting - HR Audit - Challenges in HRM.

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING 9
HR Planning - Definition - Factors- Tools - Methods and Techniques - Job analysis- Job rotation- Job Description - Career Planning - Succession Planning - HRIS - Computer Applications in HR - Recent Trends

UNIT III RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION 9
Sources of recruitment- Internal Vs. External - Domestic Vs. Global Sources -eRecruitment - Selection Process- Selection techniques -eSelection- Interview Types- Employee Engagement.

UNIT IV TRAINING AND EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT 9
Types of Training - On-The-Job, Off-The-Job - Training Needs Analysis – Induction and Socialisation Process - Employee Compensation - Wages and Salary Administration – Health and Social Security Measures- Green HRM Practices

UNIT V CONTROLLING HUMAN RESOURCES 9
Performance Appraisal – Types - Methods - Collective Bargaining - Grievances Redressal Methods – Employee Discipline – Promotion – Demotion - Transfer – Dismissal - Retrenchment - Union Management Relationship - Recent Trends

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

Upon completion of this course the learners will be able:
CO 1 To understand the Evolution of HRM and Challenges faced by HR Managers
CO 2 To learn about the HR Planning Methods and practices.
CO 3 To acquaint about the Recruitment and Selection Techniques followed in Industries.
CO 4 To known about the methods of Training and Employee Development.
CO 5 To comprehend the techniques of controlling human resources in organisations.

REFERENCES

1) Gary Dessler and Biju Varkkey, Human Resource Management, 14e , Pearson, 2015.
2) Mathis and Jackson, Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning 15e, 2017.
3) David A. Decenzo, Stephen.P.Robbins, and Susan L. Verhulst, Human Resource Management, Wiley, International Student Edition, 11th Edition, 2014
4) R. Wayne Mondy, Human Resource Management, Pearson , 2015.
5) Luis R.Gomez-Mejia, David B.Balkin, Robert L Cardy, Managing Human Resource, PHI Learning, 2012
6) John M. Ivancevich, Human Resource Management,12e, McGraw Hill Irwin,2013.
7) K. Aswathappa, Sadhna Dash , Human Resource Management - Text and Cases , 9th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
8) Uday Kumar Haldar, Juthika Sarkar, Human Resource management, Oxford, 2012

CMG342 FINANCING NEW BUSINESS VENTURES **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

Course Objectives

- To develop the basics of business venture financing.
- To impart the knowledge essential for entrepreneurs for financing new ventures.
- To acquaint the learners with the sources of debt and quity financing.
- To empower the learners towards fund raising for new ventures effectively.

UNIT I ESSENTIALS OF NEW BUSINES VENTURE **9**

Setting up new Business Ventures – Need - Scope - Franchising - Location Strategy, Registration Process - State Directorate of Industries- Financing for New Ventures - Central and State Government Agencies - Types of loans - Financial Institutions - SFC, IDBI, NSIC and SIDCO.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO VENTURE FINANCING **9**

Venture Finance – Definition – Historic Background - Funding New Ventures- Need – Scope – Types - Cost of Project - Means of Financing - Estimation of Working Capital - Requirement of funds – Mix of Debt and Equity - Challenges and Opportunities.

UNIT III SOURCES OF DEBT FINANCING **9**

Fund for Capital Assets - Term Loans - Leasing and Hire-Purchase - Money Market instruments – Bonds, Corporate Papers – Preference Capital- Working Capital Management- Fund based Credit Facilities - Cash Credit - Over Draft.

UNIT IV SOURCES OF EQUITY FINANCING **9**

Own Capital, Unsecured Loan - Government Subsidies , Margin Money- Equity Funding - Private Equity Fund- Schemes of Commercial banks - Angel Funding – Crowdfunding- Venture Capital.

UNIT V METHODS OF FUND RAISING FOR NEW VENTURES **9**

Investor Decision Process - Identifying the appropriate investors- Targeting investors- Developing Relationships with investors - Investor Selection Criteria- Company Creation- Raising Funds - Seed Funding- VC Selection Criteria – Process- Methods- Recent Trends

TOTAL 45 : PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

CO 1 Learn the basics of starting a new business venture.
CO 2 Understand the basics of venture financing.
CO 3 Understand the sources of debt financing.
CO 4 Understand the sources of equity financing.
CO 5 Acquaint with the methods of fund raising for new business ventures.

REFERENCES :

1) Principles of Corporate Finance by Bredley and Myers et al.,12^TH ed, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2018.
2) Prasanna Chandra, Projects : Planning ,Analysis,Selection ,Financing,Implementation and Review, McGraw Hill Education India Pvt Ltd ,New Delhi , 2019.
3) Introduction to Project Finance, Andrew Fight,Butterworth-Heinemann, 2006.
4) Metrick, Andrew; Yasuda, Ayako, Venture Capital And The Finance Of Innovation, Venture Capital And The Finance Of Innovation, 2nd Edition, Andrew Metrick And Ayako Yasuda, Eds., John Wiley And Sons, Inc; 2010.
5) Feld, Brad; Mendelson, Jason, Venture Deals, Wiley, 2011.
6) May, John; Simons, Cal. Every Business Needs An Angel: Getting The Money You Need To Make Your Business Grow, Crown Business, 2001.

7) Gompers, Paul Alan; Lerner, Joshua. The Money Of Invention: How Venture Capital Creates New Wealth. Harvard Business Press, 2001.
8) Camp, Justin J. Venture Capital Due Diligence: A Guide To Making Smart Investment Choices And Increasing Your Portfolio Returns. John Wiley & Sons, 2002.
9) Byers, Thomas. Technology Ventures: From Idea To Enterprise. Mcgraw-Hill Higher Education, 2014.
10) Lerner, Josh; Leamon, Ann; Hardymon, Felda. Venture Capital, Private Equity, And The Financing Of Entrepreneurship. 2012.

VERTICAL 3: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

CMG343	PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I **(9)**
1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration
2. Importance of Public Administration
3. Evolution of Public Administration

UNIT II **(9)**
1. New Public Administration
2. New Public Management
3. Public and Private Administration

UNIT III **(9)**
1. Relationships with Political Science, History and Sociology
2. Classical Approach
3. Scientific Management Approach

UNIT IV **(9)**
1. Bureaucratic Approach: Max Weber
2. Human Relations Approach : Elton Mayo
3. Ecological Approach : Riggs

UNIT V **(9)**
1. Leadership: Leadership - Styles - Approaches
2. Communication: Communication Types - Process - Barriers
3. Decision Making: Decision Making - Types, Techniques and Processes.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCEs:

1. Avasthi and Maheswari. Public Administration in India, Agra:Lakshmi Narain Agarwal,2013.
2. Ramesh K Arora: Indian Public Administration, New Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan, 2012.
3. R.B. Jain: Public Administration in India,21st Century Challenges for Good Governance, New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 2002.
4. Rumki Basu: Public Administration:Concept and Theories, New Delhi:Sterling, 2013.
5. R. Tyagi, Public Administration, Atma Ram & Sons, New Delhi, 1983.

CMG344 CONSTITUTION OF INDIA **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I **(9)**
1. Constitutional Development Since 1909 to 1947
2. Making of the Constitution
3. Constituent Assembly

UNIT II **(9)**
1. Fundamental Rights
2. Fundamental Duties
3. Directive Principles of State Policy

UNIT III **(9)**
1. President
2. Parliament
3. Supreme Court

UNIT IV **(9)**
1. Governor
2. State Legislature
3. High Court

UNIT V **(9)**
1. Secularism
2. Social Justice
3. Minority Safeguards

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:
1. Basu. D.D., Introduction to Indian Constitution ; Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
2. Kapur, A.C; Indian Government and Political System: S.Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi
3. Johari J.C.; Indian Politics, Vishal Publications Ltd, New Delhi
4. Agarwal R.C. Indian Political System; S Chand & Co., New Delhi

CMG345 PUBLIC PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I **(9)**
1. Meaning, Scope and Importance of Personnel Administration
2. Types of Personnel Systems: Bureaucratic, Democratic and Representative systems

UNIT II **(9)**
1. Generalist Vs Specialist
2. Civil Servants' Relationship with Political Executive
3. Integrity in Administration

UNIT III **(9)**
1. Recruitment: Direct Recruitment and Recruitment from Within
2. Training: Kinds of Training
3. Promotion

UNIT IV (9)

1. All India Services
2. Service Conditions
3. State Public Service Commission

UNIT V (9)

1. Employer Employee Relations
2. Wage and Salary Administration
3. Allowances and Benefits

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Stahl Glean O: Public Personnel Administration
2. Parnandikar Pai V.A: Personnel System for Development Administration.
3. Bhambhiru , P: Bureaucracy and Policy in India.
4. Dwivedi O.P and Jain R.B. India's Administrative state.
5. Mutalis M.A: Union Public Service Commission.
6. Bhakara Rao ,V: Employer Employee Relations in India.
7. Davar R.S. Personnel Management & Industrial Relations

CMG346 **ADMINISTRATIVE THEORIES** **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

UNIT I (9)

Meaning, Scope and significance of Public Administration, Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline and Identity of Public Administration

UNIT II (9)

Theories of Organization: Scientific Management Theory, Classical Model, Human Relations Theory

UNIT III (9)

Organization goals and Behaviour, Groups in organization and group dynamics. Organizational Design.

