

# PRATHYUSHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

# Approved by AICTE & Affiliated to Anna University

NAAC Accredited "A" Grade, National Board of Accreditation Institution

Prathyusha Engineering college is to make every individual getting in to the premises to human excellence besides with technical excellence. Hence, as per Anna University Curriculum, 3 Credit Courses for Undergraduate Programmes offered for the students.

Department	Semester	Subject
Civil	II	Environmental Science & Engineering
Civil	VIII	Professional Ethics in Engineering
Mechanical	Π	Environmental Science & Engineering
Mechanical	VIII	Professional Ethics in Engineering
Electrical and Electronics Engineering	II	Environmental Science & Engineering
Electrical and Electronics Engineering	V	Professional Ethics in Engineering
Electronics and Communication Engineering	IV	Environmental Science & Engineering
Electronics and Communication Engineering	VIII	Professional Ethics in Engineering
Computer Science and Engineering	Π	Environmental Science & Engineering
Computer Science and Engineering	VIII	Professional Ethics in Engineering
Information Technology	IV	Environmental Science & Engineering
Information Technology	VIII	Professional Ethics in Engineering
Bio technology	IV	Environmental Science & Engineering
Information Technology	VI	Professional Ethics in Engineering

# GE8291 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCEANDENGINEERING

# **OBJECTIVES:**

- To study the nature and facts aboutenvironment.
- To finding and implementing scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmentalproblems.
- To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.
- To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and itsvalue.
- To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth's interior and surface.
- To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

# UNITI ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment - need for public awareness concept of an ecosystem - structure and function of an ecosystem - producers, consumers and decomposers - energy flow in the ecosystem - ecological succession food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids - Introduction, types, characteristic features. structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem(b)grasslandecosystem(c)desertecosystem(d)aquaticecosystems(ponds,strea ms, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) - Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity - biogeographical classification of India - value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - Biodiversity at global, national and local levels - India as a mega-diversity nation - hot-spots of biodiversity - threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts - endangered and endemic species of India conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds; Field study of simple ecosystems - pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

### UNITII ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

### UNITIII NATURAL RESOURCES

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources: Use and over- utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable

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L T P C 3 0 0 3 and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. cases tudies – Landresources: Landas are source, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification – role of an individual in conservation of natural resources – Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Field study of local area to document environmental assets – river / forest / grassland / hill /mountain.

# UNITIV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy – water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – role of non-governmental organization- environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. – wasteland reclamation – consumerism and waste products – environment production act – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – Wildlife protection act – Forest conservation act – enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- Publicawareness.

### UNITV HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion – family welfare programme – environment and human health – human rights – value education – HIV / AIDS – women and child welfare – role of information technology in environment and human health – Casestudies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

# OUTCOMES:

- Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing thecourse.
- Public awareness of environmental is at infantstage.
- Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead tomisconceptions
- Development and improvement in std. of living has lead to serious environmental disasters

# **TEXTBOOKS**:

- 1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.
- 2. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson Education,2004.

# **REFERENCES** :

- 1. DharmendraS.Sengar, 'Environmentallaw', PrenticehallofIndiaPvtLtd, NewDelhi, 2007.
- 2. ErachBharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press(I) Pvt, Ltd, Hydrabad,2015.
- 3. G. Tyler Miller and Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi,2014.
- 4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.

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#### **GE8076 PROFESSIONAL ETHICSINENGINEERING** LT PC 3003

### **OBJECTIVE:**

To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and • Human Values, to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

#### **HUMANVALUES** UNIT I

Morals, values and Ethics - Integrity - Work ethic - Service learning - Civic virtue -Respect for others - Living peacefully - Caring - Sharing - Honesty - Courage - Valuing time - Cooperation - Commitment - Empathy - Self confidence - Character -Spirituality - Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

#### UNIT II **ENGINEERINGETHICS**

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' - Variety of moral issues - Types of inquiry - Moral dilemmas - Moral Autonomy - Kohlberg's theory - Gilligan's theory - Consensus and Controversy - Models of professional roles - Theories about right action - Self-interest -Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories.

#### UNIT III ENGINEERING ASSOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION

Engineering as Experimentation - Engineers as responsible Experimenters - Codes of Ethics – A Balanced Outlook on Law.

#### UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIESAND RIGHTS

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority - Collective Bargaining - Confidentiality - Conflicts of OccupationalCrime-ProfessionalRights-EmployeeRights-Interest IntellectualPropertyRights(IPR) - Discrimination.

#### **UNITV GLOBAL ISSUES**

Multinational Corporations – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors - Moral Leadership -Code of Conduct - Corporate Social Responsibility.

# **TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

### **OUTCOME:**

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in thesociety.

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# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi,2003.
- 2. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi,2004.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.
- 2. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009.
- 3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford,2001.
- 5. Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
- 6. World Community Service Centre, ' Value Education', Vethathiri publications, Erode, 2011.