UNIT IV (9)

Motivation Theories, content, process and contemporary; Theories of Leadership: Traditional and Modern: Process and techniques of decision-making

UNIT V (9)

Administrative thinkers: Kautilya, Woodrow Wilson, C.I. Barnard , Peter Drucker

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Crozier M : The Bureaucratic phenomenon (Chand)
2. Blau, P.M and Scott, W. : Formal Organizations (RKP)
3. Presthus, R : The Organizational Society (MAC)
4. Alvi, Shum Sun Nisa : Eminent Administrative Thinkers
5. Keith Davis : Organization Theory (MAC)

CMG347 INDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I **(9)**
Evolution and Constitutional Context of Indian Administration, Constitutional Authorities: Finance Commission, Union Public Services Commission, Election Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General of India, Attorney General of India

UNIT II **(9)**
Role & Functions of the District Collector, Relationship between the District Collector and Superintendent of Police, Role of Block Development Officer in development programmes, Local Government

UNIT III **(9)**
Main Features of 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act 1992, Salient Features of 74th Constitutional Amendment Act 1992

UNIT IV **(9)**
Coalition politics in India, Integrity and Vigilance in Indian Administration

UNIT V **(9)**
Corruption – Ombudsman, Lok Pal & Lok Ayuktha

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. S.R. Maheswari : Indian Administration
2. Khera, S.S : Administration in India
3. Ramesh K. Arora : Indian Public Administration
4. T.N. Chaturvedi : State administration in India
5. Basu, D.D : Introduction to the Constitution of India

CMG348 PUBLIC POLICY ADMINISTRATION **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

UNIT I **(9)**
Meaning and Definition of Public Policy - Nature, Scope and Importance of public policy – Public policy relationship with social sciences especially with political science and Public Administration.

UNIT II **(9)**
Approaches in Policy Analysis - Institutional Approach – Incremental Approach and System's Approach – Dror's Optimal Model

UNIT III **(9)**
Major stages involved in Policy making Process – Policy Formulation – Policy Implementation – Policy Evaluation.

UNIT IV **(9)**
Institutional Framework of Policy making – Role of Bureaucracy – Role of Interest Groups and Role of Political Parties.

UNIT V **(9)**
Introduction to the following Public Policies – New Economic Policy – Population Policy – Agriculture policy - Information Technology Policy.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Rajesh Chakrabarti & Kaushik Sanyal : Public Policy in India, Oxford University Press, 2016.
2. Kuldeep Mathur : Public Policy and Politics in India, Oxford University Press, 2016.
3. Bidyutv Chakrabarty: Public Policy: Concept, Theory and Practice, 2015.
4. Pradeep Saxena : Public Policy Administration and Development.
5. Sapru R.K. : Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation, Sterling Publishers, 2016.

VERTICAL 4: BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

CMG349 **STATISTICS FOR MANAGEMENT** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To learn the applications of statistics in business decision making.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**
Basic definitions and rules for probability, Baye's theorem and random variables, Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT II SAMPLING DISTRIBUTION AND ESTIMATION **9**
Introduction to sampling distributions, Central limit theorem and applications, sampling techniques, Point and Interval estimates of population parameters.

UNIT III TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS - PARAMETIRC TESTS **9**
Hypothesis testing: one sample and two sample tests for means of large samples (z-test), one sample and two sample tests for means of small samples (t-test), ANOVA one way.

UNIT IV NON-PARAMETRIC TESTS **9**
Chi-square tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit, Kolmogorov-Smirnov – test for goodness of fit, Mann – Whitney U test and Kruskal Wallis test.

UNIT V CORRELATION AND REGRESSION **9**
Correlation –Rank Correlation – Regression – Estimation of Regression line – Method of Least Squares – Standard Error of estimate.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- To facilitate objective solutions in business decision making.
- To understand and solve business problems.
- To apply statistical techniques to data sets, and correctly interpret the results.
- To develop skill-set that is in demand in both the research and business environments.
- To enable the students to apply the statistical techniques in a work setting.

REFERENCES:
1. Richard I. Levin, David S. Rubin, Masood H.Siddiqui, Sanjay Rastogi, Statistics for Management, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2017.
2. Prem. S. Mann, Introductory Statistics, Wiley Publications, 9th Edition, 2015.
3. T N Srivastava and Shailaja Rego, Statistics for Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition 2017.
4. Ken Black, Applied Business Statistics, 7th Edition, Wiley India Edition, 2012.
5. David R. Anderson, Dennis J. Sweeney, Thomas A.Williams, Jeffrey D.Camm, James J.Cochran, Statistics for business and economics, 13th edition, Thomson (South – Western) Asia, Singapore, 2016.
6. N. D. Vohra, Business Statistics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

CMG350 DATAMINING FOR BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES :
- To know how to derive meaning form huge volume of data and information.
- To understand how knowledge discovering process is used in business decision making.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9
Data mining, Text mining, Web mining, Data ware house.

UNIT II DATA MINING PROCESS 9
Datamining process – KDD, CRISP-DM, SEMMA
Prediction performance measures

UNIT III PREDICTION TECHNIQUES 9
Data visualization, Time series – ARIMA, Winter Holts,

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING TECHNIQUES 9
Classification, Association, Clustering.

UNIT V MACHINE LEARNING AND AI 9
Genetic algorithms, Neural network, Fuzzy logic, Ant Colony optimization, Particle Swarm optimization

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
1. Learn to apply various data mining techniques into various areas of different domains.
2. Be able to interact competently on the topic of data mining for business intelligence.
3. Apply various prediction techniques.
4. Learn about supervised and unsupervised learning technique.
5. Develop and implement machine learning algorithms.

REFERENCES :
1. Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, Data Mining concepts and techniques, Kauffmann Publishers 2006

2. Efraim Turban, Ramesh Sharda, Jay E. Aronson and David King, Business Intelligence, Prentice Hall, 2008.
3. W.H.Inmon, Building the Data Warehouse, fourth edition Wiley India pvt. Ltd. 2005.
4. Ralph Kimball and Richard Merz, The data warehouse toolkit, John Wiley, 3rd edition,2013.
5. Michel Berry and Gordon Linoff, Mastering Data mining, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 2nd Edition, 2011
6. Michel Berry and Gordon Linoff, Data mining techniques for Marketing, Sales and Customer support, John Wiley, 2011
7. G. K. Gupta, Introduction to Data mining with Case Studies, Prentice hall of India, 2011
8. Giudici, Applied Data mining – Statistical Methods for Business and Industry, John Wiley. 2009
9. Elizabeth Vitt, Michael Luckevich Stacia Misner, Business Intelligence, Microsoft, 2011
10. Michalewicz Z., Schmidt M. Michalewicz M and Chiriac C, Adaptive Business Intelligence, Springer – Verlag, 2007
11. GalitShmueli, Nitin R. Patel and Peter C. Bruce, Data Mining for Business Intelligence – Concepts, Techniques and Applications Wiley, India, 2010.

CMG351 HUMAN RESOURCE ANALYTICS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To develop the ability of the learners to define and implement HR metrics that are aligned with the overall business strategy.
- To know the different types of HR metrics and understand their respective impact and application
- To understand the impact and use of HR metrics and their connection with HR analytics.
- To understand common workforce issues and resolving them using people analytics.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HR ANALYTICS 9

People Analytics - stages of maturity - Human Capital in the Value Chain - impact on business – HR metrics and KPIs.

UNIT II HR ANLYTICS I: RECRUITMENT 9

Recruitment Metrics : Fill-up ratio - Time to hire - Cost per hire - Early turnover - Employee referral hires - Agency hires - Lateral hires - Fulfilment ratio- Quality of hire.

UNIT III HR ANALYTICS - TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Training & Development Metrics : Percentage of employees trained- Internally and externally trained -Training hours and cost per employee - ROI.

UNIT IV HR ANALYTICS EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT AND CAREER PROGRESSION 9

Employee Engagement Metrics: Talent Retention index - Voluntary and involuntary turnover- grades, performance, and service tenure - Internal hired index Career Progression Metrics: Promotion index - Rotation index - Career path index.

UNIT V HR ANALYTICS IV: WORKFORCE DIVERSITY AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Workforce Diversity and Development Metrics : Employees per manager – Workforce age profiling - Workforce service profiling - Churnover index - Workforce diversity index - Gender mix.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- The learners will be conversant about HR metrics and ready to apply at work settings.
- The learners will be able to resolve HR issues using people analytics.

REFERENCES:

1. JacFitzenz., The New HR Analytics, AMACOM , 2010.
2. Edwards M. R., & Edwards K, Predictive HR Analytics: Mastering the HR Metric.London: Kogan Page,2016.
3. Human Resources kit for Dummies – 3 rd edition – Max Messmer, 2003
4. Dipak Kumar Bhattacharyya, HR Analytics ,Understanding Theories and Applications, SAGE Publications India ,2017
5. Sesil, J. C. , Applying advanced analytics to HR management decisions: Methods to selection, developing incentives, and improving collaboration. Upper Saddle River,New Jersey: Pearson Education,2014.
6. Pease, G., & Beresford, B. Developing Human Capital: Using Analytics to Plan and Optimize Your Learning and Development Investments. Wiley ,2014.
7. Phillips, J., & Phillips, P.P. Making Human Capital Analytics Work: Measuring the ROI of Human Capital Processes and OUTCOME. McGraw-Hill,2014.
8. HR Scorecard and Metrices, HBR, 2001.

CMG352 MARKETING AND SOCIAL MEDIA WEB ANALYTICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE:

- To showcase the opportunities that exist today to leverage the power of the web and social media.

UNIT I MARKETING ANALYTICS **9**

Marketing Budget and Marketing Performance Measure, Marketing - Geographical Mapping, Data Exploration, Market Basket Analysis

UNIT II COMMUNITY BUILDING AND MANAGEMENT **9**

History and Evolution of Social Media-Understanding Science of Social Media –Goals for using Social Media- Social Media Audience and Influencers - Digital PR- Promoting Social Media Pages-Linking Social Media Accounts-The Viral Impact of Social Media.

UNIT III SOCIAL MEDIA POLICIES AND MEASUREMENTS **9**

Social Media Policies-Etiquette, Privacy- ethical problems posed by emerging social media technologies - The Basics of Tracking Social Media.

UNIT IV WEB ANALYTICS **9**

Data Collection, Overview of Qualitative Analysis, Business Analysis, KPI and Planning, Critical Components of a Successful Web Analytics Strategy, Proposals & Reports, Web Data Analysis.

UNIT V SEARCH ANALYTICS **9**

Search engine optimization (SEO), user engagement, user-generated content, web traffic analysis, online security, online ethics, data visualization.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- The Learners will understand social media, web and social media analytics and their potential impact.

REFERENCES:

1. K. M. Shrivastava, Social Media in Business and Governance, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 2013
2. Christian Fuchs, Social Media a critical introduction, SAGE Publications Ltd, 2014
3. Bittu Kumar, Social Networking, V & S Publishers, 2013
4. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics - An Hour a Day, Wiley Publishing, 2007
5. Ric T. Peterson, Web Analytics Demystified, Celilo Group Media and CafePress 2004
6. Takeshi Moriguchi, Web Analytics Consultant Official Textbook, 7th Edition, 2016

CMG353 OPERATION AND SUPPLY CHAIN ANALYTICS **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To treat the subject in depth by emphasizing on the advanced quantitative models and methods in operations and supply chain management and its practical aspects and the latest developments in the field.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **9**

Descriptive, predictive and prescriptive analytics, Data Driven Supply Chains – Basics, transforming supply chains.

UNIT II WAREHOUSING DECISIONS **9**

P-Median Methods – Guided LP Approach, Greedy Drop Heuristics, Dynamic Location Models, Space Determination and Layout Methods.

UNIT III INVENTORY MANAGEMENT **9**

Dynamic Lot sizing Methods, Multi-Echelon Inventory models, Aggregate Inventory system and LIMIT, Risk Analysis in Supply Chain, Risk pooling strategies.

UNIT IV TRANSPORTATION NETWORK MODELS **9**

Minimal Spanning Tree, Shortest Path Algorithms, Maximal Flow Problems, Transportation Problems, Set covering and Set Partitioning Problems, Travelling Salesman Problem, Scheduling Algorithms.

UNIT V MCDM MODELS **9**

Analytic Hierarchy Process(AHP), Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA), Fuzzy Logic an Techniques, the analytical network process (ANP), TOPSIS.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- To enable quantitative solutions in business decision making under conditions of certainty, risk and uncertainty.

REFERENCES:

1. Nada R. Sanders, Big data driven supply chain management: A framework for implementing analytics and turning information into intelligence, Pearson Education, 2014.

2. Michael Watson, Sara Lewis, Peter Cacioppi, Jay Jayaraman, Supply Chain Network Design: Applying Optimization and Analytics to the Global Supply Chain, Pearson Education, 2013.
3. Anna Nagurney, Min Yu, Amir H. Masoumi, Ladimer S. Nagurney, Networks Against Time: Supply Chain Analytics for Perishable Products, Springer, 2013.
4. Muthu Mathirajan, Chandrasekharan Rajendran, Sowmyanarayanan Sadagopan, Arunachalam Ravindran, Parasuram Balasubramanian, Analytics in Operations/Supply Chain Management, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2016.
5. Gerhard J. Plenert, Supply Chain Optimization through Segmentation and Analytics, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2014.

CMG354 **FINANCIAL ANALYTICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

➢ This course introduces a core set of modern analytical tools that specifically target finance applications.

UNIT I CORPORATE FINANCE ANALYSIS **9**

Basic corporate financial predictive modelling- Project analysis- cash flow analysis- cost of capital, Financial Break even modelling, Capital Budget model-Payback, NPV, IRR.

UNIT II FINANCIAL MARKET ANALYSIS **9**

Estimation and prediction of risk and return (bond investment and stock investment) -Time series- examining nature of data, Value at risk, ARMA, ARCH and GARCH.

UNIT III PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS **9**

Portfolio Analysis – capital asset pricing model, Sharpe ratio, Option pricing models- binomial model for options, Black Scholes model and Option implied volatility.

UNIT IV TECHNICAL ANALYSIS **9**

Prediction using charts and fundamentals – RSI, ROC, MACD, moving average and candle charts, simulating trading strategies, Prediction of share prices.

UNIT V CREDIT RISK ANALYSIS **9**

Credit Risk analysis- Data processing, Decision trees, logistic regression and evaluating credit risk model.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME

➢ The learners should be able to perform financial analysis for decision making using excel, Python and R.

REFERENCES:

1. Financial analytics with R by Mark J. Bennett, Dirk L. Hugen, Cambridge university press.
2. Haskell Financial Data Modeling and Predictive Analytics Paperback – Import, 25 Oct 2013 by Pavel Ryzhov
3. Quantitative Financial Analytics: The Path To Investment Profits Paperback – Import, 11 Sep 2017 by Edward E Williams (Author), John A Dobelman
4. Python for Finance - Paperback – Import, 30 Jun 2017 by Yuxing Yan (Author)
5. Mastering Python for Finance Paperback – Import, 29 Apr 2015 by James Ma Weiming

VERTICAL 5: ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY

CES331 SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To impart knowledge about sustainable infrastructure development goals, practices and to understand the concepts of sustainable planning, design, construction, maintenance and decommissioning of infrastructure projects.

UNIT I SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS **9**

Definitions, principles and history of Sustainable Development - Sustainable development goals (SDG): global and Indian – Infrastructure Demand and Supply - Environment and Development linkages - societal and cultural demands – Sustainability indicators - Performance indicators of sustainability and Assessment mechanism - Policy frameworks and practices: global and Indian – Infrastructure Project finance – Infrastructure project life cycle - Constraints and barriers for sustainable development - future directions.

UNIT II SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING **9**

Overview of infrastructure projects: Housing sector, Power sector, Water supply, road, rail and port transportation sector, rural and urban infrastructure. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Land acquisition -Legal aspects, Resettlement &Rehabilitation and Development - Cost effectiveness Analysis - Risk Management Framework for Infrastructure Projects, Economic, demand, political, socio-environmental and cultural risks. Shaping the Planning Phase of Infrastructure Projects to mitigate risks, Designing Sustainable Contracts, Negotiating with multiple Stakeholders on Infrastructure Projects. Use of ICT tools in planning – Integrated planning - Clash detection in construction - BIM (Building Information Modelling)

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES AND TECHNIQUES **9**

Sustainability through lean construction approach - Enabling lean through information technology – Lean in planning and design - IPD (Integrated Project Delivery) - Location Based Management System - Geospatial Technologies for machine control, site management, precision control and real time progress monitoring - Role of logistics in achieving sustainable construction – Data management for integrated supply chains in construction - Resource efficiency benefits of effective logistics - Sustainability in geotechnical practice – Design considerations, Design Parameters and Procedures – Quality control and Assurance - Use of sustainable construction techniques: Precast concrete technology, Pre-engineered buildings.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS **9**

Construction materials: Concrete, steel, glass, aluminium, timber and FRP - No/Low cement concrete - Recycled and manufactured aggregate - Role of QC and durability - Sustainable consumption – Eco-efficiency - green consumerism - product stewardship and green engineering - Extended producer responsibility – Design for Environment Strategies, Practices, Guidelines, Methods, And Tools. Eco-design strategies -Design for Disassembly - Dematerialization, rematerialization, transmaterialization – Green procurement and green distribution - Analysis framework for reuse and recycling – Typical constraints on reuse and recycling - Communication of Life Cycle Information - Indian Eco mark scheme - Environmental product declarations – Environmental marketing- Life cycle Analysis (LCA). Advances in LCA: Hybrid LCA, Thermodynamic LCA - Extending LCA - economic dimension, social dimension - Life cycle costing (LCC) - Combining LCA and LCC – Case studies

UNIT V SUSTAINABLE MAINTENANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS 9

Case Studies - Sustainable projects in developed countries and developing nations - An Integrated Framework for Successful Infrastructure Planning and Management - Information Technology and Systems for Successful Infrastructure Management. - Structural Health Monitoring for Infrastructure projects - Innovative Design and Maintenance of Infrastructure Facilities - Capacity Building and Improving the Governments Role in Infrastructure Implementation, Infrastructure Management Systems and Future Directions. – Use of Emerging Technologies – IoT, Big Data Analytics and Cloud Computing, Artificial Intelligences, Machine and Deep Learning, Fifth Generation (5G) Network services for maintenance.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Understand the environment sustainability goals at global and Indian scenario.

CO2 Understand risks in development of projects and suggest mitigation measures.

CO3 Apply lean techniques, LBMS and new construction techniques to achieve sustainability in infrastructure construction projects.

CO4 Explain Life Cycle Analysis and life cycle cost of construction materials.

CO5 Explain the new technologies for maintenance of infrastructure projects.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles J Kibert, Sustainable Construction : Green Building Design & Delivery, 4th Edition , Wiley Publishers 2016.
2. Steve Goodhew, Sustainable Construction Process, Wiley Blackwell,UK, 2016.
3. Craig A. Langston & Grace K.C. Ding, Sustainable Practices in the Built Environment, Butterworth Heinemann Publishers, 2011.
4. William P Spence, Construction Materials, Methods & Techniques (3e), Yesdee Publication Pvt. Ltd, 2016.
5. New Building Materials and Construction World magazine
6. Kerry Turner, R. "Sustainable Environmental Management", Principles and Practice Publisher:Belhaven Press,ISBN 1852930039.
7. Munier N. "Introduction to Sustainability", Springer2005
8. Sharma, "Sustainable Smart Cities in India: Challenges And Future Perspectives", SPRINGER, 2022
9. Ralph Horne, Tim Grant, KarliVerghese, Life Cycle Assessment: Principles, Practice and Prospects, Csiro Publishing,2009
10. European Commission - Joint Research Centre - Institute for Environment and Sustainability: International Reference Life Cycle Data System (ILCD) Handbook - General guide for Life Cycle Assessment - Detailed guidance. Luxembourg. European Union;2010
11. Hudson, Haas, Uddin, Infrastructure management: integrating design, construction, maintenance, rehabilitation, and renovation, McGraw Hill, (1997).
12. Gregart.undesjo, Supply Chain Management and Logistics in Construction: Delivering Tomorrow's Built Environment, Kogan Page Publishers, 2015.

COs- POs & PSOs MAPPING

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2		1	1		2	3	1	1		2	1	1	2	1
2	3	1	3	2	1	2	2		1	1	1	2	2	2	2
3	2	2	3	1	1	1	1				1	1	1	3	1
4	3	1	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
5	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	1		1	1	2	2	3	2
Avg.	3	1	3	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	2

CES332 SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To educate the students about the issues of sustainability in agroecosystems, introduce the concepts and principles of agroecology as applied to the design and management of sustainable agricultural systems for a changing world.

UNIT I AGROECOLOGY, AGROECOSYSTEM AND SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE CONCEPTS 9

Ecosystem definition - Biotic Vs. abiotic factors in an ecosystem - Ecosystem processes - Ecological services and agriculture - Problems associated with industrial agriculture/food systems - Defining sustainability - Characteristics of sustainable agriculture - Difference between regenerative and sustainable agriculture systems

UNIT II SOIL HEALTH, NUTRIENT AND PEST MANAGEMENT 9

Soil health definition - Factors to consider (physical, chemical and biological) - Composition of healthy soils - Soil erosion and possible control measures - Techniques to build healthy soil - Management practices for improving soil nutrient - Ecologically sustainable strategies for pest and disease control

UNIT III WATER MANAGEMENT 9

Soil water storage and availability - Plant yield response to water - Reducing evaporation in agriculture - Earthworks and tanks for rainwater harvesting - Options for improving the productivity of water - Localized irrigation - Irrigation scheduling - Fertigation - Advanced irrigation systems and agricultural practices for sustainable water use

UNIT IV ENERGY AND WASTE MANAGEMENT 9

Types and sources of agricultural wastes - Composition of agricultural wastes - Sustainable technologies for the management of agricultural wastes - Useful and high value materials produced using different processes from agricultural wastes - Renewable energy for sustainable agriculture

UNIT V EVALUATING SUSTAINABILITY IN AGROECOSYSTEMS 9

Indicators of sustainability in agriculture - On-farm evaluation of agroecosystem sustainability - Alternative agriculture approaches/ farming techniques for sustainable food production - Goals and components of a community food system - Case studies

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME

- On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Have an in-depth knowledge about the concepts, principles and advantages of sustainable agriculture

CO2 Discuss the sustainable ways in managing soil health, nutrients, pests and diseases

CO3 Suggest the ways to optimize the use of water in agriculture to promote an ecological use of resources

CO4 Develop energy and waste management plans for promoting sustainable agriculture in non-sustainable farming areas

CO5 Assess an ecosystem for its level of sustainability and prescribe ways of converting to a sustainable system through the redesign of a conventional agroecosystem

REFERENCES:

1. Approaches to Sustainable Agriculture – Exploring the Pathways Towards the Future of Farming, Oberc, B.P. & Arroyo Schnell, A., IUCN, Belgium, 2020
2. Natural bioactive products in sustainable agriculture, Singh, J. & Yadav, A.N., Springer, 2020
3. Organic Farming for Sustainable Agriculture, Nandwani, D., Springer, 2016
4. Principles of Agronomy for Sustainable Agriculture, Villalobos, F.J. & Fereres, E., Springer, 2016
5. Sustainable Agriculture for Food Security: A Global Perspective, Balkrishna, A., CRC Press, 2021
6. Sustainable Energy Solutions in Agriculture, Bundschuh, J. & Chen, G., CRC Press, 2014

CO – PO Mapping - SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE PRACTICES

COs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		2						2		2			2	2	
2		2		2	2	2							3	2	
3				2		2							3	2	3
4	3	2			2			2	2	2	2		3	2	3
5		2	3	2			1					1		2	
Avg.	3	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	3

1 - Low; 2 - Medium; 3 - High; '-' - No correlation

CES333 SUSTAINABLE BIOMATERIALS L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To impart knowledge of biomaterials and their properties
- To learn about Fundamentals aspects of Biopolymers and their applications
- To learn about bioceramics and biopolymers
- To introduce the students about metals as biomaterials and their usage as implants
- To make the students understand the significance of bionanomaterials and its applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIOMATERIALS 9

Introduction: Definition of biomaterials, requirements & classification of biomaterials- Types of Biomaterials- Degradable and resorbable biomaterials- engineered natural materials-Biocompatibility-Hydrogels-pyrolitic carbon for long term medical implants-textured and porous materials-Bonding types– crystal structure-imperfection in crystalline structure-surface properties and adhesion of materials -strength of biological tissues-performance of implants-tissue response to implants- Impact and Future of Biomaterials.

UNIT II BIO POLYMERS 9

Molecular structure of polymers -Molecular weight - Types of polymerization techniques–Types of polymerization reactions- Physical states of polymers- Common polymeric biomaterials - Polyethylene -Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA-Polylactic acid (PLA) and polyglycolic acid (PGA) - Polycaprolactone (PCL) - Other biodegradable polymers –Polyurethan- reactions polymers for medical purposes – Collagens- Elastin- Cellulose and derivatives-Synthetic polymeric membranes and their biological applications

UNIT III BIO CERAMICS AND BIOCOMPOSITES 9

General properties- Bio ceramics -Silicate glass - Alumina (Al2O3) -Zirconia (ZrO2)-Carbon-Calcium phosphates (CaP)- Resorbable Ceramics- surface reactive ceramics- Biomedical Composites-Polymer Matrix Compsite(PMC)-Ceramic Matrix Composite(CMC)-Metal Matrix Composite (MMC)–glass ceramics - Orthopedic implants-Tissue engineering scaffolds

UNIT IV METALS AS BIOMATERIALS 9

Biomedical metals-types and properties-stainless steel-Cobalt chromium alloys-Titanium alloys-Tantalum-Nickel titanium alloy (Nitinol)- magnesium-based biodegradable alloys-surface properties of metal implants for osteointegration-medical application-corrosion of metallic implants – biological tolerance of implant metals

UNIT V NANOBIOMATERIALS 9

Meatllicnanobiomaterials-Nanopolymers-Nanoceramics- Nanocomposites -Carbon based nanobiomaterials - transport of nanoparticles- release rate-positive and negative effect of nanosize-nanofibres-Nano and micro features and their importance in implant performance-Nanosurface and coats-Applications nanoantibiotics-Nanomedicines- Biochips – Biomimetics-BioNEMs -Biosensor-Bioimaging/Molecular Imaging- challenges and future perspective.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

- Students will gain familiarity with Biomaterials and they will understand their importance.
- Studetns will get an overview of different biopolymers and their properties
- Students gain knowledge on some of the important Bioceramics and Biocomposite materials
- Students gain knowledge on metals as biomaterials
- Student gains knowledge on the importance of nanobiomaterials in biomedical applications.

REFERENCES

1. C. Mauli Agrawal, Joo L. Ong, Mark R. Appleford, Gopinath Mani "Introduction to Biomaterials Basic Theory with Engineering Applications" Cambridge University Press, 2014
2. Dongiu shi "Introduction to Biomaterials" Tsinghua University press, 2006.
3. Joon Park, R.S.Lakes "Biomaterials An Introduction" third edition, Springer 2007.
4. M.Jaffe,W.Hammond, P.Tolias and T.Arinzeh "Characterization of Biomaterials" Wood head publishing, 2013.
5. Buddy D.Ratner and Allan S.Hoffman Biomaterials Science "An Introduction to Material in Medicine" Third Edition, 2013.
6. VasifHasirci, NesrinHasirci "Fundamentals of Biomaterials" Springer, 2018
7. Leopoldo Javier Rios Gonzalez, "Handbook of Research on Bioenergy and Biomaterials: Consolidated and green process" Apple academic press, 2021.
8. Devarajan Thangadurai, Jeyabalan Sangeetha, Ram Prasad "Functional Bionanomaterials" springer, 2020.
9. Sujata V.Bhat Biomaterials; Narosa Publishing house, 2002.

CES334 MATERIALS FOR ENERGY SUSTAINABILITY L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize the students about the challenges and demands of energy sustainability
- To provide fundamental knowledge about electrochemical devices and the materials used.
- To introduce the students to various types of fuel cell
- To enable students to appreciate novel materials and their usage in photovoltaic application
- To introduce students to the basic principles of various types Supercapacitors and the materials used.

UNIT I SUSTAINABLE ENERGY SOURCES 9

Introduction to energy demand and challenges ahead – sustainable source of energy (wind, solar etc.) – electrochemical energy systems for energy harvesting and storage – materials for sustainable electrochemical systems building – India centric solutions based on locally available materials – Economics of wind and solar power generators vs. conventional coal plants – Nuclear energy

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMICAL DEVICES 9

Electrochemical Energy – Difference between primary and secondary batteries – Secondary battery (Li-ion battery, Sodium-ion battery, Li-S battery, Li-O_2 battery, Nickel Cadmium, Nickel Metal Hydride) – Primary battery (Alkaline battery, Zinc-Carbon battery) – Materials for battery (Anode materials – Lithiated graphite, Sodiated hard carbon, Silicon doped graphene, Lithium Titanate) (Cathode Materials – S, $LiCoO_2$, $LiFePO_4$, $LiMn_2O_4$) – Electrolytes for Lithium-ion battery (ethylene carbonate and propylene carbonate based)

UNIT III FUEL CELLS **9**

Principle of operation of fuel cells – types of fuel cells (Proton exchange membrane fuel cells, alkaline fuel cell, direct methanol fuel cells, direct borohydride fuel cells, phosphoric acid fuel cells, solid oxide fuel cells, and molten carbonate fuel cells) – Thermodynamics of fuel cell – Fuel utilization – electrolyte membrane (proton conducting and anion conducting) – Catalysts (Platinum, Platinum alloys, carbon supported platinum systems and metal oxide supported platinum catalysts) – Anatomy of fuel cells (gas diffusion layer, catalyst layer, flow field plate, current conductors, bipolar plates and monopolar plates)

UNIT IV PHOTOVOLTAICS **9**

Physics of the solar cell – Theoretical limits of photovoltaic conversion – bulk crystal growth of Si and wafering for photovoltaic application - Crystalline silicon solar cells – thin film silicon solar cells – multijunction solar cells – amorphous silicon based solar cells – photovoltaic concentrators – $Cu(InGa)Se_2$ solar cells – Cadium Telluride solar cells – dye sensitized solar cells – Perovskite solar cells – Measurement and characterization of solar cells - Materials used in solar cells (metallic oxides, CNT films, graphene, 0D fullerenes, single-multi walled carbon nanotubes, two-dimensional Graphene, organic or Small molecule-based solar cells materials - copper-phthalocyanine and perylenetetracarboxylicbis - benzine – fullerenes - boron subphthalocyanine-tin (II) phthalocyanine)

UNIT V SUPERCAPACITORS **9**

Supercapacitor –types of supercapacitors (electrostatic double-layer capacitors, pseudo capacitors and hybrid capacitors) - design of supercapacitor-three and two electrode cell-parameters of supercapacitor- Faradaic and non - Faradaic capacitance – electrode materials (transition metal oxides (MO), mixed metal oxides, conducting polymers (CP), Mxenes, nanocarbons, non-noble metal chalcogenides, hydroxides and 1D-3D metal-organic frame work (MOF), activated carbon fibres (ACF)- Hydroxides-Based Materials - Polyaniline (PANI), a ternary hybrid composite-conductive polypyrrole hydrogels – Different types of nanocomposites for the SC electrodes (carbon–carbon composites, carbon-MOs composites, carbon-CPs composites and MOs-CPs composites) - Two-Dimensional (2D) Electrode Materials - 2D transition metal carbides, carbonitrides, and nitrides

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

- Students will acquire knowledge about energy sustainability.
- Students understand the principles of different electrochemical devices.
- Students learn about the working of fuel cells and their application.
- Students will learn about various Photovoltaic applications and the materials used.
- The students gain knowledge on different types of supercapacitors and the performance of various materials

REFERENCES

1. Functional materials for sustainable energy applications; John A. Kilner, Stephen J. Skinner, Stuart J. C. Irvine and Peter P. Edwards.
2. Hand Book of Fuel Cells: Fuel Cell Technology and Applications, Wolf Vielstich, Arnold Lamm, Hubert Andreas Gasteiger, Harumi Yokokawa, Wiley, London 2003.
3. B.E. Conway, Electrochemical supercapacitors: scientific fundamentals and technological applications, Kluwer Academic / Plenum publishers, New York, 1999.
4. T.R. Crompton, Batteries reference book, Newnes, 3rd Edition, 2002.
5. Materials for Supercapacitor applications, B.Viswanathan, M.Aulice Scibioh
6. Electrode Materials for Supercapacitors: A Review of Recent Advances, Ramin Forouzandeh, Vignesh Kumaravel and Suresh C. Pillai, catalysts 2020.

7. Recent advances, practical challenges, and perspectives of intermediate temperature solid oxide fuel cell cathodes Amanda Ndubuisi, Sara Abouali, Kalpana Singh and VenkataramanThangadurai, J. Mater. Chem. A, 2022.
8. Review of next generation photovoltaic solar cell technology and comparative materialistic development Neeraj Kant, Pushpendra Singh, Materials Today: Proceedings, 2022.

CE5335 **GREEN TECHNOLOGY** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To acquire knowledge on green systems and the environment, energy technology and efficiency, and sustainability.
- To provide green engineering solutions to energy demand, reduced energy footprint.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF GREEN CHEMISTRY 9

Historical Perspectives and Basic Concepts: The twelve Principles of Green Chemistry and green engineering. Green chemistry metrics- atom economy, E factor, reaction mass efficiency, and other green chemistry metrics, application of green metrics analysis to synthetic plans.

UNIT II POLLUTION TYPES 9

Pollution – types, causes, effects, and abatement. Waste – sources of waste, different types of waste, chemical, physical and biochemical methods of waste minimization and recycling

UNIT III GREEN REAGENTS AND GREEN SYNTHESIS 9

Environmentally benign processes- alternate solvents- supercritical solvents, ionic liquids, water as a reaction medium, energy-efficient design of processes- photo, electro and sono chemical methods, microwave-assisted reactions

UNIT IV DESIGNING GREEN PROCESSES 9

Safe design, process intensification, in process monitoring. Safe product and process design – Design for degradation, Real-time Analysis for pollution prevention, inherently safer chemistry for accident prevention

UNIT V GREEN NANOTECHNOLOGY 9

Nanomaterials for water treatment, nanotechnology for renewable energy, nanotechnology for environmental remediation and waste management, nanotechnology products as potential substitutes for harmful chemicals, environmental concerns with nanotechnology

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: To understand the principles of green engineering and technology
CO2: To learn about pollution using hazardous chemicals and solvents
CO3: To modify processes and products to make them green and safe.
CO4: To design processes and products using green technology
CO5 – To understand advanced technology in green synthesis

TEXT BOOKS

1. Green technology and design for the environment, Samir B. Billatos, Nadia A. Basaly, Taylor & Francis, Washington, DC, ©1997
2. Green Chemistry – An introductory text - M. Lancaster, RSC,2016.
3. Green chemistry metrics - Alexi Lapkin and david Constable (Eds), Wiley publications,2008

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Environmental chemistry, Stanley E Manahan, Taylor and Francis, 2017

CES336 ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY MONITORING AND ANALYSIS **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand and study the complexity of the environment in relation to pollutants generated due to industrial activity
- To analyze the quality of the environmental parameters and monitor the same for the purpose of environmental risk assessment.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND STANDARDS 9

Introduction- Environmental Standards- Classification of Environmental Standards- Global Environmental Standards- Environmental Standards in India- Ambient air quality standards- water quality standard- Environmental Monitoring-Need for environmental monitoring- Concepts of environmental monitoring- Techniques of Environmental Monitoring

UNIT II MONITORING OF ENVIRONMENTAL PARAMETERS 9

Current Environmental Issues- Global Environmental monitoring programme-International conventions- Application of Environmental Monitoring- Atmospheric Monitoring – screening parameters – Significance of environmental sampling- sampling methods – water sampling - sampling of ambient air-sampling of flue gas.

UNIT III ANALYTICAL METHODS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING 9

Classification of Instrumental Method- Analysis of Organic Pollutants by Spectrophotometric methods -Determination of nitrogen, phosphorus and; chemical oxygen demand (COD) in sewage; Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)- Sampling techniques for air pollution measurements; analysis of particulates and air pollutants like oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur, carbon monoxide, hydrocarbon; introduction to advanced instruments for environmental analysis

UNIT IV ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME (EMP) & RISKASSESSMENT 9

Water quality monitoring programme- national water quality monitoring- Parameters for National Water Quality Monitoring- monitoring protocol; Process of risk assessment- hazard identification-exposure assessment- dose-response assessment; risk characterization.

UNIT V AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING 9

Data Acquisition for Process Monitoring and Control - The Data Acquisition System - Online Data Acquisition, Monitoring, and Control - Implementation of a Data Management System - Review of Observational Networks -Sensors and transducers- classification of transducers- data acquisition system- types of data acquisition systems- data management and quality control; regulatory overview.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students will know

- CO1 Basic concepts of environmental standards and monitoring.
- CO2 the ambient air quality and water quality standards;
- CO3 the various instrumental methods and their principles for environmental monitoring
- CO4 The significance of environmental standards in monitoring quality and sustainability of the environment.
- CO5 the various ways of raising environmental awareness among the people.
- CO6 Know the standard research methods that are used worldwide for monitoring the environment.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Environmental monitoring Handbook, Frank R. Burden, © 2002 by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
2. Handbook of environmental analysis: chemical pollutants in the air, water, soil, and solid wastes / Pradyot Patnaik, © 1997 by CRC Press, Inc.

REFERENCES

1. Environmental monitoring / edited by G. Bruce Wiersma, © 2004 by CRC Press LLC.
2. H. H. Willard, L. L. Merit, J. A. Dean and F. A. Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBP Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1988.
3. Heaslip, G. (1975) Environmental Data Handling, John Wiley & Sons, New York.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

Course Outcome s	Program Outcomes														
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	1	1
CO3	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	1	-	-
CO4	1	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	3	1	-	-
CO5	1	1	3	2	1	-	-	-	3	-	3	1	2	-	-
CO6	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	1	1
Over all	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	1	1

CES337 INTEGRATED ENERGY PLANNING FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT **L T P C 3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To create awareness on the energy scenario of India with respect to world.
2. To understand the fundamentals of energy sources, energy efficiency and resulting environmental implications of energy utilisation.
3. Familiarisation on the concept of sustainable development and its benefits.
4. Recognize the potential of renewable energy sources and its conversion technologies for attaining sustainable development.
5. Acquainting with energy policies and energy planning for sustainable development.

UNIT I ENERGY SCENARIO 9

Comparison of energy scenario – India and World (energy sources, generation mix, consumption pattern, T&D losses, energy demand, per capita energy consumption) – energy pricing – Energy security.

UNIT II ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT 9

Conventional Energy Sources - Emissions from fuels – Air, Water and Land pollution – Environmental standards - measurement and controls.

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT 9

Sustainable Development: Concepts and Stakeholders, Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) - Social development: Poverty, conceptual issues and measures, impact of poverty, Globalization and Economic growth - Economic development: Economic inequalities, income and growth.

UNIT IV RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY 9

Renewable Energy – Sources and Potential – Technologies for harnessing from Solar, Wind, Hydro, Biomass and Oceans – Principle of operation, relative merits and demerits.

UNIT V ENERGY PLANNING FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT 9

National & State Energy Policy - National solar mission - Framework of Central Electricity Authority - National Hydrogen Mission - Energy and climate policy - State Energy Action Plan, RE integration, Road map for ethanol blending, Energy Efficiency and Energy Mix.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Understand the world and Indian energy scenario.
2. Analyse energy projects, its impact on environment and suggest control strategies.
3. Recognise the need of Sustainable development and its impact on human resource development.
4. Apply renewable energy technologies for sustainable development.
5. Fathom Energy policies and planning for sustainable development.

REFERENCES:

1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4Volumes) available at http://www.em-ea.org/gbook1.asp, a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India.2004.
2. Robert Ristirer and Jack P. Kraushaar, "Energy and the environment", Willey, 2005.
3. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 2012.
4. Twidell, J.W. & Weir A., "Renewable Energy Resources", EFNSpon Ltd., UK, 2015.

5. Dhandapani Alagiri, Energy Security in India Current Scenario, The ICFAI University Press, 2006.
6. M.H. Fulekar,Bhawana Pathak, R K Kale,"Environment and Sustainable Development" Springer,2016
7. https://www.niti.gov.in/verticals/energy

CES338 ENERGY EFFICIENCY FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
1. To understand the types of energy sources, energy efficiency and environmental implications of energy utilisation
2. To create awareness on energy audit and its impacts
3. To acquaint the techniques adopted for performance evaluation of thermal utilities
4. To familiarise on the procedures adopted for performance evaluation of electrical utilities
5. To learn the concept of sustainable development and the implication of energy usage

UNIT I ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT 9
Primary energy sources - Coal, Oil, Gas – India Vs World with respect to energy production and consumption, Climate Change, Global Warming, Ozone Depletion, UNFCCC, COP

UNIT II ENERGY AUDITING 9
Need and types of energy audit. Energy management (audit) approach-understanding energy costs, bench marking, energy performance, matching energy use to requirement, maximizing system efficiencies, optimizing the input energy requirements, fuel & energy substitution, energy audit instruments.

UNIT III ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN THERMAL UTILITIES 9
Energy conservation avenues in steam generation and utilisation, furnaces, Thermic Fluid Heaters. Insulation and Refractories - Commercial waste heat recovery devices: recuperator, regenerator, heat pipe, heat exchangers (Plate, Shell & Tube), heat pumps, and thermocompression

UNIT IV ENERGY CONSERVTION IN ELECTRICAL UTILITIES 9
Demand side management - Power factor improvement – Energy efficient transformers – Energy conservation avenues in Motors, HVAC, fans, blowers, pumps, air compressors, illumination systems and cooling towers

UNIT V SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT 9
Sustainable Development: Concepts and Stakeholders, Sustainable Development Goal (SDG), Globalization and Economic growth. Economic development: Economic inequalities, Income and growth. Social development: Poverty, conceptual issues and measures, impact of poverty.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OURSE OUTCOMES:
Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to
1. Understand the prevailing energy scenario
2. Familiarise on energy audits and its relevance
3. Apply the concept of energy audit on thermal utilities
4. Employ relevant techniques for energy improvement in electrical utilities
5. Understand Sustainable development and its impact on human resource development

REFERENCES:

1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4Volumes) available at http://www.em- ea.org/gbook1.asp, a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India.2004
2. Eastop T.D& Croft D.R, "Energy Efficiency for Engineers and Technologists", Logman Scientific & Technical, ISBN-0-582-03184, 1990
3. W.R. Murphy and G. McKay "Energy Management" Butterworths, London 1987
4. Pratap Bhattacharyya, "Climate Change and Greenhouse Gas Emission", New IndiaPublishing Agency- Nipa,2020
5. Matthew John Franchetti , Defne Apul "Carbon Footprint Analysis: Concepts, Methods, Implementation, and Case Studies" CRC Press 2012
6. Robert A. Ristinen, Jack J. Kraushaar, Jeffrey T. Brack, "Energy and the Environment", 4th Edition,Wiley 2022
7. M.H. Fulekar,Bhawana Pathak, R K Kale,"Environment and Sustainable Development", Springer,2016

NAAN MUDHALVAN COURSES

GE3361	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT	L T P C 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

To be proficient in important Microsoft Office tools: MS WORD, EXCEL, POWERPOINT.

- To be proficient in using MS WORD to create quality technical documents, by using standard templates, widely acceptable styles and formats, variety of features to enhance the presentability and overall utility value of content.
- To be proficient in using MS EXCEL for all data manipulation tasks including the common statistical, logical, mathematical etc., operations, conversion, analytics, search and explore, visualize,interlink, and utilizing many more critical features offered
- To be able to create and share quality presentations by using the features of MS PowerPoint, including: organization of content, presentability, aesthetics, using media elements and enhance the overall quality of presentations.

MS WORD: 10 Hours

Create and format a document
Working with tables
Working with Bullets and Lists
Working with styles, shapes, smart art, charts
Inserting objects, charts and importing objects from other office tools
Creating and Using document templates
Inserting equations, symbols and special characters
Working with Table of contents and References, citations
Insert and review comments
Create bookmarks, hyperlinks, endnotes footnote

Viewing document in different modes
Working with document protection and security
Inspect document for accessibility
MS EXCEL: 10 Hours
Create worksheets, insert and format data
Work with different types of data: text, currency, date, numeric etc.
Split, validate, consolidate, Convert data
Sort and filter data

Perform calculations and use functions: (Statistical, Logical, Mathematical, date, Time etc.,)
Work with Lookup and reference formulae
Create and Work with different types of charts
Use pivot tables to summarize and analyse data
Perform data analysis using own formulae and functions
Combine data from multiple worksheets using own formulae and built-in functions to generate results
Export data and sheets to other file formats
Working with macros
Protecting data and Securing the workbook

MS POWERPOINT: 10 Hours
Select slide templates, layout and themes
Formatting slide content and using bullets and numbering
Insert and format images, smart art, tables, charts
Using Slide master, notes and handout master
Working with animation and transitions
Organize and Group slides
Import or create and use media objects: audio, video, animation
Perform slideshow recording and Record narration and create presentable videos

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
On successful completion the students will be able to

- Use MS Word to create quality documents, by structuring and organizing content for their day to day technical and academic requirements
- Use MS EXCEL to perform data operations and analytics, record, retrieve data as per requirements and visualize data for ease of understanding
- Use MS PowerPoint to create high quality academic presentations by including common tables, charts, graphs, interlinking other elements, and using media objects.

SB8024 BLOCKCHAIN DEVELOPMENT

L	T	P	C
1	0	2	2

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

1. Ability to develop a structure of data with inherent security qualities based on principles of cryptography, decentralization, and consensus.
2. Develop smart contracts using the Solidity programming language (including a deep understanding of the provided Libraries)
3. Implement the consensus methods in transactions and apply blockchain for different application domains
4. Develop your own applications for various user requirements using Blockchain and launch it for public and commercial use
5. Apply Hyperledger Fabric and Ethereum platform to implement the Block Chain Application.

COURSE OUTLINE:

UNIT I Introduction and Overview of Blockchain 3 + 6

Introduction | What is a Blockchain? | Why Blockchain? | Types of Blockchain | Scope and Importance of the Technology | Future Opportunities | Blockchain Platforms | Miners - the Nonce and the Cryptographic Puzzle | Proof of Work & Proof of Stake | Consensus Algorithms | Fault Tolerance Mechanism | Creation of a Block | Transaction Record

UNIT II Blockchain - the Future of Digital currency 3 + 6

What is Bitcoin? | Bitcoin's Monetary Policy | Bitcoin Wallets | Application of Bitcoins | Bitcoin - Script, Address and Transaction | Understanding Mining Difficulty | Virtual Tour of Bitcoin Mine | Mining Pools | Nonce Range | How Miners Pick Transaction | CPU's Vs GPU's Vs ASIC's | How does Mempools Work | Orphaned Blocks | The 51% Attack | How Wallets Work | Signatures: Private and Public Keys Demo: Setting up a Wallet: Signatures & Key

UNIT III Ethereum 3 + 6

What is Bitcoin? | Bitcoin's Monetary Policy | Bitcoin Wallets | Application of Bitcoins | Bitcoin - Script, Address and Transaction | Understanding Mining Difficulty | Virtual Tour of Bitcoin Mine | Mining Pools | Nonce Range | How Miners Pick Transaction | CPU's Vs GPU's Vs ASIC's | How does Mempools Work | Orphaned Blocks | The 51% Attack | How Wallets Work | Signatures: Private and Public Keys Demo: Setting up a Wallet: Signatures & Key

UNIT IV Smart Contracts 3 + 6

What is a Smart Contract? | Smart Contract Environment | Solidity Programming | Array, Enum and Structs | Inheritance | ERC20 | ERC721

UNIT V Hyperledger and IPFS 3 + 6

What is Hyperledger? | Importance of Hyperledger | Hyperledger Architecture & its Layers | Hyperledger Transactions | Hyperledger Fabric | Hyperledger Fabric Model | Building a Hyperledger Fabric Network | Fabric Peer | Hyperledger Fabric CA | Sawtooth | Iroha & Indy | API in Hyperledger | Network Topology in Hyperledger | IPFS Introduction | IPFS Working | IPFS for Blockchain Application

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

On completion of the course the student

1. can write a smart contract to insert a value into the Ethereum blockchain using metamask
2. is able to navigate the Remix IDE web URL on the browser and explore the various tabs and features of the IDE
3. can connect to the Ganache localhost through Web3 provider, Ropsten testnet using Metamask and Injected Web3
4. is able to write a Program on the arrays in the Solidity with regards to fixing the length and dynamic
5. can generate the ABI and Bytecode of a Smart Contract by compiling the solidity file
6. can develop a program that transfers the smart contracts between the parties which can aid in automated

20 INDUSTRY USE CASES

Problem Statement: 1

Blockchain technology came into the ground to overcome these issues. It offers decentralized nodes for the banking system and is used to produce a transparent banking system for its end-to-end verification advantages. This technology is a replacement for the traditional banking system with distributed, nonrepudiation, and security protection characteristics.

You are a Blockchain expert in a major corporate bank and have been tasked to create a smart contract to perform banking transactions. Create a Smart Contract for a banking application in solidity that allows users to do the following:

• Mint money into your account

• Withdraw money from your account

• Send money from your account to smart contract address

• Check balance

Problem Statement: 2

Blockchain is a technology designed to manage patient data that has the potential to support transparency and accountability. A blockchain is a ledger of transactions where an identical copy is visible to all the members of a computer network. Network members validate the data entered into the ledger, and once entered, the data is immutable.

Create a solution where you can store the electronic health record of the patients in a distributed and decentralized network. You should be able to query and change the ownership of the record as necessary.

Problem Statement: 3

Blockchain is a technology designed to manage education data that has the potential to support transparency and accountability. A blockchain is a ledger of transactions where an identical copy is visible to all the members of a computer network. Network members validate the data entered into the ledger, and once entered, the data is immutable.

Design a solution where you can store the digital certificates of the students in a distributed and decentralized network. You should be able to add the certificated details into the blockchain query the certificate details from the blockchain.

Problem Statement: 4

Blockchain is a technology which enables elections to be done transparently. We can avoid rigging or any corrupt activities using the technology and should be able to make sure that the votes are also accounted for on a real-time basis.

Design an electronic voting system, using the ethereum blockchain (smart contracts) and more precisely the RPC test which enables account generation with a private and public key. Blockchain electronic voting system using smart contracts.

Problem Statement: 5

Smart cities and smart houses are in fashion and thus all this can be kept in a blockchain. We can focus on building system which can manage all the real estate related contracts through blockchain technology which will enhance security and will provide more efficiency.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain in a distributed and decentralized network. You should be able to add the property details to the blockchain, query the property details from the blockchain and should be able to change the ownership of the property appropriately.

Problem Statement: 6

Food items like fruits and vegetables generally do not have any expiry date mentioned so it becomes important to understand the origin of these food items and know the date when was it sent to the distributor from the farmer and so on.

Design a smart contract using the ethereum blockchain where you should be able to authenticate the food item and consume that without any worry.

Problem Statement: 7 (Identity)

Blockchain is a technology that enables identities to be stored transparently. It offers decentralized nodes for end-to-end verification advantages. This technology is a replacement for traditional identity management with distributed, non-repudiation, and security protection characteristics.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you should be able to store the identity details in the blockchain and should be able to query the details of the identity from the blockchain.

Problem Statement: 8

Blockchain is a technology that allows you to store books transparently. It offers decentralized nodes for the end-to-end verification advantages in the library. This technology is a replacement for a traditional book management system with distributed, non-repudiation, and security protection characteristics.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you should be able to store your book details in the blockchain and should be able to query the details of the books from the blockchain and if required we should be able to change the ownership of the books and the same should be updated in the blockchain.

Problem Statement: 9

Blockchain is a technology that allows you to trace your drugs transparently. It offers decentralized nodes for the end-to-end verification to trace the drugs in a transparent manner. This technology is a replacement for traditional drug management systems with distributed, non-repudiation, and security protection characteristics.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you should be able to track the drugs transparently.

Problem Statement: 10

Blockchain is a technology that allows you to trace your vaccines transparently. It offers decentralized nodes for end-to-end verification to trace the vaccines in a transparent manner.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you should be able to track the vaccines and you should be able to add the details of the vaccine to the blockchain and should be able to query whenever it is required.

Problem Statement: 11

Blockchain is a technology that allows you to trace data transparently. It offers decentralized nodes for the end-to-end verification to trace the transportation data in a transparent manner.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you should be able to track the National and state highways, toll collection, tracking of public infrastructure using the smart contract in the blockchain.

Problem Statement: 12

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you track the progress on climate agreement through Blockchain. You should be able to add the confidential details of climate change into the blockchain, should be able to query the details from the blockchain and then change the confidential details whenever it is required.

Problem Statement: 13

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can add the relevant documents on Micro-financing, and financing small businesses or individuals into the blockchain. You should be able to add the financial details into the blockchain, should be able to query the details from the blockchain and then change the financial details whenever it is required.

Problem Statement: 14

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can add the relevant documents on agriculture data into the blockchain. You should be able to add the agriculture product details into the blockchain, should be able to query the details from the blockchain, and then change the details whenever it is required.

Problem Statement: 15

Blockchain is a technology designed to manage farm insurance data that has the potential to support transparency and accountability. A blockchain is a ledger of transactions where an identical copy is visible to all the members of a computer network. Network members validate the data entered into the ledger, and once entered, the data is immutable.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can add the farm insurance data into the blockchain. You should be able to add details into the blockchain, should be able to query the details from the blockchain and then change the details whenever it is required to change the insurance details whenever it is required.

Problem Statement: 16

Blockchain is a technology designed to manage toll-free data that has the potential to support transparency and accountability. A blockchain is a ledger of transactions where an identical copy is visible to all the members of a computer network. Network members validate the data entered into the ledger, and once entered, the data is immutable.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can add the toll-free data into the blockchain. You should be able to add details into the blockchain, should be able to query the details from the blockchain and then change the details whenever it is required. You can take all the parameters which you want to store as part of the toll data.

Problem Statement: 17

Blockchain technology is a decentralized, distributed ledger that stores the record of ownership of digital assets. Any data stored on the blockchain is unable to be modified, making the technology a legitimate disruptor for industries like payments, cybersecurity, and healthcare. Discover more about what it is, how it's used, and its history.

Design a distributed ledger via the nodes connected to the chain. You can use any kind of electronic device for the blockchain nodes to maintain copies of the chain network functioning and can create inherent security by giving a unique alphanumeric identification number needed to shows their transactions.

Problem Statement: 18

Blockchain is a technology designed to strengthen media industry data that has the potential to deal with data privacy, royalty payments, and piracy of intellectual property. A blockchain can give the industry a much-needed facelift when it comes to data rights, piracy, and payments.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can prevent digital assets from existing in multiple places. You should be able to add details to the blockchain, should be able to preserve ownership, make piracy from the blockchain and then change the details whenever it is required to maintain the data integrity.

Problem Statement: 19

Blockchain is a technology to secure government documents and also improve bureaucratic efficiency, and accountability and reduce massive financial burdens. Blockchain has the potential to revolutionize our elections. Blockchain-based voting could improve civic engagement by providing a level of security and incorruptibility and transparency by recording a public record of all activity.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can encrypt a biometric security system making the voting platform an open-source virtual blockchain ballot box. You can take all the parameters which you want to store as part of the ballot data.

Problem Statement: 20

Blockchain is a technology that is designed to manage non-fungible tokens (NFTs). NFTs are simply digital items, like music, art, GIFs, and videos that are sold on a blockchain, ensuring that a sole owner can claim full rights to them. Consumers can now claim sole ownership over some of the most desirable digital assets for their applications.

Design a smart contract using the Ethereum blockchain where you can add the popular IPs and brand figures into digital collectibles for consumers. You should be able to add an ecosystem into the blockchain, which allows fans and collectors to interact with icons in the form of official licensed digital collectibles.

BOOKS REFERENCE:

S.No	Blockchain Referance Books
1	Saurabh Kumar and Saxena Ashutosh , 2020." Blockchain Technology: Concepts and Applications" Wiley India Pvt Ltd, First Edition, ISBN-10: 8126557984, ISBN-13: 978-8126557980
2	Arun, Jai Singh & Cuomo, Jerry & Gaur, Nitin , 2019." Blockchain for Business" Pearson Education, First edition, ISBN-10: 938958888X, ISBN-13: 978-9389588880
3	Tulajadas Choudhari, Ambadas & Sarfarz Ariff, Arshad & M.R. Sham , 2020 "Blockchain for Enterprise Application Developers" Wiley, First edition, ISBN-10: 8126599960, ISBN-13: 978-8126599967
4	Subramanian, Chandramouli & George A , Asha & K.A. Abhilash & Karthikeyan, Meena , 2020. "BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY" Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., First edition, ISBN-10: 9389211638, ISBN-13: 978-9389211634

5B8025 **DIGITAL MARKETING** **L T P C**
1 0 2 2

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

1. Ability to develop a digital marketing plan that will address common marketing challenges
2. Ability to Articulate the value of integrated marketing campaigns across SEO, Paid Search, Social, Mobile, Email, Display Media, and Marketing Analytics
3. Potential to recognize key performance indicators tied to any digital marketing program
4. Calibre to improve Return on Investment (ROI) for any digital marketing program
5. Launch a new, or evolve an existing, career path in Digital Marketing and the ability to build their own start-ups

COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT I Introduction to Digital Marketing 3 + 6

Basics of Marketing | Traditional Marketing Vs Digital Marketing | 5P's of Marketing | Segmentation and Targeting | Customer Lifecycle | Digital Marketing Modules | RACER Framework | Digital Marketing Trends.

UNIT II Social Media Marketing 3 + 6

Marketing Approach | Gen X | Gen Y | Gen Z | Gen Alpha | Conversation Prism | Social Media Strategy | Social Media Channels Posts Social Elements (Social Talking, Listening, WOM, Feedback, Selling) Personas Influencer Marketing Sentimental Analysis Effective Social Media Marketing Usage Social Media Tools Jargons

UNIT III Content Marketing & Automation 3 + 6

Content Marketing Landscape | Types of Content Marketing | Content Marketing Strategy | Affiliated Marketing | Content Marketing Tools | Jargon | Effective Email Marketing | Essentials in Email Marketing | Types of Emails | Email Automation | Email Marketing Metrics | Marketing Automation | Martech Landscape | Features of Marketing Automation | Choosing a Marketing Automation Platform

UNIT IV Video Marketing & Digital Marketing 3 + 6

Create Economy | YouTube | YouTube Ads | YouTube Partner Program | Instagram Marketing | Live Streams | Revenue Generating Streams | So-Lo-Mo | Paid Search / PPC | Social Media Ads | Types of Google Ads| Keywords | How do Google Ads work? | Cost & Budgets| Remarketing & Retargeting | Tools

UNIT V Search Engine Optimization & Search Engine Optimization 3 + 6

SEO & SEM Fundamentals| How Search EngineOn-Page | Types of Keywords | On-Page SEO | Off-Page SEO | SEO Tools | SEO Reporting | Digital Marketing Strategy for a Startup/Entrepreneur | Business Growth Opportunities | Career Growth Opportunities| Best Practices

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

The student can

1. develop a compelling content strategy for all kinds of business
2. build PPC campaigns and also design Paid ads and optimize great ad copywriting
3. design suitable display ads (using tools like Canva). Publish and run ads as per business goals
4. do e-mail Marketing, social media, build a template, Insert Content and Images
5. can build their own virtual organization by providing various digital marketing services

20 INDUSTRY USE CASES:

1. Brand Name Creation: Create a brand name, Brand Identity Design: Design a brand logo - using Canva and Create an email account on Gmail to link all your project work - (brandname@gmail.com), use this email account centrally to access all tools and platforms by signing up with the created gmail id

2. Social Media Campaign: Create a mock Social media campaign - choose the ideal channel (FB, Insta, LinkedIn, Youtube etc)

3. Keyword Research/Analysis: Use social listening tools handled in the course to identify keywords for your content strategy (Listdown top 5 keywords and the source of SEO tools used)

4. Blogging: Create your first blog - 500-800 words on wordpress blogs (grammarly, COPYAI) and promote the blog on any of the social media of your choice not by posting the blog directly but by creating a promo link for the blog and attract a minimum of 50 Likes on the blog

5. Building a Website: Create your first website using - WIX/Canvas

6. Build a Landing Page: Create a landing page using - mailchimp/hubspot

7. Build a content marketing plan: with a focus on top 3 content types (video, email, blogs, podcast etc) - based on a content marketing template from Hubspot

8. Brand Promo Video: Create a 60 sec promo video for your brand - using Canva, Camtasia etc and it should be a explainer video. To achieve this first write your script, then storyboard it, followed by creating an instructional design and then finally create your explainer video

9. Instagram Reel: Create an Instagram reel for your business brand and promote it attract a minimum of 100 Likes

10. Hashtag Generation: Share a list of 5 #Hashtags for the launch campaign. first identify the buzzing area, calculate the penetration power, build a curiosity around the Hashtag and finally release the Hashtag and make a minimum of 50 members from outside your friends and family to viral it

11. Build and Email Campaign: Create a brand launch email - using Mailchimp

12. SEO: Build and execute the On-page SEO for your website

13. Create a Google Business Page
14. PPC Ad: Create a mock paid - ad campaign for your brand - Google Adwords
15. Social Ads: Create a mock sponsored post for Facebook/ Instagram/Linkedin
16. Google Analytics: Embed a Google Analytics Code on your Website
17. Sitemap: Submit your website's sitemap to Google Search Console
18. Youtube Ad: Create a mock Youtube Ad for your brand
19. Traffic: Generate website traffic to reach at least 500 visits by the end of your project time
20. Field Visit to two businesses (eg: Malabar Gold, MRF, HAP daily, Freshworks, Zoho) meet the digital marketing managers and perform a complete in-person interview on their respective digital marketing strategies, present the research and study in a ppt format

REFERENCES:

S.No	Digital Marketing Book References
1	Gupta, Seema., 2022. "Digital Marketing" McGraw Hill, Third Edition, ISBN-10: 935532040X, ISBN-13: 978-9355320407
2	Kagan, Jeremy & Shekhar Singh, Siddharth., 2020. "Digital Marketing: Strategy & Tactics" Wiley, First Edition, ISBN-10: 9390395498, ISBN-13: 978-9390395491
3	Maity Moutusy., 2022. "Digital Marketing" Oxford University Press, Second edition, ISBN-10: 9354972470, ISBN-13: 978-9354972478
4	Hemann Chuck & Burbary Ken., 2019. "Digital Marketing Analytics" Pearson Education, Second Edition, ISBN-10: 9353430194, ISBN-13: 978-9353430191

SB8026 ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION DEVELOPMENT

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COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT I Robotic Process Automation and Industry opportunities 3 + 6

Detailed presentation of the publishing process to Orchestrator and learn to run the process with Assistant- The key components of the UiPath Studio user interface (UI)-Accessing of the 'ACME System 1' web application to receive a set of invoices in your mailbox. - steps of the process to be built based on the business needs. – UiPath Studio activities – publishing options for a process in Studio – Run a published process from the UiPath Assistant.

Variables & Arguments in Studio Variables – Creation, Configuration in an automation project – Data types, application of conversion methods of data types – Arguments-Usage of workflow file activity to chain workflow execution and pass data through arguments – Differentiation between variables and arguments – Arrays and its use Control Flow in Studio - control flow statements - Differentiation between the most common control flow statements - Configuration of control flow statements – Parallel Activity

UNIT II UI Automation 3 + 6

UI automation with UiPath – Key elements of UI Automation with UiPath Studio - Differentiation between the modern and the classic design - Changing the design experience in Studio based on the automation requirements.

UI Automation with the Modern Design Experience: Indication and selection the target required for UI Automation using the Selection Option window – Configuration of the key container Activity in the modern experience - correct input activities used in the modern design experience - input methods used in modern design experience - suitable input methods based on the requirements of an automation - input mode works - key output activities used in the modern design experience - output methods used in modern design experience-

Table extraction – Configuration of all the Key properties -Building user interface automation - nested card when working with multiple applications - Debug UI Automation projects built with the modern experience.

UI Automation with the Classic Design Experience

Customization of the properties of the input actions - output actions for automation - Improving UI element identification and efficiency of the automation.
Data Manipulation with Strings in Studio
RPA Development course and Variables course, and the Arguments and Control Flow in Studio course - Common .NET methods to manipulate values contained in variables of type String - RegExbuilder in UiPath Studio to perform complex string manipulation.

Selectors
Selectors: Full Selectors and Partial Selectors, the UI Explorer, the Property Explorer, and fine-tuning selectors to handle different situations- Selector and its structure - various types of selectors and their settings when automating - The attributes of User Interface element - approaches to fine-tune selectors to make them reliable Fine-tune selectors to improve element identification precision.

Descriptors
Advanced options of the selection window – Using of Enforce visibility, Dynamic Text Target and Native Text Target options - Image selection option - UI Descriptors, generation- target element validation - correct targeting method while automating UI elements - attributes of UI elements to build the automation logic - Fine-tune Descriptor to uniquely identify the required UI elements on the screen - Object Repository, key benefits of Object Repository, key concepts in the Object

Repository: UI Descriptors, UI Elements, Screens, Applications, UI Libraries.

UNIT III Project Organization in studio 3 + 6
Choose a suitable project layout for each workflow - Spliting a complex automation project into functional workflows - Creation and sharing of project template -Reusable components across projects and store them as libraries - exception handling techniques - versioning capabilities of UiPath Debugging in Studio
Debugging features - remote debugging - overview of the debugging features, including actions and panels, followed by a basic entry into them and then the advanced tools

Error & Exception Handling Exception handling activities like TryCatch, Throw, Rethrow, Retry Scope, and Global Exception Handler-Different types of exceptions-common exception handling techniques and explain when they should be used - TryCatch, Throw, and Rethrow activities in automation projects - Using the
Retry Scope activities in automation projects – Continue On Error Property - Global Exception Handler in both attended and unattended scenarios.

UNIT IV Orchestrator Overview for RPA developers 3 + 6

Creation, configuration, and provision of unattended robots through Orchestrator in UiPath, publish and managing of automation projects, and execution of jobs using an unattended robot - purpose and main capabilities of Orchestrator – Orchestrator entities - differentiate between the tenant context and the folder context – Creation, configuration and provision unattended robots from Orchestrator –
Differentiation between a background and a foreground process – Execution of jobs using unattended robots in different ways - licenses allocation and consumtion in Orchestrator.
Orchestrator Overview for RPA developers
Using Orchestrators resources in Studio - Publishing, installing and updating libraries and templates in Orchestrator. Storing files in storage buckets- Creation, population and consumption of
Orchestrator queues - relationship between different queue concepts and make the correct correlations - types of processes
Email Automation
Installing the dedicated email activities in UiPath Studio and Retrieving email messages based on the email client and server in use – Automation of the interaction with emails by filtering and downloading attachments - message templates to send emails.
PDF Automation
UiPath PDF scraping and data extraction from blocks of text and tables in PDFs using UiPath Studio – Installing the UiPath PDF Activities Package – Extraction of large text segments from PDF files using different activities - Extracting a single piece of information from a PDF document - Extracting Data using multiple PDFs – Using the UI automation capabilities of Studio to extract fluctuating values from multiple files with the same structure.
Version Control Systems integration
Version control systems - identification of the version control systems -Version control system Integration

UNIT V RPA testing 3 + 6

RPA testing in the overall automation process and features for testing in UiPath Studio - unit testing for RPA workflows and best practices from projects implemented by the UiPath development teams-Causes that affect the robot stability and how they can be tackled - Build the case for RPA testing - levels of RPA testing – Creation of basic and data-driven test cases for RPA workflows – Dedicated verification features for RPA Testing - Test Explorer to group tests together, perform debugging - mock testing simulation of real objects in RPA testing scenarios - good case practices identified by RPA developers from real automation projects.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Building Software Bots to automate manual tasks
- Students and faculties will be able to do Ui Automation
- Students and faculties will be able to do Excel Automation
- Students and faculties will be able to do email automation
- Students and faculties will be able to do String Manipulation
- Students will be able to do Debugging and exception Handling in Studio
- Students will be able to do PDF automation

Use cases

1. Loan Application Processing
2. Generating Offer Letters | HR Use case
3. Build a shopping Robot
4. Travel Buddy Robot